

$$\langle x \rangle = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x |\psi(x)|^2 dx$$

$$\psi(x) = \sin(\pi x) \quad 0 \leq x \leq 2$$

elsewhere.

$$= \int_0^2 x \sin^2(\pi x) dx = \int_0^2 x \left(\frac{1 - \cos(2\pi x)}{2} \right) dx$$

$$= \int_0^2 \frac{x}{2} dx - \frac{1}{2} \int_0^2 x \cos(2\pi x) dx$$

Integration by parts:

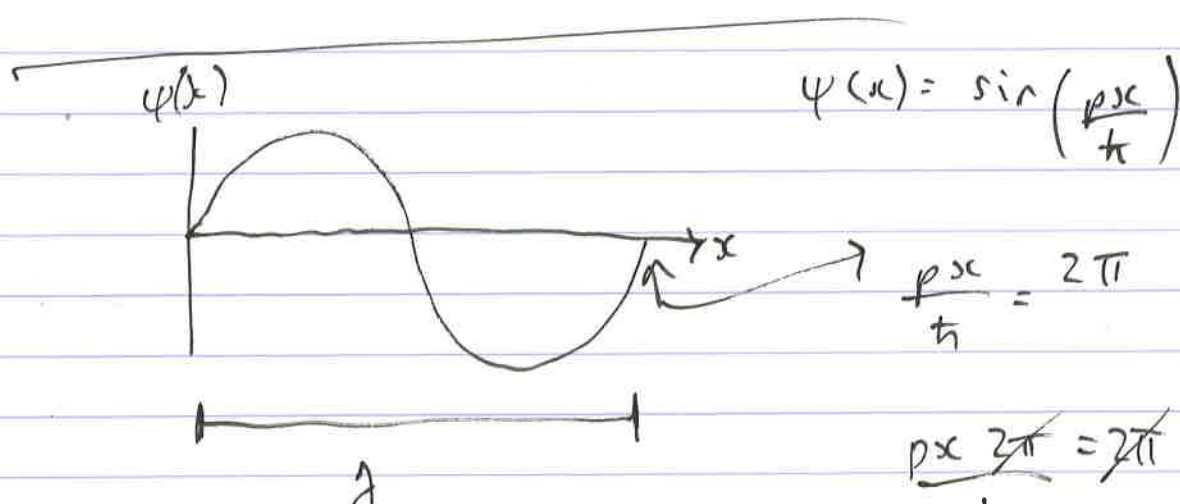
$$\int_a^b u(x) v'(x) dx = \left[u(x) v(x) \right]_{x=a}^{x=b} - \int_a^b v(x) u'(x) dx$$

$$u(x) = x \quad u'(x) = \frac{du}{dx} = 1 \quad v'(x) = \cos(2\pi x) \quad v(x) = \frac{1}{2\pi} \sin(2\pi x)$$

$$\int_0^2 x \cos(2\pi x) dx = \left[x \frac{\sin(2\pi x)}{2\pi} \right]_0^2 - \int_0^2 \frac{1}{2\pi} \sin(2\pi x) dx$$

$$= 0 - 0 + \frac{1}{2\pi} \frac{1}{2\pi} \left[\cos(2\pi x) \right]_0^2 = \frac{1}{(2\pi)^2} (1 - 1) = 0$$

$$= \int_0^2 \frac{x}{2} dx = \frac{1}{2} \frac{(4 - 0)}{2} = \frac{4}{4} = 1$$



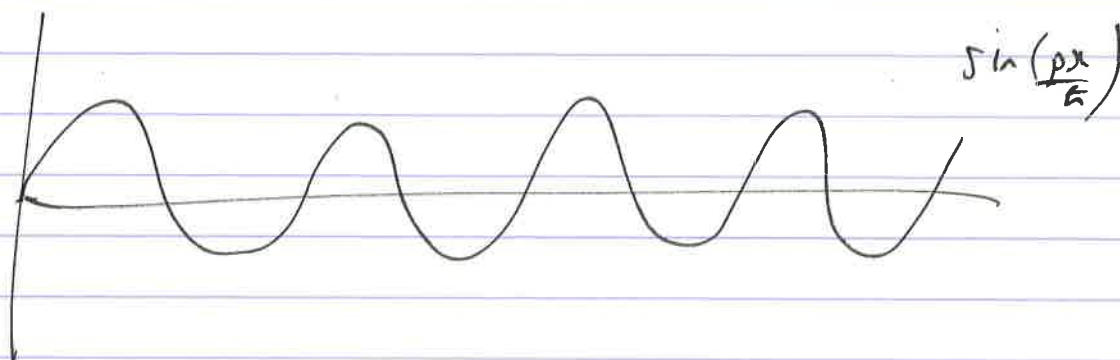
$$\frac{p x}{h} = 2\pi$$

$$\lambda = \frac{h}{p}$$

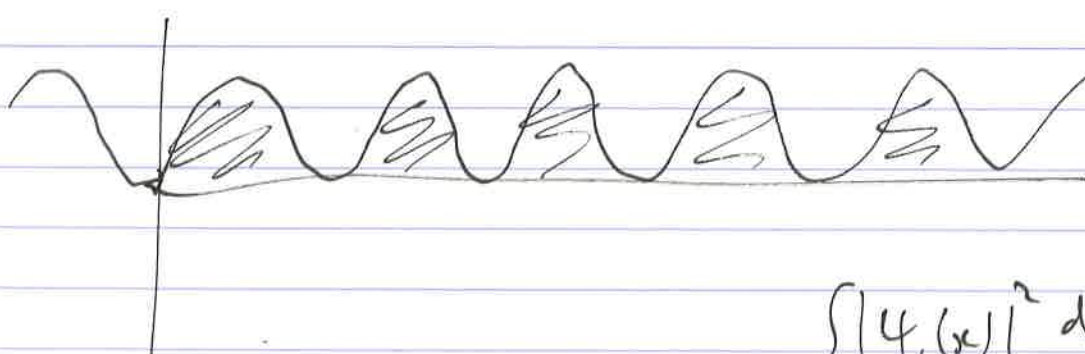
$$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} |\psi(x)|^2 dx = 1$$

$$\psi(x) = \sin\left(\frac{px}{\hbar}\right)$$

$\psi(x)$



$p(x)$



$$\int |\psi_1(x)|^2 dx = N$$

$$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} p(x) dx = \infty$$

$$\psi_2(x) = \frac{\psi_1(x)}{\sqrt{N}}$$

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{N}} = 0$$