











TLV271, TLV272, TLV274

SLOS351E - FEBRUARY 2004-REVISED NOVEMBER 2016

# TLV27x Family of 550-µA/Ch, 3-MHz, Rail-to-Rail Output **Operational Amplifiers**

#### **Features**

Rail-to-Rail Output

Wide Bandwidth: 3 MHz High Slew Rate: 2.4 V/µs

Supply Voltage Range: 2.7 V to 16 V Supply Current: 550 µA/Channel

Input Noise Voltage: 39 nV/√Hz

Input Bias Current: 1 pA

Specified Temperature Range:

 Commercial Grade: 0°C to 70°C Industrial Grade: -40°C to 125°C

Ultrasmall Packaging:

5-Pin SOT-23 (TLV271)

8-Pin MSOP (TLV272)

Ideal Upgrade for TLC72x Family

## **Applications**

E-Bike

**Power Banks** 

Smoke detectors

Solar Inverters

Low-Power Motor Controls

**Battery-Powered Instruments** 

**Building Automation** 

#### **Operational Amplifier**



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## 3 Description

Operating from 2.7 V to 16 V over the extended industrial temperature range from -40°C to +125°C, the TLV27x is a low power, wide bandwidth operational amplifier (opamp) with rail to rail output. This makes it an ideal alternative to the TLC27x family for applications where rail-to-rail output swings are essential. The TLV27x provides 3-MHz bandwidth from only 550 µA.

Like the TLC27x, the TLV27x is fully specified for 5-V and ±5-V supplies. The maximum recommended supply voltage is 16 V, which allows the devices to be operated from a variety of rechargeable cells (±8 V supplies down to ±1.35 V).

The CMOS inputs enable use in high-impedance sensor interfaces, with the lower voltage operation making an attractive alternative for the TLC27x in battery-powered applications.

All members are available in PDIP and SOIC with the singles in the small SOT-23 package, duals in the MSOP, and quads in the TSSOP package.

The 2.7-V operation makes it compatible with Li-Ion powered systems and the operating supply voltage range of many micropower microcontrollers available today including TI's MSP430.

#### Device Information<sup>(1)</sup>

PART NUMBER	PACKAGE	BODY SIZE (NOM)		
	SOIC (8)	4.98 mm × 3.91 mm		
TLV271	SOT-23 (5)	2.90 mm × 1.60 mm		
	PDIP (8)	9.81 mm × 6.35 mm		
	SOIC (8)	4.98 mm × 3.91 mm		
TLV272	PDIP (8)	9.81 mm × 6.35 mm		
	VSSOP (8)	3.00 mm × 3.00 mm		
	SOIC (14)	8.65 mm × 3.91 mm		
TLV274	PDIP (14)	3.90 mm × 6.35 mm		
	TSSOP (14)	5.00 mm × 4.40 mm		

(1) For all available packages, see the orderable addendum at the end of the data sheet.



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# 4 Revision History

NOTE: Page numbers for previous revisions may differ from page numbers in the current version.

## Changes from Revision D (February 2004) to Revision E

Page

•	Added Feature Description section, Device Functional Modes, Application and Implementation section, Power Supply Recommendations section, Layout section, Device and Documentation Support section, and Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable Information section
•	Deleted Continuous total power dissipation parameter from Absolute Maximum Ratings
•	Deleted Dissipation Ratings table
	Deleted Macromodel Information

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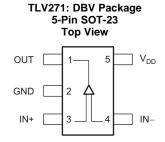
# 5 Device Comparison Table

DEVICE (1)	V <sub>DD</sub> (V)	V <sub>IO</sub> (μV)	l <sub>Q</sub> /Ch (μA)	I <sub>IB</sub> (pA)	GBW (MHz)	SR (V/μs)	SHUTDOWN	RAIL-TO-RAIL	SINGLES/ DUALS/ QUADS
TLV27x	2.7 to 16	500	550	1	3	2.4	_	0	S/D/Q
TLC27x	3 to 16	1100	675	1	1.7	3.6	_	_	S/D/Q
TLV237x	2.7 to 16	500	550	1	3	2.4	Yes	I/O	S/D/Q
TLC227x	2.7 to 16	300	1100	1	2.2	3.6	_	0	D/Q
TLV246x	2.7 to 6	150	550	1300	6.4	1.6	Yes	I/O	S/D/Q
TLV247x	2.7 to 6	250	600	2	2.8	1.5	Yes	I/O	S/D/Q
TLV244x	2.7 to 10	300	725	1	1.8	1.4	_	0	D/Q

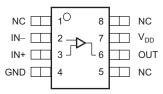
<sup>(1)</sup> Typical values measured at 5 V, 25°C.



# 6 Pin Configuration and Functions



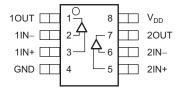
#### TLV271: D and P Packages 8-Pin SOIC and PDIP Top View



#### **Pin Functions**

	PIN				
NAME	TLV271		1/0	DESCRIPTION	
	SOT-23	SOIC PDIP		223All Hold	
GND	2	4	_	Negative (lowest) supply or ground (for single-supply operation)	
IN-	4	2	I	Negative (inverting) input	
IN+	3	3	I	Positive (noninverting) input	
NC	_	1, 5, 8	_	No internal connection (can be left floating)	
OUT	1	6	0	Output	
$V_{DD}$	5	7	_	Positive (highest) supply	

#### TLV272: D, DGK, and P Packages 8-Pin SOIC, VSSOP, and PDIP Top View



#### **Pin Functions**

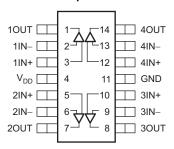
P	IN			
	TLV272			
NAME	SOIC VSSOP PDIP	I/O	DESCRIPTION	
GND	4	_	Negative (lowest) supply or ground (for single-supply operation)	
1IN-	2	I	Inverting input, channel 1	
1IN+	3	I	Noninverting input, channel 1	
2IN-	6	I	Inverting input, channel 2	
2IN+	5	I	Noninverting input, channel 2	
1OUT	1	0	Output, channel 1	
2OUT	7	0	Output, channel 2	
$V_{DD}$	8	_	Positive (highest) supply	

Product Folder Links: TLV271 TLV272 TLV274

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#### TLV274: D, PW, and N Packages 14-Pin SOIC, TSSOP, and PDIP Top View



## **Pin Functions**

P	PIN			
	TLV274			
NAME	SOIC TSSOP PDIP	I/O	DESCRIPTION	
GND	11	_	Negative supply or ground (for single-supply operation)	
1IN-	2	I	Inverting input, channel 1	
1IN+	3	I	Noninverting input, channel 1	
2IN-	6	I	Inverting input, channel 2	
2IN+	5	I	Noninverting input, channel 2	
3IN-	9	I	Inverting input, channel 3	
3IN+	10	I	Noninverting input, channel 3	
4IN-	13	I	Inverting input, channel 4	
4IN+	12	I	Noninverting input, channel 4	
1OUT	1	0	Output, channel 1	
2OUT	7	0	Output, channel 2	
3OUT	8	0	Output, channel 3	
4OUT	14	0	Output, channel 4	
$V_{DD}$	4	_	Positive supply	



## 7 Specifications

## 7.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted) (1)

			MIN	MAX	UNIT
Voltage  Current  Temperature	Supply, V <sub>DD</sub>			16.5	٧
	Differential input, V <sub>ID</sub>		-V <sub>DD</sub>	$V_{DD}$	V
	Input, V <sub>I</sub>	16.5 V	V		
Current	Input, I <sub>I</sub>		-10	10	mA
Current	Output, I <sub>O</sub>		16.5 V  -V <sub>DD</sub> V <sub>DD</sub> V  -0.2 V <sub>DD</sub> + 0.2 V  -10 10 mA  -100 100 mA  0 70 °C  -40 125 °C  150 °C	mA	
	Current	C-suffix	0	70	°C
Tomporatura	Operating, 1 <sub>A</sub>	I-suffix	-40	16.5 V <sub>DD</sub> V <sub>DD</sub> + 0.2 10 100 70 125 150	°C
remperature	Junction, T <sub>J</sub>			150	°C
	Storage, T <sub>stg</sub>		-65	150	°C

<sup>(1)</sup> Stresses beyond those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, which do not imply functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under Recommended Operating Conditions. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability. All voltage values, except differential voltages, are with respect to GND.

## 7.2 Recommended Operating Conditions

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

		MIN	NOM MAX	UNIT	
Supply voltage, V <sub>DD</sub>	Single-supply	2.7	16		
	Split-supply	±1.35	±8	V	
Common-mode input voltage, V <sub>ICR</sub>		0 V <sub>DD</sub> -1.35 V		V	
Operating free-air temperature, T <sub>A</sub>	C-suffix	0	70	°C	
	I-suffix	-40	125		



#### 7.3 Thermal Information: TLV271

			TLV271			
	THERMAL METRIC (1)	D (SOIC)	DBV (SOT-23)	P (PDIP)	UNIT	
		8 PINS	5 PINS	8 PINS		
$R_{\theta JA}$	Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance	127.2	221.7	49.2	°C/W	
$R_{\theta JC(top)}$	Junction-to-case (top) thermal resistance	71.6	144.7	39.4	°C/W	
$R_{\theta JB}$	Junction-to-board thermal resistance	68.2	49.7	26.4	°C/W	
ΨЈТ	Junction-to-top characterization parameter	22	26.1	15.4	°C/W	
ΨЈВ	Junction-to-board characterization parameter	67.6	49	26.3	°C/W	
$R_{\theta JC(bot)}$	Junction-to-case (bottom) thermal resistance	n/a	n/a	n/a	°C/W	

<sup>(1)</sup> For more information about traditional and new thermal metrics, see the Semiconductor and IC Package Thermal Metrics application report.

## 7.4 Thermal Information: TLV272

	THERMAL METRIC <sup>(1)</sup>	D (SOIC)	DGK (VSSOP)	P (PDIP)	UNIT
		8 PINS	8 PINS	8 PINS	
$R_{\theta JA}$	Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance	127.2	186.6	49.2	°C/W
$R_{\theta JC(top)}$	Junction-to-case (top) thermal resistance	71.6	78.8	39.4	°C/W
$R_{\theta JB}$	Junction-to-board thermal resistance	68.2	107.9	26.4	°C/W
ΨJΤ	Junction-to-top characterization parameter	22	15.5	15.4	°C/W
ΨЈВ	Junction-to-board characterization parameter	67.6	106.3	26.3	°C/W
$R_{\theta JC(bot)}$	Junction-to-case (bottom) thermal resistance	n/a	n/a	n/a	°C/W

For more information about traditional and new thermal metrics, see the Semiconductor and IC Package Thermal Metrics application report.

#### 7.5 Thermal Information: TLV274

	THERMAL METRIC <sup>(1)</sup>	D (SOIC)	N (PDIP)	PW (TSSOP)	UNIT
		14 PINS	14 PINS	14 PINS	
$R_{\theta JA}$	Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance	97	66.3	135	°C/W
$R_{\theta JC(top)}$	Junction-to-case (top) thermal resistance	56	20.5	45	°C/W
$R_{\theta JB}$	Junction-to-board thermal resistance	53	26.8	66	°C/W
ΨЈТ	Junction-to-top characterization parameter	19	2.1	n/a	°C/W
ΨЈВ	Junction-to-board characterization parameter	46	26.2	60	°C/W
R <sub>θJC(bot)</sub>	Junction-to-case (bottom) thermal resistance	n/a	n/a	n/a	°C/W

<sup>(1)</sup> For more information about traditional and new thermal metrics, see the Semiconductor and IC Package Thermal Metrics application report.



#### 7.6 Electrical Characteristics: DC Characteristics

at specified free-air temperature, V<sub>DD</sub> = 2.7 V, 5 V, and ±5 V (unless otherwise noted)

	PARAMETER	TEST COND	ITIONS	T <sub>A</sub> <sup>(1)</sup>	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
\/	Input offeet voltege			25°C		0.5	5	m\/
$V_{IO}$	Input offset voltage	$V_{IC} = V_{DD/2}, R_L = 10 \text{ k}\Omega, V_O = 10 \text{ k}\Omega$	$= V_{DD/2}, R_S = 50 \Omega$	Full range			7	mV
$\alpha V_{IO}$	Offset voltage drift			25°C		2		μV/°C
		$V_{IC} = 0 \text{ to } V_{DD} - 1.35 \text{ V},$		25°C	58	70		
		$R_S = 50 \Omega$	V <sub>DD</sub> = 2.7 V	Full range	55			
CMRR	Common-mode	$V_{IC} = 0 \text{ to } V_{DD} - 1.35 \text{ V},$		25°C	65	80		dB
CIVIKK	rejection ratio	$R_S = 50 \Omega$		Full range	62			ub
		$V_{IC} = -5 \text{ V to } V_{DD} - 1.35 \text{ V},$	\/ .F.\/	25°C	69	85		
		$R_S = 50 \Omega$	$V_{DD} = \pm 5 \text{ V}$	Full range	66			
			.,	25°C	97	106		
			$V_{DD} = 2.7 \text{ V}$	Full range	76			
٨	Large-signal differential	$V_{O(PP)} = V_{DD}/2,$	\/ E\/	25°C	100	110		٩D
$A_{VD}$	voltage amplification	$R_L = 10 \text{ k}\Omega$	$V_{DD} = 5 V$	Full range	86			dB
			\/ .F\/	25°C	100	115		
			$V_{DD} = \pm 5 \text{ V}$	Full range	90			

<sup>(1)</sup> Full range is 0°C to 70°C for C-suffix and full range is -40°C to 125°C for I-suffix. If not specified, full range is -40°C to 125°C.

## 7.7 Electrical Characteristics: Input Characteristics

at specified free-air temperature,  $V_{DD} = 2.7 \text{ V}$ , 5 V, and  $\pm 5 \text{ V}$  (unless otherwise noted).

	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	T <sub>A</sub>	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
			25°C		1	60	
$I_{IO}$	Input offset current	$V_{DD} = 5 \text{ V}, V_{IC} = V_{DD}/2, V_{O} = V_{DD}/2, R_{S} = 50 \Omega$	70°C			100	pА
		VO = VDD/2, 115 = 00 22	125°C			1000	
			25°C		1	60	
I <sub>IB</sub>	Input bias current	$V_{DD} = 5 \text{ V}, V_{IC} = V_{DD}/2,$ $V_{O} = V_{DD}/2, R_{S} = 50 \Omega$	70°C			100	pА
		VO = VDD/2, NS = 00 32	125°C			1000	
$r_{i(d)}$	Differential input resistance		25°C		1000		$G\Omega$
C <sub>IC</sub>	Common-mode input capacitance	f = 21 kHz	25°C		8		pF

Product Folder Links: TLV271 TLV272 TLV274

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# 7.8 Electrical Characteristics: Output Characteristics

at specified free-air temperature,  $V_{DD}$  = 2.7 V, 5 V, and ±5 V (unless otherwise noted).

	PARAMETER	TEST COND	ITIONS	T <sub>A</sub>	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
			V 0.7.V	25°C	2.55	2.58		
			$V_{DD} = 2.7 \text{ V}$	Full range	2.48			
		\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	V 5.V	25°C	4.9	4.93		
		$V_{IC} = V_{DD}/2$ , $I_{OH} = -1$ mA	$V_{DD} = 5 V$	Full range	4.85			
			V <sub>DD</sub> = ±5 V	25°C	4.92	4.96		
.,	High lavel autout valtage			Full range	4.9			V
$V_{OH}$	High-level output voltage		V 0.7.V	25°C	1.9	2.1		V
			$V_{DD} = 2.7 \text{ V}$	Full range	1.5			
		), // /O. I		25°C	4.6	4.68		
		$V_{IC} = V_{DD}/2$ , $I_{OH} = -5$ mA	$V_{DD} = 5 V$	Full range	4.5			
			.,	25°C	4.7	4.84		
			$V_{DD} = \pm 5 \text{ V}$	Full range	4.65			
			V <sub>DD</sub> = 2.7 V	25°C		0.1	0.15	-
		$V_{IC} = V_{DD}/2$ , $I_{OH} = 1$ mA		Full range			0.22	
			$V_{DD} = 5 \text{ V}$ $V_{DD} = \pm 5 \text{ V}$	25°C		0.05	0.1	
				Full range			0.15	
				25°C		-4.95	-4.92	
				Full range			-4.9	
$V_{OL}$	Low-level output voltage		V <sub>DD</sub> = 2.7 V	25°C		0.5	0.7	V
				Full range			1.1	
		\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\		25°C		0.28	0.4	
		$V_{IC} = V_{DD}/2$ , $I_{OH} = 5$ mA	$V_{DD} = 5 V$	Full range			0.5	
			.,	25°C		-4.84	-4.7	
			$V_{DD} = \pm 5 \text{ V}$	Full range			-4.65	
		$V_O = 0.5 \text{ V from rail},$	Positive rail	25°C		4		
	Output ourront	$V_{DD} = 2.7 \text{ V}$	Negative rail	25°C		5		
		$V_O = 0.5 \text{ V from rail},$	Positive rail	25°C		7		1
I <sub>O</sub>	Output current	$V_{DD} = 5 \text{ V}$	Negative rail	25°C		8		mA
		$V_O = 0.5 \text{ V from rail},$	Positive rail	25°C		13		
		V <sub>DD</sub> = 10 V	Negative rail	25°C		12		



## 7.9 Electrical Characteristics: Power Supply

at specified free-air temperature,  $V_{DD}$  = 2.7 V, 5 V, and ±5 V (unless otherwise noted).

	PARAMETER	TEST CONI	T <sub>A</sub> <sup>(1)</sup>	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT	
			V <sub>DD</sub> = 2.7 V	25°C		470	560	
	Supply current	$V_O = V_{DD}/2$	$V_{DD} = 5 V$	25°C		550	660	
IDD	(per channel)		V 40.V	25°C		625	800	μA
			V <sub>DD</sub> = 10 V	Full range			1000	
	Supply voltage rejection			25°C	70	80		
PSRR	ratio $(\Delta V_{DD} / \Delta V_{IO})$	$V_{DD}$ = 2.7 V to 16 V, $V_{IC}$ = $V_{DD}/2$ , no load		Full range	65			dB

<sup>(1)</sup> Full range is 0°C to 70°C for C-suffix and full range is -40°C to 125°C for I-suffix. If not specified, full range is -40°C to 125°C.

## 7.10 Electrical Characteristics: Dynamic Performance

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted).

	PARAMETER	TEST CON	IDITIONS	T <sub>A</sub> <sup>(1)</sup>	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
LICDW	Linity agin handwidth	B 240 C 40 nF	V <sub>DD</sub> = 2.7 V	25°C		2.4		NAL I-
UGBW	Unity-gain bandwidth	$R_L = 2 \text{ k}\Omega, C_L = 10 \text{ pF}$	$V_{DD} = 5 \text{ V to } 10 \text{ V}$	25°C		3		MHz
			V 27V	25°C	1.35	2.1		1////
			$V_{DD} = 2.7 \text{ V}$	Full range	1			V/µs
CD	Slew rate at unity	$V_{O(PP)} = V_{DD}/2$	V 5.V	25°C	1.45	2.4		1///
SR	gain	$C_L = 50 \text{ pF},$ $R_L = 10 \text{ k}\Omega$	$V_{DD} = 5 V$	Full range	1.2			V/µs
			V .5.V	25°C	1.8	2.6		1///
			$V_{DD} = \pm 5 \text{ V}$	Full range	1.3			V/µs
φm	Phase margin	$R_L = 2 k\Omega$	C <sub>L</sub> = 10 pF	25°C		65		0
	Gain margin	$R_L = 2 k\Omega$	C <sub>L</sub> = 10 pF	25°C		18		dB
		$\begin{split} V_{DD} &= 2.7 \text{ V}, \\ V_{(STEP)PP} &= 1 \text{ V}, \\ A_{V} &= -1, \\ C_{L} &= 10 \text{ pF} \\ R_{L} &= 2  k\Omega \end{split}$	0.1%	25°C		2.9		
t <sub>S</sub>	Setting time	$\begin{split} V_{DD} &= 5 \text{ V, } \pm 5 \text{ V} \\ V_{(STEP)PP} &= 1 \text{ V,} \\ A_V &= -1, \\ C_L &= 47 \text{ pF} \\ R_L &= 2  k\Omega \end{split}$	0.1%	25°C		2		μs

<sup>(1)</sup> Full range is 0°C to 70°C for C suffix and full range is -40°C to 125°C for I suffix. If not specified, full range is -40°C to 125°C.

## 7.11 Electrical Characteristics: Noise/Distortion Performance

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted).

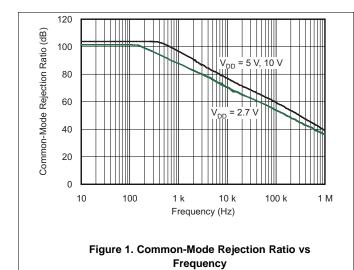
	PARAMETER	TEST CONE	DITIONS	T <sub>A</sub>	MIN TYP	MAX	UNIT	
		V <sub>DD</sub> = 2.7 V,	A <sub>V</sub> = 1		0.02%			
		$V_{O(PP)} = V_{DD}/2 V$ , $R_L = 2 k\Omega$ , $f = 10 \text{ kHz}$	A <sub>V</sub> = 10	25°C	0.05%			
THD + N	Total harmonic distortion	$R_L = 2 k\Omega$ , $f = 10 kHz$	A <sub>V</sub> = 100		0.18%			
I HD + N	plus noise	$V_{DD} = 5 \text{ V, } \pm 5 \text{ V,}$ $V_{O(PP)} = V_{DD}/2 \text{ V,}$ $R_L = 2 \text{ k}\Omega$ , $f = 10 \text{ kHz}$	A <sub>V</sub> = 1		0.02%			
			A <sub>V</sub> = 10	25°C	0.09%			
		$R_L = 2 k\Omega$ , $f = 10 kHz$	$A_V = 100$		0.5%			
V	Equivalent input noise	f = 1 kHz	f = 1 kHz		39		nV/√ <del>Hz</del>	
V <sub>n</sub>	voltage	f = 10 kHz		25°C	35		110/1002	
In	Equivalent input noise current	f = 1 kHz		25°C	0.6		fA /√Hz	

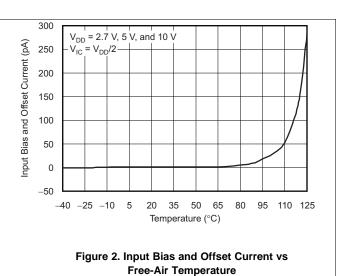


# 7.12 Typical Characteristics

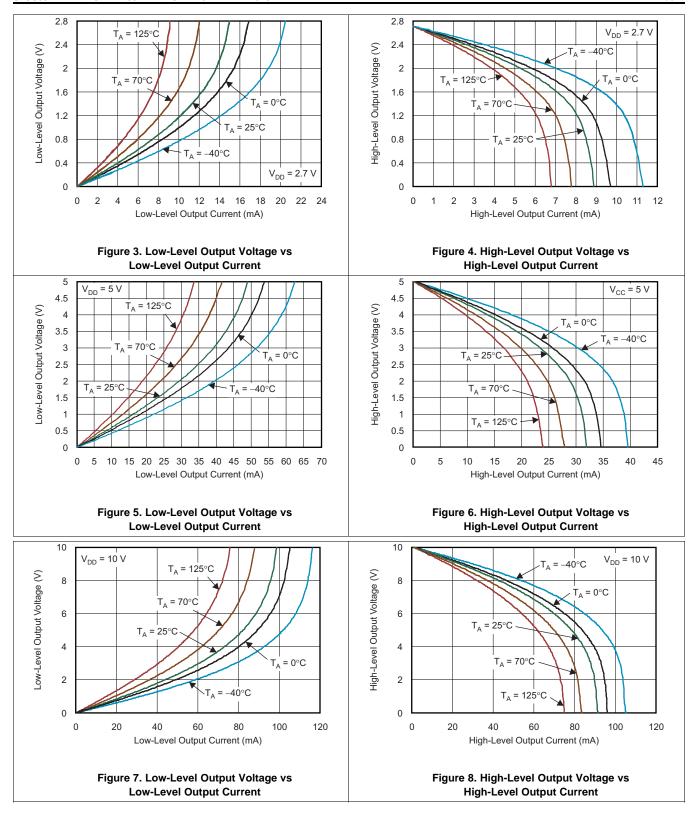
## **Table 1. Table of Graphs**

	DESCRIPTIO	N	FIGURE NO.
CMRR	Common-mode rejection ratio	vs Frequency	Figure 1
	Input bias and offset current	vs Free-air temperature	Figure 2
$V_{OL}$	Low-level output voltage	vs Low-level output current	Figure 3, Figure 5, Figure 7
$V_{OH}$	High-level output voltage	vs High-level output current	Figure 4, Figure 6, Figure 8
$V_{O(PP)}$	Peak-to-peak output voltage	vs Frequency	Figure 9
I <sub>DD</sub>	Supply current	vs Supply voltage	Figure 10
PSRR	Power-supply rejection ratio	vs Frequency	Figure 11
A <sub>VD</sub>	Differential voltage gain and phase	vs Frequency	Figure 12
	Gain-bandwidth product	vs Free-air temperature	Figure 13
SR	Slew rate	vs Supply voltage	Figure 14
SK	Siew rate	vs Free-air temperature	Figure 15
φm	Phase margin	vs Capacitive load	Figure 16
V <sub>n</sub>	Equivalent input noise voltage	vs Frequency	Figure 17
	Voltage-follower large-signal pulse response		Figure 18, Figure 19
	Voltage-follower small-signal pulse response		Figure 20
	Inverting large-signal response		Figure 21, Figure 22
	Inverting small-signal response		Figure 23
	Crosstalk	vs Frequency	Figure 24





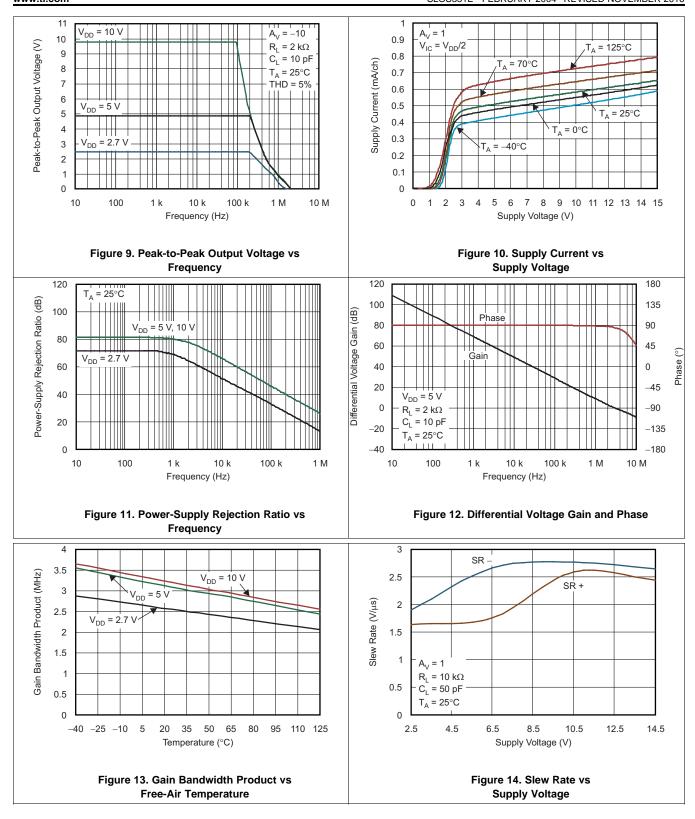




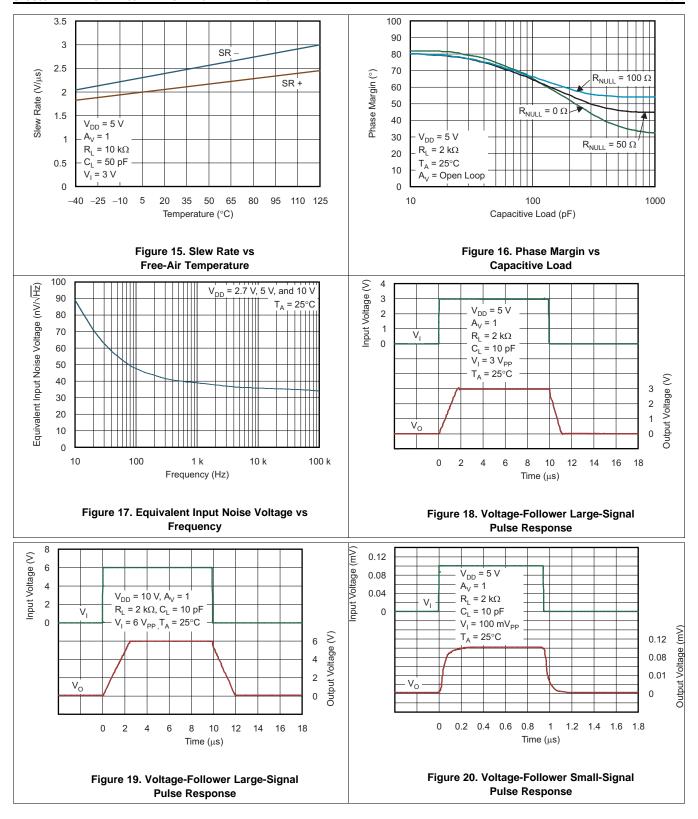
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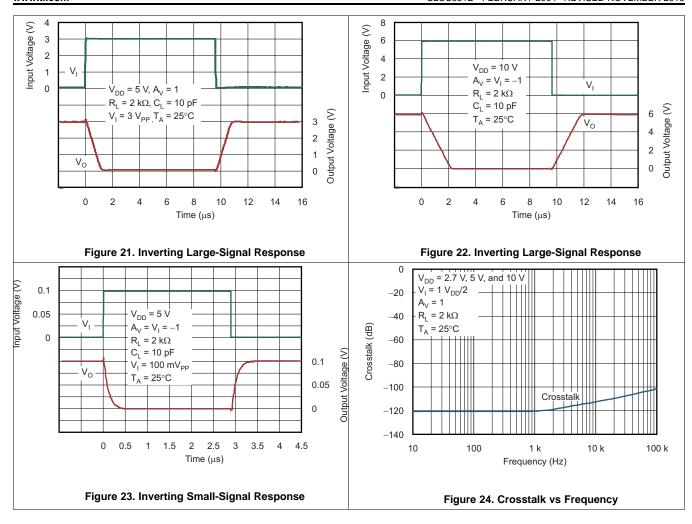




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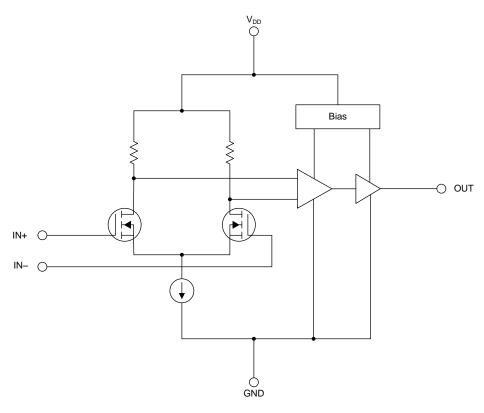


## 8 Detailed Description

#### 8.1 Overview

The TLV27x operates from a single power supply and consumes only 550  $\mu$ A of quiescent current. With rail-to-rail output swing capability and 3-MHz bandwidth, the TLV27x is ideal for battery-powered and industrial applications.

## 8.2 Functional Block Diagram



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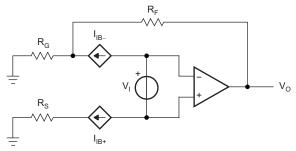
#### 8.3 Feature Description

#### 8.3.1 Rail to Rail Output

The TLV27x family of opamps features a rail to trail output stage. Rail to rail outputs allow for a wide dynamic range in low voltage systems. This feature along with low power and wide bandwidth make the TLV27x family suitable for portable and battery powered systems.

#### 8.3.2 Offset Voltage

The output offset voltage (V<sub>OO</sub>) is the sum of the input offset voltage (V<sub>IO</sub>) and both input bias currents (I<sub>IB</sub>) times the corresponding gains. Use the schematic in Figure 25 and Equation 1 to calculate the output offset voltage:



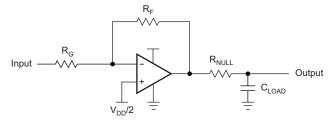
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Figure 25. Output Offset Voltage Model

$$V_{OO} = V_{IO} \left[ 1 + \left( \frac{R_F}{R_G} \right) \right] \pm I_{IB+} R_S \left[ 1 + \left( \frac{R_F}{R_G} \right) \right] \pm I_{IB-} R_F$$
(1)

#### 8.3.3 Driving a Capacitive Load

When the amplifier is configured in this manner, capacitive loading directly on the output decreases the device phase margin, leading to high frequency ringing or oscillations. Therefore, for capacitive loads of greater than 10 pF, TI recommends placing a resistor in series (R<sub>NULL</sub>) with the output of the amplifier, as shown in Figure 26. A minimum value of 20  $\Omega$  should work well for most applications.



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Figure 26. Driving a Capacitive Load

#### 8.4 Device Functional Modes

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The TLV27x has a single functional mode. It is operational when the power supply applied to the device is between 2.7 V (±1.35 V) and 16 V (±8 V). Electrical parameters that can vary with operating conditions are shown in Typical Characteristics.



## 9 Application and Implementation

#### NOTE

Information in the following applications sections is not part of the TI component specification, and TI does not warrant its accuracy or completeness. TI's customers are responsible for determining suitability of components for their purposes. Customers should validate and test their design implementation to confirm system functionality.

## 9.1 Application Information

The TLV27x family offers outstanding DC and AC performance. These devices operate up to a 16-V power supply and offer ultra-low input bias current and 3-MHz bandwidth. These features make the TLV27x a robust operational amplifier for battery-powered and industrial applications.

## 9.2 Typical Application

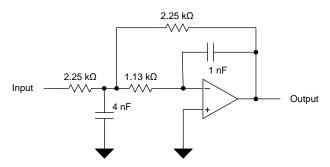


Figure 27. Second-Order, Low-Pass Filter

## 9.2.1 Design Requirements

- Gain = 1 V/V
- Low-pass cutoff frequency = 50 kHz
- –40-db/dec filter response
- Maintain less than 3-dB gain peaking in the gain versus frequency response

#### 9.2.2 Detailed Design Procedure

The infinite-gain multiple-feedback circuit for a low-pass network function is shown in Figure 27. Use Equation 2 to calculate the voltage transfer function.

$$\frac{\text{Output}}{\text{Input}}(s) = \frac{-1/R_1 R_3 C_2 C_5}{s^2 + (s/C_2)(1/R_1 + 1/R_3 + 1/R_4) + 1/R_3 R_4 C_2 C_5} \tag{2}$$

This circuit produces a signal inversion. For this circuit, the gain at DC and the low-pass cutoff frequency are calculated by Equation 3:

Gain = 
$$\frac{R_4}{R_1}$$
  
 $f_C = \frac{1}{2\pi} \sqrt{(1/R_3 R_4 C_2 C_5)}$  (3)

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#### **Typical Application (continued)**

Software tools are readily available to simplify filter design. WEBENCH® Filter Designer is a simple, powerful, and easy-to-use active filter design program. The WEBENCH® Filter Designer lets you create optimized filter designs using a selection of TI operational amplifiers and passive components from TI's vendor partners.

Available as a web-based tool from the WEBENCH Design Center, WEBENCH Filter Designer allows you to design, optimize, and simulate complete multistage active filter solutions within minutes.

#### 9.2.3 Application Curve

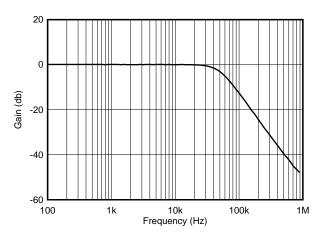
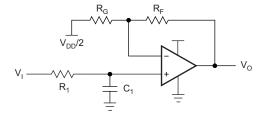


Figure 28. TLV27x Second-Order, 50-kHz, Low-Pass Filter

## 9.3 System Examples

## 9.3.1 General Configurations

When receiving low-level signals, limiting the bandwidth of the incoming signals into the system is often required. The simplest way to accomplish this limiting is to place an RC filter at the noninverting terminal of the amplifier (see Figure 29 and Equation 4).



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Figure 29. Single-Pole Low-Pass Filter

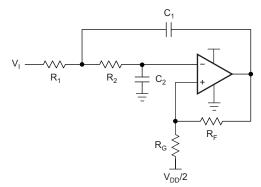
$$\begin{aligned} &\frac{V_O}{V_I} = \left(1 + \frac{R_F}{R_G}\right) \left(\frac{1}{1 + sR_1C_1}\right) \\ &f_{-3db} = \frac{1}{2\pi R_1C_1} \end{aligned}$$

(4)



## System Examples (continued)

If even more attenuation is needed, a multiple pole filter is required. The Sallen-Key filter, shown in Figure 30, can be used for this task. For best results, the amplifier should have a bandwidth that is 8 to 10 times the filter frequency bandwidth; refer to Equation 5. Failure to use an amplifier with this characteristic can result in phase shift of the amplifier.



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Figure 30. Two-Pole, Low-Pass, Sallen-Key Filter

$$R_1 = R_2 = R$$
  
 $C_1 = C_2 = C$   
 $Q = Peaking Factor$   
(Butterworth  $Q = 0.707$ )

$$f_{-3db} = \frac{1}{2\pi RC}$$

$$R_{G} = \frac{R_{F}}{\left(2 - \frac{1}{Q}\right)}$$

(5)

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## 10 Power Supply Recommendations

The TLV27x is specified for operation from 2.7 V to 16 V (±1.35 V to ±8 V); many specifications apply from –40°C to 125°C. Parameters that can exhibit significant variance with regard to operating voltage or temperature are presented in the *Typical Characteristics*.

#### **CAUTION**

Supply voltages larger than 16.5 V can permanently damage the device; see the *Absolute Maximum Ratings*.

Place 0.1-µF bypass capacitors close to the power-supply pins to reduce errors coupling in from noisy or high-impedance power supplies. For more detailed information on bypass capacitor placement, see *Layout Guidelines*.

## 11 Layout

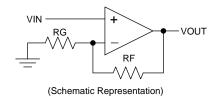
#### 11.1 Layout Guidelines

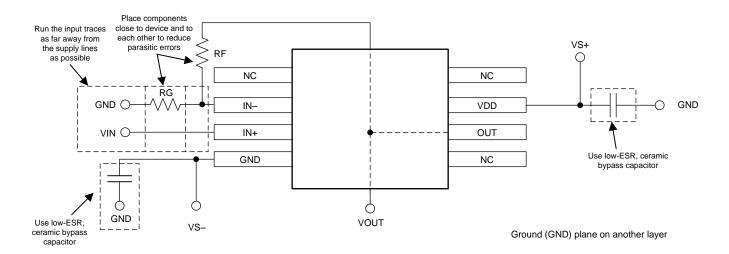
To achieve the levels of high performance of the TLV27x, follow proper printed circuit board (PCB) design techniques. A general set of guidelines is given in the following.

- Ground planes—TI highly recommends using a ground plane on the board to provide all components with a
  low-inductive ground connection. However, in the areas of the amplifier inputs and output, the ground plane
  can be removed to minimize the stray capacitance.
- Proper power supply decoupling—Use a 6.8-μF tantalum capacitor in parallel with a 0.1-μF ceramic capacitor on each supply terminal. It may be possible to share the tantalum among several amplifiers depending on the application, but a 0.1-μF ceramic capacitor should always be used on the supply terminal of every amplifier. In addition, the 0.1-μF capacitor should be placed as close as possible to the supply terminal. As this distance increases, the inductance in the connecting trace makes the capacitor less effective. The designer should strive for distances of less than 0.1 inches between the device power terminals and the ceramic capacitors.
- Sockets—Sockets can be used but are not recommended. The additional lead inductance in the socket pins often leads to stability problems. Surface-mount packages soldered directly to the printed-circuit board is the best implementation.
- Short trace runs/compact part placements—Optimum high performance is achieved when stray series
  inductance has been minimized. To realize this, the circuit layout should be made as compact as possible,
  thereby minimizing the length of all trace runs. Particular attention should be paid to the inverting input of the
  amplifier. Its length should be kept as short as possible. This helps to minimize stray capacitance at the input
  of the amplifier.
- Surface-mount passive components—Using surface-mount passive components is recommended for high
  performance amplifier circuits for several reasons. First, because of the extremely low lead inductance of
  surface-mount components, the problem with stray series inductance is greatly reduced. Second, the small
  size of surface-mount components naturally leads to a more compact layout thereby minimizing both stray
  inductance and capacitance. If leaded components are used, TI recommends keeping the lead lengths as
  short as possible.



## 11.2 Layout Example





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Figure 31. TLV27x Layout Example

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## 12 Device and Documentation Support

## 12.1 Documentation Support

#### 12.1.1 Related Documentation

The following documents are relevant to using the TLV27x, and recommended for reference. All are available for download at www.ti.com unless otherwise noted.

- Compensate Transimpedance Amplifiers Intuitively (SBOA055)
- Operational amplifier gain stability, Part 3: AC gain-error analysis (SLYT383)
- · Operational amplifier gain stability, Part 2: DC gain-error analysis (SLYT374)
- Using the infinite-gain, MFB filter topology in fully differential active filters (SLYT343)
- Op Amp Performance Analysis (SBOA054)
- Single-Supply Operation of Operational Amplifiers (SBOA059)
- Tuning in Amplifiers (SBOA067)
- Shelf-Life Evaluation of Lead-Free Component Finishes (SZZA046)

#### 12.2 Related Links

Table 2 lists quick access links. Categories include technical documents, support and community resources, tools and software, and quick access to sample or buy.

Table 2. Related Links

PARTS	PRODUCT FOLDER	SAMPLE & BUY	TECHNICAL DOCUMENTS	TOOLS & SOFTWARE	SUPPORT & COMMUNITY
TLV271	Click here	Click here	Click here	Click here	Click here
TLV272	Click here	Click here	Click here	Click here	Click here
TLV274	Click here	Click here	Click here	Click here	Click here

#### 12.3 Receiving Notification of Documentation Updates

To receive notification of documentation updates, navigate to the device product folder on ti.com. In the upper right corner, click on *Alert me* to register and receive a weekly digest of any product information that has changed. For change details, review the revision history included in any revised document.

#### 12.4 Community Resource

The following links connect to TI community resources. Linked contents are provided "AS IS" by the respective contributors. They do not constitute TI specifications and do not necessarily reflect TI's views; see TI's Terms of Use.

TI E2E™ Online Community TI's Engineer-to-Engineer (E2E) Community. Created to foster collaboration among engineers. At e2e.ti.com, you can ask questions, share knowledge, explore ideas and help solve problems with fellow engineers.

**Design Support** *TI's Design Support* Quickly find helpful E2E forums along with design support tools and contact information for technical support.

#### 12.5 Trademarks

E2E is a trademark of Texas Instruments.

WEBENCH is a registered trademark of Texas Instruments.

All other trademarks are the property of their respective owners.

#### 12.6 Electrostatic Discharge Caution



These devices have limited built-in ESD protection. The leads should be shorted together or the device placed in conductive foam during storage or handling to prevent electrostatic damage to the MOS gates.

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## 12.7 Glossary

SLYZ022 — TI Glossary.

This glossary lists and explains terms, acronyms, and definitions.

# 13 Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable Information

The following pages include mechanical, packaging, and orderable information. This information is the most current data available for the designated devices. This data is subject to change without notice and revision of this document. For browser-based versions of this data sheet, refer to the left-hand navigation.

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## **PACKAGING INFORMATION**

Orderable part number	Status (1)	Material type	Package   Pins	Package qty   Carrier	RoHS (3)	Lead finish/ Ball material	MSL rating/ Peak reflow	Op temp (°C)	Part marking (6)
TLV271CD	Active	Production	SOIC (D)   8	75   TUBE	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	0 to 70	T271C
TLV271CD.A	Active	Production	SOIC (D)   8	75   TUBE	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	0 to 70	T271C
TLV271CDBVR	Active	Production	SOT-23 (DBV)   5	3000   LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU   SN	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	0 to 70	VBHC
TLV271CDBVR.B	Active	Production	SOT-23 (DBV)   5	3000   LARGE T&R	Yes	SN	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	0 to 70	VBHC
TLV271CDBVRG4	Active	Production	SOT-23 (DBV)   5	3000   LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	0 to 70	VBHC
TLV271CDBVRG4.A	Active	Production	SOT-23 (DBV)   5	3000   LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	0 to 70	VBHC
TLV271CDBVRG4.B	Active	Production	SOT-23 (DBV)   5	3000   LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	0 to 70	VBHC
TLV271CDBVT	Active	Production	SOT-23 (DBV)   5	250   SMALL T&R	Yes	NIPDAU   SN	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	0 to 70	VBHC
TLV271CDBVT.B	Active	Production	SOT-23 (DBV)   5	250   SMALL T&R	Yes	SN	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	0 to 70	VBHC
TLV271CDBVTG4	Active	Production	SOT-23 (DBV)   5	250   SMALL T&R	-	Call TI	Call TI	0 to 70	
TLV271CDR	Active	Production	SOIC (D)   8	2500   LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	0 to 70	T271C
TLV271CDR.B	Active	Production	SOIC (D)   8	2500   LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	0 to 70	T271C
TLV271ID	Active	Production	SOIC (D)   8	75   TUBE	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	T271I
TLV271ID.B	Active	Production	SOIC (D)   8	75   TUBE	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	T271I
TLV271IDBVR	Active	Production	SOT-23 (DBV)   5	3000   LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	VBHI
TLV271IDBVR.B	Active	Production	SOT-23 (DBV)   5	3000   LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	VBHI
TLV271IDBVRG4	Active	Production	SOT-23 (DBV)   5	3000   LARGE T&R	-	Call TI	Call TI	-40 to 125	
TLV271IDBVT	Active	Production	SOT-23 (DBV)   5	250   SMALL T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	VBHI
TLV271IDBVT.B	Active	Production	SOT-23 (DBV)   5	250   SMALL T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	VBHI
TLV271IDBVTG4	Active	Production	SOT-23 (DBV)   5	250   SMALL T&R	-	Call TI	Call TI	-40 to 125	
TLV271IDR	Active	Production	SOIC (D)   8	2500   LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	T271I
TLV271IDR.B	Active	Production	SOIC (D)   8	2500   LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	T271I
TLV271IP	Active	Production	PDIP (P)   8	50   TUBE	Yes	NIPDAU	N/A for Pkg Type	-40 to 125	T271I
TLV271IP.B	Active	Production	PDIP (P)   8	50   TUBE	Yes	NIPDAU	N/A for Pkg Type	-40 to 125	T271I
TLV272CD	Active	Production	SOIC (D)   8	75   TUBE	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	0 to 70	T272C
TLV272CD.A	Active	Production	SOIC (D)   8	75   TUBE	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	0 to 70	T272C
TLV272CD.B	Active	Production	SOIC (D)   8	75   TUBE	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	0 to 70	T272C
TLV272CDG4	Active	Production	SOIC (D)   8	75   TUBE	-	Call TI	Call TI	0 to 70	
TLV272CDGK	Active	Production	VSSOP (DGK)   8	80   TUBE	Yes	NIPDAU   NIPDAUAG	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	0 to 70	AVF





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Orderable part number	Status (1)	Material type	Package   Pins	Package qty   Carrier	(3)	Lead finish/ Ball material	MSL rating/ Peak reflow	Op temp (°C)	Part marking (6)
TLV272CDGK.A	Active	Production	VSSOP (DGK)   8	80   TUBE	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	0 to 70	AVF
TLV272CDGK.B	Active	Production	VSSOP (DGK)   8	80   TUBE	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	0 to 70	AVF
TLV272CDGKR	Active	Production	VSSOP (DGK)   8	2500   LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU   NIPDAUAG	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	0 to 70	AVF
TLV272CDGKR.A	Active	Production	VSSOP (DGK)   8	2500   LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	0 to 70	AVF
TLV272CDGKR.B	Active	Production	VSSOP (DGK)   8	2500   LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	0 to 70	AVF
TLV272CDR	Active	Production	SOIC (D)   8	2500   LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	0 to 70	T272C
TLV272CDR.A	Active	Production	SOIC (D)   8	2500   LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	0 to 70	T272C
TLV272CDR.B	Active	Production	SOIC (D)   8	2500   LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	0 to 70	T272C
TLV272CDRG4	Active	Production	SOIC (D)   8	2500   LARGE T&R	-	Call TI	Call TI	0 to 70	
TLV272ID	Active	Production	SOIC (D)   8	75   TUBE	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	T272I
TLV272ID.A	Active	Production	SOIC (D)   8	75   TUBE	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	T272I
TLV272ID.B	Active	Production	SOIC (D)   8	75   TUBE	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	T272I
TLV272IDG4	Active	Production	SOIC (D)   8	75   TUBE	-	Call TI	Call TI	-40 to 125	
TLV272IDGK	Active	Production	VSSOP (DGK)   8	80   TUBE	Yes	NIPDAU   NIPDAUAG	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	AVG
TLV272IDGK.B	Active	Production	VSSOP (DGK)   8	80   TUBE	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	AVG
TLV272IDGKG4	Active	Production	VSSOP (DGK)   8	80   TUBE	-	Call TI	Call TI	-40 to 125	
TLV272IDGKR	Active	Production	VSSOP (DGK)   8	2500   LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU   NIPDAUAG	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	AVG
TLV272IDGKR.B	Active	Production	VSSOP (DGK)   8	2500   LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	AVG
TLV272IDR	Active	Production	SOIC (D)   8	2500   LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	T272I
TLV272IDR.A	Active	Production	SOIC (D)   8	2500   LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	T272I
TLV272IDR.B	Active	Production	SOIC (D)   8	2500   LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	T272I
TLV272IP	Active	Production	PDIP (P)   8	50   TUBE	Yes	NIPDAU	N/A for Pkg Type	-40 to 125	T272I
TLV272IP.A	Active	Production	PDIP (P)   8	50   TUBE	Yes	NIPDAU	N/A for Pkg Type	-40 to 125	T272I
TLV272IP.B	Active	Production	PDIP (P)   8	50   TUBE	Yes	NIPDAU	N/A for Pkg Type	-40 to 125	T272I
TLV274CD	Active	Production	SOIC (D)   14	50   TUBE	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	0 to 70	TLV274C
TLV274CD.B	Active	Production	SOIC (D)   14	50   TUBE	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	0 to 70	TLV274C
TLV274CDG4	Active	Production	SOIC (D)   14	50   TUBE	-	Call TI	Call TI	0 to 70	
TLV274CDR	Active	Production	SOIC (D)   14	2500   LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	0 to 70	TLV274C
TLV274CDR.B	Active	Production	SOIC (D)   14	2500   LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	0 to 70	TLV274C
TLV274CPW	Active	Production	TSSOP (PW)   14	90   TUBE	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	0 to 70	TLV274C
TLV274CPW.A	Active	Production	TSSOP (PW)   14	90   TUBE	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	0 to 70	TLV274C





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Orderable part number	Status (1)	Material type	Package   Pins	Package qty   Carrier	<b>RoHS</b> (3)	Lead finish/ Ball material	MSL rating/ Peak reflow	Op temp (°C)	Part marking (6)
TLV274CPWR	Active	Production	TSSOP (PW)   14	2000   LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	0 to 70	TLV274C
TLV274CPWR.A	Active	Production	TSSOP (PW)   14	2000   LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	0 to 70	TLV274C
TLV274CPWR.B	Active	Production	TSSOP (PW)   14	2000   LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	0 to 70	TLV274C
TLV274CPWRG4	Active	Production	TSSOP (PW)   14	2000   LARGE T&R	-	Call TI	Call TI	0 to 70	
TLV274ID	Active	Production	SOIC (D)   14	50   TUBE	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	TLV274I
TLV274ID.A	Active	Production	SOIC (D)   14	50   TUBE	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	TLV274I
TLV274ID.B	Active	Production	SOIC (D)   14	50   TUBE	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	TLV274I
TLV274IDG4	Active	Production	SOIC (D)   14	50   TUBE	-	Call TI	Call TI	-40 to 125	
TLV274IDR	Active	Production	SOIC (D)   14	2500   LARGE T&R	Yes	Call TI   Nipdau	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	TLV274I
TLV274IDR.A	Active	Production	SOIC (D)   14	2500   LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	TLV274I
TLV274IDR.B	Active	Production	SOIC (D)   14	2500   LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	TLV274I
TLV274IDRG4	Active	Production	SOIC (D)   14	2500   LARGE T&R	-	Call TI	Call TI	-40 to 125	
TLV274IN	Active	Production	PDIP (N)   14	25   TUBE	Yes	NIPDAU	N/A for Pkg Type	-40 to 125	TLV274I
TLV274IN.A	Active	Production	PDIP (N)   14	25   TUBE	Yes	NIPDAU	N/A for Pkg Type	-40 to 125	TLV274I
TLV274IN.B	Active	Production	PDIP (N)   14	25   TUBE	Yes	NIPDAU	N/A for Pkg Type	-40 to 125	TLV274I
TLV274IPW	Active	Production	TSSOP (PW)   14	90   TUBE	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	TLV274I
TLV274IPW.A	Active	Production	TSSOP (PW)   14	90   TUBE	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	TLV274I
TLV274IPW.B	Active	Production	TSSOP (PW)   14	90   TUBE	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	TLV274I
TLV274IPWG4	Active	Production	TSSOP (PW)   14	90   TUBE	-	Call TI	Call TI	-40 to 125	
TLV274IPWR	Active	Production	TSSOP (PW)   14	2000   LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	TLV274I
TLV274IPWR.A	Active	Production	TSSOP (PW)   14	2000   LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	TLV274I
TLV274IPWR.B	Active	Production	TSSOP (PW)   14	2000   LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	TLV274I

<sup>(1)</sup> Status: For more details on status, see our product life cycle.

<sup>(2)</sup> Material type: When designated, preproduction parts are prototypes/experimental devices, and are not yet approved or released for full production. Testing and final process, including without limitation quality assurance, reliability performance testing, and/or process qualification, may not yet be complete, and this item is subject to further changes or possible discontinuation. If available for ordering, purchases will be subject to an additional waiver at checkout, and are intended for early internal evaluation purposes only. These items are sold without warranties of any kind.

<sup>(3)</sup> RoHS values: Yes, No, RoHS Exempt. See the TI RoHS Statement for additional information and value definition.

## PACKAGE OPTION ADDENDUM

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(4) Lead finish/Ball material: Parts may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead finish/Ball material values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

(5) MSL rating/Peak reflow: The moisture sensitivity level ratings and peak solder (reflow) temperatures. In the event that a part has multiple moisture sensitivity ratings, only the lowest level per JEDEC standards is shown. Refer to the shipping label for the actual reflow temperature that will be used to mount the part to the printed circuit board.

(6) Part marking: There may be an additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category of the part.

Multiple part markings will be inside parentheses. Only one part marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a part. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire part marking for that device.

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#### OTHER QUALIFIED VERSIONS OF TLV271, TLV272, TLV274:

• Automotive: TLV271-Q1, TLV272-Q1, TLV274-Q1

NOTE: Qualified Version Definitions:

Automotive - Q100 devices qualified for high-reliability automotive applications targeting zero defects



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## TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION





A0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component width
В0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component length
K0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component thickness
W	Overall width of the carrier tape
P1	Pitch between successive cavity centers

#### QUADRANT ASSIGNMENTS FOR PIN 1 ORIENTATION IN TAPE



#### \*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
TLV271CDBVR	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	180.0	8.4	3.2	3.2	1.4	4.0	8.0	Q3
TLV271CDBVRG4	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	178.0	9.0	3.23	3.17	1.37	4.0	8.0	Q3
TLV271CDBVT	SOT-23	DBV	5	250	180.0	8.4	3.2	3.2	1.4	4.0	8.0	Q3
TLV271CDR	SOIC	D	8	2500	330.0	12.4	6.4	5.2	2.1	8.0	12.0	Q1
TLV271IDBVR	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	178.0	9.0	3.3	3.2	1.4	4.0	8.0	Q3
TLV271IDBVT	SOT-23	DBV	5	250	178.0	9.0	3.3	3.2	1.4	4.0	8.0	Q3
TLV271IDR	SOIC	D	8	2500	330.0	12.4	6.4	5.2	2.1	8.0	12.0	Q1
TLV272CDGKR	VSSOP	DGK	8	2500	330.0	12.4	5.3	3.4	1.4	8.0	12.0	Q1
TLV272CDGKR	VSSOP	DGK	8	2500	330.0	12.4	5.3	3.4	1.4	8.0	12.0	Q1
TLV272CDR	SOIC	D	8	2500	330.0	12.4	6.4	5.2	2.1	8.0	12.0	Q1
TLV272IDGKR	VSSOP	DGK	8	2500	330.0	12.4	5.3	3.4	1.4	8.0	12.0	Q1
TLV272IDR	SOIC	D	8	2500	330.0	12.4	6.4	5.2	2.1	8.0	12.0	Q1
TLV274CDR	SOIC	D	14	2500	330.0	16.4	6.5	9.0	2.1	8.0	16.0	Q1
TLV274CPWR	TSSOP	PW	14	2000	330.0	12.4	6.9	5.6	1.6	8.0	12.0	Q1
TLV274IDR	SOIC	D	14	2500	330.0	16.4	6.5	9.0	2.1	8.0	16.0	Q1
TLV274IPWR	TSSOP	PW	14	2000	330.0	12.4	6.9	5.6	1.6	8.0	12.0	Q1



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\*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)
TLV271CDBVR	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	210.0	185.0	35.0
TLV271CDBVRG4	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	180.0	180.0	18.0
TLV271CDBVT	SOT-23	DBV	5	250	210.0	185.0	35.0
TLV271CDR	SOIC	D	8	2500	353.0	353.0	32.0
TLV271IDBVR	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	180.0	180.0	18.0
TLV271IDBVT	SOT-23	DBV	5	250	180.0	180.0	18.0
TLV271IDR	SOIC	D	8	2500	353.0	353.0	32.0
TLV272CDGKR	VSSOP	DGK	8	2500	358.0	335.0	35.0
TLV272CDGKR	VSSOP	DGK	8	2500	364.0	364.0	27.0
TLV272CDR	SOIC	D	8	2500	353.0	353.0	32.0
TLV272IDGKR	VSSOP	DGK	8	2500	364.0	364.0	27.0
TLV272IDR	SOIC	D	8	2500	353.0	353.0	32.0
TLV274CDR	SOIC	D	14	2500	340.5	336.1	32.0
TLV274CPWR	TSSOP	PW	14	2000	353.0	353.0	32.0
TLV274IDR	SOIC	D	14	2500	353.0	353.0	32.0
TLV274IPWR	TSSOP	PW	14	2000	353.0	353.0	32.0



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## **TUBE**



\*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Name	Package Type	Pins	SPQ	L (mm)	W (mm)	T (µm)	B (mm)
TLV271CD	D	SOIC	8	75	507	8	3940	4.32
TLV271CD.A	D	SOIC	8	75	507	8	3940	4.32
TLV271ID	D	SOIC	8	75	507	8	3940	4.32
TLV271ID.B	D	SOIC	8	75	507	8	3940	4.32
TLV271IP	Р	PDIP	8	50	506	13.97	11230	4.32
TLV271IP.B	Р	PDIP	8	50	506	13.97	11230	4.32
TLV272CD	D	SOIC	8	75	507	8	3940	4.32
TLV272CD.A	D	SOIC	8	75	507	8	3940	4.32
TLV272CD.B	D	SOIC	8	75	507	8	3940	4.32
TLV272CDGK	DGK	VSSOP	8	80	330	6.55	500	2.88
TLV272CDGK.A	DGK	VSSOP	8	80	330	6.55	500	2.88
TLV272CDGK.B	DGK	VSSOP	8	80	330	6.55	500	2.88
TLV272ID	D	SOIC	8	75	507	8	3940	4.32
TLV272ID.A	D	SOIC	8	75	507	8	3940	4.32
TLV272ID.B	D	SOIC	8	75	507	8	3940	4.32
TLV272IDGK	DGK	VSSOP	8	80	330	6.55	500	2.88
TLV272IDGK.B	DGK	VSSOP	8	80	330	6.55	500	2.88
TLV272IP	Р	PDIP	8	50	506	13.97	11230	4.32
TLV272IP.A	Р	PDIP	8	50	506	13.97	11230	4.32
TLV272IP.B	Р	PDIP	8	50	506	13.97	11230	4.32
TLV274CD	D	SOIC	14	50	507	8	3940	4.32
TLV274CD.B	D	SOIC	14	50	507	8	3940	4.32
TLV274CPW	PW	TSSOP	14	90	530	10.2	3600	3.5
TLV274CPW.A	PW	TSSOP	14	90	530	10.2	3600	3.5
TLV274ID	D	SOIC	14	50	507	8	3940	4.32
TLV274ID.A	D	SOIC	14	50	507	8	3940	4.32
TLV274ID.B	D	SOIC	14	50	507	8	3940	4.32
TLV274IN	N	PDIP	14	25	506	13.97	11230	4.32
TLV274IN.A	N	PDIP	14	25	506	13.97	11230	4.32



# **PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION**

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Device	Package Name	Package Type	Pins	SPQ	L (mm)	W (mm)	T (µm)	B (mm)
TLV274IN.B	N	PDIP	14	25	506	13.97	11230	4.32
TLV274IPW	PW	TSSOP	14	90	530	10.2	3600	3.5
TLV274IPW.A	PW	TSSOP	14	90	530	10.2	3600	3.5
TLV274IPW.B	PW	TSSOP	14	90	530	10.2	3600	3.5





#### NOTES:

- 1. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.

  2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.

  3. This dimension does not include mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs shall not
- exceed 0.15 mm, per side.
- 4. This dimension does not include interlead flash. Interlead flash shall not exceed 0.43 mm, per side.
- 5. Reference JEDEC registration MS-012, variation AB.





NOTES: (continued)

6. Publication IPC-7351 may have alternate designs.

7. Solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads can vary based on board fabrication site.



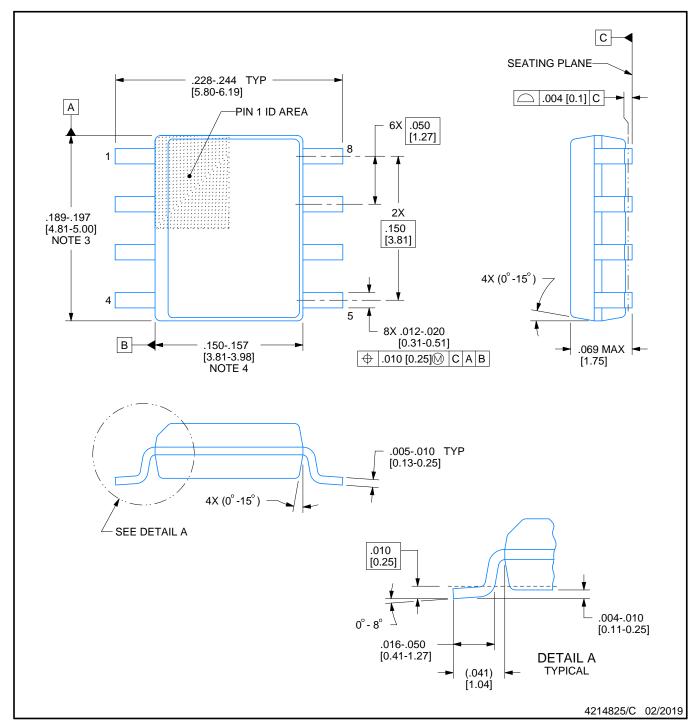


NOTES: (continued)

- 8. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release. IPC-7525 may have alternate design recommendations.
- 9. Board assembly site may have different recommendations for stencil design.







#### NOTES:

- 1. Linear dimensions are in inches [millimeters]. Dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Controlling dimensions are in inches. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.
- 2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- 3. This dimension does not include mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs shall not exceed .006 [0.15] per side.
- 4. This dimension does not include interlead flash.
- 5. Reference JEDEC registration MS-012, variation AA.



SMALL OUTLINE INTEGRATED CIRCUIT



NOTES: (continued)

6. Publication IPC-7351 may have alternate designs.

7. Solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads can vary based on board fabrication site.



SMALL OUTLINE INTEGRATED CIRCUIT



- 8. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release. IPC-7525 may have alternate design recommendations.
- 9. Board assembly site may have different recommendations for stencil design.



# P (R-PDIP-T8)

## PLASTIC DUAL-IN-LINE PACKAGE



- A. All linear dimensions are in inches (millimeters).
- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. Falls within JEDEC MS-001 variation BA.



## N (R-PDIP-T\*\*)

## PLASTIC DUAL-IN-LINE PACKAGE

16 PINS SHOWN



- A. All linear dimensions are in inches (millimeters).
- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- Falls within JEDEC MS-001, except 18 and 20 pin minimum body length (Dim A).
- The 20 pin end lead shoulder width is a vendor option, either half or full width.







- 1. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Any dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.

  2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.

  3. This dimension does not include mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs shall not
- exceed 0.15 mm per side.
- 4. This dimension does not include interlead flash. Interlead flash shall not exceed 0.25 mm per side.
- 5. Reference JEDEC registration MO-153.



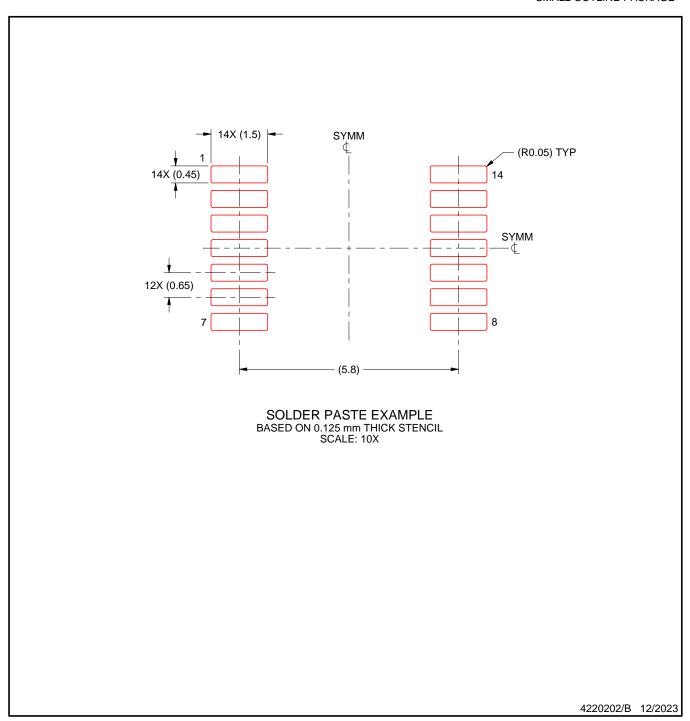


NOTES: (continued)

6. Publication IPC-7351 may have alternate designs.

7. Solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads can vary based on board fabrication site.





- 8. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release. IPC-7525 may have alternate design recommendations.
- 9. Board assembly site may have different recommendations for stencil design.





SMALL OUTLINE TRANSISTOR



- 1. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Any dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.
  2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
  3. Reference JEDEC MO-178.

- 4. Body dimensions do not include mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs shall not exceed 0.25 mm per side.
- 5. Support pin may differ or may not be present.



SMALL OUTLINE TRANSISTOR



NOTES: (continued)

6. Publication IPC-7351 may have alternate designs.

7. Solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads can vary based on board fabrication site.



SMALL OUTLINE TRANSISTOR



- 8. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release. IPC-7525 may have alternate design recommendations.
- 9. Board assembly site may have different recommendations for stencil design.







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- 1. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Any dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.

  2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.

  3. This dimension does not include mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs shall not
- exceed 0.15 mm per side.
- 4. This dimension does not include interlead flash. Interlead flash shall not exceed 0.25 mm per side.
- 5. Reference JEDEC registration MO-187.





- 6. Publication IPC-7351 may have alternate designs.
- 7. Solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads can vary based on board fabrication site.
- 8. Vias are optional depending on application, refer to device data sheet. If any vias are implemented, refer to their locations shown on this view. It is recommended that vias under paste be filled, plugged or tented.
- 9. Size of metal pad may vary due to creepage requirement.





- 11. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release. IPC-7525 may have alternate design recommendations.
- 12. Board assembly site may have different recommendations for stencil design.



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