LINUX CLASS-1

By default we login as ec2-user in our system, but we are going to perform all actions in root user. because root user has full permissions.

command to login as root user: sudo -i (or) sudo su -

sudo: super user do

logout from root user: exit

WE HAVE DIFFERENT TYPES OF COMMANDS LINUX:

- 1. SYSTEM COMMANDS
- 2. HARDWARE COMMANDS
- 3. USER COMMANDS
- 4. FILE COMMANDS
- 5. PERMISSION COMMANDS
- 6. SEARCH COMMANDS
- 7. NETWORKING COMMANDS

1. SYSTEM COMMANDS: This commands will describe about the our system

- uname: used to get type of the OS
- uname -r: used to get kernel version of OS
- uname -a: used to get full info about our OS
- uptime: used to get our system running time along with no of users and load average
- uptime -p: used to get our system running time only
- ip addr: used to get ip address of our system
- ifconfig: used to get ip address of our system
- ip route: used to get ip address of our system
- hostname -i : used to get ip address of our system
- hostname: used to get system name
- hostnamectl set-hostname mustafa: used to change hostname
- date: used to get todays date
- timedatectl: used to get timezones of our system
- timedatectl set-timezone Asia/Kolkata: used to change time zone to IST

- date +"%d": used to get date only
- date +"%m": used to get month only
- date +"%y": used to get year only
- date +"%H": used to get hours only
- date +"%M": used to get minutes only
- date +"%S": used to get seconds only
- date +"%D": used to get date in different format
- date +"%F": used to get date only in different format
- date +"%A": used to get week only
- date +"%B": used to get month only