Modular Analysis

Joonhyup Lee

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1 Syntax and Semantics

1.1 Abstract Syntax

$$
\begin{array}{llll}
\text{Identifiers} & x & \in & \text{Var} \\
\text{Expression} & e & \rightarrow & x \mid \lambda x.e \mid e\,e \qquad \lambda\text{-calculus} \\
& & \mid & e \bowtie e \qquad\qquad \text{linked expression} \\
& & \mid & \varepsilon \qquad\qquad\quad\; \text{empty module} \\
& & \mid & x = e \;;\; e \qquad \text{(recursive) binding}
\end{array}
$$

Figure 1: Abstract syntax of the language.

1.2 Operational Semantics

$$
\begin{array}{llll}
\text{Environment} & \sigma & \in & \text{Env} \\
\text{Location} & \ell & \in & \text{Loc} \\
\text{de Bruijn Index} & n & \in & \mathbb{N} \\
\text{Value} & v & \in & \text{Val} \triangleq \text{Env} + \text{Var} \times \text{Expr} \times \text{Env} \\
\text{Weak Value} & w & \in & \text{WVal} \triangleq \text{Val} + \underline{\text{Val}} \\
\text{Environment} & \sigma & \rightarrow & \bullet \qquad\qquad\qquad\quad \text{empty stack} \\
& & \mid & (x, w) :: \sigma \qquad\quad \text{weak value binding} \\
& & \mid & (x, \ell) :: \sigma \qquad\quad\; \text{free location binding} \\
& & \mid & (x, n) :: \sigma \qquad\quad \text{bound location binding} \\
\text{Value} & v & \rightarrow & \sigma \qquad\qquad\qquad\quad \text{exported environment} \\
& & \mid & \langle \lambda x.e, \sigma \rangle \qquad\quad\; \text{closure} \\
\text{Weak Value} & w & \rightarrow & v \qquad\qquad\qquad\quad \text{value} \\
& & \mid & \mu.v \qquad\qquad\qquad \text{recursive value}
\end{array}
$$

Figure 2: Definition of the semantic domains.

$$\boxed{\sigma \vdash e \Downarrow v}$$

$$
\begin{array}{cc}
\textsc{Id} & \textsc{RecId} \\
\dfrac{\sigma(x) = v}{\sigma \vdash x \Downarrow v} & \dfrac{\sigma(x) = \mu.v}{\sigma \vdash x \Downarrow v^{\mu.v}}
\end{array}
\qquad
\textsc{Fn}\;\dfrac{}{\sigma \vdash \lambda x.e \Downarrow \langle \lambda x.e, \sigma \rangle}
\qquad
\textsc{App}\;\dfrac{\sigma \vdash e_1 \Downarrow \langle \lambda x.e, \sigma_1 \rangle \quad \sigma \vdash e_2 \Downarrow v_2 \quad (x, v_2) :: \sigma_1 \vdash e \Downarrow v}{\sigma \vdash e_1\,e_2 \Downarrow v}
$$

$$
\textsc{Link}\;\dfrac{\sigma \vdash e_1 \Downarrow \sigma_1 \quad \sigma_1 \vdash e_2 \Downarrow v}{\sigma \vdash e_1 \bowtie e_2 \Downarrow v}
\qquad
\textsc{Empty}\;\dfrac{}{\sigma \vdash \varepsilon \Downarrow \bullet}
\qquad
\textsc{Bind}\;\dfrac{\ell \notin \text{FLoc}(\sigma) \quad (x, \ell) :: \sigma \vdash e_1 \Downarrow v_1 \quad (x, \mu.\,^{\backslash \ell}v_1) :: \sigma \vdash e_1 \Downarrow \sigma_2}{\sigma \vdash x = e_1; e_2 \Downarrow (x, \mu.\,^{\backslash \ell}v_1) :: \sigma_2}
$$

Figure 3: The big-step operational semantics.

We use the locally nameless representation, and enforce that all values be *locally closed*. As a consequence, the big-step operational semantics will be *deterministic*, no matter what ℓ is chosen in the Bind rule.

1.3 Reconciling with Conventional Backpatching

$$
\begin{array}{rccll}
\text{Environment} & \sigma & \in & \text{MEnv} \triangleq \text{Var} \xrightarrow{\text{fin}} \text{Loc} \\
\text{Memory} & m & \in & \text{Mem} \triangleq \text{Loc} \xrightarrow{\text{fin}} \text{MVal} \\
\text{Allocated set} & L & \subseteq & \text{Loc} \\
\text{Value} & v & \in & \text{MVal} \triangleq \text{MEnv} + \text{Var} \times \text{Expr} \times \text{MEnv} \\
\text{Environment} & \sigma & \to & \bullet & \text{empty stack} \\
& & | & (x, \ell) :: \sigma & \text{location binding} \\
\text{Value} & v & \to & \sigma & \text{exported environment} \\
& & | & \langle \lambda x.e, \sigma \rangle & \text{closure}
\end{array}
$$

Figure 4: Definition of the semantic domains with memory.

$$\boxed{\sigma, m, L \vdash e \Downarrow v, m', L'}$$

$$
\text{ID} \quad \frac{\sigma(x) = \ell \qquad m(\ell) = v}{\sigma, m, L \vdash x \Downarrow v, m, L} \qquad
\text{FN} \quad \frac{}{\sigma, m, L \vdash \lambda x.e \Downarrow \langle \lambda x.e, \sigma \rangle, m, L}
$$

$$
\text{APP} \quad \frac{\sigma, m, L \vdash e_1 \Downarrow \langle \lambda x.e, \sigma_1 \rangle, m_1, L_1 \qquad \sigma, m_1, L_1 \vdash e_2 \Downarrow v_2, m_2, L_2 \qquad \ell \notin \text{dom}(m_2) \cup L_2 \\ (x, \ell) :: \sigma_1, m_2[\ell \mapsto v_2], L_2 \vdash e \Downarrow v, m', L'}{\sigma, m, L \vdash e_1\, e_2 \Downarrow v, m', L'}
$$

$$
\text{LINK} \quad \frac{\sigma, m, L \vdash e_1 \Downarrow \sigma_1, m_1, L_1 \qquad \sigma_1, m_1, L_1 \vdash e_2 \Downarrow v, m', L'}{\sigma, m, L \vdash e_1 \rtimes e_2 \Downarrow v, m', L'} \qquad
\text{EMPTY} \quad \frac{}{\sigma, m, L \vdash \varepsilon \Downarrow \bullet, m, L}
$$

$$
\text{BIND} \quad \frac{\ell \notin \text{dom}(m) \cup L \qquad (x, \ell) :: \sigma, m, L \cup \{\ell\} \vdash e_1 \Downarrow v_1, m_1, L_1 \\ (x, \ell) :: \sigma, m_1[\ell \mapsto v_1], L_1 \vdash e_2 \Downarrow \sigma_2, m', L'}{\sigma, m, L \vdash x = e_1; e_2 \Downarrow (x, \ell) :: \sigma_2, m', L'}
$$

Figure 5: The big-step operational semantics with memory.

$$\boxed{w \sim_f v, m}$$

$$
\text{EQ-NIL} \quad \frac{}{\bullet \sim_f \bullet} \qquad
\text{EQ-CONSFREE} \quad \frac{\ell \notin \text{dom}(f) \qquad \ell \notin \text{dom}(m) \qquad \sigma \sim_f \sigma'}{(x, \ell) :: \sigma \sim_f (x, \ell) :: \sigma'} \qquad
\text{EQ-CONSBOUND} \quad \frac{f(\ell) = \ell' \qquad \ell' \in \text{dom}(m) \qquad \sigma \sim_f \sigma'}{(x, \ell) :: \sigma \sim_f (x, \ell') :: \sigma'}
$$

$$
\text{EQ-CONSWVAL} \quad \frac{m(\ell') = v' \qquad w \sim_f v' \qquad \sigma \sim_f \sigma'}{(x, w) :: \sigma \sim_f (x, \ell') :: \sigma'} \qquad
\text{EQ-CLOS} \quad \frac{\sigma \sim_f \sigma'}{\langle \lambda x.e, \sigma \rangle \sim_f \langle \lambda x.e, \sigma' \rangle} \qquad
\text{EQ-REC} \quad \frac{L \text{ finite} \qquad m(\ell') = v' \qquad \forall \ell \notin L,\ v^\ell \sim_{f[\ell \mapsto \ell']} v'}{\mu.v \sim_f v'}
$$

Figure 6: The equivalence relation between weak values in the original semantics and values in the semantics with memory. $f \in \text{Loc} \xrightarrow{\text{fin}} \text{Loc}$ tells what the free locations in w that were *opened* should be mapped to in memory. m is omitted for brevity.

The semantics in Figure 3 makes sense due to similarity with a conventional backpatching semantics as presented in Figure 5. We have defined a relation $\sim$ that satisfies:

$$\sim \subseteq \text{WVal} \times (\text{MVal} \times \text{Mem} \times \mathcal{P}(\text{Loc})) \qquad \bullet \sim (\bullet, \emptyset, \emptyset)$$

and the following theorem:

Theorem 1.1 (Equivalence of semantics). For all $\sigma \in \text{Env}, \sigma' \in \text{MEnv} \times \text{Mem} \times \mathcal{P}(\text{Loc}), v \in \text{Val}, v' \in \text{MVal} \times \text{Mem} \times \mathcal{P}(\text{Loc})$, we have:

$$\sigma \sim \sigma' \text{ and } \sigma \vdash e \Downarrow v \Rightarrow \exists v' : v \sim v' \text{ and } \sigma' \vdash e \Downarrow v'$$
$$\sigma \sim \sigma' \text{ and } \sigma' \vdash e \Downarrow v' \Rightarrow \exists v : v \sim v' \text{ and } \sigma \vdash e \Downarrow v$$

The definition for $w \sim (\sigma, m, L)$ is:

$$w \sim_\perp (\sigma, m) \text{ and } \text{FLoc}(w) \subseteq L$$

where the definition for $\sim_f$ is given in Figure 6.

The proof of Theorem 1.1 uses some useful lemmas, such as:

Lemma 1.1 (Free locations not in f are free in memory).

$$w \sim_f v', m \Rightarrow m|_{\text{FLoc}(w) - \text{dom}(f)} = \perp$$

Lemma 1.2 (Equivalence is preserved by extension of memory).

$$w \sim_f v', m \text{ and } m \sqsubseteq m' \text{ and } m'|_{\text{FLoc}(w) - \text{dom}(f)} = \perp \Rightarrow w \sim_f v', m$$

Lemma 1.3 (Equivalence only cares about f on free locations).

$$w \sim_f v', m \text{ and } f|_{\text{FLoc}(w)} = f|_{\text{FLoc}(w)} \Rightarrow w \sim_{f'} v', m$$

Lemma 1.4 (Extending equivalence on free locations).

$$w \sim_f v', m \text{ and } \ell \notin \text{dom}(f) \text{ and } \ell \notin \text{dom}(m) \Rightarrow \forall u', w \sim_{f[\ell \mapsto \ell]} v', m[\ell \mapsto u']$$

Lemma 1.5 (Substitution of values).

$$w \sim_f v', m \text{ and } f(\ell) = \ell' \text{ and } m(\ell') = u' \text{ and } u \sim_{f - \ell} u', m \Rightarrow w[u/\ell] \sim_{f - \ell} v', m$$

Lemma 1.6 (Substitution of locations).

$$w \sim_f v', m \text{ and } \ell \in \text{dom}(f) \text{ and } \nu \notin \text{FLoc}(w) \Rightarrow w[\nu/\ell] \sim_{f \circ (\nu \leftrightarrow \ell)} v', m$$

2 Generating and Resolving Events

Now we formulate the semantics for generating events.

	Event	E	$\rightarrow$	Init	initial environment
			$\|$	Read(E, x)	read event
			$\|$	Call(E, v)	call event
	Environment	σ	$\rightarrow$	$\cdots$	
			$\|$	$[E]$	answer to an event
	Value	v	$\rightarrow$	$\cdots$	
			$\|$	E	answer to an event

Figure 7: Definition of the semantic domains with events. All other semantic domains are equal to Figure 2.

We extend how to read weak values given an environment.

$$\bullet(x) \triangleq \perp \qquad\qquad ((x', \ell) :: \sigma)(x) \triangleq (x = x'?\ell : \sigma(x))$$
$$[E](x) \triangleq \text{Read}(E, x) \qquad\qquad ((x', w) :: \sigma)(x) \triangleq (x = x'?w : \sigma(x))$$

Then we need to add only one rule to the semantics in Figure 3 for the semantics to incorporate events.

$$\frac{\text{AppEvent}}{\sigma \vdash e_1 \Downarrow E \qquad \sigma \vdash e_2 \Downarrow v}{\sigma \vdash e_1\, e_2 \Downarrow \text{Call}(E, v)}$$

Now we need to formulate the *concrete linking* rules. The concrete linking rule $\sigma_0 \bowtie w$, given an answer σ_0 to the Init event, resolves all events within w to obtain a set of final results.

Concrete linking makes sense because of the following theorem. First define:

$$\text{eval}(e, \sigma) \triangleq \{v | \sigma \vdash e \Downarrow v\} \qquad \text{eval}(e, \Sigma) \triangleq \bigcup_{\sigma \in \Sigma} \text{eval}(e, \sigma) \qquad \sigma_0 \bowtie W \triangleq \bigcup_{w \in W} (\sigma_0 \bowtie w)$$

Then the following holds:

$$\boxed{\infty \in \mathrm{Env} \to \mathrm{Event} \to \mathcal{P}(\mathrm{Val})}$$

$$\sigma_0 \infty \mathsf{Init} \triangleq \{\sigma_0\}$$

$$\sigma_0 \infty \mathsf{Read}(E, x) \triangleq \{v_+ | \sigma_+ \in \sigma_0 \infty E \wedge \sigma_+(x) = v_+\}$$
$$\cup \{v_+{}^{\mu.v_+} | \sigma_+ \in \sigma_0 \infty E \wedge \sigma_+(x) = \mu.v_+\}$$

$$\sigma_0 \infty \mathsf{Call}(E, v) \triangleq \{v'_+ | \langle \lambda x.e, \sigma_+ \rangle \in \sigma_0 \infty E \wedge v_+ \in \sigma_0 \infty v \wedge (x, v_+) :: \sigma_+ \vdash e \Downarrow v'_+\}$$
$$\cup \{\mathsf{Call}(E_+, v_+) | E_+ \in \sigma_0 \infty E \wedge v_+ \in \sigma_0 \infty v\}$$

$$\boxed{\infty \in \mathrm{Env} \to \mathrm{Env} \to \mathcal{P}(\mathrm{Env})}$$

$$\sigma_0 \infty \bullet \triangleq \{\bullet\}$$

$$\sigma_0 \infty (x, \ell) :: \sigma \triangleq \{(x, \ell) :: \sigma_+ | \sigma_+ \in \sigma_0 \infty \sigma\}$$

$$\sigma_0 \infty (x, w) :: \sigma \triangleq \{(x, w_+) :: \sigma_+ | w_+ \in \sigma_0 \infty w \wedge \sigma_+ \in \sigma_0 \infty \sigma\}$$

$$\sigma_0 \infty [E] \triangleq \{\sigma_+ | \sigma_+ \in \sigma_0 \infty E\} \cup \{[E_+] | E_+ \in \sigma_0 \infty E\}$$

$$\boxed{\infty \in \mathrm{Env} \to \mathrm{Val} \to \mathcal{P}(\mathrm{Val})}$$

$$\sigma_0 \infty \langle \lambda x.e, \sigma \rangle \triangleq \{\langle \lambda x.e, \sigma_+ \rangle | \sigma_+ \in \sigma_0 \infty \sigma\}$$

$$\boxed{\infty \in \mathrm{Env} \to \mathrm{WVal} \to \mathcal{P}(\mathrm{WVal})}$$

$$\sigma_0 \infty \mu.v \triangleq \{\mu.{}^{\setminus \ell} v_+ | \ell \notin \mathrm{FLoc}(v) \cup \mathrm{FLoc}(\sigma_0) \wedge v_+ \in \sigma_0 \infty v^\ell\}$$

Figure 8: Definition for concrete linking.

Theorem 2.1 (Soundness of concrete linking). Given $e \in \mathrm{Expr}, \sigma \in \mathrm{Env}, v \in \mathrm{Val}$,

$$\forall \sigma_0 \in \mathrm{Env} : \mathrm{eval}(e, \sigma_0 \infty \sigma) \subseteq \sigma_0 \infty \mathrm{eval}(e, \sigma)$$

The proof of Theorem 2.1 uses some useful lemmas, such as:

Lemma 2.1 (Linking distributes under substitution). Let σ_0 be the external environment that is linked with locally closed weak values w and u. For all $\ell \notin \mathrm{FLoc}(\sigma_0)$, we have:

$$\forall w_+, u_+ : w_+ \in \sigma_0 \infty w \wedge u_+ \in \sigma_0 \infty u \Rightarrow \{u_+ \leftarrow \ell\} w_+ \in \sigma_0 \infty \{u \leftarrow \ell\} w$$

Lemma 2.2 (Linking is compatible with reads). Let σ_0 be the external environment that is linked with some environment σ. Let v be the value obtained from reading x from σ. Let $\mathrm{unfold} : \mathrm{WVal} \to \mathrm{Val}$ be defined as:

$$\mathrm{unfold}(\mu.v) \triangleq v^{\mu.v} \qquad \mathrm{unfold}(v) \triangleq v$$

Then for all $\sigma_+ \in \sigma_0 \infty \sigma$, we have:

$$\exists w_+ \in \mathrm{WVal} : \sigma_+(x) = w_+ \wedge \mathrm{unfold}(w_+) \in \sigma_0 \infty v$$

3 CFA

$$
\begin{array}{rcll}
\text{Program point} & p & \in & \mathbb{P} \triangleq \{\text{finite set of program points}\} \\
\text{Labelled expression} & pe & \in & \mathbb{P} \times \text{Expr} \\
\text{Labelled location} & \ell^p & \in & \mathbb{P} \times \text{Loc} \\
\text{Collecting semantics} & t & \in & \mathbb{T} \triangleq \mathbb{P} \to \mathcal{P}(\text{Env} + \text{Env} \times \text{Val}) \\
\text{Labelled expression} & pe & \to & \{p : e\} \\
\text{Expression} & e & \to & x \mid \lambda x.pe \mid pe\ pe \mid pe \bowtie pe \mid \varepsilon \mid x = pe; pe
\end{array}
$$

$$\boxed{\text{Step} : \mathbb{T} \to \mathbb{T}}$$

$$
\text{Step}(t) \triangleq \bigcup_{p \in \mathbb{P}} \text{step}(t, p)
$$

$$\boxed{\text{step} : (\mathbb{T} \times \mathbb{P}) \to \mathbb{T}}$$

$$
\begin{aligned}
\text{step}(t,p) \triangleq &[p \mapsto \{(\sigma, v) \mid \sigma \in t(p) \text{ and } \sigma(x) = v\}] && \text{when } \{p : x\} \\
& \cup [p \mapsto \{(\sigma, v^{\mu.v}) \mid \sigma \in t(p) \text{ and } \sigma(x) = \mu.v\}] \\
\text{step}(t,p) \triangleq &[p \mapsto \{(\sigma, \langle \lambda x.p', \sigma \rangle) \mid \sigma \in t(p)\}] && \text{when } \{p : \lambda x.p'\} \\
\text{step}(t,p) \triangleq &[p_1 \mapsto \{\sigma \in \text{Env} \mid \sigma \in t(p)\}] && \text{when } \{p : p_1\ p_2\} \\
& \cup [p_2 \mapsto \{\sigma \in \text{Env} \mid \sigma \in t(p)\}] \\
& \cup \bigcup_{\sigma \in t(p)} \bigcup_{(\sigma, \langle \lambda x.p', \sigma_1 \rangle) \in t(p_1)} [p' \mapsto \{(x, v_2) :: \sigma_1 \mid (\sigma, v_2) \in t(p_2)\}] \\
& \cup [p \mapsto \bigcup_{\sigma \in t(p)} \bigcup_{(\sigma, \langle \lambda x.p', \sigma_1 \rangle) \in t(p_1)} \bigcup_{(\sigma, v_2) \in t(p_2)} \{(\sigma, v) \mid ((x, v_2) :: \sigma_1, v) \in t(p')\}] \\
& \cup [p \mapsto \bigcup_{\sigma \in t(p)} \{(\sigma, \mathsf{Call}(E_1, v_2)) \mid (\sigma, E_1) \in t(p_1) \text{ and } (\sigma, v_2) \in t(p_2)\}] \\
\text{step}(t,p) \triangleq &[p_1 \mapsto \{\sigma \mid \sigma \in t(p)\}] && \text{when } \{p : p_1 \bowtie p_2\} \\
& \cup [p_2 \mapsto \bigcup_{\sigma \in t(p)} \{\sigma_1 \mid (\sigma, \sigma_1) \in t(p_1)\}] \\
& \cup [p \mapsto \bigcup_{\sigma \in t(p)} \bigcup_{(\sigma, \sigma_1) \in t(p_1)} \{(\sigma, v_2) \mid (\sigma_1, v_2) \in t(p_2)\}] \\
\text{step}(t,p) \triangleq &[p \mapsto \{(\sigma, \bullet) \mid \sigma \in t(p)\}] && \text{when } \{p : \varepsilon\} \\
\text{step}(t,p) \triangleq &[p_1 \mapsto \{(x, \ell^{p_1}) :: \sigma \mid \sigma \in t(p) \text{ and } \ell \notin \text{FLoc}(\sigma)\}] && \text{when } \{p : x = p_1; p_2\} \\
& \cup [p_2 \mapsto \{(x, \mu^{p_1}.^{\backslash \ell} v_1) :: \sigma \mid \sigma \in t(p) \text{ and } ((x, \ell^{p_1}) :: \sigma, v_1) \in t(p_1)\}] \\
& \cup [p \mapsto \bigcup_{\sigma \in t(p)} \{(\sigma, (x, \mu^{p_1}.^{\backslash \ell} v_1) :: \sigma_2) \mid ((x, \mu^{p_1}.^{\backslash \ell} v_1) :: \sigma, \sigma_2) \in t(p_2)\}]
\end{aligned}
$$

The proof tree t computed by

$$
t \triangleq \text{lfp}(\lambda t.\text{Step}(t) \cup t_{\text{init}}) \quad \text{where } t_{\text{init}} = [p_0 \mapsto \{\sigma_0\}]
$$

contains all derivations of the form $\sigma_0 \vdash p_0 \Downarrow v_0$ for some v_0. That is, (σ, v) is contained in $t_0(p)$ if and only if $\sigma \vdash p \Downarrow v$ must be contained in a valid derivation for the judgment $\sigma_0 \vdash p_0 \Downarrow v_0$.

$$
\begin{array}{rcll}
\text{Abstract event} & E^{\#} & \in & \text{Event}^{\#} \\
\text{Abstract environment} & \sigma^{\#} & \in & \text{Env}^{\#} \triangleq (\text{Var} \xrightarrow{\text{fin}} \mathcal{P}(\mathbb{P})) \times \mathcal{P}(\text{Event}^{\#}) \\
\text{Abstract closure} & \langle \lambda x.p, p' \rangle & \in & \text{Clos}^{\#} \triangleq \text{Var} \times \mathbb{P} \times \mathbb{P} \\
\text{Abstract value} & v^{\#} & \in & \text{Val}^{\#} \triangleq \text{Env}^{\#} \times \mathcal{P}(\text{Clos}^{\#}) \\
\text{Abstract semantics} & t^{\#} & \in & \mathbb{T}^{\#} \triangleq \mathbb{P} \to \text{Env}^{\#} \times \text{Val}^{\#} \\
\text{Abstract event} & E^{\#} & \to & \text{Init}^{\#} \mid \text{Read}^{\#}(p, x) \mid \text{Call}^{\#}(p, p)
\end{array}
$$

The concretization function γ that sends an element of $\mathbb{T}^{\#}$ to $\mathbb{T}$ is defined as:

$$
\gamma(t^{\#}) \triangleq \lambda p.\{\sigma \mid \sigma \leq (t^{\#}(p).1, t^{\#})\} \cup \{(\sigma, v) \mid \sigma \leq (t^{\#}(p).1, t^{\#}) \text{ and } v \leq (t^{\#}(p).2, t^{\#})\}
$$

where $\leq$ is the concretization relation that is inductively defined in Figure 9.

$$\boxed{\sigma \le (\sigma^\#, t^\#)}$$

CONC-NIL
$$\overline{\bullet \le \sigma^\#}$$

CONC-ENIL
$$\frac{E \le (\sigma^\#, \emptyset)}{[E] \le \sigma^\#}$$

CONC-CONSLOC
$$\frac{p \in \sigma^\#.1(x) \qquad \sigma \le \sigma^\#}{(x, \ell^p) :: \sigma \le \sigma^\#}$$

CONC-CONSWVAL
$$\frac{p \in \sigma^\#.1(x) \qquad w \le t^\#(p).2 \qquad \sigma \le \sigma^\#}{(x, w) :: \sigma \le \sigma^\#}$$

$$\boxed{w \le (v^\#, t^\#)}$$

CONC-CLOS
$$\frac{\langle \lambda x.p, p' \rangle \in v^\#.2 \qquad \sigma \le t^\#(p').1}{\langle \lambda x.p, \sigma \rangle \le v^\#}$$

CONC-REC
$$\frac{\forall \ell, \; v^{\ell^p} \le v^\#}{\mu^p.v \le v^\#}$$

CONC-INIT
$$\frac{\mathsf{Init}^\# \in v^\#.1.2}{\mathsf{Init} \le v^\#}$$

CONC-READ
$$\frac{\mathsf{Read}^\#(p, x) \in v^\#.1.2 \qquad [E] \le t^\#(p).1}{\mathsf{Read}(E, x) \le v^\#}$$

CONC-CALL
$$\frac{\mathsf{Call}^\#(p_1, p_2) \in v^\#.1.2 \qquad E \le t^\#(p_1).2 \qquad v \le t^\#(p_2).2}{\mathsf{Call}(E, v) \le v^\#}$$

Figure 9: The concretization relation between weak values and abstract values. $t^\#$ is omitted.

Now the abstract semantic function can be given.

$$\boxed{\mathrm{Step}^\# : \mathbb{T}^\# \to \mathbb{T}^\#}$$

$$\mathrm{Step}^\#(t^\#) \triangleq \bigsqcup_{p \in \mathbb{P}} \mathrm{step}^\#(t^\#, p)$$

$$\boxed{\mathrm{step}^\# : (\mathbb{T}^\# \times \mathbb{P}) \to \mathbb{T}^\#}$$

$$\mathrm{step}^\#(t^\#, p) \triangleq [p \mapsto \bigsqcup_{p' \in t^\#(p).1.1(x)} (\bot, t^\#(p').2)] \qquad \text{when } \{p : x\}$$
$$\sqcup [p \mapsto (\bot, (([], \{\mathsf{Read}^\#(p, x)\}), \emptyset))] \qquad \text{if } t^\#(p).1.2 \ne \emptyset$$

$$\mathrm{step}^\#(t^\#, p) \triangleq [p \mapsto (\bot, (\bot, \{\langle \lambda x.p', p \rangle\}))] \qquad \text{when } \{p : \lambda x.p'\}$$

$$\mathrm{step}^\#(t^\#, p) \triangleq [p_1 \mapsto (t^\#(p).1, \bot)] \qquad \text{when } \{p : p_1 \, p_2\}$$
$$\sqcup [p_2 \mapsto (t^\#(p).1, \bot)]$$
$$\sqcup \bigsqcup_{\langle \lambda x.p', p'' \rangle \in t^\#(p_1).2.2} [p' \mapsto (t^\#(p'').1 \sqcup ([x \mapsto \{p_2\}], \emptyset), \bot)]$$
$$\sqcup [p \mapsto \bigsqcup_{\langle \lambda x.p', \_ \rangle \in t^\#(p_1).2.2} (\bot, t^\#(p').2)]$$
$$\sqcup [p \mapsto (\bot, (([], \{\mathsf{Call}^\#(p_1, p_2)\}), \emptyset))] \qquad \text{if } t^\#(p_1).2.1.2 \ne \emptyset$$

$$\mathrm{step}^\#(t^\#, p) \triangleq [p_1 \mapsto (t^\#(p).1, \bot)] \qquad \text{when } \{p : p_1 \bowtie p_2\}$$
$$\sqcup [p_2 \mapsto (t^\#(p_1).2.1, \bot)]$$
$$\sqcup [p \mapsto (\bot, t^\#(p_2).2)]$$

$$\mathrm{step}^\#(t^\#, p) \triangleq \bot \qquad \text{when } \{p : \varepsilon\}$$

$$\mathrm{step}^\#(t^\#, p) \triangleq [p_1 \mapsto (t^\#(p).1 \sqcup ([x \mapsto \{p_1\}], \emptyset), \bot)] \qquad \text{when } \{p : x = p_1; p_2\}$$
$$\sqcup [p_2 \mapsto (t^\#(p).1 \sqcup ([x \mapsto \{p_1\}], \emptyset), \bot)]$$
$$\sqcup [p \mapsto (\bot, (t^\#(p_2).2.1 \sqcup ([x \mapsto \{p_1\}], \emptyset), \emptyset))]$$

The abstract proof tree $t^\#$ computed by

$$t^\# \triangleq \mathrm{lfp}(\lambda t^\#.\mathrm{Step}^\#(t^\#) \sqcup t^\#_{\mathrm{init}}) \quad \text{where } t_{\mathrm{init}} \sqsubseteq \gamma(t^\#_{\mathrm{init}})$$

is a sound abstraction of t.

Now we define a sound linking operator that abstracts $\rtimes$. Assume we have

$$\sigma_0 \le (\sigma^\#_0, t^\#_0) \quad t \sqsubseteq \gamma(t^\#)$$

we define:

$$\sigma_0 \rtimes t \triangleq \lambda p. (\sigma_0 \rtimes t(p))$$

6

We want to define $\infty^{\#}$ so that the following holds:

$$\sigma_0 \infty t \sqsubseteq \gamma((\sigma_0^{\#}, t_0^{\#}) \infty^{\#} t^{\#})$$

This is defined by

$$(\sigma_0^{\#}, t_0^{\#}) \infty^{\#} t^{\#} \triangleq \mathrm{lfp}(\lambda t_+^{\#}.\mathsf{Step}^{\#}(t_+^{\#}) \sqcup \mathrm{Link}^{\#}(\sigma_0^{\#}, \mathsf{E}(t^{\#}), t_+^{\#}) \sqcup t_0^{\#} \sqcup \mathsf{V}(t^{\#}))$$

where

$$\mathsf{E}(t^{\#}) \in \mathbb{P} \to \mathcal{P}(\mathrm{Event}^{\#})^2 \quad \mathsf{V}(t^{\#}) \in \mathbb{T}^{\#} \quad \mathrm{Link}^{\#}(\sigma^{\#}, \mathcal{E}, t^{\#}) \in \mathbb{T}^{\#}$$

are defined by

$$\mathsf{E}(t^{\#}) \triangleq \lambda p.(t^{\#}(p).1.2, t^{\#}(p).2.1.2) \quad \mathsf{V}(t^{\#}) \triangleq \lambda p.((t^{\#}(p).1.1, \emptyset), ((t^{\#}(p).2.1.1, \emptyset), t^{\#}(p).2.2))$$

and

$$\mathrm{Link}^{\#}(\sigma^{\#}, \mathcal{E}, t^{\#}) \triangleq \bigsqcup_{E^{\#} \in \mathcal{E}(p).1} \mathrm{link}_1^{\#}(\sigma^{\#}, E^{\#}, t^{\#}, p) \sqcup \bigsqcup_{E^{\#} \in \mathcal{E}(p).2} \mathrm{link}_2^{\#}(\sigma^{\#}, E^{\#}, t^{\#}, p)$$

where

$$\mathrm{link}_1^{\#}(\sigma^{\#}, E^{\#}, t^{\#}, p) \in \mathbb{T}^{\#} \quad \mathrm{link}_2^{\#}(\sigma^{\#}, E^{\#}, t^{\#}, p) \in \mathbb{T}^{\#}$$

are defined by

$$\mathrm{link}_1^{\#}(\sigma^{\#}, E^{\#}, t^{\#}, p) \triangleq [p \mapsto (\sigma^{\#}, \bot)] \qquad \text{when } E^{\#} = \mathsf{Init}^{\#}$$

$$\mathrm{link}_1^{\#}(\sigma^{\#}, E^{\#}, t^{\#}, p) \triangleq [p \mapsto \bigsqcup_{p'' \in t^{\#}(p').1.1(x)} (t^{\#}(p'').2.1, \bot)] \qquad \text{when } E^{\#} = \mathsf{Read}^{\#}(p', x)$$

$$\sqcup [p \mapsto (([], \{\mathsf{Read}^{\#}(p, x)\}), \bot)] \qquad \text{if } t^{\#}(p).1.2 \neq \emptyset$$

$$\mathrm{link}_1^{\#}(\sigma^{\#}, E^{\#}, t^{\#}, p) \triangleq \bigsqcup_{\langle \lambda x.p', p'' \rangle \in t^{\#}(p_1).2.2} [p' \mapsto (t^{\#}(p'').1 \sqcup ([x \mapsto \{p_2\}], \emptyset), \bot)] \quad \text{when } E^{\#} = \mathsf{Call}^{\#}(p_1, p_2)$$

$$\sqcup [p \mapsto \bigsqcup_{\langle \lambda x.p', \_ \rangle \in t^{\#}(p_1).2.2} (t^{\#}(p').2.1, \bot)]$$

$$\sqcup [p \mapsto (([], \{\mathsf{Call}^{\#}(p_1, p_2)\}), \bot)] \qquad \text{if } t^{\#}(p_1).2.1.2 \neq \emptyset$$

$$\mathrm{link}_2^{\#}(\sigma^{\#}, E^{\#}, t^{\#}, p) \triangleq [p \mapsto (\bot, (\sigma^{\#}, \emptyset))] \qquad \text{when } E^{\#} = \mathsf{Init}^{\#}$$

$$\mathrm{link}_2^{\#}(\sigma^{\#}, E^{\#}, t^{\#}, p) \triangleq [p \mapsto \bigsqcup_{p'' \in t^{\#}(p').1.1(x)} (\bot, t^{\#}(p'').2)] \qquad \text{when } E^{\#} = \mathsf{Read}^{\#}(p', x)$$

$$\sqcup [p \mapsto (\bot, (([], \{\mathsf{Read}^{\#}(p, x)\}), \emptyset))] \qquad \text{if } t^{\#}(p).1.2 \neq \emptyset$$

$$\mathrm{link}_2^{\#}(\sigma^{\#}, E^{\#}, t^{\#}, p) \triangleq \bigsqcup_{\langle \lambda x.p', p'' \rangle \in t^{\#}(p_1).2.2} [p' \mapsto (t^{\#}(p'').1 \sqcup ([x \mapsto \{p_2\}], \emptyset), \bot)] \quad \text{when } E^{\#} = \mathsf{Call}^{\#}(p_1, p_2)$$

$$\sqcup [p \mapsto \bigsqcup_{\langle \lambda x.p', \_ \rangle \in t^{\#}(p_1).2.2} (\bot, t^{\#}(p').2)]$$

$$\sqcup [p \mapsto (\bot, (([], \{\mathsf{Call}^{\#}(p_1, p_2)\}), \emptyset))] \qquad \text{if } t^{\#}(p_1).2.1.2 \neq \emptyset$$