

Liii STEM Input Method Cheatsheet



November 28, 2025

Liii STEM (<https://liiitem.cn/>) is a WYSIWYG editor that can speed up your mathematical writing by 10x. See Quick formula editing for more details. This is a pdf version cheatsheet of the keys available in Liii STEM Input Method.

Unlike the shorcut hints inside Liii STEM. We distinguish the capital and noncapital letters in this cheatsheet; For example, **J** and **j** are different. We also use **⇧** to replace **J** where **⇧** represents the Shift key.

When no plus sign is shown between different keyboard keys, it means they should be pressed in sequence. Alternatively, a plus sign between them means they should be pressed at the same time. For modifier keys (and their combination such as **ctrl⇧**, **⇧**, **ctrl**, **alt** (Windows) or **option** (Mac), and **cmd** (Mac), the plus sign after them means to hold down the modifier key while pressing the next key. For example **Ctrl+f1** means to hold down the **Ctrl** key and press the **f** key and then press **1** in sequence.

All **tab** keys represents tab variant. For example, to insert ∇, press **⇧v** and press **tab** twice. To insert Φ, press **⇧v** and press **tab** once. In the rest of this tutorial, we do specify the exact number of **tab** we used, i.e., the keyboard expression for both ∇ and Φ is **⇧v tab**.

Windows 	Mac 	Equivalent in 
Environmental Shortcuts		
space tab	space tab	Non-breaking space (<code>\nbsp</code> or <code>~</code>)
ctrl + t	\	<code>\indent</code>
ctrl + l	\	<code>\raggedleft</code>
ctrl + e	\	<code>\centering</code>
ctrl + r	\	<code>\raggedright</code>
alt + 1	option + 1	<code>\section</code>
alt + 2	option + 2	<code>\subsection</code>
alt + 3	option + 3	<code>\subsubsection</code>
alt + 4	option + 4	<code>\paragraph</code>
alt + 5	option + 5	<code>\subparagraph</code>
alt + 6	option + 6	<code>\appendix</code>
+ tab	+ tab	<code>\itemize</code>
1. tab	1. tab	<code>\enumerate</code>
\$	\$	inline math mode
alt + \$	option + \$	single-line math mode
alt + &	option + &	multi-line math: eqnarray
ctrl + \$	ctrl + \$	multi-line math: align





(continued next page) ➡





➡ (from previous page)





Windows 	Mac 	Equivalent in 
ctrl + #	ctrl + #	add equation number
alt + arrow	option + arrow	add new row/column in <i>matrix/table/choice/stack</i>
ctrl⇧ + f	ctrl⇧ + f	add footnote
ctrl + n	cmd + n	add new script
ctrl + p	cmd + p	export to PDF
Common Constructs		
x ^ 2	x ^ + 2	x^2 (<code>x^2</code>)
x _ i , j	x _ i + , j	$x_{i,j}$ (<code>x_{i,j}</code>)
alt + s 2	option + s 2	$\sqrt{2}$ (<code>\sqrt{2}</code>)
alt + s tab 3 ← ← n	option + s tab 3 ← ← n	$\sqrt[n]{3}$ (<code>\sqrt[n]{3}</code>)
alt + f	option + f	$\frac{2}{3}$ (<code>\frac{2}{3}</code>)
Font		
A A	A A	Background A (<code>\mathbb{A}</code>)
F7 A or A A tab	F7 A or A A tab	Calligraphic A (<code>\mathcal{A}</code>)
F8 A or A A tab	F8 A or A A tab	Gothic A (<code>\mathfrak{A}</code>)
ctrl + b A or A A tab	cmd + b A or A A tab	Bold A (<code>\mathbf{A}</code>)
ctrl + i A	cmd + i A	Italic <i>A</i> (<code>\mathit{A}</code>)
Greek Letters		
a tab	atab	α (<code>\alpha</code>)
b tab	b tab	β (<code>\beta</code>)
g tab , G tab	g tab , G tab	γ (<code>\gamma</code>), Γ (<code>\Gamma</code>)
d tab , D tab	d tab , D tab	δ (<code>\delta</code>), Δ (<code>\Delta</code>)
e tab	e tab	ϵ (<code>\epsilon</code>)
e tab	e tab	ε (<code>\varepsilon</code>)
z tab	z tab	ζ (<code>\zeta</code>)
h tab	h tab	η (<code>\eta</code>)
j tab , J tab	j tab , J tab	θ (<code>\theta</code>), Θ (<code>\Theta</code>)
j tab	j tab	ϑ (<code>\vartheta</code>)

























































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





























Windows  GNU/Linux 	Mac 	Equivalent in \LaTeX 
<code>i tab</code>	<code>i tab</code>	ι (<code>\iota</code>)
<code>k tab</code>	<code>k tab</code>	κ (<code>\kappa</code>)
<code>l tab</code> , <code>L tab</code>	<code>l tab</code> , <code>L tab</code>	λ (<code>\lambda</code>), Λ (<code>\Lambda</code>)
<code>m tab</code>	<code>m tab</code>	μ (<code>\mu</code>)
<code>n tab</code>	<code>n tab</code>	ν (<code>\nu</code>)
<code>x tab</code> , <code>X tab</code>	<code>x tab</code> , <code>X tab</code>	ξ (<code>\xi</code>), Ξ (<code>\Xi</code>)
<code>p tab</code> , <code>P tab</code>	<code>p tab</code> , <code>P tab</code>	π (<code>\pi</code>), Π (<code>\Pi</code>)
<code>p tab</code>	<code>p tab</code>	ϖ (<code>\varpi</code>)
<code>r tab</code>	<code>r tab</code>	ρ (<code>\rho</code>)
<code>r tab</code>	<code>r tab</code>	ϱ (<code>\varrho</code>)
<code>s tab</code> , <code>S tab</code>	<code>s tab</code> , <code>S tab</code>	σ (<code>\sigma</code>), Σ (<code>\Sigma</code>)
<code>s tab</code>	<code>s tab</code>	ς (<code>\varsigma</code>)
<code>t tab</code>	<code>t tab</code>	τ (<code>\tau</code>)
<code>u tab</code> , <code>U tab</code>	<code>u tab</code> , <code>U tab</code>	v (<code>\upsilon</code>), Υ (<code>\Upsilon</code>)
<code>f tab</code> , <code>F tab</code>	<code>f tab</code> , <code>F tab</code>	ϕ (<code>\phi</code>), Φ (<code>\Phi</code>)
<code>f tab</code>	<code>f tab</code>	φ (<code>\varphi</code>)
<code>q tab</code>	<code>q tab</code>	χ (<code>\chi</code>)
<code>y tab</code> , <code>Y tab</code>	<code>y tab</code> , <code>Y tab</code>	ψ (<code>\psi</code>), Ψ (<code>\Psi</code>)
<code>w tab</code> , <code>W tab</code>	<code>w tab</code> , <code>W tab</code>	ω (<code>\omega</code>), Ω (<code>\Omega</code>)
Sets and Logic		
<code>% tab</code>	<code>% tab</code>	\cup (<code>\cup</code>)
<code>& tab</code>	<code>& tab</code>	\cap (<code>\cap</code>)
<code>< tab</code>	<code>< tab</code>	\subset (<code>\subset</code>)
<code>< tab =</code>	<code>< tab =</code>	\subseteq (<code>\subseteq</code>)
<code>> tab</code>	<code>> tab</code>	\supset (<code>\supset</code>)
<code>> tab =</code>	<code>> tab =</code>	\supseteq (<code>\supseteq</code>)
<code>< tab</code>	<code>< tab</code>	\in (<code>\in</code>)
<code>> tab</code>	<code>> tab</code>	\ni (<code>\ni</code>)

Windows  GNU/Linux 	Mac 	Equivalent in \LaTeX 
<code>< tab /</code>	<code>< tab /</code>	\notin (<code>\notin</code>)
<code>R R</code>	<code>R R</code>	\mathbb{R} (<code>\mathbb{R}</code>)
<code>Z Z</code>	<code>Z Z</code>	\mathbb{Z} (<code>\mathbb{Z}</code>)
<code>Q Q</code>	<code>Q Q</code>	\mathbb{Q} (<code>\mathbb{Q}</code>)
<code>N N</code>	<code>N N</code>	\mathbb{N} (<code>\mathbb{N}</code>)
<code>C C</code>	<code>C C</code>	\mathbb{C} (<code>\mathbb{C}</code>)
<code>@ /</code>	<code>@ /</code>	\varnothing (<code>\varnothing</code>)
<code>A tab</code>	<code>A tab</code>	\aleph (<code>\aleph</code>)
<code>= tab</code>	<code>= tab</code>	\equiv (<code>\equiv</code>)
<code>A tab</code>	<code>A tab</code>	\forall (<code>\forall</code>)
<code>E tab</code>	<code>E tab</code>	\exists (<code>\exists</code>)
<code>! tab</code>	<code>! tab</code>	\neg (<code>\neg</code>)
<code>%</code>	<code>%</code>	\vee (<code>\vee</code>)
<code>&</code>	<code>&</code>	\wedge (<code>\wedge</code>)
<code> tab -</code>	<code> tab + -</code>	\vdash (<code>\vdash</code>)
<code> + tab =</code>	<code> tab =</code>	\models (<code>\models</code>)
<code>= ></code>	<code>= ></code>	\Rightarrow (<code>\Rightarrow</code>)
<code>= > /</code>	<code>= > /</code>	\nRightarrow (<code>\nRightarrow</code>)
Decorations		
<code>alt + ` A</code>	<code>option + ` A</code>	\dot{A} (<code>\dot{A}</code>)
<code>alt + " A</code>	<code>option + " A</code>	\ddot{A} (<code>\ddot{A}</code>)
<code>alt + ` + ` A</code>	<code>option + ` + ` A</code>	vertical two dots
<code>alt + " tab A</code>	<code>option + " tab A</code>	horizontal three dots
<code>alt + " tab A</code>	<code>option + " tab A</code>	horizontal four dots
<code>alt + ^ A</code>	<code>option + ^ A</code>	\hat{A} (<code>\hat{A}</code>)
<code>alt + ~ A</code>	<code>option + ~ A</code>	\tilde{A} (<code>\tilde{A}</code>)
<code>alt + \uparrow + b A</code>	<code>option + \uparrow + b A</code>	\bar{A} (<code>\bar{A}</code>)
<code>alt + - A</code>	<code>option + - A</code>	\overline{A} (<code>\overline{A}</code>)

Windows  GNU/Linux 	Mac 	Equivalent in \LaTeX 
<code>ctrl + u A</code>	<code>ctrl + u A</code>	\underline{A} (<code>\underline{A}</code>)
<code>alt ↑ + v A</code>	<code>option ↑ + v A</code>	\vec{A} (<code>\vec{A}</code>)
<code>alt ↑ + c A</code>	<code>option ↑ + c A</code>	\check{A} (<code>\check{A}</code>)
<code>alt ↑ + u A</code>	<code>option ↑ + u A</code>	\breve{A} (<code>\breve{A}</code>)
<code>alt ↑ A A</code>	<code>option ↑ A A</code>	inverted breve
<code>alt + ´ A</code>	<code>option + ´ A</code>	\acute{A} (<code>\acute{A}</code>)
<code>alt + @ A</code>	<code>option + @ A</code>	\mathring{A} (<code>\mathring{A}</code>)
Dots		
<code>..</code>	<code>..</code>	\dots (<code>\ldots</code>)
<code>.. tab</code>	<code>.. tab</code>	\cdots (<code>\cdots</code>)
<code>.. tab</code>	<code>.. tab</code>	high dots
<code>.. tab</code>	<code>.. tab</code>	\vdots (<code>\vdots</code>)
<code>.. tab</code>	<code>.. tab</code>	\ddots (<code>\ddots</code>)
<code>.. tab</code>	<code>.. tab</code>	back-diagonal dots
Other Symbols		
<code>< = tab</code>	<code>< = tab</code>	\leq (<code>\leq</code>)
<code>> = tab</code>	<code>> = tab</code>	\geq (<code>\geq</code>)
<code>= \</code>	<code>= \</code>	\neq (<code>\neq</code>)
<code>< <</code>	<code>< <</code>	\ll (<code>\ll</code>)
<code>> ></code>	<code>> ></code>	\gg (<code>\gg</code>)
<code>--</code>	<code>--</code>	\approx (<code>\approx</code>)
<code>= tab</code>	<code>= tab</code>	\asymp (<code>\asymp</code>)
<code>< tab</code>	<code>< tab</code>	\prec (<code>\prec</code>)
<code>< tab = tab</code>	<code>< tab = tab</code>	\preceq (<code>\preceq</code>)
<code>> tab</code>	<code>> tab</code>	\succ (<code>\succ</code>)
<code>> tab = tab</code>	<code>> tab = tab</code>	\succeq (<code>\succeq</code>)
<code>@@ tab</code>	<code>@@ tab</code>	\propto (<code>\propto</code>)
<code>. =</code>	<code>. =</code>	\doteq (<code>\doteq</code>)

Windows  GNU/Linux 	Mac 	Equivalent in \LaTeX 
<code>@ tab</code>	<code>@ tab</code>	\angle (<code>\angle</code>)
<code>l tab</code>	<code>l tab</code>	ℓ (<code>\ell</code>)
<code>↑ F5 B</code>	<code>↑ F5 B</code>	\parallel (<code>\parallel</code>)
<code>~ =</code>	<code>~ =</code>	\cong (<code>\cong</code>)
<code>~ = /</code>	<code>~ = /</code>	\ncong (<code>\ncong</code>)
<code>~</code>	<code>~</code>	\sim (<code>\sim</code>)
<code>~ -</code>	<code>~ -</code>	\simeq (<code>\simeq</code>)
<code>~ /</code>	<code>~ /</code>	\nsim (<code>\nsim</code>)
<code>@ +</code>	<code>@ +</code>	\oplus (<code>\oplus</code>)
<code>@ -</code>	<code>@ -</code>	\ominus (<code>\ominus</code>)
<code>@ .</code>	<code>@ .</code>	\odot (<code>\odot</code>)
<code>@ *</code>	<code>@ *</code>	\otimes (<code>\otimes</code>)
<code>@ /</code>	<code>@ /</code>	\oslash (<code>\oslash</code>)
<code>/ - tab</code>	<code>/ - tab</code>	\upharpoonright (<code>\upharpoonright</code>)
<code>. tab</code>	<code>* tab</code>	\cdot (<code>\cdot</code>)
<code>+ -</code>	<code>+ -</code>	\pm (<code>\pm</code>)
<code>- +</code>	<code>- +</code>	\mp (<code>\mp</code>)
<code>* tab</code>	<code>* tab</code>	\times (<code>\times</code>)
<code>/ tab</code>	<code>/ tab</code>	\div (<code>\div</code>)
<code>* tab</code>	<code>* tab</code>	\ast (<code>\ast</code>)
<code>d tab</code>	<code>d tab</code>	∂ (<code>\partial</code>)
<code>V tab</code>	<code>V tab</code>	∇ (<code>\nabla</code>)
<code>@</code>	<code>@</code>	\circ (<code>\circ</code>)
<code>* tab</code>	<code>* tab</code>	\star (<code>\star</code>)
<code>i tab</code>	<code>i tab</code>	\imath (<code>\imath</code>)
<code>j tab</code>	<code>j tab</code>	\jmath (<code>\jmath</code>)
<code>h tab</code>	<code>h tab</code>	\hbar (<code>\hbar</code>)
<code>B tab</code>	<code>B tab</code>	\beth (<code>\beth</code>)

Windows  GNU/Linux 	Mac 	Equivalent in \LaTeX 
 tab	 tab	\Im (<code>\gimel</code>)
 tab	 tab	\daleth (<code>\daleth</code>)
 E	 E	\Re (<code>\Re</code>)
 tab	 tab	\mho (<code>\mho</code>)
 tab	 tab	\wp (<code>\wp</code>)
 @	 @	∞ (<code>\infty</code> in \LaTeX)
 tab	 tab	\top (<code>\top</code>)
 tab	 tab	\bot (<code>\bot</code>)
 > tab	 > tab	\clubsuit (<code>\clubsuit</code>)
 > tab	 > tab	\diamondsuit (<code>\diamondsuit</code>)
 > tab	 > tab	\heartsuit (<code>\heartsuit</code>)
 > tab	 > tab	\spadesuit (<code>\spadesuit</code>)
 tab	 tab	\flat (<code>\flat</code>)
 tab	 tab	\natural (<code>\natural</code>)
 tab	 tab	\sharp (<code>\sharp</code>)
 = tab	 = tab	\triangleq (<code>\triangleq</code>)
 tab	 tab	\dagger (<code>\dagger</code>)
Variable sized operators		
 tab	 tab	\int (<code>\int</code>)
 I tab	 I tab	\iint (<code>\iint</code>)
 I I tab	 I I tab	\iiint (<code>\iiint</code>)
 I	 I	\oint (<code>\oint</code>)
 tab	 tab	\bigcup (<code>\bigcup</code>)
 tab	 tab	\bigcap (<code>\bigcap</code>)
Arrow		
		\rightarrow (<code>\rightarrow</code>)
		\rightarrowtail (<code>\rightarrowtail</code>)
		\longrightarrow (<code>\longrightarrow</code>)

Windows  GNU/Linux 	Mac 	Equivalent in \LaTeX 
		\Rightarrow (<code>\Rightarrow</code>)
		\Rrightarrow (<code>\Rrightarrow</code>)
		\Longrightarrow (<code>\Longrightarrow</code>)
		\leadsto (<code>\leadsto</code>)
		\mapsto (<code>\mapsto</code>)
		\longmapsto (<code>\longmapsto</code>)
		\leftarrow (<code>\leftarrow</code>)
		\leftrightarrow (<code>\leftrightarrow</code>)
		\uparrow (<code>\uparrow</code>)
		\downarrow (<code>\downarrow</code>)
		\updownarrow (<code>\updownarrow</code>)
Fences		
		$\langle \rangle$ (<code>\langle \rangle</code>)
		$\lfloor \rfloor$ (<code>\lfloor \rfloor</code>)
		$\lceil \rceil$ (<code>\lceil \rceil</code>)
		$\ $ (<code>\ </code>)