Aim:

Write a program to implement stack using arrays.

Array representation

```
Sample Input and Output:
    1.Push 2.Pop 3.Display 4.Is Empty 5.Peek 6.Exit
    Enter your option : 4
    Stack is empty.
    1.Push 2.Pop 3.Display 4.Is Empty 5.Peek 6.Exit
    Enter your option : 2
    Stack is underflow.
    1. Push 2. Pop 3. Display 4. Is Empty 5. Peek 6. Exit
    Enter your option: 3
    Stack is empty.
    1.Push 2.Pop 3.Display 4.Is Empty 5.Peek 6.Exit
    Enter your option : 5
    Stack is underflow.
    1.Push 2.Pop 3.Display 4.Is Empty 5.Peek 6.Exit
    Enter your option : 1
    Enter element : 25
    Successfully pushed.
    1.Push 2.Pop 3.Display 4.Is Empty 5.Peek 6.Exit
    Enter your option : 1
    Enter element : 26
    Successfully pushed.
    1. Push 2. Pop 3. Display 4. Is Empty 5. Peek 6. Exit
    Enter your option: 3
    Elements of the stack are : 26 25
    1. Push 2. Pop 3. Display 4. Is Empty 5. Peek 6. Exit
    Enter your option : 2
    Popped value = 26
    1. Push 2. Pop 3. Display 4. Is Empty 5. Peek 6. Exit
    Enter your option : 4
    Stack is not empty.
    1.Push 2.Pop 3.Display 4.Is Empty 5.Peek 6.Exit
    Enter your option : 5
    Peek value = 25
    1.Push 2.Pop 3.Display 4.Is Empty 5.Peek 6.Exit
    Enter your option : 6
```

## **Source Code:**

## StackUsingArray.c

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
#define STACK_MAX_SIZE 10
int arr[STACK_MAX_SIZE];
int top=-1;
void push(int element)
{
   if(top==STACK_MAX_SIZE-1)
```

```
{
      printf("Stack is overflow.\n");
   }
   else
   {
      top=top+1;
      arr[top]=element;
      printf("Successfully pushed.\n");
   }
}
void display()
   if(top<0)
   {
      printf("Stack is empty.\n");
   else
      printf("Elements of the stack are : ");
      for(int i=top;i>=0;i--)
         printf("%d ",arr[i]);
      }
      printf("\n");
   }
}
void pop()
   int x;
   if(top<0)
      printf("Stack is underflow.\n");
   }
   else
   {
      x=arr[top];
      top=top-1;
      printf("Popped value = %d\n",x);
   }
}
void peek()
   int x;
   if(top<0)
      printf("Stack is underflow.\n");
   }
   else
      x=arr[top];
      printf("Peek value = %d\n",x);
   }
void isEmpty()
   if(top<0)
```

```
{
      printf("Stack is empty.\n");
   }
   else
   {
      printf("Stack is not empty.\n");
   }
}
int main()
{
   int op,x;
   while(1)
      printf("1.Push 2.Pop 3.Display 4.Is Empty 5.Peek 6.Exit\n");
      printf("Enter your option : ");
      scanf("%d",&op);
      switch(op)
         case 1:
         printf("Enter element : ");
         scanf("%d",&x);
         push(x);
         break;
         case 2:
         pop();
         break;
         case 3:
         display();
         break;
         case 4:
         isEmpty();
         break;
         case 5:
         peek();
         break;
         case 6:
         exit(0);
      }
   }
}
```

## Execution Results - All test cases have succeeded!

Test Case - 1
User Output
1.Push 2.Pop 3.Display 4.Is Empty 5.Peek 6.Exit 1
Enter your option : 1
Enter element : 10
Successfully pushed. 1
1.Push 2.Pop 3.Display 4.Is Empty 5.Peek 6.Exit 1
Enter your option : 1
Enter element : 20
Successfully pushed. 1
1.Push 2.Pop 3.Display 4.Is Empty 5.Peek 6.Exit 1

Enter your option : 1 Enter element : 30 Successfully pushed. 3 1.Push 2.Pop 3.Display 4.Is Empty 5.Peek 6.Exit 3 Enter your option : 3 Elements of the stack are : 30 20 10 5 1.Push 2.Pop 3.Display 4.Is Empty 5.Peek 6.Exit 5 Enter your option : 5 Peek value = 302 1.Push 2.Pop 3.Display 4.Is Empty 5.Peek 6.Exit 2 Enter your option : 2 Popped value = 302 1.Push 2.Pop 3.Display 4.Is Empty 5.Peek 6.Exit 2 Enter your option : 2 Popped value = 203 1.Push 2.Pop 3.Display 4.Is Empty 5.Peek 6.Exit 3 Enter your option: 3 Elements of the stack are : 10 5 1.Push 2.Pop 3.Display 4.Is Empty 5.Peek 6.Exit 5 Enter your option : 5 Peek value = 104 1.Push 2.Pop 3.Display 4.Is Empty 5.Peek 6.Exit 4 Enter your option: 4 Stack is not empty. 2 1.Push 2.Pop 3.Display 4.Is Empty 5.Peek 6.Exit 2 Enter your option : 2 Popped value = 103 1.Push 2.Pop 3.Display 4.Is Empty 5.Peek 6.Exit 3 Enter your option : 3 Stack is empty. 4 1.Push 2.Pop 3.Display 4.Is Empty 5.Peek 6.Exit 4 Enter your option : 4 Stack is empty. 6 1.Push 2.Pop 3.Display 4.Is Empty 5.Peek 6.Exit 6 Enter your option : 6