TEST YOUR KNOWLEDGE - CALCULATOR

Last updated: **[25 June, 2021]**

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1.0   Introduction

This is a short lab to test your knowledge in assembling a small FPGA project on the DE10-Lite development kit. The circuit adds the values of two counters (0-98) that are enabled with push button switches. The two addends and the sum are displayed on the seven segment displays. Since the sum can overflow to a 3rd hundreds place digit and there are only 6 seven segment displays, the hundreds position should be represented by lighting up all 10 LEDs simultaneously.

1.1   Prerequisites

- Introduction to Intel FPGAs and Quartus Software course
  - Link to self-guided course: OUWINTRO
- Basic knowledge of Verilog and digital design

1.2   Reference Documents

Table 1-1.   Reference Documents

Document	Document No./Location
QAR file for calculator	addit.qar

2.0   Top Level Schematic
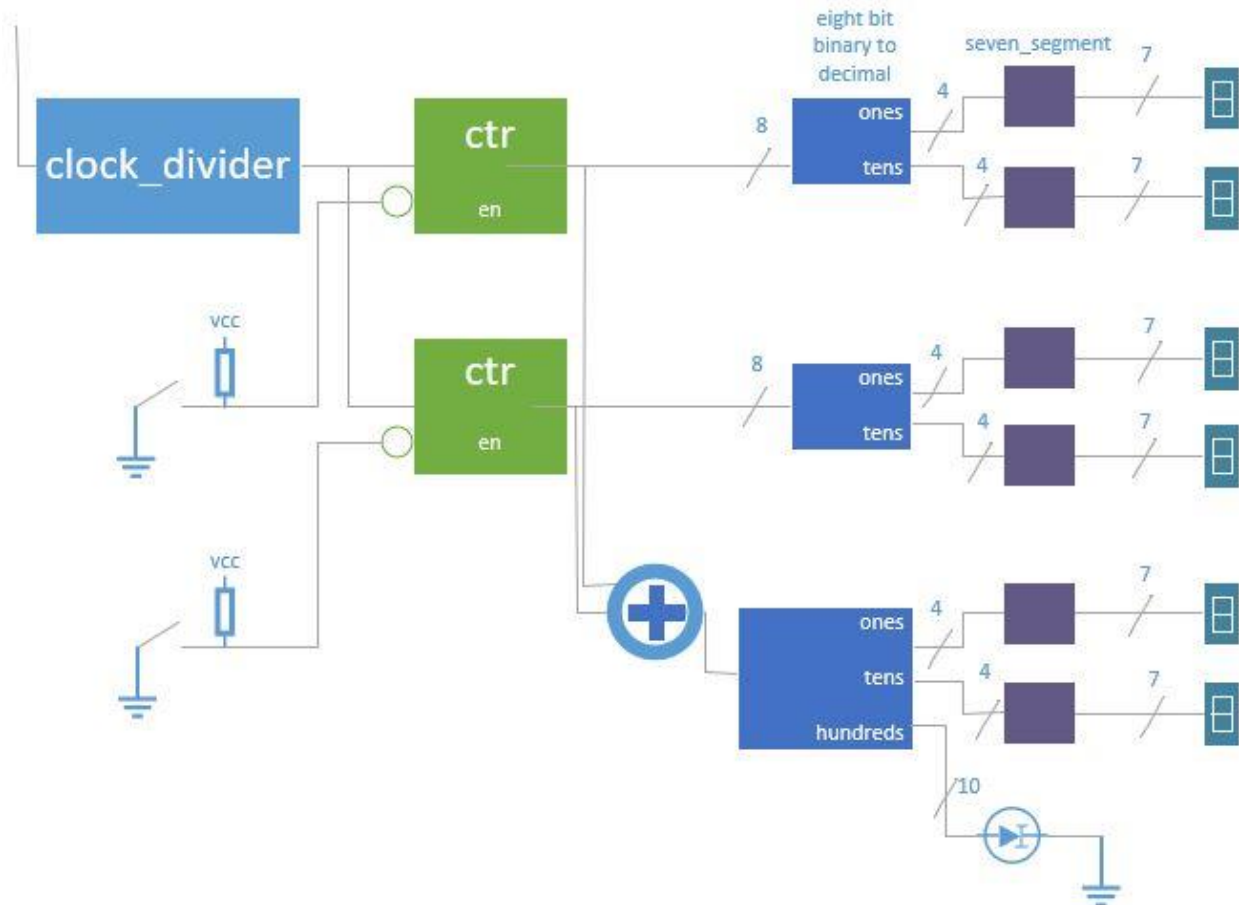
1. Create top module based on provided wrapper. This requires editing the Verilog file and wiring up the blocks.

2. Compile and program on board

3. Change ctr to count to 99

4. Now make the hundreds position light up 10 LEDs. Add LEDs to top level and check pin assignments

5. Bonus section (Go for it!) : Make ctr count up or down, by controlling its direction with switch 0.

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3.0   Modules Provided

3.1   Ctr 0-98 *change to 0-99 (built from IP catalog)

Note that the counter is a parametrized IP. To edit the counter: Project Navigator Change to IP Components. Right click on LPM COUNTER and change to include updown input port. You will need to add the updown port to the top level and connect to appropriate SW[0] signal which is preassigned in the assignment editor.

- Input a_clr

- Input cnt_en

- Input clk

- Output q

Counter counts up while cnt_en is active at the rising edge of clk. A_clr is used to reset the count which is output by q.

3.2   Clock divider 50 MHz to 2 MHz

- Input fast_clock

- Input reset

- Output slow_clock
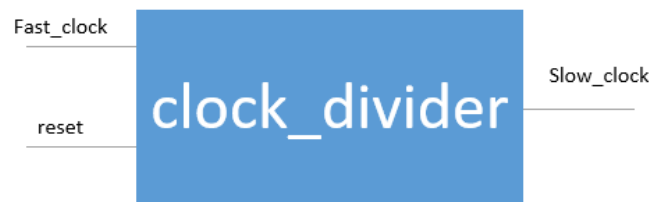
The clock divider takes the 50 MHz clock generated by the FPGA and outputs a slower clock signal which has a frequency dependent on the value of the size of the internal counter.

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3.3   **Eight bit binary to decimal**

- Input [7:0] binary

- Output [3:0] decimal_hundreds

- Output [3:0] decimal_tens

- Output [3:0] decimal_ones

Binary[7:0]

Decimal_hundreds[3:0]

Decimal_tens[3:0]

Decimal_ones[3:0]

Eight bit binary to decimal
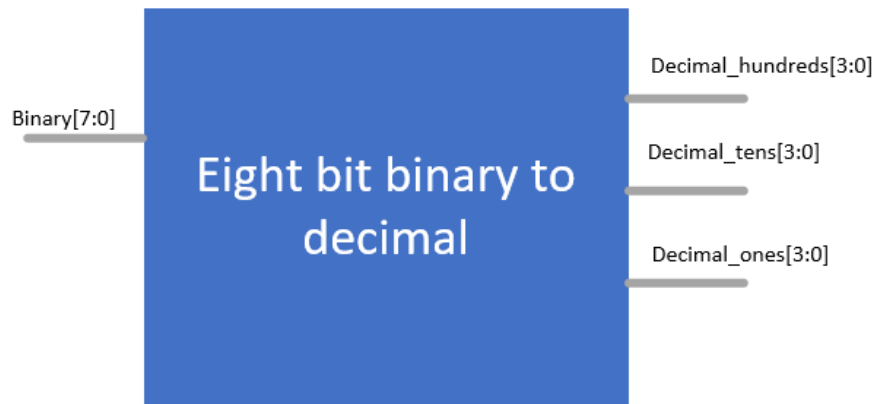
Converts the binary output of the counter into values that represent ones, tens, and hundreds places in the decimal system.

3.4   **Seven segment**

- Input [3:0] led_bcd

- Output reg [6:0] led_out

led_bcd[3:0]

Seven segment

led_out[6:0]

Converts the value 0-9 from binary coded decimal to the decoded value needed to properly light up the 7-segment LED.

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4.0   Document Revisions

Date	Author	Comments
6/25/2021	RK	Transferred TYK1 guide to common Word template and included diagrams for modules provided.