

lime::md::market_feed_interface

```
#include <library/citrus.h>

template
<
    network_mode T
> class market_feed_interface;
```

Creates a network interface which can be used to join Citrus 2.0 multicasts using either kernel based networking or kernel bypass (efvi) based networking.

Template parameter:

T – A value from the enumeration network_mode. Specifies kernel or kernel bypass (efvi).

```
enum class network_mode : std::uint32_t
{
    undefined      = 0,
    kernel_bypass  = 1,
    kernel         = 2
};
```

Specializations:

```
template class lime::md::market_feed_interface<lime::md::network_mode::kernel>;
template class lime::md::market_feed_interface<lime::md::network_mode::kernel_bypass>;
```

Public Member Functions:

market_feed_interface()	Constructs the market_feed_interface using default configuration
market_feed_interface(configuration const &);	Constructs the market_feed_interface using custom configuration
~market_feed_interface();	Destructs the market_feed_interface
void poll();	Polls the sockets established through this market_feed_interface
void receive();	Processes the messages contained within the next multicast packet available to any socket established through this market_feed_interface
bool is_valid() const;	Returns true if this instance of market_feed_interface is valid
template <market_feed_concept recipient, typename ... Ts> std::unique_ptr<recipient> join_multicast(std::string, Ts && ...);	Creates an instance of the specified recipient type providing Ts ... to the constructor of that recipient. Joins the specified multicast and routes all messages received on that multicast to the newly created instance of the recipient.

lime::md::market_feed_interface<T>::**market_feed_interface**

market_feed_interface() : market_feed_interface(configuration()){} (1)
--

market_feed_interface(configuration const &); (2)

Constructs a new market_feed_interface.

- 1) The default constructor delegates to (2) using the default configuration settings.
- 2) constructs using the specified configuration settings.

struct lime::md::market_feed_interface<T>::configuration

```
static auto constexpr default_max_socket_capacity      = 256ull;
static auto constexpr default_max_buffer_heap_capacity = 1ull << 16;

struct configuration
{
    std::string    networkInterfaceName_;
    std::uint64_t  maxSocketCapacity_{default_max_socket_capacity};
    std::uint64_t  maxBufferHeapCapacity_{default_max_buffer_heap_capacity};
};
```

std::string configuration::networkInterfaceName_;	The name of the physical network interface to use. Example: "eth0" If this value is empty then a best attempt is used to select an appropriate existing physical network interface name.
std::uint64_t configuration::maxSocketCapacity_;	The maximum number of multicast which can be join using this instance of a market_feed_interface<T>.
std::uint64_t configuration::maxBufferHeapCapacity_;	Each instance of market_feed_interface<T> has its own dedicated network packet buffer heap. This value determines how large this heap shall be.

lime::md::market_feed_interface<T>::~~**market_feed_interface**

~market_feed_interface(); (1)

1) A destructor. Destruits the market_feed_interface and leaves any joined multicasts.

lime::md::market_feed_interface<T>::poll

void poll(); (1)

1) Each instance of a market_feed_interface<T> has one poller. For T = network_mode::kernel, the poller uses ::epoll(). For T = network_mode::kernel_bypass, the poller uses ef_eventq_poll().

Invoking market_feed_interface<T>::poll() will poll the sockets associated with this instance and schedule the selected sockets to receive those packets. To receive those packets see [market_feed_interface<T>::receive\(\)](#).

lime::md::market_feed_interface<T>::receive

void receive(); (1)

1) Processes the next packet available to the next socket which has been selected via a call to `lime::md::market_feed_interface<T>::poll()`. The packet is parsed and each message is forwarded to the message receiver associated with the specific socket.

Note: `market_feed_interface<T>::receive()` is thread safe. Therefore, calling `market_feed_interface<T>::receive()` from multiple threads in parallel can result in parallel message callbacks from two or more associated `citrius_market_feed<T>`.

lime::md::market_feed_interface<T>::**is_valid**

bool is_valid() const; (1)

1) Returns true if the market_feed_interface<T> is in a valid state. Returns false, otherwise.

lime::md::market_feed_interface<T>::**join_multicast**

template <market_feed_concept recipient, typename ... Ts> std::unique_ptr<recipient> join_multicast(std::string, Ts && ...);	(1)
---	-----

Creates an instance of type `recipient` (forwarding `Ts && ...` as arguments to the recipient constructor) and returns a `std::unique_ptr` to that instance. Joins the specified multicast and routes all received Citrus 2.0 messages from that multicast to that instance of recipient. Upon destruction of the instance of recipient, the associated socket will be closed and the multicast join will be terminated.

The recipient type must satisfy `market_feed_concept`.

lime::md::citrius_market_feed

```
#include <library/citrius.h>
```

```
template
```

```
<
    typename recipient,
    market_feed_traits_concept market_feed_traits_type,
    bool allow_polymorphic_recipient = false
> class market_feed;
```

```
template <typename recipient>
```

```
using citrius_market_feed = market_feed<recipient, lime::md::citrius_market_feed_traits>;
```

Creates a new `citrius_market_feed` instance and routes all Citrius 2.0 messages received on from it to an instance of the specified `recipient` type. `citrius_market_feed` is a partial specialization of class `market_feed<>`.

Template parameter:

recipient – A type which can receive Citrius 2.0 messages by implementing an accessible overload of `recipient::operator()(message_type const &) const`;

<code>citrius_market_feed(configuration const &, event_handlers const &);</code>	Constructs the object and configures and assigns event handlers as requested.
<code>void close();</code>	Closes the underlying socket, leaving the multicast

Concepts:

```
template <typename T> concept market_feed_concept =
std::is_base_of_v<market_feed<typename T::recipient, typename T::market_feed_traits,
T::allow_polymorphic_target>, T>;
```

Notes:

`citrius_market_feed` routes Citrius messages to the receiver using a `reinterpret_cast<>`. Therefore the `recipient` type must not be polymorphic as `reinterpret_cast<>` would fail. If `recipient` type must be polymorphic then

`struct lime::md::citrius_market_feed<T>::configuration`

```
static auto constexpr default_receive_buffer_size = ((1ull << 20) * 64);  
  
struct configuration  
{  
    std::string    socketAddress_;  
    std::uint64_t  receiveBufferSize_{default_receive_buffer_size};  
};
```

<code>std::string configuration::socketAddress_;</code>	The multicast address to join.
<code>std::uint64_t configuration::receiveBufferSize_;</code>	Sets the underlying UDP socket's RX buffer size.

struct lime::md::citrius_market_feed<T>::event_handlers

```
using data_error_handler = std::function<void(market_feed const &, std::span<char const>)>;
using close_handler = std::function<void(market_feed const &)>;
using sequence_gap_handler = std::function<void(market_feed const &, sequence_number, std::uint64_t)>;
```

```
struct event_handlers
{
    data_error_handler    dataErrorHandler_;
    sequence_gap_handler  sequenceGapHandler_;
    close_handler         closeHandler_;
};
```

data_error_handler dataErrorHandler_;	Callback when invalid Citrius 2.0 data has been encountered.
sequence_gap_handler sequenceGapHandler_;	Callback when a sequence gap (packet loss) has happened on the associated Citrius 2.0 multicast feed.
close_handler closeHandler_;	Callback when the citrius_market_feed closes.