

PS2

Final Draft

1.

(a): removing $e^{g(m)}$

$$W(z) = \sum_{t=1}^{40} 0.99^{12t} \left[\sum_{m=1}^{12} \beta^{m-1} \frac{(e^{-0.2/2} \cdot u \cdot e^{-0.2/2} \cdot \epsilon_t)^{1-\eta}}{1-\eta} \right]$$

If $\eta=1$ $u(c) = \ln c$

$$W(z) = \sum_{t=1}^{40} 0.99^{12t} \left[\sum_{m=1}^{12} \beta^{m-1} (-0.2 + \ln u + \ln \epsilon_t) \right]$$

$$\ln u \sim \mathcal{N}(0, 0.2) \quad \ln \epsilon_t \sim \mathcal{N}(0, 0.2)$$

$$\therefore W(z) = \sum_{t=1}^{40} 0.99^{12t} \left[\sum_{m=1}^{12} \beta^{m-1} (0.2) \right]$$

Δ (若展开所有项, 最终得所有 $\ln u$ 的均值均为 0)

$$(b): W(z) = \sum_{t=1}^{40} \beta^{12t} \left[\sum_{m=1}^{12} \beta^{m-1} (\ln(e^{-\frac{\sigma_u^2}{2}} \cdot u \cdot e^{\frac{\sigma_\epsilon^2}{2}})) \right]$$

$$= \sum_{t=1}^{40} \beta^{12t} \left[\sum_{m=1}^{12} \beta^{m-1} (-0.1 + g(m)) \right]$$

(d): $\eta=2$ removing $e^{g(m)}$

(a): $u(C_{mit}) = -C_{mit}^{-1}$

$$u(C_{mit}) = -(e^{-\frac{\sigma_u^2}{2}} \cdot u \cdot e^{-\frac{\sigma_\epsilon^2}{2}} \cdot \epsilon_t)^{-1}$$

Δ ($e^{-\frac{\sigma_u^2}{2}} \cdot u$ - expectation = 1, $e^{-\frac{\sigma_\epsilon^2}{2}} \cdot \epsilon_t$ - expectation = 1)

$$C_{mit} = -1$$

$$W(z) = \sum_{t=1}^{40} \beta^{12t} \left[\sum_{m=1}^{12} \beta^{m-1} (-1) \right]$$

$\eta=4$ removing $e^{g(m)}$

$$u(C_{mit}) = \frac{C_{mit}^{-3}}{-3} = -\frac{1}{3} C_{mit}^{-3}$$

$$C_{mit} = -1$$



$$u(-1) = -\frac{1}{3}(-1)^{-3} = \frac{1}{3}$$

$$W(z) = \sum_{t=1}^{40} \beta^{12t} \left[\sum_{m=1}^{12} \beta^{m-1} \left(\frac{1}{3} \right) \right]$$

Diagn. lost

$$\eta = 2 \quad \text{removing } e^{-\frac{\sigma_u^2}{2}} \cdot \epsilon_t$$

$$C_{mit} = z \cdot e^{g(m)}$$

$$\Delta \quad (E[z] = 1)$$

$$X \quad u(C_{mit}) = -\frac{1}{3} (e^{g(m)})^{-3}$$

$$X \quad W(z) = \sum_{t=1}^{40} \beta^{12t} \left[\sum_{m=1}^{12} \beta^{m-1} \left(-\frac{1}{3} \cdot e^{g(m)} \right)^{-3} \right]$$

$$\eta = 4$$

2. removing seasonal component: same with 1(a)

(b). removing nonseasonal component:

$$C_{mit} = z (e^{g(m)} \cdot e^{-\frac{\sigma_u^2}{2}} \epsilon_t)$$

$$= e^{-\frac{\sigma_u^2}{2}} \cdot u \cdot (e^{g(m)} \cdot e^{-\frac{\sigma_m^2}{2}} \cdot \epsilon_m)$$

$$\eta = 1$$

$$u(C_{mit}) = \ln(C_{mit}) = \ln(e^{-\frac{\sigma_u^2}{2}} \cdot u \cdot e^{g(m)} \cdot e^{-\frac{\sigma_m^2}{2}} \cdot \epsilon_m)$$

$$= -\frac{\sigma_u^2}{2} + \ln u + g(m) - \frac{\sigma_m^2}{2} + \ln \epsilon_m$$

$$= -0.1 + 0 + g(m) - \frac{1}{2} \cdot (\sigma_m^2) + 0$$

$$W(z) = \sum_{t=1}^{40} \beta^{12t} \left[\sum_{m=1}^{12} \beta^{m-1} (-0.1 + g(m) - \frac{1}{2} (\sigma_m^2)) \right]$$



$$\eta = 2$$

$$C_{m,t} = e^{-\frac{\sigma_u^2}{2}} \cdot u \cdot e^{g(m)} \cdot e^{-\frac{\sigma_m^2}{2}} \cdot \epsilon_m$$

Δ

$$u(C_{m,t}) = - \left(e^{g(m)} \cdot e^{-\frac{\sigma_m^2}{2}} \right)^{-1}$$

$$= - \left(e^{-g(m)} \cdot e^{\frac{\sigma_m^2}{2}} \right)$$

$$= - \left(e^{-g(m) + \frac{\sigma_m^2}{2}} \right)$$

$$W(z) = \sum_{t=1}^{T_0} \beta^{12t} \left[\sum_{t=1}^{12} \beta^{m-1} \left(-e^{-g(m) + \frac{\sigma_m^2}{2}} \right) \right]$$

$$\eta = 4$$

$$u(C_{m,t}) = -\frac{1}{3} \left(e^{g(m) - \frac{\sigma_m^2}{2}} \right)^{-3}$$

$$= -\frac{1}{3} \left(e^{-3(g(m) - \frac{\sigma_m^2}{2})} \right)$$

$$W(z) = \sum_{t=1}^{T_0} \beta^{12t} \left[\sum_{t=1}^{12} \beta^{m-1} \left(-e^{-3(g(m) - \frac{\sigma_m^2}{2})} \right) \right]$$

Q2: isolating consumption
(a)

$$W(z) = \sum_{t=1}^{T_0} \beta^{12t} [u(C_{m,t})]$$

$$u(C_{m,t}) = \ln C_{m,t}$$

$$= \ln \left(e^{-\frac{\sigma_u^2}{2}} \cdot u \cdot e^{g(m)} \cdot e^{-\frac{\sigma_m^2}{2}} \cdot \epsilon_m \right)$$

$$= -\frac{\sigma_u^2}{2} + \ln u + g(m) - \frac{\sigma_m^2}{2} + \ln \epsilon_m$$

$$\begin{array}{ccccc} | & | & | & | & | \\ -0.1 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 \end{array}$$

$$u(C_{m,t}) = -0.1$$

$$W(z) = \sum_{t=1}^{T_0} \beta^{12t} [-0.1 \times 12]$$

P3



∴ isolating leisure

$$u(h_{m,t}) = -K \cdot \frac{1}{2} \left(e^{-\frac{\sigma_u^2}{2} \cdot \xi_u \cdot e^{g(m)}} \cdot e^{\frac{\sigma_m^2}{2} \cdot \xi_m} \right)^2$$
$$= -K \cdot \frac{1}{2} \cdot e^2$$

$$\Delta = -28.5 \times 30/7 \times \frac{1}{2} e^2$$

$$W(\Sigma) = \sum_{t=1}^{40} \beta^{12t} [12 \cdot (-28.5 \times 30/7 \times \frac{1}{2} e^2)]$$

(b): isolating consumption — same with (a)

isolating leisure — same with (b)

$$u(h_{m,t}) = -K \cdot \frac{1}{2} \left(e^{-\frac{\sigma_u^2}{2} \cdot \xi_u \cdot e^{g(m)}} \cdot e^{\frac{\sigma_m^2}{2} \cdot \xi_m} \right)^2$$
$$= -K \cdot \frac{1}{2} \cdot e$$

— same with (a).

