## Linear Regression

$$E[y] = w_0 + w_1 E[x], \qquad E[xy] = w_0 E[x] + w_1 E[x^2]$$

$$w_0 = E[y] - w_1 E[x], \qquad E[xy] = E[y] E[x] - w_1 [E[x^2]] + w_1 E[x^2]$$

$$E[xy] - E[y] E[x] = w_1$$

$$E[x^2] - E[x]^2$$

$$E[(x - E[x])(y - E[y])] = w_1$$

$$E[(x - E[x])^2]$$

$$= W^{1} \times (W_{0} | W_{1}, ..., W_{0})^{T}, \times ((1_{1} \times_{1}, ..., \times_{D})^{T})^{T}$$

$$W_{2} (W_{0} | W_{1}, ..., W_{0})^{T}, \times ((1_{1} \times_{1}, ..., \times_{D})^{T})^{T}$$

$$\mathcal{L}(\omega) = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{n=1}^{N} (y_n - \omega_{2n})^2$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} || \times \omega - y||_2^2$$

## 線型基底関数モデル

f(x)= w0+ w1 p(x)+ ... + w-1 m-(x)
= w1 p(x)