Real-Time Data Processing System for Weather Monitoring with Rollups and Aggregates

Objective:

Develop a real-time data processing system to monitor weather conditions and provide summarized insights using rollups and aggregates. The system will utilize data from the OpenWeatherMap API (https://openweathermap.org/).

Data Source:

The system will continuously retrieve weather data from the OpenWeatherMap API. You will need to sign up for a free API key to access the data. The API provides various weather parameters, and for this assignment, we will focus on:

- main: Main weather condition (e.g., Rain, Snow, Clear)
- temp: Current temperature in Centigrade
- feels like: Perceived temperature in Centigrade
- dt: Time of the data update (Unix timestamp)

Processing and Analysis:

- The system should continuously call the OpenWeatherMap API at a configurable interval (e.g., every 5 minutes) to retrieve real-time weather data for the metros in India. (Delhi, Mumbai, Chennai, Bangalore, Kolkata, Hyderabad)
 - For each received weather update:
 - Convert temperature values from Kelvin to Celsius (tip: you can also use user preference).

Rollups and Aggregates:

1. Daily Weather Summary:

- Roll up the weather data for each day.
- Calculate daily aggregates for:
 - Average temperature
 - Maximum temperature
 - Minimum temperature
 - Dominant weather condition (give reason on this)
- oStore the daily summaries in a database or persistent storage for further analysis.

2. Alerting Thresholds:

- Define user-configurable thresholds for temperature or specific weather conditions (e.g., alert if temperature exceeds 35 degrees Celsius for two consecutive updates).
- o Continuously track the latest weather data and compare it with the thresholds.

 If a threshold is breached, trigger an alert for the current weather conditions. Alerts could be displayed on the console or sent through an email notification system (implementation details left open-ended).

3. Implement visualizations:

To display daily weather summaries, historical trends, and triggered alerts.

Architecture

1. Data Retrieval Module

- Set up a cron job or a scheduled task to call the OpenWeatherMap API every 5 minutes.
- o Fetch data for: Delhi, Mumbai, Chennai, Bangalore, Kolkata, Hyderabad.

2. Data Processing Module

- Parse the JSON response from the API.
- o Convert temperature from Kelvin to Celsius

3. Rollups and Aggregates

- Maintain an in-memory data structure (like a dictionary) to store weather data for each day.
- For each day, compute:
 - Average Temperature: Total temperature / Number of updates
 - Maximum Temperature: Highest temperature recorded during the day
 - Minimum Temperature: Lowest temperature recorded during the day
 - Dominant Weather Condition: The condition that occurs most frequently (calculate frequency from the main data).

4. Alerting System

- Allow users to define thresholds for alerts (e.g., temperature > 35°C).
- Track real-time data and check if it breaches any thresholds.
- o Trigger alerts via console output or email notification when conditions are met.

5. Visualization Module

- Use libraries like Matplotlib or Plotly to visualize:
 - Daily summaries
 - Historical trends
 - Triggered alerts

Implementation Details

- Database: Use a lightweight database like SQLite or a NoSQL option like MongoDB to store daily summaries for persistent storage.
- Email Notifications: Utilize SMTP libraries in Python (e.g., smtplib) to send alerts via email.
- Configuration: Use a JSON or YAML file to manage user preferences and thresholds.

1.System Setup:

```
C:>Weather Report > • Weather APLpy > ...

import datetime as dt

import requests

BASE_URL="http://api.openweathermap.org/data/2.5/weather?"

API_KEY="082d3od854791face0b44d3ba522b831"

API_KEY=082d3od854791face0b44d3ba522b831"

API_KEY=0pen('api_key','r').read()

CITY-input('Enter Your City : ")

def kel_to_cel_fah(kelvin):

celsius=kelvin-273.15

fahrenheit=celsius*(9/5)+32

return celsius, fahrenheit

url =BASE_URL+"appid="+API_KEY+"&q="+CITY

response=requests.get(url).json()

temp_kel=response['main']['temp']

temp_celcius_temp_fah-kel_to_cel_fah(temp_kel)

feels_like_kelvin=response['main']['feels_like']

feels_like_cel,feels_like_far=kel_to_cel_fah(feels_like_kelvin)

wind_speed=response['main']['humidity']

description=response['main']['humidity']

description=response['waather'][0]['description']

sunrise_time=dt.datetime.utcfromtimestamp(response['sys']['sunrise']+response['timezone'])

print(response)

print(fereperature in {CITY} : (temp_celcius:.2f)'c or {temp_fah:.2f)'F")

print(f"Temperature in {CITY} : (temp_celcius:.2f)'c or {feels_like_far:.2f)'F")

print(f"Temperature in {CITY} : (wind_speed)mys'')

print(f"Kind Speed in {CITY} : (wind_speed)mys'')

print(f"Sun rise in {CITY} at {sunrise_time} local time.")

print(f"Sun set in {CITY} at {sunrise_time} local time.")
```

OUTPUT:

```
Enter Your City: Delhi
c:\Weather Report\Weather API.py:24: DeprecationWarning: datetime.datetime.utcfromtimesta
mes in UTC: datetime.datetime.fromtimestamp(timestamp, datetime.UTC).
    sunrise_time=dt.datetime.utcfromtimestamp(response['sys']['sunrise']+response['timezone
c:\Weather Report\Weather API.py:25: DeprecationWarning: datetime.datetime.utcfromtimesta
mes in UTC: datetime.datetime.fromtimestamp(timestamp, datetime.UTC).
    sunset_time=dt.datetime.fromtimestamp(response['sys']['sunset']+response['timezone']
'coord': {'lon': 77.2167, 'lat': 28.6667}, 'weather': [{'id': 721, 'main': 'Haze', 'desc
306.2, 'temp_max': 306.2, 'pressure': 1008, 'humidity': 27, 'sea_level': 1008, 'grnd_lev
': {'type': 1, 'id': 9165, 'country': 'IN', 'sunrise': 1729817895, 'sunset': 1729858312},
Temperature in Delhi : 33.05'C or 91.49'F
Temperature in Delhi : 31.66'C or 88.99'F
Humidity in Delhi : 27%
Wind Speed in Delhi : 6.17m/s
General Weather in Delhi : haze
Sun rise in Delhi at 2024-10-25 06:28:15 local time.
Sun set in Delhi at 2024-10-25 17:41:52 local time.
PS C:\Users\K LIKHITHA>
```

2.CONFIGURATION

```
# config.py
# config.py
API_KEY = '082d30d854791f4ce0b44d3ba522b831'
CITIES = ['Delhi', 'Mumbai', 'Chennai', 'Bangalore', 'Kolkata', 'Hyderabad']
INTERVAL = 5 # In minutes
TEMP_THRESHOLD = 35 # Threshold for alert in Celsius
```

3.WEATHER MONITORING:

OUTPUT:

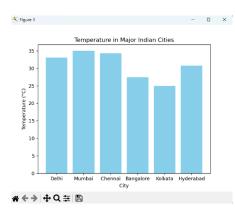
```
PS C:\Users\K LIKHITHA> & C:/Python312/python.exe "c:/Weather Report/weather_monitor.py"
API response for Delhi: ('coord': ('lon': 77.2167, 'lat': 28.6667), 'weather': [('id': 721, 'main': 'Haze', 'description': 'haze', 'icon': '59d']], 'bas ke': 304.81, 'temp_min': 306.2, 'pressure': 1008, 'humidity': 27, 'sea_level': 1008, 'grnd_level': 983], 'visibility': 5000, 'wind': ,'dt': 1729859773, 'sys': {'type': 1, 'id': 9165, 'country': 'lN', 'sunrise': 1729817895, 'sunset': 1729858773, 'sys': {'type': 1, 'id': 9165, 'country': 'lN', 'sunrise': 1729817895, 'sunset': 1729858773, 'sys': {'type': 1, 'id': 9165, 'country': 'lN', 'sunrise': 1729817895, 'sunset': 1729858712}, 'timezone': 19800, 'id': 1273294, 'nam c:\Weather Report\weather monitor.py:49: DeprecationWarning: datetime.datetime.utcfromtimestamp() is deprecated and scheduled for removal in a future ve tetimes in UTC: datetime.datetime.fromtimestamp(imestamp, datetime.utcfromtimestamp(weather['timestamp'])}'')
Weather in [city]: (weather['temp'])c, (weather['condition']} at {datetime.utcfromtimestamp(weather['timestamp'])}'')
Weather in [elhi: 33.090000000000001, taze at 2024-10-25 10:06:11
API response for Numbai: ('coord': {'lon': 72.8479, 'lat': 19.0140}, 'weather': [{'id': 711, 'main': 'smoke', 'description': 'moke', 'icon': '50d'}], 'slike': 313.247 ('lon': 80.250786, 'sys': ('type': 1, 'id': 9052, 'country': 'lN', 'sunrise': 1729818399, 'sunset': 1729859459, 'timezone': 19000, 'id': 122533 Weather in Mumbai: 33.99000000000001, Smoke at 2024-10-25 10:06:28
API response for Chennai: ('coord': ('lon': 80.2785, 'lat': 13.0878), 'weather': [{'id': 721, 'main': 'Haze', 'description': 'haze', 'icon': '50d']}, 'b_like': 313, 'temp_min': 305.85, 'temp_max': 308.18, 'pressure': 1006, 'humidity': 52, 'sea_level': 1006, 'grnd_level': 1005}, 'visibility': 5000, 'wind doly, 'dt': 1729850796, 'sys': ('type': 2, 'id': 20932200, 'country': 'lN', 'sunrise': 1729818209, 'sunset': 1729818209, 'timezone': 19800, 'id': 120452 Weather in (Honnai: 34.330000000000000000000000000
```

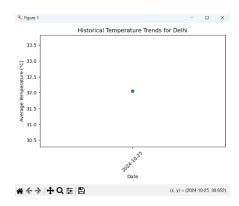
4.VISUALIZATION:

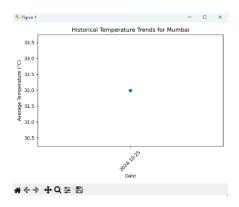
```
def plot_daily_summaries():
    """Plot daily summaries of weather data for specified cities."""
   conn = sqlite3.connect(DB NAME)
   cursor = conn.cursor()
   cursor.execute('SELECT city, AVG(avg_temperature) AS avg_temp FROM daily_summaries GROUP BY city')
   data = cursor.fetchall()
   conn.close()
   if not data:
       print("No data found to plot.")
       return
   cities = [row[0] for row in data]
   avg temps = [row[1] for row in data]
   plt.bar(cities, avg_temps, color='blue')
   plt.xlabel('Cities')
   plt.ylabel('Average Temperature (°C)')
   plt.title('Average Daily Temperatures')
   plt.xticks(rotation=45)
   plt.tight_layout() # Adjust layout to prevent clipping of labels
   plt.show()
```

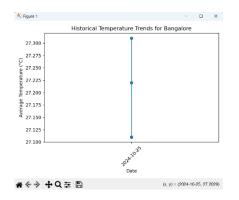
```
def plot historical trends(city):
   conn = sqlite3.connect(DB_NAME)
   cursor = conn.cursor()
   cursor.execute('SELECT date, avg_temperature FROM daily_summaries WHERE city = ? ORDER BY date', (city,))
   data = cursor.fetchall()
   conn.close()
   if not data:
       print(f"No historical data found for {city}.")
   dates = [row[0] for row in data]
   avg_temps = [row[1] for row in data]
   plt.plot(dates, avg_temps, marker='o')
   plt.xlabel('Date')
   plt.ylabel('Average Temperature (°C)')
   plt.title(f'Historical Temperature Trends for {city}')
   plt.xticks(rotation=45)
   plt.tight_layout() # Adjust layout to prevent clipping of labels
   plt.show()
```

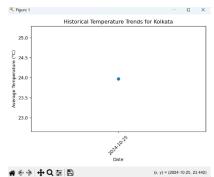
OUTPUT:

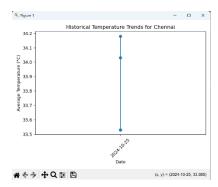












5.ALERTING:

```
# Function to send email alerts
def send_email_alert(city, temp):
    msg = MIMEMULTipart()
    msg['From'] = EMAIL_ADDRESS
    msg['To'] = TO_EMAIL
    msg['Subject'] = f"Weather Alert: High Temperature in {city}"

body = f"The temperature in {city} has reached {temp:.2f}°C, exceeding the threshold of {ALERT_THRESHOLD_TEMP}°C."
    msg.attach(MIMEText(body, 'plain'))

try:
    with smtplib.SMTP(SMTP_SERVER, SMTP_PORT) as server:
        server.starttls()
        server.login(EMAIL_ADDRESS, EMAIL_PASSWORD)
        server.send_message(msg)

        print(f"Email alert sent for {city} with temperature {temp:.2f}°C")

except Exception as e:
    print(f"Failed to send email alert: {e}")
```

OUTPUT:

