CP 386, Fall 2018

Assignment 1 (10% of the final grade) (due Friday, October 5, at 11:50 pm)

Your task is to implement a simplified Dispatcher for an OS. It will react to events and change states of processes admitted to the system respectfully, as described in lecture notes and the textbook. Events will be simulated. The sequence of events will be given in the standard input (one event per line). Empty line will signify the end of the input. Format of one line is as follows:

```
<time> <event> {  id>}
```

where

- <time> is an integer number denoting local time in milliseconds measured from 0 (time will be strictly increasing from line to line);
- **<event>** is one of the following:
 - C create
 - E exit
 - R N request resource number N
 - I N interrupt from resource number N (request accomplished)
 - T timer interrupt

Here is an example of possible several first lines of the input (comments are here for explanation only):

```
100 C 1
               \\ process 1 is created
200 C 2
               \\ process 2 is created
               \\ process 1 requests resource 3
250 R 3 2
300 C 3
               \\ process 3 is created
400 T
               \\ timer interrupt
500 R 2 3
               \\ process 3 requests resource 2
1000 C 4
               \\ process 4 is created
1050 T
               \\ timer interrupt
               \\ interrupt from resource 2 (request of process 3 is accomplished)
1100 I 2 3
1150 I 3 1
               \\ interrupt from resource 3 (request of process 1 is accomplished)
2000 E 4
               \\ process 4 exits
2100 R 2 2
               \\ process 2 requests resource 2
2200 E 3
               \\ process 3 exits
               \\ process 1 requests resource 2
2300 R 2 1
3000 I 2 1
               \\ interrupt from resource 2 (request of process 1 is accomplished)
```

```
3050 T \\ timer interrupt
3450 T \\ timer interrupt
3500 E 1 \\ process 1 exits
4000 I 2 2 \\ interrupt from resource 2 (request of process 2 is accomplished)
5000 E 2 \\ process 2 exits
```

Your Dispatcher will have to keep track of events and changes in the state of the processes, taking into account the following additional conditions:

- there are 5 different kinds of resources in the system and requests can be serviced out of order of arrival;
- there is time sharing, so the process which is in running state is to be preempted as the result of the timer interrupt if there are other ready processes in the system;
- running process can also exit or get blocked because of request for a resource;
- if there are no ready user processes, then process number 0 (system idle process) is running;
- if process 0 is running and new process is created, or as the result of an event one of the blocked processes becomes ready (unblocked), this process will get CPU immediately.

When all lines of the input are processed, Dispatcher will print the following cumulative information about all processes admitted to the system during simulation:

```
cprocess id> <total time Running> <total time Ready> <total time Blocked>
```

For the system idle process print only <total time Running> and assume that process 0 was created at time 0. The output is one line per process in the increasing order of process IDs.

For example for the input

```
100 C 1
200 C 2
250 R 3 1
300 C 3
400 T
500 R 2 3
1000 C 4
1050 T
1100 I 2 3
1150 I 3 1
2000 E 4
2100 R 2 2
2200 E 3
2300 R 2 1
3000 I 2 1
3050 T
3450 T
3500 E 1
4000 I 2 2
5000 E 2
```

expected output is

- 0 1300
- 1 750 1050 1600
- 2 1800 1100 1900
- 3 200 1100 600
- 4 950 50 0

You can assume that the sequence of events given in the input is consistent and no input errors are present.

Submit your implementation in single file dispatcher.c. More instructions on submission and more test cases will be posted on MyLearningSpace.