## VulnerabilityMap: An Open Framework for Mapping Vulnerability among Urban Disadvantaged Populations in the United States

## **Anonymous Submission**

Λ	Construc	cted Dataset	1
A	Construc	ileu Dalasei	L

References

2

- [Ailshire *et al.*, 2021] Jennifer Ailshire, Robert Melendez, and Megan Chenoweth. National neighborhood data archive (nanda): Street connectivity by census tract, united states, 2010. https://doi.org/10.3886/E110641V1, 2021.
- <sup>8</sup> [Chai *et al.*, 2023] Yuchen Chai, Devika Kakkar, Juan Palacios, and Siqi Zheng. Twitter sentiment geographical index dataset. *Scientific Data*, 10(1):684, 2023.
- 11 [Chakraborty *et al.*, 2020] TC Chakraborty, Angel Hsu, 12 Glenn Sheriff, and Diego Manya. United states sur-13 face urban heat island database. https://doi.org/10.17632/ 14 x9mv4krnm2.3, 2020.
- [Clarke et al., 2019] Philippa Clarke, Robert Melendez, and
  Megan Chenoweth. National neighborhood data archive
  (nanda): Crimes by county, united states, 2002-2014.
  https://doi.org/10.3886/E115006V1, 2019.
- [Esposito *et al.*, 2020] Michael Esposito, Mao Li, Jessica Finlay, Iris Gomez-Lopez, Anam Khan, Philippa Clarke, and Megan Chenoweth. National neighborhood data archive (nanda): Law enforcement organizations by census tract, united states, 2003-2017. https://doi.org/10. 3886/E115973V3, 2020.
- [Finlay et al., 2022] Jessica Finlay, Robert Melendez, Michael Esposito, Anam Khan, Mao Li, Iris Gomez-Lopez, and Megan Chenoweth. National neighborhood data archive (nanda): Polluting sites by census tract, united states, 2000-2018. https://doi.org/10.3886/E159961V1, 2022.
- Gomez-Lopez *et al.*, 2021] Iris Gomez-Lopez, Min Hee Kim, Mao Li, Dominique Sylvers, Michael Esposito, Philippa Clarke, and Megan Chenoweth. National neighborhood data archive (nanda): Neighborhood-school gap by census tract, united states, 2009-2010 and 2015-2016. https://doi.org/10.3886/E156043V1, 2021.
- [The New York Times, 2021] The New York Times. Coronavirus (covid-19) data in the united states. https://github.com/nytimes/covid-19-data, 2021. Retrieved on Nov 7, 2023.

[U.S. Department of Energy, 2020] U.S. Department of Energy. Low-income energy affordability data - lead tool - 2018 update [data set]. https://dx.doi.org/10.25984/1784729, 2020.

41

42

43

44

45

47

48

49

50

[Wang et al., 2020] Y. Wang, M. J. Bechle, S. Y. Kim, P. J. Adams, S. N. Pandis, C. A. Pope III, A. L. Robinson, L. Sheppard, A. A. Szpiro, and J. D. Marshall. Spatial decomposition analysis of NO<sub>2</sub> and PM<sub>2.5</sub> air pollution in the united states. Atmospheric Environment, page 117470, 2020.

Table 1: Summary of data sources for extracting demographic and neighborhood features.

Feature	Disadvantage Categorization	Spatial Resolution	Time Period	Source
Non-Hispanic white rate	Demographic	CBG	2009-2021	American Community Survey
Disability rate	Demographic	CBG	2009-2021	American Community Survey
Median household income	Demographic	CBG	2009-2021	American Community Survey
Bachelor rate	Demographic	CBG	2009-2021	American Community Survey
Crime rate	Neighborhood	County	2002-2014	[Clarke <i>et al.</i> , 2019]
# Law enforcement organizations	Neighborhood	CT	2003-2017	[Esposito <i>et al.</i> , 2020]
# Polluting sites	Neighborhood	CT, ZCTA	2000-2018	[Finlay et al., 2022]
# Green space	Neighborhood	CBG	2018-2023	Safegraph Places
# Fast food	Neighborhood	CBG	2018-2023	Safegraph Places
# Education facilities	Neighborhood	CBG	2018-2023	Safegraph Places
# Healthcare	Neighborhood	CBG	2018-2023	Safegraph Places
# Arts and cultural sites	Neighborhood	CBG	2018-2023	Safegraph Places
# Sports facilities	Neighborhood	CBG	2018-2023	Safegraph Places

<sup>\*</sup> CBG: Census Block Group. CT: Census Tract. ZCTA: Zip Code Tabulation Area.

Table 2: Summary of data sources for extracting offline mobility features.

Feature	Disadvantage Categorization	Spatial Resolution	Time Period	Source
# Explored places	Mobility	CBG	2018-2023	Safegraph Patterns
Mobility level	Mobility	CBG	2018-2023	Safegraph Patterns
Avg. distance to green space	Mobility	CBG	2018-2023	Safegraph Places
Avg. distance to fast food	Mobility	CBG	2018-2023	Safegraph Places
Avg. distance to education facilities	Mobility	CBG	2018-2023	Safegraph Places
Avg. distance to healthcare	Mobility	CBG	2018-2023	Safegraph Places
Avg. distance to arts and cultural sites	Mobility	CBG	2018-2023	Safegraph Places
Avg. distance to sports facilities	Mobility	CBG	2018-2023	Safegraph Places
Street connectivity	Mobility	CT, ZCTA	2010	[Ailshire <i>et al.</i> , 2021]

Table 3: Summary of data sources for extracting online social features.

Feature	Disadvantage Categorization	Spatial Resolution	Time Period	Source
Social connections	Social	County	2022	Facebook Data for Good <sup>1</sup>
Long social ties	Social	County, ZCTA	2021	Facebook Data for Good

Table 4: Summary of data sources for extracting vulnerability features.

Feature	Vulnerability Categorization	Spatial Resolution	Time Period	Source
COVID-19 case rate in first 3 months	Shocks	County	2020	[The New York Times, 2021]
COVID-19 death rate in first 3 months	Shocks	County	2020	[The New York Times, 2021]
Urban heat island	Shocks	CT	2017	[Chakraborty et al., 2020]
Air pollution (PM2.5)	Stresses (Level 1)	CBG	2000-2015	[Wang et al., 2020]
Energy poverty rate	Stresses (Level 1)	City, County, CT	2016, 2018	[U.S. Department of Energy, 2020]
Visitation to fast food	Stresses (Level 1)	CBG	2018-2023	Safegraph Patterns
Visitation to healthcare	Stresses (Level 1)	CBG	2018-2023	Safegraph Patterns
Visitation to green space	Stresses (Level 1)	CBG	2018-2023	Safegraph Patterns
Visitation to sports facilities	Stresses (Level 1)	CBG	2018-2023	Safegraph Patterns
Social capital	Stresses (Level 2)	County, ZCTA	2022	Facebook Data for Good
Sentiment positivity	Stresses (Level 2)	County, City	2019-2023	[Chai <i>et al.</i> , 2023]
Sentiment stability	Stresses (Level 2)	County, City	2019-2023	[Chai et al., 2023]
Experienced segregation	Stresses (Level 2)	CBG	2018-2023	Safegraph Patterns
Creative job rate	Stresses (Level 3)	CBG	2009-2021	American Community Survey
# Civic organizations	Stresses (Level 3)	County, ZCTA	2022	Facebook Data for Good
Volunteering rate	Stresses (Level 3)	County, ZCTA	2022	Facebook Data for Good
Neighborhood-school gap	Stresses (Level 3)	CT, ZCTA	2009-2010, 2015-2016	[Gomez-Lopez et al., 2021]
Visitation to arts and cultural facilities	Stresses (Level 3)	CBG	2018-2023	Safegraph Patterns
Visitation to education facilities	Stresses (Level 3)	CBG	2018-2023	Safegraph Patterns
Percentage of gambling interest	Stresses (Level 3)	County	2023	Facebook Advertisement

<sup>\*</sup> Level 1: physiological stresses; Level 2: Social stresses; Level 3: Self-actualization stresses.