

**Bio control:: Mass production****Preparation of Talc based products, Air drying of formulation and Estimation of Moisture content****Flowchart****a) *Tichoderma viride***

The fungal biomass collected from fermentor is mixed with talc powder at 1:2 ratio. The mixture is air dried in shade and mixed with carboxy methyl cellulose (CMC) @ 5 g / kg the product. It is packed in polythene bags and should be used within 4 months.

Quality control parameters:

1. Fresh product should contain not less than 28×10^6 cfu / g
2. After 4 months of storage at room temperature, the population should be 20×10^6 cfu / g.
3. Maximum storage period in talc is 4 months.
4. The talc size should be 500 microns
5. The product should be packed in polythene bags
6. Moisture content of the final product should not be more than 20%

b) *Bacillus subtilis*

The broth containing the bacteria is collected from fermentors and mixed with 250 kgs of sterilized neat soil for 100 lit of broth. Then 37 kgs of calcium carbonate is added thoroughly mixed, dried in shade and packed in polythene bags. This can be stored upto 6 months.

C. *Pseudomonas fluorescens*

The broth containing the bacterial growth is collected from fermentor and added @ 400 ml / kg of talc powder. Then CMC is added @ 5 g /kg mixed well air dried to 20% moisture level and packed in polythene bags.

Quality control parameters:

1. Fresh produce should contain 2.5×10^8 cfu/g
2. After 3 months of storage at room temperature the population should be $8-9 \times 10^7$ cfu/g
3. Storage period is 3-4 months
4. Minimum population load should be 1.0×10^8 cfu /g
5. Moisture content should not exceed 20% in the final product
6. Population per ml of the broth should be 2×10^8 cfu /g

Crop	Pathogen	PGPR	Reference
Rice	<i>R. solani</i>	<i>P. fluorescens</i>	Radjacommaré et al., 2002
	<i>P. grisea</i>		Nandakumar et al., 2001
Hot pepper and Tomato	<i>Pythium spp</i>	<i>P. fluorescens</i>	Ramamoorthy et al., 2002a
Tomato	<i>F. oxysporum f.sp. lycopersici</i>		Ramamoorthy et al., 2002b
Chilli	<i>Colletotrichum capsici</i>	<i>P. fluorescens</i>	Bharathi et al., 2004
		<i>B. subtilis</i>	
Grape vine	<i>Botrytis cinerea</i>	<i>Pseudomonas</i> sp	Barka et al., 2002
Tomato	Tomato spotted wilt virus	<i>P. fluorescens</i>	Kandan et al., 2002
Mango	<i>C. gloeosporoides</i>	<i>P. fluorescens</i>	Vivekanandan et al., 2004
		<i>B. subtilis</i>	

Crop	Pathogen	PGPR	Reference
Carnation and Flax	<i>Fusarium</i> sp	<i>P. putida</i>	Duijff et al., 1999
Radish	<i>Fusarium</i> sp	<i>P. putida</i>	Boer et al., 2003
Wheat	<i>Gaeumannomyces graminis</i> var. <i>tritici</i>	<i>Pseudomonas</i> sp	Duffy and Weller., 1995
Radish, Arabidopsis	<i>F. oxysporum f.sp. raphani</i>	<i>P. fluorescens</i>	Pieterse et al., 1996
Radish	<i>F. oxysporum f.sp. raphani</i>	<i>P. fluorescens</i>	Leeman et al., 1995
Sugarcane	<i>Colletotrichum falcatum</i>	<i>Pseudomonas</i> sp	Viswanathan and Samiyappan, 2001
Ragi	<i>Pyricularia grisea</i>	<i>P. fluorescens</i>	Radjacommaré et al., 2004