

考研英语二-词法6

By Lena



动词_part 3

动词的语态

种类

主动变被动的方式

语态的种类

主动语态: I ate the apple. 我吃了这苹果

被动语态: The apple was eaten by me. 这苹果被我吃了

被字句

主动变被动的方式

主动语态: I ate the apple. 我吃了这苹果

被动语态: The apple was eaten by me. 这苹果被我吃了

① 找

找主语、宾语

② 换

换主语、宾语位置

③ 改

改成 **be done** (**be**要变态; **done**为过去分词)

④ 加

加上 **by**

① 找

② 换

③ 改

④ 加

→ 改实义v. (医生) 为 be done

1. I have finished the task.

助v. 实义v.

2. I am teaching English.

助v. 实义v.

改实义v. (医生) 为 be done

I eat it.

I ate it.

I will eat it.

I have eaten it.

I had eaten it.

I will have eaten it.

I am eating it.

I was eating it.

It is eaten by me.

It was eaten by me.

It will be eaten by me.

It has been eaten by me.

It had been eaten by me.

It will have been eaten by me.

It is being eaten by me.

It was being eaten by me.

Summary

被动语态	一般	完成	进行	完成进行
现在	am/is/are done	have/has been done	am/is/are being done	have/has been being done
过去	was/were done	had been done	was/were being done	had been being done
将来	will be done	will have been done	will be being done	will have been being done
过去将来	would be done	would have been done	would be being done	would have been being done

Exercise:

v. 剽窃; 抄袭 (plagiarize 的过去式和过去分词)



"I've been plagiarized many times before," the vlogger said in his post on Douyin.

have been done

时态: 现在 完成

语态: 被动

译: “我已经被抄袭过很多次了, ” 这位视频博主在抖音上发帖说。

v. 剽窃; 抄袭 (plagiarize 的现在分词)



"I've been plagiarizing others."

have been doing

时态: 现在 完成进行

语态: 主动

译: “我一直在抄袭别人。”

动词_3

语态

种类

主动语态

被动语态

主动变被动的方式

① 找

找主语、宾语

② 换

换主语、宾语位置

③ 改

改主要动词为 be done
(be要变态; done为过去分词)

④ 加

加上 by

如何快速查单词意思——电脑版

后台运行有道词典 → 鼠标**左键双击**不认识的单词

In this lecture, Dr Lim will explore China-Singapore relations from two seemingly contradictory trajectories – deepening geo-economic integration and differing **geopolitical** orientations. Since 2013, China became Singapore's largest trading partner, and Singapore became the launch of China's 'Go Abroad' strategy in the east exponentially. Dr Lim will therefore present the evolution shaped by broader geopolitical currents, with both opportunities while sidestepping, where possible, longstanding



The screenshot shows a search bar with the word 'geopolitical' entered. Below the search bar, the word 'geopolitical' is displayed in bold, followed by a star icon and a link to '更多释义 >'. Below this, the word is shown in Chinese characters '英 /,dʒi:əʊpə'li:tkl/' and '美 /,dʒi:əʊpə'li:tkl/' with speaker icons. Below the Chinese characters, the word is shown in Chinese characters 'adj. 地理政治学的'. Below this, the word is shown in Chinese characters '网络释义' and '地缘'.

Date: Wednesday January 20, 2021

Time: 4:00 – 5:30pm (HKT) / 8:00 – 9:30am (GMT)

Venue: via Zoom

Registration: <http://www.cccc.hku.hk/en/csr/>

连词

连词

粘词

连接词与词、短语与短语、句子与句子。

1. 下雨天，巧克力和音乐更配哦。

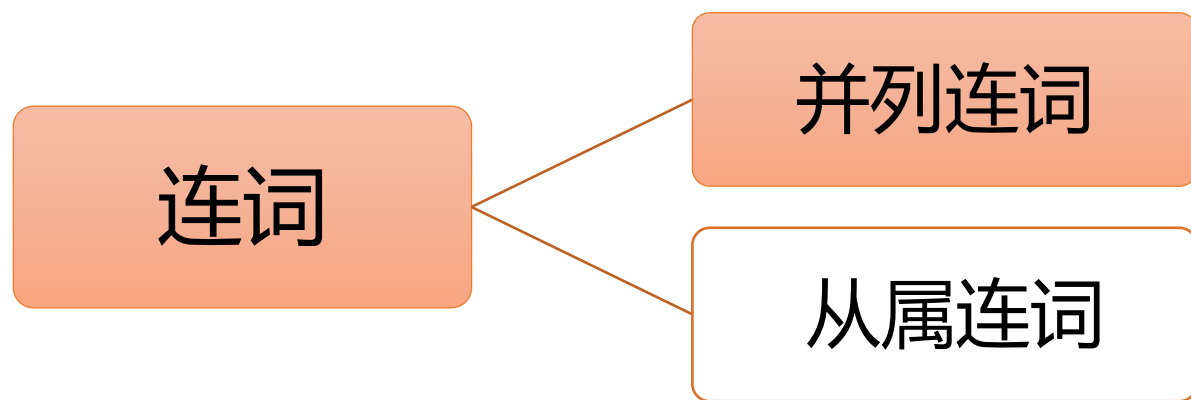
Chocolate **and** music go better together on rainy days.



2. 如果你跳，我就跳。

If you jump, I will jump.





并列连词

连接两个或以上具有平等地位的成分，任何一个成分都能独立地表达意思，谁也不从属于谁。

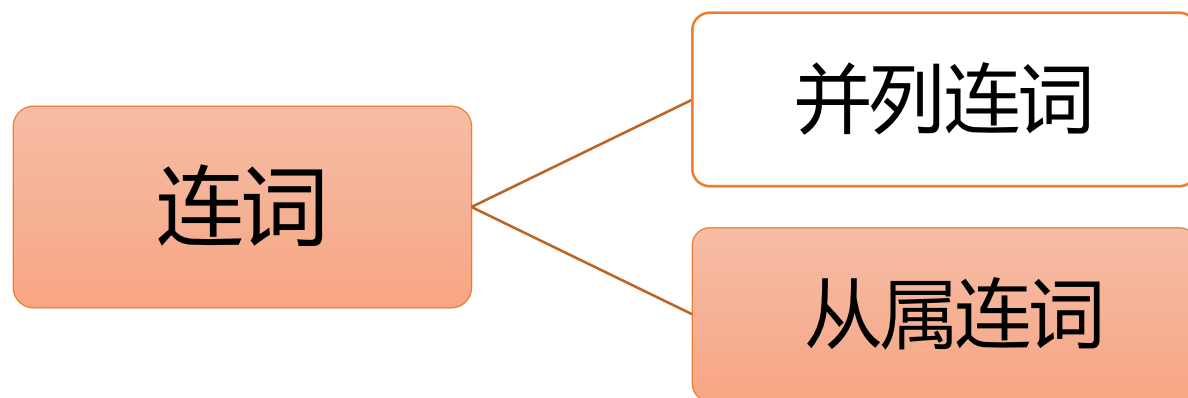
常见并列连词：FANBOYS

For	I was late, for my car ran out of gas.	原因
And	I am the teacher, and you are the students.	并列2个肯定的内容
Nor	He doesn't smoke, nor does he drink.	并列2个否定的内容
But	Trouble is a friend, but trouble is a foe.	转折
Or	Do you want a bath at once, or shall I have mine first?	选择
Yet	He has a good job, yet he never seems to have any money.	转折
So	He felt very tired, so he went to bed early.	结果

并列连词

衍生出的并列连词

For		
And	→	both...and... (既...又...)
Nor	→	neither...nor... (既不是...也不是...)
But	→	not...but... (不是...而是...)
Or	→	not only...but (also)... (不仅...而且...)
Yet	→	either...or... (要么...要么...)
So		



从属连词

引导从句，并将从句与主句结合。

引导的 从句类型

名词性从句

主语从句

宾语从句

表语从句

同位语从句

定语从句

状语从句

时地原目结 条比方让