#### PROBLEM A

The Weekend is around the corner, and pr0hum and his friends are throwing a party because, Happy Weekend, for which they have invited *n* guests to the party numbered from 1 to *n* 

For an unknown experiment made up just for the sake of this question, pr0hum wants to collect some data and has gathered a list of m entires of who follows whom on Instagram. For example, if one entry in the list is a b, it implies a follows b.

Before the party starts, pr0hum wants you to arrange the data so that he can later work in peace. He wants you to print n lines where the i<sup>th</sup> line would contain all the people person i follows.

## Input

The first line contains two integers n, m. The number of guests invited to the party and the number of entries in the list which pr0hum has.

The next *m* lines have two integers *u*, *v*. Implying Guest *u* follows Guest *v*.

 $2 \le n \le 10^5$  $1 \le m \le 2 * 10^5$  $1 \le u, v \le n$ 

## Output

Print n lines, where the i<sup>th</sup> line has all the people person i follows.

Print the People person i follows in the order given in the list of entries, i.e. if a b comes before a c then in the a<sup>th</sup> line of the output, b will come before c.

If someone follows no one print -1 for them.

standard input	standard output
10 10 2 5 5 6 1 4 6 8 2 6 3 6 1 10 8 9 2 3 5 8	4 10 5 6 3 6 -1 6 8 8 -1 9 -1
14 8 1 2 2 7 3 4 6 3 5 7 3 8 6 8 11 12	2 7 48 -1 7 38 -1 -1 -1 -1 -1 -1 -1
10 7 6 1 1 4 4 2 2 8 2 5 4 7 5 3	4 85 -1 27 3 1 -1 -1 -1
5 5 1 2 3 2 5 3 5 4 2 3	2 3 2 -1 3 4

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# Problem B. The Poisoned Knife Problem

You and your friend have been doing the DSA Assignment this entire week, therefore, in order to take a break, you decide to play a game on the Happy Weekend.

The game is called The Poisoned Knife. In the game, your friend's character (Let's suppose X) has health of h units, your sole purpose in the game is to kill his character.

You can only attack X with a poisoned knife.

You are given an array, A where  $A_i$  denotes the time at which you are going to make a poisoned attack with the knife. For e.g., if A = [3,4,8], then you are going to make the knife attack at time = 3,4 and 8.

Note: Time array can be given in random order(not necessarily sorted).

When X is stabbed by the poisoned knife, a poison effect occurs on X, dealing 1 damage over the next k seconds (starting with the second after X was stabbed). However, if X is already poisoned, the knife will cancel the previous poison effect and apply a new one.

#### For example:

If k = 2, and A = [3,4,8], then,

At t = 1, damage = 0

At t = 2, damage = 0

At t = 3, damage = 1

At t = 4, damage = 1

At t = 5, damage = 1

At t = 6, damage = 0

At t = 7, damage = 0

At t = 8, damage = 1

At t = 9, damage = 1

At  $t \ge 10$ , damage = 0

Therefore, total damage dealt to X = 5

Now, you have to find the minimum value of k such that the total damage dealt to X is greater than or equal to h.

# Input

The first line contains a single integer q ( $1 \le q \le 1000$ ) — the number of test cases. The first line of the test case contains two integers n and h ( $1 \le n \le 100$ ;  $1 \le h \le 10^{18}$ ) — the number of attacks and the amount of damage that needs to be dealt. The second line contains n integers  $a_1$ ,  $a_2$ , ...,  $a_n$  ( $1 \le a_i \le 10^9$ ), where  $a_i$  is the second when the i-th attack is performed.

# Output

For each test case, print a single integer — the minimum value of k such that the total damage dealt to X is greater than or equal to h.

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### Examples

standard input	standard output
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3 1 294 77 3 10 2 4 10 5 3 1 11 21 31 41	294 4 1
1 4 99 21 19 2 5	80
1 2 100 7 3	96
2 2 20 22 21 2 40 4 21	19 23
5 3 100 22 31 26 3 100 45 68 17 3 100 79 19 48 3 100 57 89 41 3 100 1 49 50	91 49 40 52 51
1 5 45 14 11 10 17 12	38