DSA LabExam

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Q1.

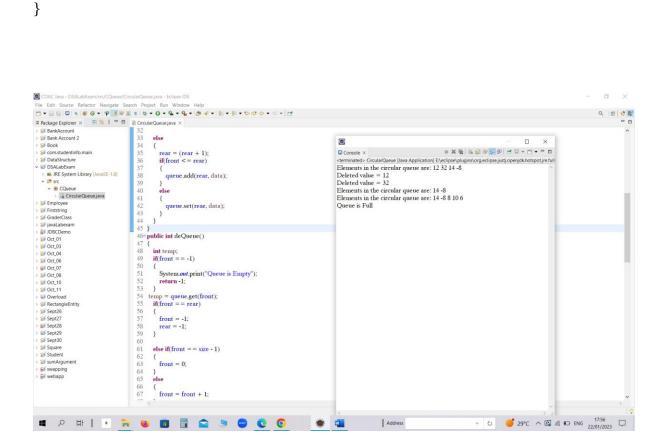
a. Implement circular queue using arrays.

```
package CQueue;
import java.util.ArrayList;
class CircularQueue{
private int size, front, rear;
private ArrayList<Integer> queue = new ArrayList<Integer>();
CircularQueue(int size)
{
       this.size = size;
       this.front = this.rear = -1;
}
public void enQueue(int data)
       if((front == 0 \&\& rear == size - 1) | |
       (rear = = (front - 1) \% (size - 1)))
              System.out.print("Queue is Full");
       }
       else if(front ==-1)
       {
              front = 0;
              rear = 0;
              queue.add(rear, data);
       }
       else if(rear = = size - 1 && front != 0)
              rear = 0;
              queue.set(rear, data);
       }
       else
```

```
{
              rear = (rear + 1);
              if(front <= rear)</pre>
                     queue.add(rear, data);
              else
              {
                     queue.set(rear, data);
              }
       }
public int deQueue()
       int temp;
       if(front = = -1)
              System.out.print("Queue is Empty");
              return -1;
temp = queue.get(front);
       if(front == rear)
       {
              front = -1;
              rear = -1;
       }
       else if(front == size -1)
              front = 0;
       else
       {
              front = front + 1;
       return temp;
public void displayQueue()
       if(front = = -1)
              System.out.print("Queue is Empty");
              return;
       System.out.print("Elements in the " +
                                   "circular queue are: ");
```

```
if(rear > = front)
              for(int i = front; i \le rear; i++)
                     System.out.print(queue.get(i));
                     System.out.print(" ");
              System.out.println();
       }
      else
       {
              for(int i = front; i < size; i++)
                     System.out.print(queue.get(i));
                     System.out.print(" ");
              for(int i = 0; i \le rear; i++)
                     System.out.print(queue.get(i));
                     System.out.print(" ");
              System.out.println();
       }
}
public static void main(String[] args)
{
       CircularQueue q = new CircularQueue(5);
       q.enQueue(12);
       q.enQueue(32);
       q.enQueue(14);
       q.enQueue(-8);
       q.displayQueue();
  int x = q.deQueue();
       if(x != -1)
       {
              System.out.print("Deleted value = ");
              System.out.println(x);
 x = q.deQueue();
 if(x != -1)
              System.out.print("Deleted value = ");
              System.out.println(x);
 q.displayQueue();
       q.enQueue(8);
```

```
q.enQueue(10);
q.enQueue(6);
q.displayQueue();
q.enQueue(10);
}
}
```



b. Perform quick sort to arrange given set of elements

Main:

```
package QuickSort;

public class QuickSortMain {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
  int[] arr= { 9,81,68,1,6,15,93,59,54,200};
  int n =arr.length;
  QuickSort qs=new QuickSort(arr);
  qs.quicksort(0, n-1);
  System.out.println(" < Quick Sort > Sorted array : ");
  qs.printArray();
  }
}
```

```
package QuickSort;
public class QuickSort {
private int[] arr;
public QuickSort(int[] arr) {
this .arr=arr;
void swap(int i,int j) {
int temp=arr[i];
arr[i]=arr[j];
arr[j]=temp;
int partition(int start ,int end) {
int pivot=arr[end];
int i=(start-1);
for(int j = \text{start}; j < = \text{end-1}; j + +) {
if(arr[j] < pivot)</pre>
i++;
swap(i,j);
}
swap(i+1,end);
return(i+1);
void quicksort(int start,int end)
if(start<end)</pre>
int i = partition(start,end);
quicksort(start, i-1);
quicksort(i+1, end);
}
void printArray()
int size = arr.length;
for(int i=0; i < size; i++)
System.out.println(arr[i]+"");
System.out.println( );
}
```

