



**Scheme Guidelines  
for  
CENTRAL SECTOR SCHEME  
of  
Financing facility under 'Agriculture Infrastructure Fund'**



**Revised Scheme Guidelines**

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**Department of Agriculture & Farmers Welfare  
Ministry of Agriculture & Farmers Welfare  
Government of India**

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# **Scheme Guidelines for CENTRAL SECTOR SCHEME of financing facility under 'Agriculture Infrastructure Fund'**

## **1 Introduction**

The role of infrastructure is crucial for agriculture development and for taking the production dynamics to the next level. It is only through the development of infrastructure, especially at the post-harvest stage that the produce can be optimally utilized with opportunity for value addition and fair deal for the farmers. Development of such infrastructure shall also address the vagaries of nature, the regional disparities, development of human resource and realization of full potential of our limited land resource.

In view of above, the Hon'ble Finance Minister announced on 15.05.2020, ₹1 lakh crore Agri Infrastructure Fund for farm-gate infrastructure for farmers. Financing facility of ₹ 1,00,000 crore will be provided for funding Agriculture Infrastructure Projects at farm-gate & aggregation points Primary Agricultural Cooperative Societies, Farmers Producer Organizations, Agriculture entrepreneurs, Start-ups, etc. Impetus for development of farm-gate & aggregation point, affordable and financially viable Post Harvest Management infrastructure.

Accordingly, DA&FW has formulated the Central Sector Scheme to mobilize a medium - long term debt financing facility for investment in viable projects relating to post-harvest management Infrastructure and viable farming assets through incentives and financial support.

Subsequently, in the budget announcement made on 01.02.2021, it was decided to extend the benefit of the scheme to APMCs. Accordingly, modifications in the scheme were carried out with the approval of Cabinet to make it more inclusive.

## **2 Rationale of the Scheme**

Agriculture and allied activities are the primary income source for ~58% of total population of India. ~85% of the farmers are Small Holding Farmers (SHFs) with less than 2 hectares of land under cultivation and manage ~45% of agricultural land. Annual income of

majority of the farmers is very low. Further, India has limited infrastructure connecting farmers to markets and hence, 15-20% of yield is wasted which is relatively high in comparison to other countries where it ranges between 5-15%. Investment in agriculture in India has further been stagnant with less than 2% CAGR over last 5 years. Investment in FY17 was ~ ₹ 2.19 lakh crore out of which private sector share was ~83% vs. a higher investment of ~ ₹ 2.50 lakh crore in FY14 and a higher share of private sector at ~88%. Also, lack of investor confidence is leading to lower plowback ratio (~14% of Gross Value addition in FY18) vs. other sectors (~33% of Gross Value addition in FY18).

### **3 Objectives of the Scheme**

To mobilize a medium - long term debt financing facility for investment in viable projects for post-harvest management Infrastructure and viable farming assets through incentives and financial support in order to improve agriculture infrastructure in the country. This financing facility will fulfil numerous objectives for all the stakeholders in the agriculture eco-system.

- a. Farmers (including FPOs, PACS, Marketing Cooperative Societies, Multipurpose cooperative societies, State Agencies, Agricultural Produce Market Committees (Mandis), National & State Federations of Cooperatives, Federations of FPOs and Federations of Self Help Groups (SHGs) etc.).
  - Improved marketing infrastructure to allow farmers to sell directly to a larger base of consumers and hence, increase value realization for the farmers. This will improve the overall income of farmers.
  - With investments in logistics infrastructure, farmers will be able to sell in the market with reduced post-harvest losses and a smaller number of intermediaries. This further will make farmers independent through improved access to market.
  - With modern packaging and cold storage system access, farmers will be able to further decide when to sell in the market and improve realization.
  - Viable farming assets for improved productivity and optimization of inputs will result in substantial savings to farmers.
- b. Government
  - Government will be able to direct priority sector lending in the currently unviable projects by supporting through interest subvention, incentive through convergence and credit guarantee. This will initiate the cycle of innovation and

private sector investment in agriculture.

- Due to improvements in post-harvest infrastructure, government will further be able to reduce national food wastage percentage thereby enable agriculture sector to become competitive with current global levels.
- Central/State Government Agencies or local bodies will be able to structure viable projects on their own or PPP projects for attracting investment in agriculture infrastructure.

c. Agri-entrepreneurs and startups

- With a dedicated source of funding, entrepreneurs will push for innovation in agriculture sector by leveraging new age technologies including IoT, AI, etc.
- It will also connect the players in ecosystem and hence, improve avenues for collaboration between entrepreneurs and farmers.

d. Banking ecosystem

- With Credit Guarantee, convergence and interest subvention lending institutions will be able to lend with a lower risk. This scheme will help to enlarge their customer base and diversification of portfolio.
- Refinance facility will enable larger role for cooperative banks and RRBs.

e. Consumers

- With reduced inefficiencies in post-harvest ecosystem, key benefit for consumers will be a larger share of produce reaching the market and hence, better quality and prices. Overall, the investment via the financing facility in agriculture infrastructure will benefit all the stakeholders in the eco-system.

#### **4 Implementation Period of Scheme**

The Scheme will be operational from 2020-21 to 2032-33. Loan disbursement under the scheme will complete in six years, i.e. by the end of Financial Year 2025-26. As on 30<sup>th</sup> June 2024, ₹43,391 crores have been sanctioned, out of which ₹28,171 crores have been disbursed under the scheme. Remaining ₹71,829 crores out of ₹1 lakh crores will be disbursed during the remaining period between 2024-25 and 2025-26. Repayment period covered under the financing facility will be for a maximum period of 7 years including the moratorium period of up to 2 years.

## 5 Government Budgetary Support

Budgetary support will be provided for interest subvention and credit guarantee fee as also administrative cost of PMU. The details are as below:-

Sl.No.	Name of Component	Norms
1	Interest Subvention Cost	All loans under this financing facility will have interest subvention of 3% per annum up to a limit of ₹ 2 crore. This subvention will be available for a maximum period of 7 years. In case of loans beyond ₹ 2 crore, then interest subvention will be limited up to ₹ 2 crore.
2	Credit Guarantee Cost	Credit guarantee coverage will be available for eligible borrowers from this financing facility under Credit Guarantee Fund Trust for Micro and Small Enterprises (CGTMSE) scheme for a loan up to ₹ 2 crore. The fee for this coverage will be paid by the Government. In case of FPOs the credit guarantee may be availed from the facility created under FPO promotion scheme of DA&FW and NABSanrakshan Trustee Company Pvt. Ltd. However, FPOs are also eligible for reimbursement of credit guarantee fee under AIF.
3	Administration Cost of PMU	Farmers Welfare Programme Implementation Society under DA&FW will provide PMU support to the scheme at the central level. With the financial assistance from DA&FW, each of the States/ UTs will set-up PMUs in their respective states for creation of awareness, identifying potential clusters, mobilization of applications, review of all the stakeholders, and providing all necessary

		handholding support under the scheme.
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## 6 Eligible Projects

The scheme will facilitate setting up and modernization of key elements of the value chain including

### A. Post-Harvest Management Projects

- Supply chain services including e-marketing platforms
- Warehouse & Silos
- Cold Stores and Cold Chain
- Packaging Units
- Assaying Units
- Sorting and grading units
- Logistic Facilities- Reefer Van & Insulated vehicles
- Ripening Chambers
- Farm residue/waste management infrastructures
- Primary Processing activities\* (See table 1)
- Integrated primary and secondary processing activities\*\* (See table 1)

### B. Viable Farming Assets

- Organic inputs production – Vermicomposting etc.
- Compressed Biogas ( CBG) Plant
- Bio stimulant production units
- Infrastructure for smart and precision agriculture -Purchase of drones, boom sprayer, putting up specialized sensors on field, Blockchain and AI in agriculture etc. ,Remote sensing and Internet of Things (IOT) such as automatic weather station, Farm advisory services through GIS applications.
- Nursery
- Tissue culture
- Seed Processing
- Custom Hiring Center –farm machinery/ implements ( *minimum of 4 in quantity*)
- Farm/Harvest Automation (*combine harvester, sugarcane harvester etc.*)
- Setting up of Decentralized Ground/ Stilt Mounted Grid Connected Solar based Power Plants (PM-KUSUM component A)
- Standalone solar pumping system (PM-KUSUM component B)
- Solarization of grid connected agri-pump under PM-KUSUM component C
- Integrated Spirulina production & processing units
- Sericulture processing unit
- Honey processing
- Plant quarantine units
- Projects identified for providing supply chain infrastructure for clusters of crops including export clusters.
- Projects promoted by Central/State/Local Governments or their agencies under PPP for building viable farming assets or post-harvest management projects.
- Hydroponic Farming
- Mushroom farming

- Vertical farming
- Aeroponic farming
- Poly house/ Greenhouse
- Logistics facilities (including non-refrigerated/insulated vehicles)<sup>#</sup>
- Tractor<sup>#</sup>

*Note 1: Solarization of any of the eligible infrastructure can also be financed under AIF.*

*Note 2: Digital Connectivity and optic fiber infrastructure shall be eligible investment as part of development of the aforementioned eligible projects.*

*\*\*Note 3: Standalone secondary processing infrastructures are not eligible.*

*#Note 4: Not eligible for individuals/ farmers*

*Note 5: Component-A of PM-KUSUM eligible for Individual farmers/ Group of farmers/ FPOs/ Cooperatives/ Panchayats to set up solar power plants of capacity up to 2 MW on barren/cultivable/uncultivable/pasturelands or marshy lands.*

**Table 1 Crop wise Eligible Activities**

Sl. No.	Crops	Eligible Primary Processing Activities*	Eligible Integrated Secondary Processing Activities**	Ineligible activities
1	Cereals & Millets <i>Wheat, Rice, Sorghum, Barley, Maize, Oat, Etc.</i>	Cleaning, De-Stoning, Sorting & Grading, Hulling, Milling (Flour, Maida, Sooji, Daliya), Pounding, Grinding, Tempering, Parboiling, Soaking, Drying, Sieving, Irradiation, Packaging, Flaking, Storage (Warehouse, Silos)	Products like Bread, Biscuits, Pasta, snack foods etc., starch, Oat Meal, Sorghum Syrup, vinegar, Roasted, Fortified, Puffed products, animal feed	Malting and alcoholic beverage making
2	Fruits And Vegetables	Washing, Cleaning, Drying, Sorting, Grading, Freezing (IQF & Blast), Blanching For Primary Processing, Cooling, Waxing, Conditioning, Pack house, Cold Store, Ripening Chamber, Reefer Van, Bucket Elevators, Packaging	fruit juices, pulp, ketchup, fruit concentrates, Jams, jellies, Candies, marmalades, fruit fillings, and canned fruits. Canned vegetables, vegetable juices, pickles, chutneys, and vegetable purees., vinegar, dehydrated fruit and vegetables, Fruit and Vegetable Powders & flour	Alcoholic beverage making
3	Oilseeds & Oil Palms <i>Groundnut, Rapeseed &amp; Mustard, Soybean, Sunflower, Sesame, Safflower, Linseed, Olives, Oil Palm Etc.</i>	Cleaning, De-Stoning, De-Husking, (Decorticating Machines), Winnowing, Oil Extraction (Ghani, Hydraulic Press etc.), Solvent Extraction, Oil Seed Cake	Refining	Oil-based lubricants, Biodiesel
	Pulses	Cleaning, De-Stoning, Drying,	Pulse-based snacks (roasted	Pulse-based



Sl. No.	Crops	Eligible Primary Processing Activities*	Eligible Integrated Secondary Processing Activities**	Ineligible activities
4	<i>Bengal Gram , Pigeon Peas, Green Gram, Chick Peas, Black Gram, Red Kidney Beans, Black Eyed Peas, White Peas Etc.</i>	Sorting & Grading, De-Husking, Splitting, De-Hulling, Milling (Besan) , Irradiation, Packaging, Storage	chickpeas, lentil chips, and pea crisps), Canned pulses, guar gum, Pulse-based flake, animal feed, ready to cook & ready to eat foods, Papads etc.	protein powders
5	Spices <i>Red Chilli, Cumin, Clove, Coriander, Cinnamon, Garlic, Ginger, Turmeric, Fenugreek, Cardamom Etc.</i>	Cleaning, Drying, Sorting, Boiling, Polishing, Grinding, Packaging, Storage, Irradiation	Spice pastes, Spices mix, extracts and essential oils, Infused oils and vinegars, Pickled spices	
6	<b>Cash Crops</b>			
	Cotton	Cleaning, Drying, Ginning, Pressing & Bailing, Linting, Cotton Seed Oil, Seed Cake	Fibre Making, Fibre scouring	Weaving ,Textiles, plastics, synthetic rubber,
	Sugarcane	Cane Unloading, Cleaning, Cane Breaking, Cane Milling, Straining, Evaporators, Centrifugation, Storage Tanks, Dryers, Sugar Crystals, Jaggery, Packaging & Storage		Making Paper & Board with Bagasse, Fermentation, Alcoholic Distillation
	Jute	Cutting, Retting, Stripping, Washing, Drying, Bailing, Packing, Storage	Jute rope making	Making Jute Cloth, Bags, Sacks
	Tea & Coffee & Cocoa	Cleaning & Washing, Withering, Rolling, Fermentation, Drying, Sorting, Drying Of Cherries, Hulling, Pulping, Oxidation, Packaging (Including Tea Bags) , White Tea, Green Tea, Black Tea	Cocoa butter, Cocoa bar, Instant/ beaten coffee	Cosmetic products such as scrub, body wash etc.
	Coconut	Dehusking, Deshelling, Cutting, Drying (Copra) , Grinding, Extraction Of Coconut Water, Coconut Milk Extraction, Centrifugation, Hot Processing, Virgin Coconut Oil, Packaging	Butter, coir rope making	Cream
	Rubber	Mastication, Mixing, Shaping, Curing, Irradiation		Products like Tyres, Mattresses, Bottles, Boots etc.
	Tobacco	Cleaning, Grading, Sorting, Curing, Drying, Storage		Making of Chew, Cigars, Dips Etc.
7	Nuts <i>Cashew , Almonds, Walnuts, Pistachios etc</i>	Cleaning, Grading, Streaming In Boiler, Shell Cutting, Drying, Peeling, Grading, Packaging, Shelling, Separation,	Nut butter, roasted nuts, nut milk, nut flour, candied nuts, and nut oils and snacks.	

Sl. No.	Crops	Eligible Primary Processing Activities*	Eligible Integrated Secondary Processing Activities**	Ineligible activities
		Packaging, Hulling, Washing, Drying, Storage, Packaging, Conveying Belts		
8	Herbal, Medicinal & Aromatic Crops <i>Barberry, Liquorice, Bael, Isabgol, Guggal, Kerth, Aonla, Chandan, Senna, Baiberang, Brahmi, Eucalyptus, Jatamansi Etc.</i>	Cleaning, Sorting, Drying, Milling, Extraction Of Oil, Packaging, Storage	Syrup	Herbal supplements like capsules, tablets, or other forms, Pills, Cream,
9	Bamboo	Drying, Cutting, Stripping, Formation Of Sheets, Bamboo Charcoal , Powder, Granules, Bamboo Treatment Plant, Bamboo Depots & Godown	Processed Food Products like Pickles, ready to eat Etc., Products such as Fibre, etc.	Furniture, Bamboo textiles, agarbatti
10	Fodder Crops <i>Berseem, Forage Sorghum, Etc.</i>	Cutting, Mixing, Grinding	Feed blocks, Fodder meals, Hay cubes and pellets	Protein concentrates
11	Tuber Crops <i>Sweet Potatoes, Cassava Etc.</i>	Peeling And Washing, Grating, Fermentation, Drying, Sieving, Milling, Storage	Chips, flour, Starch	Alcoholic Products
12	Arecanut	Cleaning, Dehusking, Peeling, Splitting, Boiling, Drying, Packaging		Hardboard, Insulation Wool, Cushions, Paper, Paper Board etc.

*Note: The above list is illustrative only and not exhaustive.*

## 7 Size of the financing facility and eligible beneficiaries

₹ 1 Lakh Crore to be provided by banks and financial institutions as loans to Primary Agricultural Credit Societies (PACS), Marketing Cooperative Societies, Farmer Producers Organizations(FPOs), Self Help Group (SHG), Farmers, Joint Liability Groups (JLG), Multipurpose Cooperative Societies, Agri-entrepreneurs, Startups and Central/State agency or Local Body sponsored Public Private Partnership Projects, State Agencies, Agricultural Produce Market Committees (Mandis), National & State Federations of Cooperatives,

Federations of FPOs (Farmer Produce Organizations) and Federations of Self Help Groups (SHGs). APMCs operating regulated markets for agriculture and allied sector produce including fisheries shall also be eligible.

PACS who have adopted digitization for handling its operations will be given preference under this scheme.

## **8 Number of Projects per entity eligible under the scheme**

Interest subvention for a loan upto ₹2 crore in one location is eligible under the scheme. Multiple projects in one location are also eligible with an overall cap of ₹2 crore. In case, one eligible entity puts up projects in different locations then all such projects will be eligible under the scheme for loan upto ₹2 crore. However, for a private sector entity, such as farmer, agri entrepreneur, start-up there will be a limit of maximum of 25 such projects. This limitation of 25 projects will not be applicable to state agencies, cooperatives, national and state federations of cooperatives, FPOs, federations of FPOs, SHGs and federation of SHGs. Location will mean physical boundary of a village or town having a distinct LGD (Local Government Directory) code. Each of such projects should be in a location having a separate LGD (Local Government Directory) Code.

For APMCs, multiple projects of different infrastructure types can be sanctioned in its designated market area. In such cases, interest subvention for a loan upto ₹ 2 Crore will be provided for each project of different infrastructure types e.g. cold storage, sorting, grading and assaying units, silos, etc. within the designated market area of the APMC.

## **9 Participating institutions**

All scheduled commercial banks scheduled cooperative banks, Regional Rural Banks (RRBs), Small Finance Banks, Non-Banking Financial Companies (NBFCs) and National Cooperative Development Corporation (NCDC) may participate to provide this financing facility, after signing of Memorandum of Understanding (MoU) with National Bank for Agriculture & Rural Development (NABARD)/DA&FW.

## **10 Refinance**

If required, need based refinance support will be made available by NABARD to all eligible lending entities including cooperative banks and RRBs as per its policy.

## **11 Cap on lending rate**

Lending rate of participating lending entities will be decided after due consultation with lending entities and same will be circulated to all stake holders. Lending institutions will sign MOU with DA&FW/ NABARD for implementation of the Scheme. MOUs to be signed by DA&FW/NABARD with banks/financial institutions with a view that DA&FW/NABARD will negotiate cap on lending rates in a fair manner.

## **12 Project Management and handholding support**

An online platform will be made available in collaboration with participating lending institutions to provide information and loan sanctioning facility. Agri Infra fund will be managed and monitored through an online MIS platform. It will enable all the qualified entities to apply for loan under the fund. The system will also provide benefits such as transparency of interest rates offered by multiple banks, scheme details including interest subvention and credit guarantee offered, minimum documentation, faster approval process as also integration with other scheme benefits. At the back end, the platform will also provide multiple views of dashboards across district; state and national level PMUs to monitor the total sanctioned amount and number of borrowers, total interest subvention benefit availed, loan statement summary, demographic and geographic mix of borrowers and type of projects.

Each of the States/ UTs will set-up PMUs in their respective states for creation of awareness, identifying potential clusters, mobilization of applications, review of all the stakeholders, and providing all necessary handholding support under the scheme.

Project reports with indicative unit costs will be prepared by Central and State PMUs for guidance of beneficiaries and lending entities. Such project reports shall be available on online platform.

## **13 Convergence**

Any grant or subsidy available under any present or future scheme of Central/State government can be availed for projects under this financing facility, e.g. MIDH, PMFME,

SMAM, Gobar-Dhan, PMKSY, AMI, PACS as MSC, RKVY, PM-KUSUM (A, B and C), PMEGP etc. In cases of capital subsidy such amount shall be considered as promoter's contribution. However, a minimum of 10% of the project cost shall be mandatory as promoter's contribution.

#### **14 Monitoring framework**

The National, State and District Level Monitoring Committees to ensure real-time monitoring and effective feed-back about the implementation of the proposed scheme. The Committees will be set up as per **Annexure-A**.

All assets created under this financing facility shall be geo tagged. The District Monitoring Committee and respective lending entity shall ensure that updated information on such geo tagged assets is available on the online portal.

#### **15 Output And Outcome Monitoring Framework (OOMF)**

The Output and Outcome Monitoring Framework (OOMF) will be a part of monitoring system and the measurement of outcome indicators will be monitored periodically by DLMC, SLMC and NLMC.

#### **16 Linkage with PFMS**

Interest subvention and credit guarantee support will be released to Banks and lending institutions through PFMS.

Disbursal of funds by lending entities to beneficiaries under this scheme shall be in Aadhaar linked bank account.

#### **17 Criteria for selection of Eligible Borrower**

Lending institutions will decide criteria for selection of eligible borrower in consultation with NABARD and monitoring committees, PMUs and keeping in mind the viability of the projects and to avoid NPA.

#### **18 VGF Requirement**

In case VGF requirement is projected by central / state / local bodies, norms as

prescribed by DEA for PPP projects will be adhered to.

### **19 Sector specific focus**

24% of total grants – in – aid under the scheme should be utilized for SC/ST entrepreneurs (16% for SC and 8% for ST). Besides this, lending institutions would ensure adequate coverage of entrepreneurs belonging to women and other weaker segments of society may be provided loan on priority basis to ensure that benefits of implementation are inclusive and accrued to the intended beneficiaries in accordance with Government guidelines and policies.

### **20 State specific focus**

Tentative State wise allocation of financing facility has been worked out on the basis of the ratio of total value of output of Agriculture and Allied sectors of States/UTs and placed at **Annexure- B**

**Annexure-A**  
**Monitoring framework**

**(i) National level Monitoring Committee (NLMC)**

**Composition :-**

Following will be the Members and Chairman of the NLMC:-

- a. Secretary (DA&FW) (Chairman)
- b. MD SFAC
- c. MD, NCDC
- d. Special Secretary/Additional Secretary and FA (DA&FW)
- e. Additional Secretary DFS
- f. Additional Secretary (DA&FW, GoI)
- g. Chairman, NABARD or his representative
- h. Principal Secretary-State Government (s)- Four States by rotation
- i. State Nodal Officers of four States (by rotation)
- j. Joint Secretary (DA&FW) and CEO of Farmers Welfare Programme Implementation Society Member Secretary

**Functions:-**

1. National level Monitoring Committee (NLMC) will guide and steer the implementation of the scheme. It will approve the guidelines for implementation of the scheme.
2. National level Implementation Committee (NLIC) will examine and recommend the guidelines for implementation of the scheme. It also will ensure and review the implementation of the scheme as per approved guidelines by the National level Monitoring Committee (NLMC)

**(ii) State level Monitoring Committee Composition:-**

Following will be Members and Chairman of the SLMC :-

- a. Chief Secretary –Chairman
- b. Agriculture Production Commissioner/Principal Secretary Agriculture
- c. Principal Secretary (Cooperation)
- d. Registrar of Cooperative Societies (RCS)
- e. Chief General Manager (CGM), NABARD
- f. Regional Director, NCDC
- g. Officers nominated by State (not more than three).

- h. SLBC Convener.
- i. State Nodal Officer- Member Secretary.

**Functions:-**

1. State level Monitoring Committee (SLMC) will implement the NIMC guidelines at the state level and provide feedback to NIMC.
2. It will also guide and steer the implementation of the scheme in the state.
3. It will set the targets as per OOMF format and review the progress regularly

**(iii) District Level Monitoring Committee**

**Composition:-**

Following will be Members and Chairman of the DLMC:-

- a. District Collector – Chairman
- b. Chief Executive Officer of District Panchayat/CDO- Vice Chairman
- c. District Officer of Agriculture
- d. District Registrar Officers nominated Cooperative Societies
- e. Officers nominated by State (not more than three)
- f. Lead District Manager of DLBC
- g. District Manager NABARD- Member Secretary

**Functions:-**

1. District level Monitoring Committee (DLMC) The DLMC will be the first line of implementation and monitoring system within the overall framework.
2. DLMC will set targets in consultation with SLMC as per OOMF format and monitor the progress closely with the support of PMU.
3. DLMC will maintain the Dashboard in collaboration with PMU.
4. It will be responsible for the smooth implementation of the scheme and resolve any issues at the district level. In the process of sorting out implementation issues the Committee would be supported by the district administration wherever required



**Annexure-B****Tentative Allocation of Financing Facility among States/UTs**

Sl. No.	State	Financing Facility INR Crore
1	Uttar Pradesh	12831
2	Rajasthan	9015
3	Maharashtra	8460
4	Madhya Pradesh	7440
5	Gujarat	7282
6	West Bengal	7260
7	Andhra Pradesh	6540
8	Tamil Nadu	5990
9	Punjab	4713
10	Karnataka	4525
11	Bihar	3980
12	Haryana	3900
13	Telangana	3075
14	Kerala	2520
15	Odisha	2500
16	Assam	2050
17	Chhattisgarh	1990
18	Jharkhand	1445
19	Himachal Pradesh	925
20	Jammu & Kashmir & Ladakh	900
21	Uttarakhand	785
22	Tripura	360
23	Arunachal Pradesh	290

Sl. No.	State	Financing Facility INR Crore
24	Nagaland	230
25	Manipur	200
26	Mizoram	196
27	Meghalaya	190
28	Goa	110
29	Delhi	102
30	Sikkim	56
31	Puducherry	48
32	A & N Islands	40
33	Daman & Diu	22
34	Lakshadweep	11
35	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	10
36	Chandigarh	9
	<b>Total</b>	<b>1,00,000</b>