

## Exercise 6 of Unit 2 of 8B Task

### 一、单项填空

- ( ) 1. —I'm sorry you have missed the bus. It \_\_\_\_\_ just two minutes ago.  
—What a pity!  
A. left                      B. has been away      C. was leaving          D. leaves
- ( ) 2. —How do you like Beijing, Mr Black?  
—Oh, I \_\_\_\_\_ such a beautiful city before.  
A. don't visit          B. didn't visit          C. haven't visited      D. hadn't visited
- ( ) 3. Suzhou is a beautiful and modern city. The streets here are wide and clean with green trees on \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. both side          B. every side          C. all sides              D. both sides
- ( ) 4. The two girls \_\_\_\_\_ good friends since they met in the train.  
A. have become      B. have made          C. have been            D. have turned
- ( ) 5. Most young people find it \_\_\_\_\_ to watch a football match. But I'm not \_\_\_\_\_ in it.  
A. excited; interested                      B. exciting; interesting  
C. excited; interesting                      D. exciting; interested
- ( ) 6. It \_\_\_\_\_ over ten days since the dog \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. is; died                      B. is; has been dead  
C. was; is dead                      D. was; has died
- ( ) 7. —What is the weather like this summer here?  
—There \_\_\_\_\_ very little rain.  
A. has                      B. has been              C. are                      D. have been
- ( ) 8. —It's too cold. Would you please \_\_\_\_\_ the door?  
—\_\_\_\_\_. But let's get some fresh air first.  
A. close; Sure                      B. closing; Good idea  
C. closing; Better not                      D. close; Of course not

### 二、动词填空

1. —You look sad. What's wrong?  
—I \_\_\_\_\_ (not receive) my daughter's letter yet. I'm worried about her.
2. We can never catch up with the fashion because it \_\_\_\_\_ (change) all the time.
3. My father \_\_\_\_\_ just \_\_\_\_\_ (come) back from work. He is tired now.
4. It has been five years since she \_\_\_\_\_ (leave) home to study abroad.
5. How many times \_\_\_\_\_ the girl \_\_\_\_\_ (forget) to take the keys?
6. Our teacher is happy because all her students \_\_\_\_\_ (pass) the exam already.
7. It's the most beautiful painting. I \_\_\_\_\_ (not see) a more beautiful one before!
8. \_\_\_\_\_ (hope) to visit one of the most famous theme parks—Window of the World in Shenzhen one day.

### 三、完成句子

1. 我们在唐人街给我们的亲戚买了很多礼物。

2. 它的确是一次令人兴奋的旅行。我们那天玩得最开心。

3. 我去过很多海滨城市,如青岛和大连。

4. 我们在当地的一家饭店享用了美食。

5. 他们一大清早就动身去了机场。



#### 四、阅读理解

When my wife and I went to live in an Arab country, my friends told us to be prepared for a culture **shock**. Later, we realized that the advice given to us by our friends was correct.

The culture shock started with the weather. Here, the burning sun could cook an egg in a minute! The hot weather made us feel so tired that we were falling asleep at midday!

Another culture shock was the working week. We worked from Saturdays to Wednesdays, including Sundays. It was also strange to see people praying (祈祷) in a certain direction! They have strict (严格) rules for women. They don't let people see their faces in public (公共场合). They don't let women drive cars, either. All women's dresses have to cover the body completely (完全). They believe that women cannot be seen in public.



At the weekend, we went camping in the desert (沙漠). I will never forget watching the sun setting over the desert. We also enjoyed riding on the camels.

In the end, we enjoyed living there, but their culture is very different from the American culture.

- ( ) 1. The writer (作者) had the culture shock \_\_\_\_\_.  
 A. before going to the Arab country    B. after camping in the desert  
 C. during the stay in the Arab country    D. while watching the sunset
- ( ) 2. Which of the following are strict rules for women in the Arab country?  
 a. Cover faces in public.    b. Don't go outside.  
 c. Be dressed in white.    d. Never drive cars.  
 A. a; c    B. a; d    C. b; c    D. b; d
- ( ) 3. What does the writer think of living in the Arab country?  
 A. He enjoyed living there.    B. He enjoyed the culture there.  
 C. He was interested in praying.    D. He felt strange to see the weather.
- ( ) 4. What does the underlined word "shock" mean in Chinese?  
 A. 理解    B. 打击    C. 渗透    D. 冲击

#### 五、书面表达

假设你叫玛丽,近日你收到加拿大笔友苏溪的邮件。她想来中国旅游,请根据邮件内容和中文提示,给她回复一封邮件。

Dear Mary,

How time flies! How are you?

You know, I'm very interested in China. My family and I plan to go to Hangzhou for a three-day holiday. Can you give me some advice?

I'm looking forward to your reply.

Yours sincerely,  
Suzy

你的建议:

1. 乘飞机到杭州,入住西湖旁的宾馆;
2. 第一天,欣赏西湖美景,参观一些名胜,拍照留念;
3. 第二天,听戏剧,欣赏中国文化;
4. 第三天,品尝当地美食;购买丝绸作为礼物送给亲朋好友。

Dear Suzy,

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Yours sincerely,

Mary