①
$$\chi^2 + y^2 = R^2 \longrightarrow 4(\xi^2 + \eta^2) = R^2(2-\xi)^2$$

② 纬图: $\begin{cases} \xi^2 + \eta^2 + (\xi-1)^2 = 1 \\ \xi = \frac{2R^2}{R^2 + 4} \end{cases}$
③ 赤道: $\begin{cases} \xi^2 + \eta^2 = 1 \\ \xi = 1 \end{cases}$ (日央成 $R = 2$ 图)

二复变数函数

$$f(z) = u(x,y) + iv(x,y)$$
在 $z_0 = x_0 + iy_0$ 处连续 $\Longleftrightarrow u(x,y)$ 与 $u(x,y)$ 与 $u(x,y)$ 作为=元函数在 (x_0,y_0) 处连续

$$W = f(z)$$
 $\lim_{\Delta z \to 0} f(z + \Delta z) - f(z) = f'(z) = \frac{df}{dz} = \frac{dw}{dz}$

$$\begin{cases} W = f(z) \rightarrow f(z) = \frac{1}{\varphi(w)} - \frac{1}{Z} = \varphi(w) \end{cases}$$

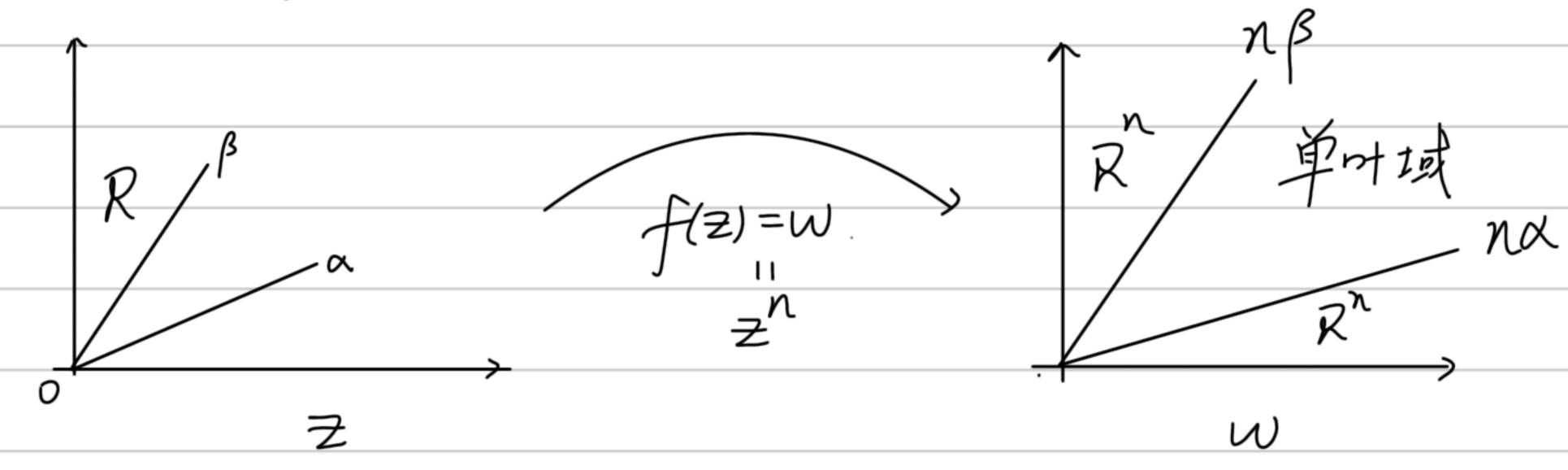
$$f'(z) = \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} + i \frac{\partial v}{\partial x} = \frac{\partial v}{\partial y} + i \frac{\partial v}{\partial x}$$

$$= \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} - i \frac{\partial u}{\partial y} = \frac{\partial v}{\partial y} - i \frac{\partial u}{\partial y}$$

若w=f(z)是D内--解析映照.称f(z)是D内单叶函数,D是fiz)的单叶性区域

$$w=z^{n}$$

$$z=J_{1}w_{exp}\left(i\frac{avgw+2kT}{n}\right)$$



根寸函数

支点:在Z=a包分小邻域内作用曲线C.Z绝C区线一图,fal的值就变化一块. 辞Z=a为支点 支割线&多值函数的单值解析分支

取一条曲线/直线割开2平面而取6.使所有支点不包含在6中 那么G为一个单值解析分支(W=1)互有n个分支)

取负实轴为支割线、则W=50不有几个单值分支

$$W_k = W_{k-1} \exp(i\frac{2\pi}{n})$$
 一般取原友割结辐角较大 $W_k = (N_{\overline{Z}})_k = N_{\overline{Y}} \exp(i\frac{\alpha y_{\overline{Z}} + 2k\pi}{n})$ 的治为上界 $(2k-1)\pi < \alpha y_{\overline{Z}} < (2k+1)\pi$, $k=0,1,2-\cdots$

$$\frac{dw_{K}}{dz} = \frac{1}{dz} = \frac{1}{nw_{K}^{n-1}} = \frac{w_{K}}{nz}$$

支訓絲西岸的函数值

一般支制线石岸的函数值不同

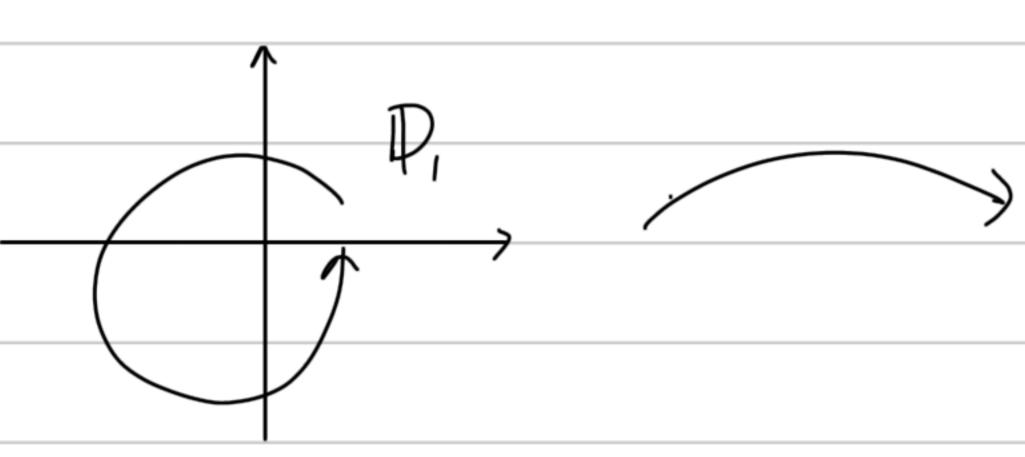
指数函数 W= ez

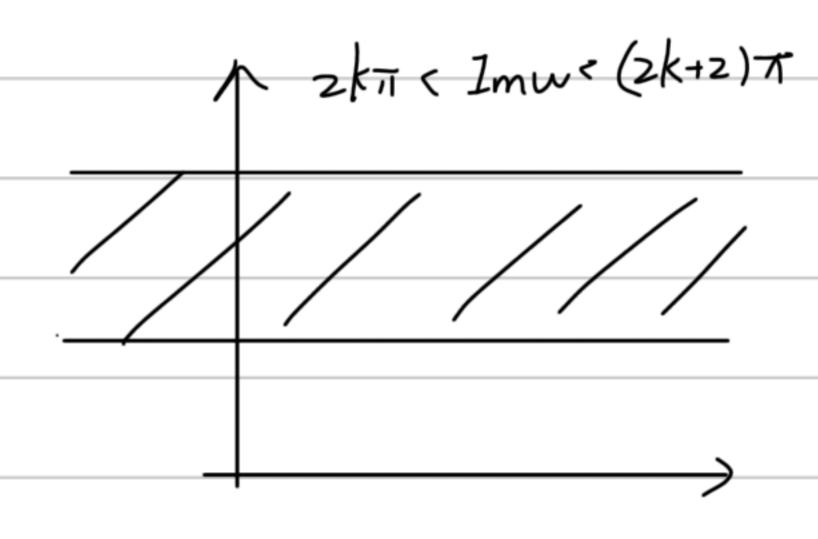
$$\frac{1}{2} = x + iy \cdot x | w = e^x e^i y \cdot x | w = e^x e^x y \cdot x | w$$

对数函数

$$L_{n=1}= ln l_{2l+1} Argz = ln l_{2l+1} argz + i2k\pi, k=0, \pm 1, \pm 2\cdot \cdot \cdot$$
 只有0和8是支点。

沿灵亚半轴割开





三角函数

$$\sin Z = \frac{e^{iZ} - e^{-iZ}}{2i}$$

双曲函数

$$\cosh z = \frac{e^z + e^{-z}}{2} = \cos iz \qquad \tanh z = -i \tan iz$$

$$\sinh z = \frac{e^z - e^{-z}}{2} = -i \sin iz$$
 $\coth z = i \cot iz$

$$w = z^{\alpha} = exp(\alpha Lnz) = exp \left\{ \alpha \left[\frac{m|z| + i \left(\frac{\alpha rg}{2} + \frac{2k\pi}{3} \right) \right] \right\}$$

②
$$X = \frac{1}{n}$$
, n为互整数 n值函数 $Z^{ln} = 1Z^{ln} \exp i\left(\frac{argZ + zk\pi}{n}\right)$ $Z^{m/n} = \sqrt{Z^m}$

$$W = Arcsinz = -i Ln(iz + \sqrt{1-z^2})$$