Cut the sticks



You are given N sticks, where the *length* of each stick is a positive integer. A *cut operation* is performed on the sticks such that all of them are reduced by the length of the smallest stick.

Suppose we have six sticks of the following lengths:

5 4 4 2 2 8

Then, in one *cut operation* we make a cut of length 2 from each of the six sticks. For the next *cut operation* four sticks are left (of non-zero length), whose lengths are the following:

3226

The above step is repeated until no sticks are left.

Given the length of N sticks, print the number of sticks that are left before each subsequent $\it cut\ operations$.

Note: For each *cut operation*, you have to recalcuate the length of smallest sticks (excluding zero-length sticks).

Input Format

The first line contains a single integer N.

The next line contains N integers: a_0 , a_1 ,... a_{N-1} separated by space, where a_i represents the length of the i^{th} stick.

Output Format

For each operation, print the number of sticks that are cut, on separate lines.

Constraints

- $1 \le N \le 1000$
- $1 \le a_i \le 1000$

Sample Input 0

6 5 4 4 2 2 8

Sample Output 0

6 4 2

Sample Input 1

8 12343321

Sample Output 1

```
8
6
4
1
```

Explanation

Sample Case 0 :

```
sticks-length length-of-cut sticks-cut
5 4 4 2 2 8 2 6
3 2 2 _ 6 2 4
1 _ _ 4 1 2
_ _ 3 3 1
_ _ DONE DONE
```

Sample Case 1

```
sticks-length
           length-of-cut sticks-cut
12343321
          1
                8
_123221_
           1
                  6
          1
__1211__
                  4
___1___
           1
                 1
          DONE
                  DONE
```