

# AI ASSISTED CODING

## LAB TEST – 03

**Name:** Likhitha Pothunuri

**Roll no:** 2403A510D1

**Batch** 05

**CSE 2<sup>nd</sup> year**

**Set E4:**

**Q1:**

**Prompt:**

“In the education sector, a company is facing a challenge related to code refactoring. Use AI-assisted tools to improve and refactor an existing piece of Python code used for managing student or course data. The refactored code should be cleaner, more efficient, and easier to maintain. Include:

- The original (unoptimized) code
- The refactored code generated or improved with AI assistance
- Explanation of how AI helped in refactoring
- Sample output showing the working of the refactored program.”

**Code Generated:**

your\_file.py > ...

```
1  from dataclasses import dataclass, asdict
2  from flask import Flask, request, jsonify, abort
3  from itertools import count
4  from typing import Dict, Any, Optional
5
6  # Minimal Student model
7  @dataclass
8  class Student:
9      id: int
10     name: str
11     age: int
12     major: str
13
14     def to_dict(self) -> Dict[str, Any]:
15         return asdict(self)
16
17  # Very small store with in-memory dict
18  class Store:
19     def __init__(self):
20         self._data: Dict[int, Student] = {}
21         self._ids = count[int](1)
22
23     def create(self, payload: Dict[str, Any]) -> Student:
24         name = str(payload.get("name", "")).strip()
25         major = str(payload.get("major", "")).strip()
26         try:
27             age = int(payload.get("age", ""))
28         except (TypeError, ValueError):
29             age = -1
```

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```

28     except (TypeError, ValueError):
29         age = -1
30     if not name or not major or age < 0:
31         raise ValueError("invalid payload")
32     sid = next(self._ids)
33     student = Student(id=sid, name=name, age=age, major=major)
34     self._data[sid] = student
35     return student
36
37     def list(self):
38         return list[Student](self._data.values())
39
40     def get(self, sid: int) -> Optional[Student]:
41         return self._data.get(sid)
42
43     def update(self, sid: int, payload: Dict[str, Any]) -> Student:
44         s = self.get(sid)
45         if not s:
46             raise KeyError("not found")
47         if "name" in payload:
48             name = str(payload["name"]).strip()
49             if not name: raise ValueError("invalid name")
50             s.name = name
51         if "age" in payload:
52             try:
53                 age = int(payload["age"])
54                 if age < 0: raise ValueError("invalid age")
55                 s.age = age

```

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```

55         except (TypeError, ValueError):
56             raise ValueError("invalid age")
57     if "major" in payload:
58         major = str(payload["major"]).strip()
59         if not major: raise ValueError("invalid major")
60         s.major = major
61     return s
62
63
64     def delete(self, sid: int) -> Student:
65         s = self._data.pop(sid, None)
66         if not s:
67             raise KeyError("not found")
68         return s
69
70 def create_app() -> Flask:
71     app = Flask(__name__)
72     app.config["JSON_SORT_KEYS"] = False
73     store = Store()
74
75     @app.get("/students")
76     def list_students():
77         return jsonify([s.to_dict() for s in store.list()]), 200
78
79     @app.post("/students")

```

```

79 @app.post("/students")
80 def create_student():
81     payload = request.get_json(silent=True) or {}
82     try:
83         s = store.create(payload)
84     except ValueError:
85         abort(400, "invalid or missing fields")
86     return jsonify(s.to_dict()), 201
87
88 @app.put("/students/<int:sid>")
89 def update_student(sid: int):
90     if not store.get(sid):
91         abort(404, "student not found")
92     payload = request.get_json(silent=True) or {}
93     try:
94         s = store.update(sid, payload)
95     except ValueError:
96         abort(400, "invalid fields")
97     return jsonify(s.to_dict()), 200
98
99 @app.delete("/students/<int:sid>")
100 def delete_student(sid: int):
101     try:
102         s = store.delete(sid)
103     except KeyError:
104         abort(404, "student not found")
105     return jsonify({"deleted": s.to_dict()}), 200

```

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```

105         return jsonify({"deleted": s.to_dict()}), 200
106
107     # quick demo without running a server
108     @app.get("/demo")
109     def demo():
110         store._data.clear()
111         s1 = store.create({"name": "Alice", "age": 21, "major": "CS"})
112         s2 = store.create({"name": "Bob", "age": 22, "major": "Math"})
113         store.update(s1.id, {"major": "Data Science"})
114         store.delete(s2.id)
115         return jsonify([s.to_dict() for s in store.list()])
116
117     return app
118
119 if __name__ == "__main__":
120     # Run a tiny demo using Flask test client (no server)
121     app = create_app()
122     c = app.test_client()
123
124     print("Create:")
125     r = c.post("/students", json={"name": "Alice", "age": 21, "major": "CS"})
126     print(r.status_code, r.get_json())
127
128     print("List:")
129     r = c.get("/students")
130     print(r.status_code, r.get_json())
131

```

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```

131
132     print("Update:")
133     r = c.put("/students/1", json={"major": "Data Science"})
134     print(r.status_code, r.get_json())
135
136     print("Delete:")
137     r = c.delete("/students/1")
138     print(r.status_code, r.get_json())
139
140     print("Final list:")
141     r = c.get("/students")
142     print(r.status_code, r.get_json())

```

## Output:

```
200 []
PS C:\Users\likhi\OneDrive\Desktop\Ai_LT3> python your_file.py
Create:
201 {'age': 21, 'id': 1, 'major': 'CS', 'name': 'Alice'}
List:
200 [{'age': 21, 'id': 1, 'major': 'CS', 'name': 'Alice'}]
Update:
200 {'age': 21, 'id': 1, 'major': 'Data Science', 'name': 'Alice'}
Delete:
200 {'deleted': {'age': 21, 'id': 1, 'major': 'Data Science', 'name': 'Alice'}}
Final list:
200 []
PS C:\Users\likhi\OneDrive\Desktop\Ai_LT3> 
```

## Observation:

The program successfully demonstrates the process of **code refactoring** using AI assistance in the education sector.

The original code for managing student data was improved into a cleaner and more efficient version.

All operations such as **Create, Read, Update, and Delete** were executed correctly, showing proper handling of student records.

The final output confirms that the refactored code is easier to understand, maintain, and produces accurate results.

## Q2:

### Prompt:

“In the agriculture sector, a company is facing a challenge related to algorithms.

Use AI-assisted tools to create a Python program that applies suitable algorithms (such as sorting, searching, or prediction) along with AI or machine learning to solve an agricultural problem.

The program should demonstrate how AI assistance helps in selecting or optimizing the algorithm for tasks like crop yield prediction, soil data analysis, or weather-based decision-making.

Include explanation, AI assistance used, and sample output.”

### Code Generated:

🔗 agricultural\_ai\_fixed.py > ...

```
1  import numpy as np
2  import pandas as pd
3  from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestRegressor
4  from sklearn.linear_model import LinearRegression
5  from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
6  from sklearn.metrics import r2_score, mean_squared_error
7
8  def generate_crop_data(n_samples=200):
9      """Generate agricultural data"""
10     np.random.seed(42)
11     data = {
12         'soil_ph': np.random.normal(6.5, 1.0, n_samples),
13         'soil_moisture': np.random.normal(0.4, 0.1, n_samples),
14         'nitrogen': np.random.normal(150, 30, n_samples),
15         'temperature': np.random.normal(25, 5, n_samples),
16         'rainfall': np.random.normal(800, 200, n_samples),
17         'crop_type': np.random.choice(['Wheat', 'Corn'], n_samples)
18     }
19     df = pd.DataFrame(data)
20     df['yield'] = (
21         df['soil_moisture'] * 1000 +
22         df['nitrogen'] * 2 +
23         df['rainfall'] * 0.5 +
24         np.where(df['crop_type'] == 'Wheat', 200, 150) +
25         np.random.normal(0, 50, n_samples)
26     )
27
28     df['yield'] = np.maximum(df['yield'], 0)
29     return df
```

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```

30 def preprocess_data(df):
31     """Preprocess data for ML"""
32     df['crop_wheat'] = (df['crop_type'] == 'Wheat').astype(int)
33     df['crop_corn'] = (df['crop_type'] == 'Corn').astype(int)
34
35     features = ['soil_ph', 'soil_moisture', 'nitrogen', 'temperature', 'rainfall', 'crop_wheat',
36     X = df[features]
37     y = df['yield']
38
39     return X, y
40 def train_models(X, y):
41     """Train and compare models"""
42     X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y, test_size=0.2, random_state=42)
43
44     rf_model = RandomForestRegressor(n_estimators=50, random_state=42)
45     lr_model = LinearRegression()
46
47     rf_model.fit(X_train, y_train)
48     lr_model.fit(X_train, y_train)
49
50     rf_pred = rf_model.predict(X_test)
51     lr_pred = lr_model.predict(X_test)
52
53     rf_r2 = r2_score(y_test, rf_pred)
54     lr_r2 = r2_score(y_test, lr_pred)
55     rf_mse = mean_squared_error(y_test, rf_pred)
56     lr_mse = mean_squared_error(y_test, lr_pred)
57
58     return {

```

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```

58     return {
59         'Random Forest': {'model': rf_model, 'r2': rf_r2, 'mse': rf_mse},
60         'Linear Regression': {'model': lr_model, 'r2': lr_r2, 'mse': lr_mse},
61         'y_test': y_test
62     }
63 def analyze_results(df, results):
64     """Analyze results and find best model"""
65     print("\nCROP PERFORMANCE:")
66     crop_stats = df.groupby('crop_type')['yield'].agg(['mean', 'std'])
67     print(crop_stats)
68
69     high_yield = df[df['yield'] > df['yield'].quantile(0.8)]
70     print(f"\nOptimal Conditions:")
71     print(f"pH: {high_yield['soil_ph'].mean():.2f}")
72     print(f"Moisture: {high_yield['soil_moisture'].mean():.2f}")
73     print(f"Nitrogen: {high_yield['nitrogen'].mean():.1f}")
74     print(f"Temperature: {high_yield['temperature'].mean():.1f}C")
75
76     print(f"\nMODEL PERFORMANCE:")
77     for name, result in results.items():
78         if name != 'y_test':
79             print(f"{name}: R2={result['r2']:.4f}, MSE={result['mse']:.2f}")
80
81     best_model = max([k for k in results.keys() if k != 'y_test'],
82                       key=lambda x: results[x]['r2'])
83     print(f"\nBest Model: {best_model}")
84

```

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```

84
85     return best_model
86
87
88 def generate_recommendations(best_model_name):
89     """Generate AI recommendations"""
90     return [
91         "Maintain soil pH between 6.0-7.0",
92         "Keep soil moisture around 0.4",
93         "Ensure nitrogen levels 150+ ppm",
94         "Plant when temperature is 20-30C",
95         f"Use {best_model_name} for predictions"
96     ]
97
98 | Ctrl+L to chat, Ctrl+K to generate
99 def main():
100     """Main demonstration"""
101     print("=" * 60)
102     print("AI-ASSISTED AGRICULTURAL CROP YIELD PREDICTION")
103     print("=" * 60)
104
105     print("\n1. GENERATING DATA")
106     df = generate_crop_data(200)
107     print(f"Generated {len(df)} records")
108     print(f"Features: {list[Any](df.columns)}")
109     print(f"\nSample data:")
110     print(df.head())
111     print("\n2. PREPROCESSING")

```

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```

112 X, y = preprocess_data(df)
113 print(f"Features shape: {X.shape}")
114 print(f"Yield range: {y.min():.1f} - {y.max():.1f}")
115
116
117 print("\n3. AI MODEL TRAINING")
118 results = train_models(X, y)
119
120 print("\n4. ANALYSIS")
121 best_model = analyze_results(df, results)
122
123 print("\n5. AI RECOMMENDATIONS")
124 recommendations = generate_recommendations(best_model)
125 for i, rec in enumerate[str](recommendations, 1):
126     print(f"{i}. {rec}")
127
128 print("\n6. SAMPLE PREDICTIONS")
129 best_model_obj = results[best_model]['model']
130 sample_data = X.head(3)
131 predictions = best_model_obj.predict(sample_data)
132
133 print("Predictions:")
134 for i, (idx, pred) in enumerate[tuple[int, Any]](zip[tuple[int, Any]](sample_data.index,
135     actual = y.iloc[idx]
136     error = abs(pred - actual) / actual * 100
137     print(f"Sample {i+1}: Pred={pred:.1f}, Actual={actual:.1f}, Error={error:.1f}%")
138
139 print("\n7. AI ASSISTANCE SUMMARY")
140
141 print("\n7. AI ASSISTANCE SUMMARY")
142 print("Algorithm Selection: Compared Random Forest vs Linear Regression")
143 print("Feature Engineering: Categorical to numerical conversion")
144 print("Performance Optimization: Best model selection by R2 score")
145 print("Predictive Analytics: Generated yield predictions")
146 print("Decision Support: Provided farming recommendations")
147
148 print("\n" + "=" * 60)
149 print("CONCLUSION: AI-assisted system successfully predicts crop yields")
150 print("and provides actionable recommendations for farmers.")
151 print("=" * 60)
152
153 if __name__ == "__main__":
154     main()

```

**Output:**

## =====

## AI-ASSISTED AGRICULTURAL CROP YIELD PREDICTION

=====

## 1. GENERATING DATA

Generated 200 records

Features: ['soil\_ph', 'soil\_moisture', 'nitrogen', 'temperature', 'rainfall', 'crop\_type', 'yield']

Sample data:

	soil_ph	soil_moisture	nitrogen	...	rainfall	crop_type	yield
0	6.996714	0.435779	102.167170	...	987.656761	Wheat	1256.112362
1	6.361736	0.456078	132.018749	...	696.791054	Corn	1197.105720
2	7.147689	0.508305	150.157311	...	819.224155	Wheat	1493.269814
3	8.023030	0.505380	151.409418	...	707.544942	Corn	1354.482599
4	6.265847	0.262233	136.498036	...	713.100755	Wheat	1074.346905

[5 rows x 7 columns]

## 2. PREPROCESSING

Features shape: (200, 7)

Yield range: 866.5 - 1648.2

## 3. AI MODEL TRAINING

## 4. ANALYSIS

CROP PERFORMANCE:

	mean	std
crop_type		
Corn	1269.931101	137.937751
Wheat	1320.931876	158.683569

Optimal Conditions:

pH: 6.30

Moisture: 0.49

Nitrogen: 162.3

Temperature: 25.6C

MODEL PERFORMANCE:

Random Forest: R2=0.7909, MSE=5343.92

Linear Regression: R2=0.9216, MSE=2005.32

Best Model: Linear Regression

## 5. AI RECOMMENDATIONS

1. Maintain soil pH between 6.0-7.0
2. Keep soil moisture around 0.4
3. Ensure nitrogen levels 150+ ppm
4. Plant when temperature is 20-30C
5. Use Linear Regression for predictions

## 6. SAMPLE PREDICTIONS

Predictions:

Sample 1: Pred=1328.6, Actual=1256.1, Error=5.8%

Sample 2: Pred=1225.0, Actual=1197.1, Error=2.3%

Sample 3: Pred=1417.1, Actual=1493.3, Error=5.1%

## 7. AI ASSISTANCE SUMMARY

Algorithm Selection: Compared Random Forest vs Linear Regression

Feature Engineering: Categorical to numerical conversion

Performance Optimization: Best model selection by R2 score

Predictive Analytics: Generated yield predictions

Decision Support: Provided farming recommendations

```
Decision Support: Provided farming recommendations
```

```
=====
CONCLUSION: AI-assisted system successfully predicts crop yields
Feature Engineering: Categorical to numerical conversion
Performance Optimization: Best model selection by R2 score
Predictive Analytics: Generated yield predictions
Decision Support: Provided farming recommendations
```

### Observation:

The program successfully demonstrates the use of **algorithms with AI assistance** to solve an agricultural problem.

AI-assisted tools helped in designing and optimizing the algorithm for better accuracy and efficiency.

The implemented algorithm correctly processed agricultural data and provided meaningful predictions or analysis results.

The output confirms that the algorithm works effectively and the AI-assisted improvements make the solution more reliable and optimized for real-world use.