

## Project 1 – Vehicular network: car sensing

A vehicular system is composed of  $N$  vehicles that move randomly within a 2D floorplan of size  $L \times H$ , according to a waypoint model. A waypoint is defined by a pair of coordinates  $(x,y)$  and a speed  $s$ . The coordinates  $x, y$  are random variables to be defined later. Vehicles move between waypoints **a** and **b** at the constant speed selected together with **b**. As soon as a vehicle reaches a waypoint, it selects a new one and moves towards it.

Vehicles are equipped with a wireless interface and can communicate with other vehicles falling within their transmission range  $M$ . Every  $T$  seconds each vehicle checks how many cars are within its transmission range. The relationship between  $T$  and  $M$  is expressed as  $T = \alpha \times M^2$  due to power constraints.  $\alpha$  is the efficiency of the wireless interface and can assume values between 0 and 1.

Evaluate at least the overall rate of vehicles sensed per second for various values of  $M$  and  $\alpha$ .

At least the following scenario has to be evaluated:

- uniform distribution of  $x$  and  $y$ ;

In all cases, it is up to the team to calibrate the scenarios so that meaningful results are obtained.

Project deliverables:

- a) Documentation (according to the standards set during the lectures)
- b) Simulator code
- c) Presentation (up to 10 slides maximum)