Class 9: Halloween Candy Mini Project

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Here we will analyze a candy dataset from the 538 website. This is a csv file from their Github repository.

##data import

```
candy <- read.csv("candy-data.txt", row.names = 1)
head(candy)
```

```
             chocolate fruity caramel peanutyalmondy nougat crispedricewafer
100 Grand            1      0       1              0      0                1
3 Musketeers         1      0       0              0      1                0
One dime             0      0       0              0      0                0
One quarter          0      0       0              0      0                0
Air Heads            0      1       0              0      0                0
Almond Joy           1      0       0              1      0                0
             hard bar pluribus sugarpercent pricepercent winpercent
100 Grand       0   1        0        0.732        0.860   66.97173
3 Musketeers    0   1        0        0.604        0.511   67.60294
One dime        0   0        0        0.011        0.116   32.26109
One quarter     0   0        0        0.011        0.511   46.11650
Air Heads       0   0        0        0.906        0.511   52.34146
Almond Joy      0   1        0        0.465        0.767   50.34755
```

> Q1. How many different candy types are in this dataset?

```
nrow(candy)
```

```
[1] 85
```

> Q2. How many fruity candy types are in the dataset?

```
sum(candy$fruity)
```

```
[1] 38
```

##what is your favorite candy?

> Q3. What is your favorite candy in the dataset and what is it's winpercent value?

Twix

```
candy["Twix",]$winpercent
```

```
[1] 81.64291
```

> Q4. What is the winpercent value for "Kit Kat"?

```
candy["Kit Kat",]$winpercent
```

```
[1] 76.7686
```

> Q5. What is the winpercent value for "Tootsie Roll Snack Bars"?

```
candy["Tootsie Roll Snack Bars",]$winpercent
```

```
[1] 49.6535
```

> Q. what is the least liked

```
x<- c(5, 3, 4, 1)
sort(x)
```

```
[1] 1 3 4 5
```

```
order(x)
```

```
[1] 4 2 3 1
```

```
inds <-order(candy$winpercent)
head(candy[inds,])
```

```
                   chocolate fruity caramel peanutyalmondy nougat
Nik L Nip                  0      1       0              0      0
Boston Baked Beans         0      0       0              1      0
Chiclets                   0      1       0              0      0
Super Bubble               0      1       0              0      0
Jawbusters                 0      1       0              0      0
Root Beer Barrels          0      0       0              0      0
                   crispedricewafer hard bar pluribus sugarpercent pricepercent
Nik L Nip                         0    0   0        1        0.197        0.976
Boston Baked Beans                0    0   0        1        0.313        0.511
Chiclets                          0    0   0        1        0.046        0.325
Super Bubble                      0    0   0        0        0.162        0.116
Jawbusters                        0    1   0        1        0.093        0.511
Root Beer Barrels                 0    1   0        1        0.732        0.069
                   winpercent
Nik L Nip            22.44534
Boston Baked Beans   23.41782
Chiclets             24.52499
Super Bubble         27.30386
Jawbusters           28.12744
Root Beer Barrels    29.70369
```

```
library("skimr")
skim(candy)
```

Table 1: Data summary

Name	candy
Number of rows	85
Number of columns	12
Column type frequency:	
numeric	12
Group variables	None

Variable type: numeric

skim_variable	n_missing	complete_rate	mean	sd	p0	p25	p50	p75	p100	hist
chocolate	0	1	0.44	0.50	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.00	1.00	
fruity	0	1	0.45	0.50	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.00	1.00	
caramel	0	1	0.16	0.37	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.00	
peanutyalmondy	0	1	0.16	0.37	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.00	
nougat	0	1	0.08	0.28	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.00	
crispedricewafer	0	1	0.08	0.28	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.00	
hard	0	1	0.18	0.38	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.00	
bar	0	1	0.25	0.43	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.00	
pluribus	0	1	0.52	0.50	0.00	0.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	
sugarpercent	0	1	0.48	0.28	0.01	0.22	0.47	0.73	0.99	
pricepercent	0	1	0.47	0.29	0.01	0.26	0.47	0.65	0.98	
winpercent	0	1	50.32	14.71	22.45	39.14	47.83	59.86	84.18	

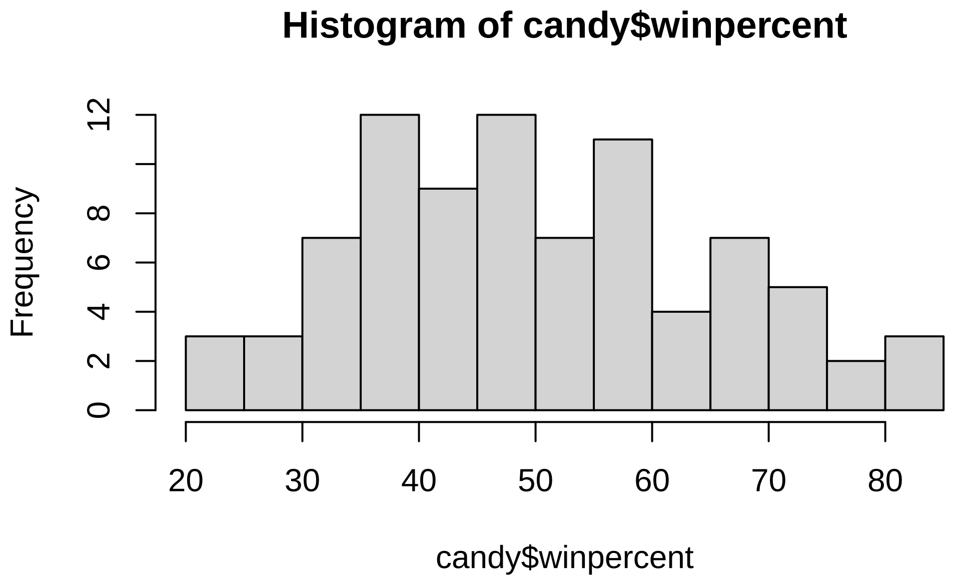
> Q6. Is there any variable/column that looks to be on a different scale to the majority of the other columns in the dataset?

the winpercent has drastically different numbers

> Q7. What do you think a zero and one represent for the candy$chocolate column?

> Q8. Plot a histogram of winpercent values

```r
hist(candy$winpercent, breaks = 10
     )
```



Q9. Is the distribution of winpercent values symmetrical?

no its skewed to the right

Q10. Is the center of the distribution above or below 50%?

below

Q11. On average is chocolate candy higher or lower ranked than fruit candy?

First find all chocolate candy and their $winpercent values

```
choc.inds <- as.logical(candy$chocolate)
choc.win<- candy[choc.inds,]$winpercent
mean(choc.win)
```

```
[1] 60.92153
```

```
fruity.inds <- as.logical(candy$fruity)
fruity.win <- candy[fruity.inds,]$winpercent
mean(fruity.win)
```

```
[1] 44.11974
```

chocolate would be higher

> Q12. Is this difference statistically significant?

```
t.test(choc.win,fruity.win)
```

```

    Welch Two Sample t-test

data:  choc.win and fruity.win
t = 6.2582, df = 68.882, p-value = 2.871e-08
alternative hypothesis: true difference in means is not equal to 0
95 percent confidence interval:
 11.44563 22.15795
sample estimates:
mean of x mean of y 
 60.92153  44.11974 
```

yes, small p-value so the difference is statistically significant

##Overall candy rankings

> Q13. What are the five least liked candy types in this set?

```
head(candy[order(candy$winpercent),], n=5)
```

```
                   chocolate fruity caramel peanutyalmondy nougat
Nik L Nip                  0      1       0              0      0
Boston Baked Beans         0      0       0              1      0
Chiclets                   0      1       0              0      0
Super Bubble               0      1       0              0      0
Jawbusters                 0      1       0              0      0
                   crispedricewafer hard bar pluribus sugarpercent pricepercent
Nik L Nip                         0    0   0        1        0.197        0.976
Boston Baked Beans                0    0   0        1        0.313        0.511
Chiclets                          0    0   0        1        0.046        0.325
Super Bubble                      0    0   0        0        0.162        0.116
Jawbusters                        0    1   0        1        0.093        0.511
                   winpercent
Nik L Nip            22.44534
Boston Baked Beans   23.41782
Chiclets             24.52499
```

```
Super Bubble          27.30386
Jawbusters            28.12744
```

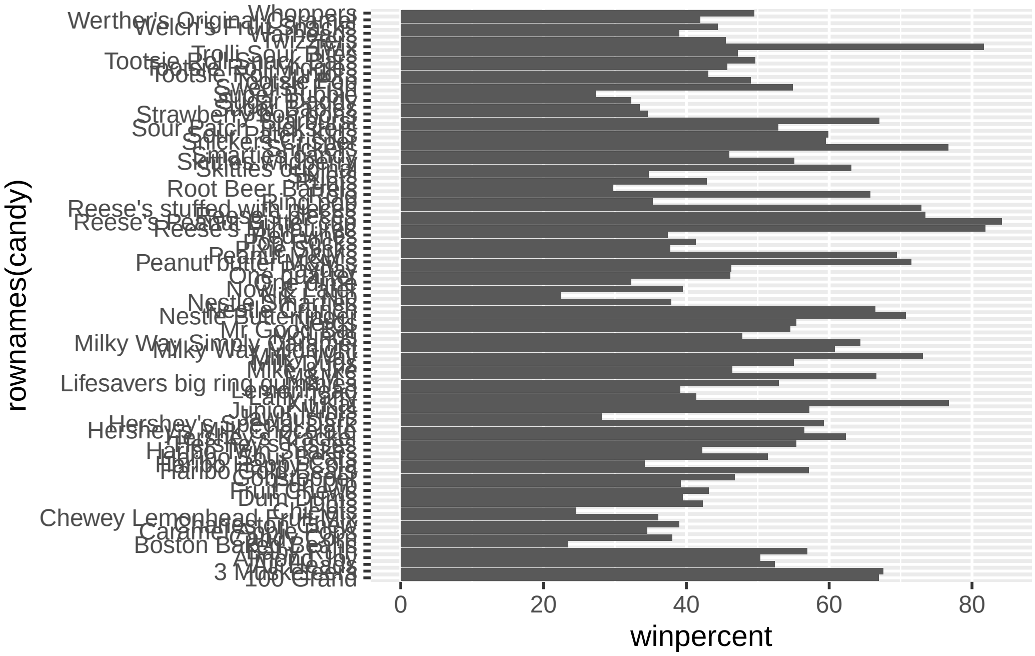
Q14. What are the top 5 all time favorite candy types out of this set?

```r
head(candy[order(candy$winpercent, decreasing = TRUE), ], n = 5)
```

```
                          chocolate fruity caramel peanutyalmondy nougat
Reese's Peanut Butter cup         1      0       0              1      0
Reese's Miniatures                1      0       0              1      0
Twix                              1      0       1              0      0
Kit Kat                           1      0       0              0      0
Snickers                          1      0       1              1      1
                          crispedricewafer hard bar pluribus sugarpercent
Reese's Peanut Butter cup                0    0   0        0        0.720
Reese's Miniatures                       0    0   0        0        0.034
Twix                                     1    0   1        0        0.546
Kit Kat                                  1    0   1        0        0.313
Snickers                                 0    0   1        0        0.546
                          pricepercent winpercent
Reese's Peanut Butter cup        0.651   84.18029
Reese's Miniatures               0.279   81.86626
Twix                             0.906   81.64291
Kit Kat                          0.511   76.76860
Snickers                         0.651   76.67378
```

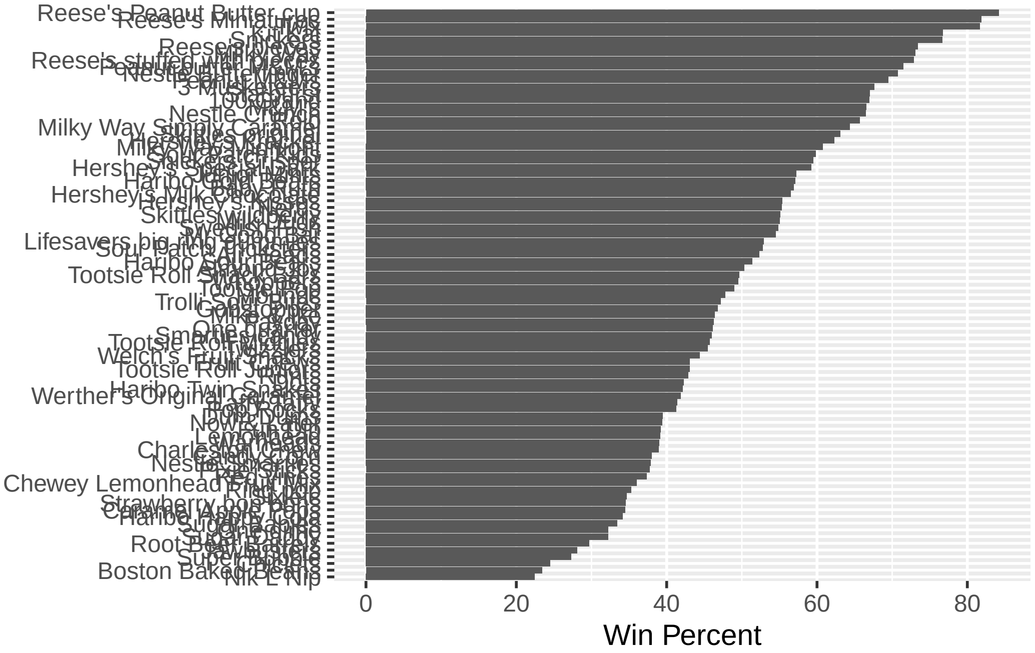
Q15. Make a first barplot of candy ranking based on winpercent values.

```r
library(ggplot2)
ggplot(candy)+aes(winpercent,rownames(candy))+geom_col()
```

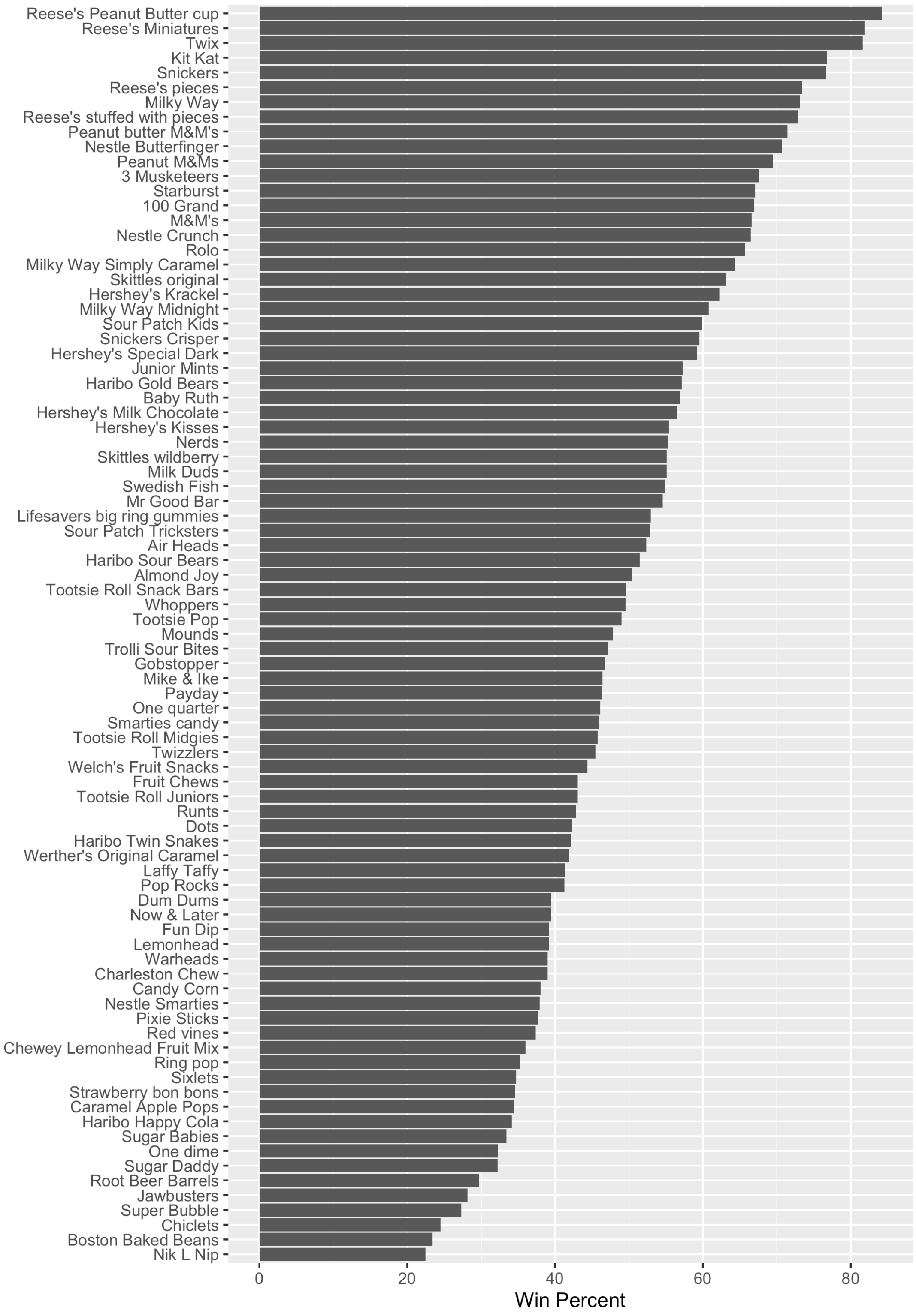


Q16. This is quite ugly, use the reorder() function to get the bars sorted by winpercent?

```
ggplot(candy)+aes(winpercent,reorder(rownames(candy),winpercent))+geom_col()+
  labs(x="Win Percent",y=NULL)
```



```
ggsave('barplot1.png', width=7, height=10)
```

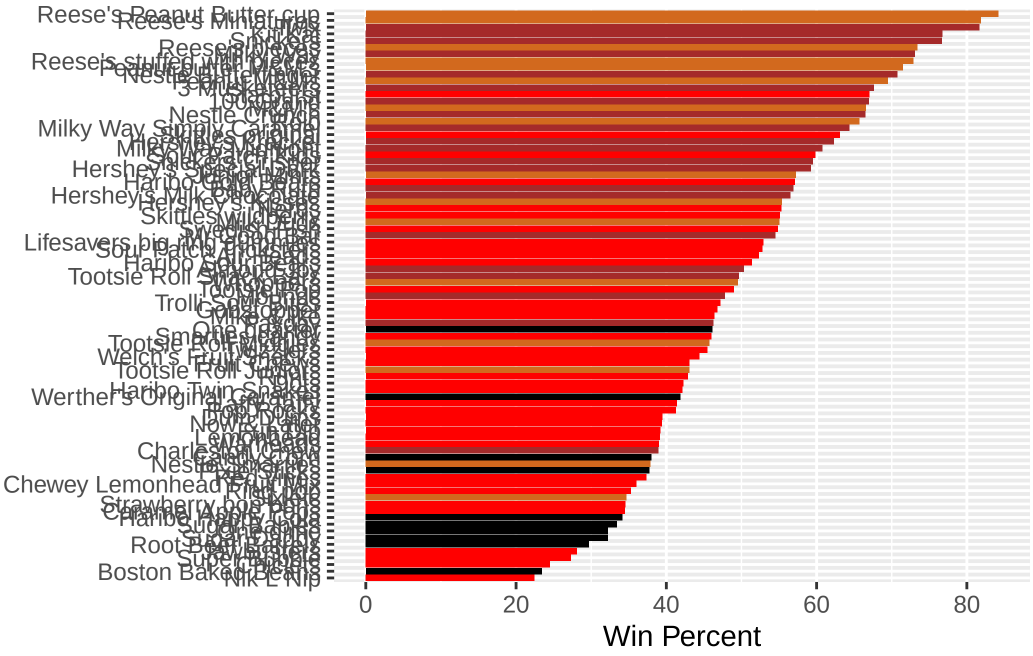

Reese's Peanut Butter cup
Reese's Miniatures
Twix
Kit Kat
Snickers
Reese's pieces
Milky Way
Reese's stuffed with pieces
Peanut butter M&M's
Nestle Butterfinger
Peanut M&Ms
3 Musketeers
Starburst
100 Grand
M&M's
Nestle Crunch
Rolo
Milky Way Simply Caramel
Skittles original
Hershey's Krackel
Milky Way Midnight
Sour Patch Kids
Snickers Crisper
Hershey's Special Dark
Junior Mints
Haribo Gold Bears
Baby Ruth
Hershey's Milk Chocolate
Hershey's Kisses
Nerds
Skittles wildberry
Milk Duds
Swedish Fish
Mr Good Bar
Lifesavers big ring gummies
Sour Patch Tricksters
Air Heads
Haribo Sour Bears
Almond Joy
Tootsie Roll Snack Bars
Whoppers
Tootsie Pop
Mounds
Trolli Sour Bites
Gobstopper
Mike & Ike
Payday
One quarter
Smarties candy
Tootsie Roll Midgies
Twizzlers
Welch's Fruit Snacks
Fruit Chews
Tootsie Roll Juniors
Runts
Dots
Haribo Twin Snakes
Werther's Original Caramel
Laffy Taffy
Pop Rocks
Dum Dums
Now & Later
Fun Dip
Lemonhead
Warheads
Charleston Chew
Candy Corn
Nestle Smarties
Pixie Sticks
Red vines
Chewey Lemonhead Fruit Mix
Ring pop
Sixlets
Strawberry bon bons
Caramel Apple Pops
Haribo Happy Cola
Sugar Babies
One dime
Sugar Daddy
Root Beer Barrels
Jawbusters
Super Bubble
Chiclets
Boston Baked Beans
Nik L Nip
0
20
40
60
80
Win Percent

can insert images using this markdown

[] add color. we need to make a custom color vector

```
#start with all black
my_cols <-rep("black",nrow(candy))
my_cols[as.logical(candy$chocolate)] = "chocolate"
my_cols[as.logical(candy$bar)] = "brown"
my_cols[as.logical(candy$fruity)] = "red"
```

```
ggplot(candy)+aes(winpercent,reorder(rownames(candy),winpercent))+geom_col(fill=my_cols)+
  labs(x="Win Percent",y=NULL)
```



Q17. What is the worst ranked chocolate candy?

Sixlets

Q18. What is the best ranked fruity candy?

Starbursts

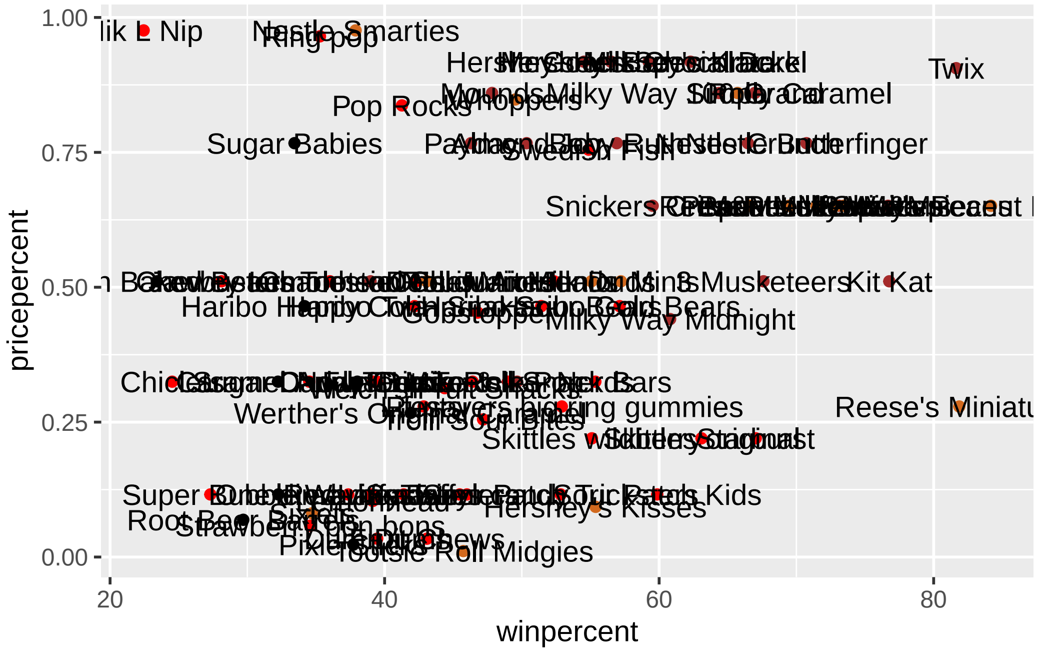
##Take a look at pricepercent

```
head(candy$pricepercent)
```

```
[1] 0.860 0.511 0.116 0.511 0.511 0.767
```

If we want to see what is a good candy to buy in terms of winpercents and pricepercents we can plot these two variables and then see the best candy for the least amount of money.

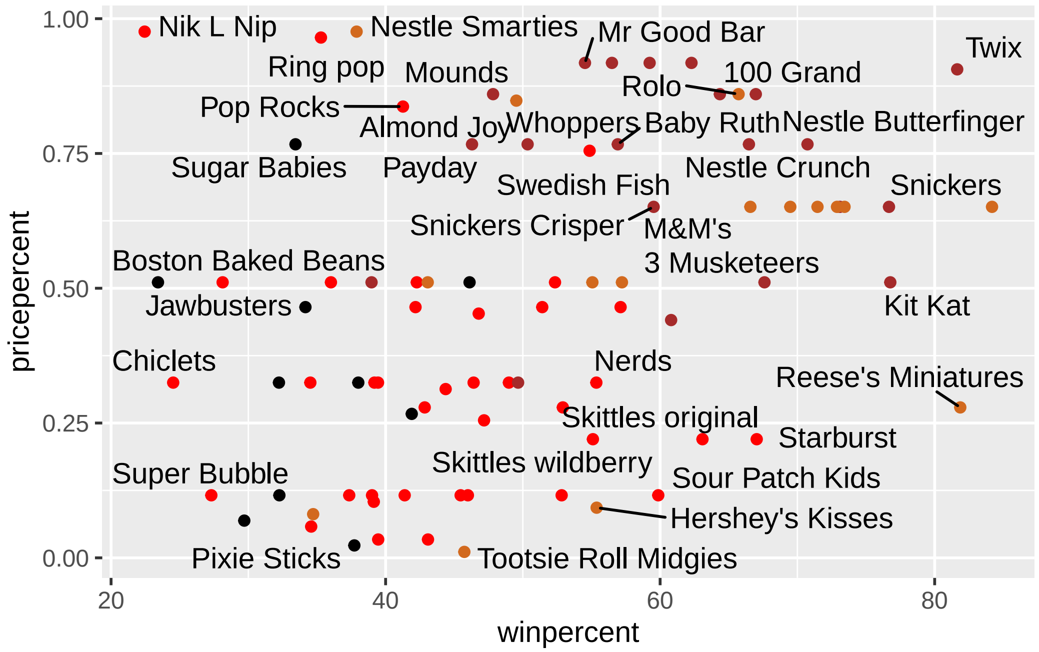
```
ggplot(candy)+aes(winpercent,pricepercent, label=rownames(candy))+ geom_point(col=my_cols)
```



To avoid the overlap of all these labesls we can use an add package called ggrepel

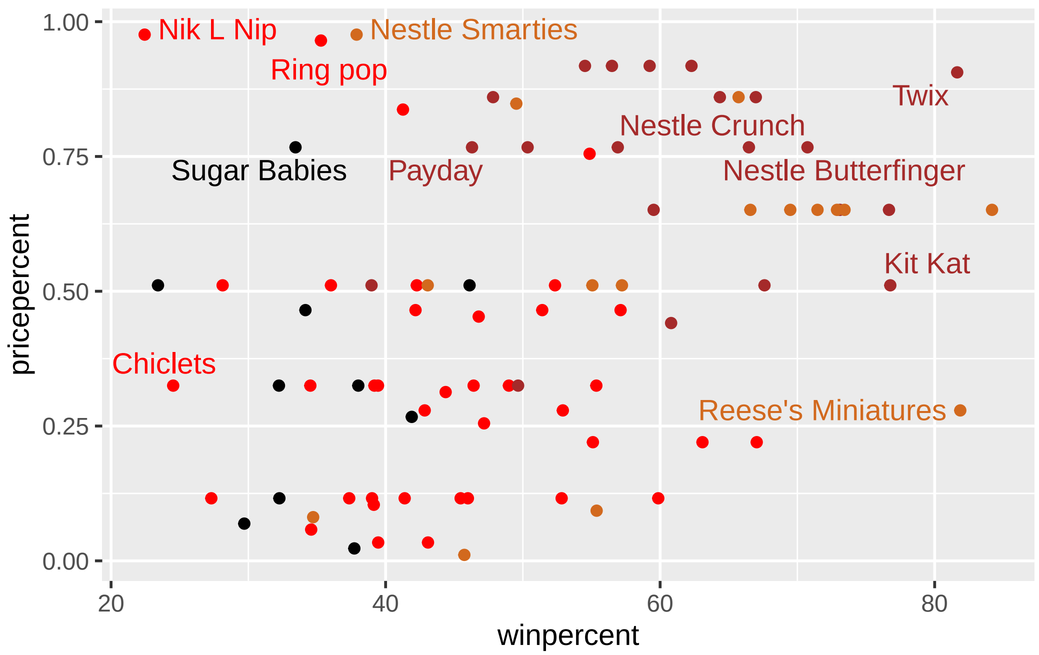
```
#install.packages("ggrepel")
library(ggrepel)

ggplot(candy)+aes(winpercent,pricepercent, label=rownames(candy))+ geom_point(col=my_cols)
```

```
Warning: ggrepel: 50 unlabeled data points (too many overlaps). Consider
increasing max.overlaps
```



```
ggplot(candy)+aes(winpercent,pricepercent, label=rownames(candy))+ geom_point(col=my_cols)
```

```
Warning: ggrepel: 74 unlabeled data points (too many overlaps). Consider
increasing max.overlaps
```



Q19. Which candy type is the highest ranked in terms of winpercent for the least money - i.e. offers the most bang for your buck?

reeses miniatures

Q20. What are the top 5 most expensive candy types in the dataset and of these which is the least popular?

```
head(candy[order(candy$pricepercent, decreasing = TRUE), ], n = 5)
```

```
                         chocolate fruity caramel peanutyalmondy nougat
Nik L Nip                        0      1       0              0      0
Nestle Smarties                  1      0       0              0      0
Ring pop                         0      1       0              0      0
Hershey's Krackel                1      0       0              0      0
Hershey's Milk Chocolate         1      0       0              0      0
                         crispedricewafer hard bar pluribus sugarpercent
Nik L Nip                               0    0   0        1        0.197
Nestle Smarties                         0    0   0        1        0.267
Ring pop                                0    1   0        0        0.732
Hershey's Krackel                       1    0   1        0        0.430
Hershey's Milk Chocolate                0    0   1        0        0.430
                         pricepercent winpercent
```

```
Nik L Nip                        0.976   22.44534
Nestle Smarties                  0.976   37.88719
Ring pop                         0.965   35.29076
Hershey's Krackel                0.918   62.28448
Hershey's Milk Chocolate         0.918   56.49050
```

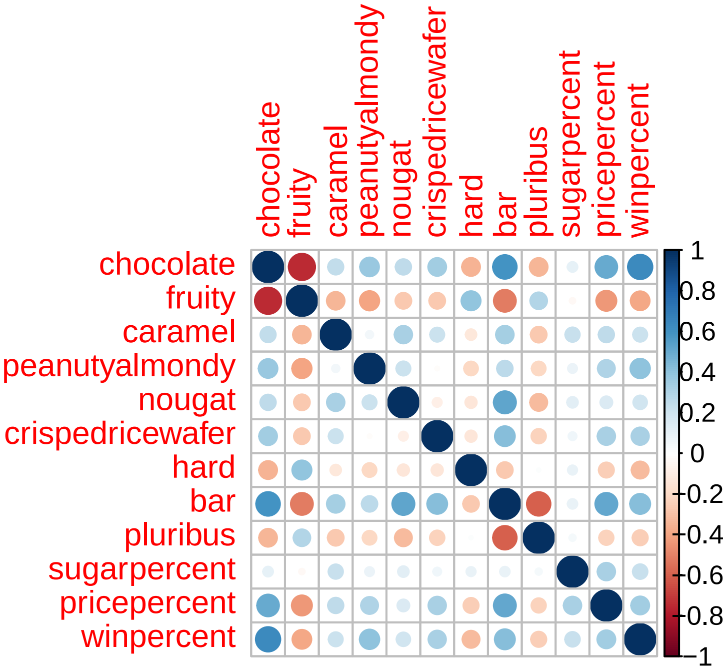
Nik L Nip

##5 Exploring the correlation structure

```
#install.packages("corrplot")
library(corrplot)
```

```
corrplot 0.92 loaded
```

```
cij <- cor(candy)
corrplot(cij)
```



> Q22. Examining this plot what two variables are anti-correlated (i.e. have minus values)?

Fruity and chocolate

Q23. Similarly, what two variables are most positively correlated?

##6. Principal Component Analysis

The main function is “Prcomp()’ and here we kniw we need to scale our data.

```
pca <- prcomp(candy, scale=TRUE)
summary(pca)
```

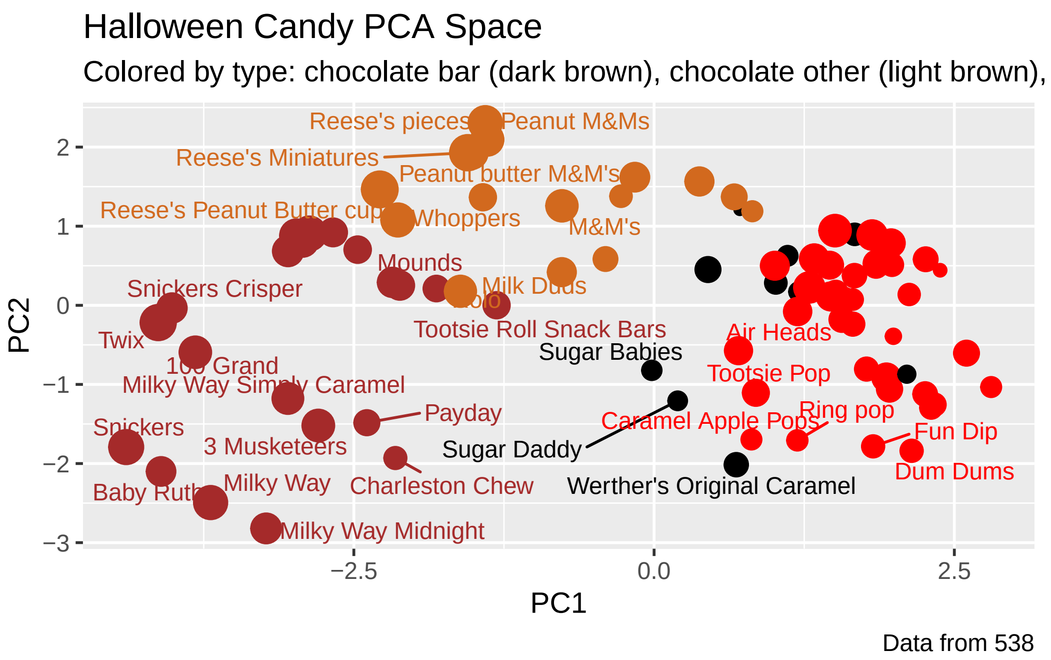
```
Importance of components:
                          PC1    PC2    PC3     PC4    PC5     PC6     PC7
Standard deviation     2.0788 1.1378 1.1092 1.07533 0.9518 0.81923 0.81530
Proportion of Variance 0.3601 0.1079 0.1025 0.09636 0.0755 0.05593 0.05539
Cumulative Proportion  0.3601 0.4680 0.5705 0.66688 0.7424 0.79830 0.85369
                           PC8     PC9    PC10    PC11    PC12
Standard deviation     0.74530 0.67824 0.62349 0.43974 0.39760
Proportion of Variance 0.04629 0.03833 0.03239 0.01611 0.01317
Cumulative Proportion  0.89998 0.93832 0.97071 0.98683 1.00000
```

Plot my main PCA score plote with ggplot

```
my_data <- cbind(candy, pca$x[,1:3])
p <- ggplot(my_data) +
        aes(x=PC1, y=PC2,
            size=winpercent/100,
            text=rownames(my_data),
            label=rownames(my_data)) +
        geom_point(col=my_cols)
```

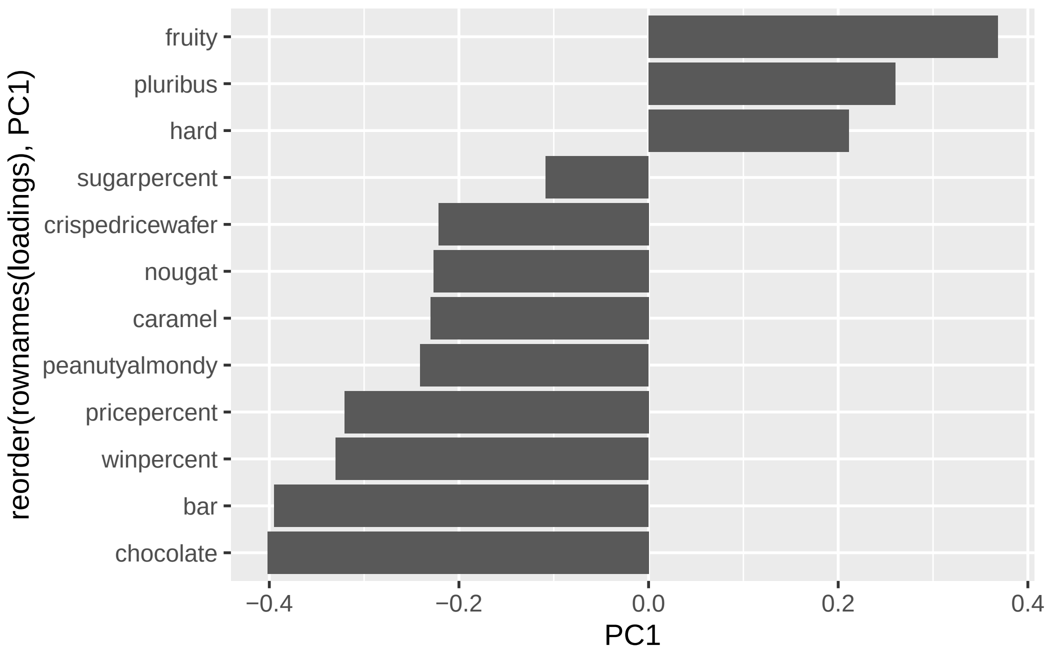
```
library(ggrepel)

p + geom_text_repel(size=3.3, col=my_cols, max.overlaps = 9)  +
  theme(legend.position = "none") +
  labs(title="Halloween Candy PCA Space",
       subtitle="Colored by type: chocolate bar (dark brown), chocolate other (light brown
       caption="Data from 538")
```

```
Warning: ggrepel: 54 unlabeled data points (too many overlaps). Consider
increasing max.overlaps
```



##Loadings plot

```
loadings<-as.data.frame(pca$rotation)

ggplot(loadings)+aes(PC1, reorder(rownames(loadings), PC1))+geom_col()
```


fruity
pluribus
hard
sugarpercent
crispedricewafer
nougat
caramel
peanutyalmondy
pricepercent
winpercent
bar
chocolate
reorder(rownames(loadings), PC1)
−0.4
−0.2
0.0
0.2
0.4
PC1