

## PART-B

### 1. Develop a javascript to sort and accessing the array elements.

**Input: n=5**

**Unsorted array elements: 10,1,-5,4,15**

**Sorted Array: -5,1, 4, 10, 15**

```
<html>
<body>
<h2>JavaScript Arrays</h2>
<p id="demo"></p>
<script>
const points = [10, 1, -5, 4, 15];
alert("The actual elemets are "+ points)
var points1= points.sort(function(a, b){return a-b});
alert("The sorted elements are "+ points1);
</script>
</body>
</html>
```

### 2. Create a class by the name rectangle with 2 attributes length and breadth. Include a parameterized constructor to assign values to data members and a function to calculate area of the rectangle. Demonstrate creation of object of class rectangle and display its area.

**Input: length=5, breadth=6**

**Output: Area=30**

```
class Rectangle {
  constructor(length, breadth) {
    this.length = length;
    this.breadth = breadth;
```

```
}  
calculateArea() {  
  return this.length * this.breadth;  
}  
}  
  
//Creating an object of the Rectangle class  
let myRectangle = new Rectangle(5, 10);  
  
// Displaying the area of the rectangle  
console.log("Length:", myRectangle.length);  
console.log("Breadth:", myRectangle.breadth);  
console.log("Area:", myRectangle.calculateArea());
```

### 3. Develop a javascript to demonstrate the working of callback and async functions.

#### Callback:

```
hello(goodbye);  
function hello(callback){  
  console.log("hello");  
  callback();  
  
}
```

```
function goodbye(){  
  console.log("bye");  
}
```

#### Async:

```
console.log("start");  
setTimeout(() => {  
  console.log("hey");  
}, 2000);  
console.log("end");
```

4. Develop an arrow function in javascript that checks whether a year is leap year, alert the user with true if the year is leap year and false if year is non leap year. Validate centuries also.

**Input: 2000, Output: Leap year**

**Input: 2100, Output: Non Leap year**

**Input: 2004, Output: Leap year**

**Input: 2006, Output: Non Leap year**

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
<head>
  <meta charset="UTF-8">
  <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0">
  <title>Leap Year Checker</title>
  <script>
    const isLeapYear = year => {
      if (year % 4 === 0) {
        if (year % 100 === 0) {
          return year % 400 === 0;
        }
        return true;
      }
      return false;
    };

    function checkLeapYear() {
      const userYear = prompt("Enter a year:");
      const year = parseInt(userYear);
      if (!isNaN(year)) {
        const result = isLeapYear(year);
        alert(`Is ${year} a leap year? ${result}`);
      } else {
```

```

    alert("Invalid input. Please enter a valid year.");
  }
}
</script>
</head>
<body>
  <h1>Leap Year Checker</h1>
  <button onclick="checkLeapYear()">Check Leap Year</button>
</body>
</html>

```

5. **Develop a javascript that accepts length and breadth of rectangle as parameter of an arrow functions. Call the function using spread and rest operator and alert the user with a perimeter of the rectangle.**

```
// Arrow function to calculate perimeter of rectangle
```

```
const Perimeter = (length, breadth) => 2 * (length + breadth);
```

```
// Using spread operator to pass parameters
```

```
const rectangleSpread = [10, 5];
```

```
const perimeterSpread = Perimeter(...rectangleDimensionsSpread);
```

```
console.log(`Perimeter_spread: ${perimeterSpread}`);
```

```
// Using rest operator to pass parameters
```

```
const rectangleRest = [8, 6];
```

```
const perimeterRest = Perimeter(...rectangleDimensionsRest);

console.log(`perimeter_rest: ${perimeterRest}`);
```

6. Develop a javascript to demonstrate the usage of optional and default parameters in a function.

**Optional parameters:**

```
function disp(a,b,c)

{

    var c = c || 10;

    console.log(a + b + c);

}

disp(10,10);
```

**Default parameters:**

```
function hello(a,b=1)

{

    console.log(a + b);

}

Hello(10);
```

7. Create a class by the name box with parameters length, breadth, and height.  
Create a class boxweight that extends box and include a new parameter weight.  
Create another class by the name boxcost that extends boxweight and has a

**parameter by the name shipmentcost. Include constructors in all the classes.  
Create an object of boxcost and display values of all parameters that represent  
multilevel inheritance.**

```
class Box {
    constructor(length, breadth, height) {
        this.length = length;
        this.breadth = breadth;
        this.height = height;
    }
}

class BoxWeight extends Box {
    constructor(length, breadth, height, weight) {
        super(length, breadth, height);
        this.weight = weight;
    }
}

class BoxCost extends BoxWeight {
    constructor(length, breadth, height, weight, shipmentCost) {
        super(length, breadth, height, weight);
        this.shipmentCost = shipmentCost;
    }
}

const myBoxCost = new BoxCost(10, 5, 3, 2, 20);
console.log("Length:", myBoxCost.length);
console.log("Breadth:", myBoxCost.breadth);
console.log("Height:", myBoxCost.height);
console.log("Weight:", myBoxCost.weight);
console.log("Shipment Cost:", myBoxCost.shipmentCost);
```