

# Class 10: Structural Bioinformatics (Pt. 1)

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##The PDB database

Here we examine the size and composition of the main database of biomolecular structures- the PDB

Get a CSV file from the PDB database and read it into R.

```
pdbstats<-read.csv("Data Export Summary.csv", row.names = 1)
head(pdbstats)
```

	X.ray	EM	NMR	Multiple.methods	Neutron	Other
Protein (only)	161,663	12,592	12,337	200	74	32
Protein/Oligosaccharide	9,348	2,167	34	8	2	0
Protein/NA	8,404	3,924	286	7	0	0
Nucleic acid (only)	2,758	125	1,477	14	3	1
Other	164	9	33	0	0	0
Oligosaccharide (only)	11	0	6	1	0	4
Total						
Protein (only)	186,898					
Protein/Oligosaccharide	11,559					
Protein/NA	12,621					
Nucleic acid (only)	4,378					
Other	206					
Oligosaccharide (only)	22					

Q1: What percentage of structures in the PDB are solved by X-Ray and Electron Microscopy.

pdbstats data frame has numbers with commas in then this causes issues. lets see:

```
pdbstats$X.ray
```

```
[1] "161,663" "9,348" "8,404" "2,758" "164" "11"
```

We found a function called 'gsub()' now we can figure out how it works

```
x<-"22,00"  
(as.numeric(gsub(",", "", x)))
```

```
[1] 2200
```

```
commasum<-function(x){sum((as.numeric(gsub(",", "", x))))}  
commasum(pdbstats$X.ray)
```

```
[1] 182348
```

apply across all columns

```
totals<-apply(pdbstats, 2, commasum)  
  
round(totals/totals["Total"]*100, 2)
```

X.ray	EM	NMR	Multiple.methods
84.54	8.72	6.57	0.11
Neutron	Other	Total	
0.04	0.02	100.00	

93.26%

Q2: What proportion of structures in the PDB are protein?

```
nums<-function(x){(as.numeric(gsub(",", "", x)))}  
numbers<-apply(pdbstats, 2, nums)  
  
(numbers[1, "Total"] / sum(numbers[, "Total"])*100)
```

```
Total  
86.65362
```

##2. Visualizing the HIV-1 protease structure

We will learn the basics of Mol\*(mol-star) homepage: <https://molstar.org/viewer/>

We wil play with PDB code 1HSG



Figure 1: HIV-Pr with a bound inhibitor

show the ASP 25 amino acids:

### Back to R and working with PDB structures

Predict the dynamics (flexibility) of an important protein:)

```
library(bio3d)
hiv<-read.pdb("1hsg")
```

Note: Accessing on-line PDB file



Figure 2: HIV-Pr with a bound inhibitor showing the two important asp 25 amino acids

```
hiv
```

```
Call: read.pdb(file = "1hsg")
```

```
Total Models#: 1
```

```
Total Atoms#: 1686, XYZs#: 5058 Chains#: 2 (values: A B)
```

```
Protein Atoms#: 1514 (residues/Calpha atoms#: 198)
```

```
Nucleic acid Atoms#: 0 (residues/phosphate atoms#: 0)
```

```
Non-protein/nucleic Atoms#: 172 (residues: 128)
```

```
Non-protein/nucleic resid values: [ HOH (127), MK1 (1) ]
```

```
Protein sequence:
```

```
PQITLWQRPLVTIKIGGQLKEALLDTGADDTVLEEMSLPGRWKPKMIGGIGGFIKVRQYD
QILIEICGHKAIGTVLVGPTPVNIIGRNLLTQIGCTLNFPQITLWQRPLVTIKIGGQLKE
ALLDTGADDTVLEEMSLPGRWKPKMIGGIGGFIKVRQYDQILIEICGHKAIGTVLVGPTP
VNIIGRNLLTQIGCTLNF
```

```
+ attr: atom, xyz, seqres, helix, sheet,
      calpha, remark, call
```

```
head(hiv$atom)
```

	type	eleno	elety	alt	resid	chain	resno	insert	x	y	z	o	b
1	ATOM	1	N	<NA>	PRO	A	1	<NA>	29.361	39.686	5.862	1	38.10
2	ATOM	2	CA	<NA>	PRO	A	1	<NA>	30.307	38.663	5.319	1	40.62
3	ATOM	3	C	<NA>	PRO	A	1	<NA>	29.760	38.071	4.022	1	42.64
4	ATOM	4	O	<NA>	PRO	A	1	<NA>	28.600	38.302	3.676	1	43.40
5	ATOM	5	CB	<NA>	PRO	A	1	<NA>	30.508	37.541	6.342	1	37.87
6	ATOM	6	CG	<NA>	PRO	A	1	<NA>	29.296	37.591	7.162	1	38.40
	segid	elesy	charge										
1	<NA>	N	<NA>										
2	<NA>	C	<NA>										
3	<NA>	C	<NA>										
4	<NA>	O	<NA>										
5	<NA>	C	<NA>										
6	<NA>	C	<NA>										

```
pdbseq(hiv)
```

```
 1  2  3  4  5  6  7  8  9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20
"P" "Q" "I" "T" "L" "W" "Q" "R" "P" "L" "V" "T" "I" "K" "I" "G" "G" "Q" "L" "K"
21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40
"E" "A" "L" "L" "D" "T" "G" "A" "D" "D" "T" "V" "L" "E" "E" "M" "S" "L" "P" "G"
41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 50 51 52 53 54 55 56 57 58 59 60
"R" "W" "K" "P" "K" "M" "I" "G" "G" "I" "G" "G" "F" "I" "K" "V" "R" "Q" "Y" "D"
61 62 63 64 65 66 67 68 69 70 71 72 73 74 75 76 77 78 79 80
"Q" "I" "L" "I" "E" "I" "C" "G" "H" "K" "A" "I" "G" "T" "V" "L" "V" "G" "P" "T"
81 82 83 84 85 86 87 88 89 90 91 92 93 94 95 96 97 98 99  1
"P" "V" "N" "I" "I" "G" "R" "N" "L" "L" "T" "Q" "I" "G" "C" "T" "L" "N" "F" "P"
 2  3  4  5  6  7  8  9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21
"Q" "I" "T" "L" "W" "Q" "R" "P" "L" "V" "T" "I" "K" "I" "G" "G" "Q" "L" "K" "E"
22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41
"A" "L" "L" "D" "T" "G" "A" "D" "D" "T" "V" "L" "E" "E" "M" "S" "L" "P" "G" "R"
42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 50 51 52 53 54 55 56 57 58 59 60 61
"W" "K" "P" "K" "M" "I" "G" "G" "I" "G" "G" "F" "I" "K" "V" "R" "Q" "Y" "D" "Q"
62 63 64 65 66 67 68 69 70 71 72 73 74 75 76 77 78 79 80 81
"I" "L" "I" "E" "I" "C" "G" "H" "K" "A" "I" "G" "T" "V" "L" "V" "G" "P" "T" "P"
82 83 84 85 86 87 88 89 90 91 92 93 94 95 96 97 98 99
"V" "N" "I" "I" "G" "R" "N" "L" "L" "T" "Q" "I" "G" "C" "T" "L" "N" "F"
```

here we will do a normal mode analysis (nma) to predict functional motions

```
adk<-read.pdb("6s36")
```

Note: Accessing on-line PDB file

PDB has ALT records, taking A only, rm.alt=TRUE

```
adk
```

```
Call: read.pdb(file = "6s36")
```

```
Total Models#: 1
```

```
Total Atoms#: 1898, XYZs#: 5694 Chains#: 1 (values: A)
```

```
Protein Atoms#: 1654 (residues/Calpha atoms#: 214)
```

Nucleic acid Atoms#: 0 (residues/phosphate atoms#: 0)

Non-protein/nucleic Atoms#: 244 (residues: 244)

Non-protein/nucleic resid values: [ CL (3), HOH (238), MG (2), NA (1) ]

Protein sequence:

MRILLGAPGAGKGTQAQFIMEKYGIPQISTGDMRLRAAVKSGSELGKQAKDIMDAGKLV  
DELVIALVKERIAQEDCRNGFLDGFRTIPQADAMKEAGINVDYVLEFDVPDELIVDKI  
VGRRVHAPSGRVYHVKFNPVKVEGKDDVTGEELTTRKDDQEETVRKRLVEYHQMTAPLIG  
YYSKEAEAGNTKYAKVDGTPVAEVRADLEKILG

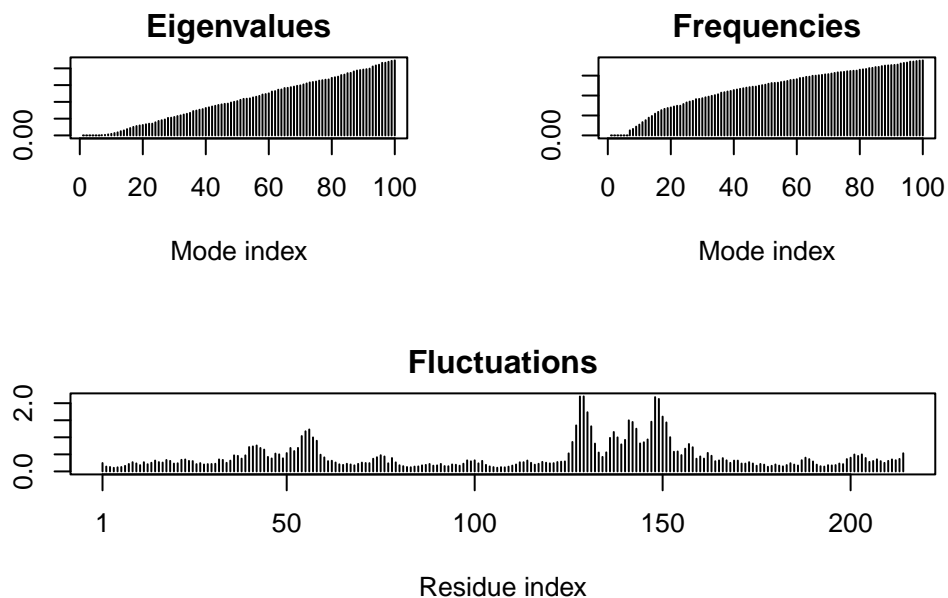
+ attr: atom, xyz, seqres, helix, sheet,  
calpha, remark, call

```
modes<-nma(adk)
```

Building Hessian... Done in 0.015 seconds.

Diagonalizing Hessian... Done in 0.273 seconds.

```
plot(modes)
```



Make a “movie” called a trajectory of the predicted motions

```
mktrj(modes, file="adk_m7.pdb")
```

then I can open this file in Mol\*