

# Practice3: BFS

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# Question 1:

- ▶ FluffyT, the super bunny, successfully escaped from Satori's bunny shop. She then ran into an alley with  $N$  check points.
- ▶ As FluffyT is a super bunny, she can build a portal between check point  $i$  and  $a_i$  using 1 second and travel through within no time. However, she cannot travel in the opposite direction (from  $a_i$  to  $i$ ). Also, she can run from check point  $i$  to check point  $i - 1$  and  $i + 1$  using 1 second.
- ▶ FluffyT is currently at check point 1. Can you tell her the minimum time to get to each check point?

minimum time

Sample Input 1

**n = 3**  
**i = 1, 2, 3**  
**ai = 2, 2, 3**

Check point: 1      2      3  
ai: 2      2      3

Check point 1: 1->1      0

Check point 2: { 1->2      1  
                  1->a1=2      1

Check point 3: { 1->2 ->3      2  
                  1->a1=2->3      2

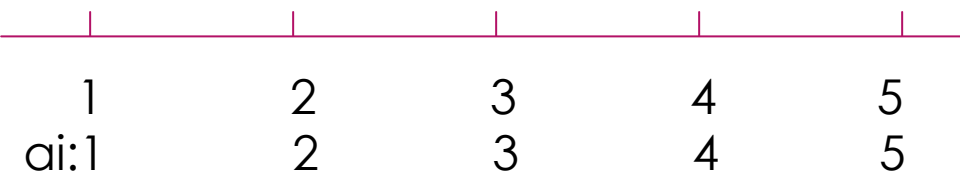


Sample Output  
**0 1 2**

minimum time

Sample Input 2

**n = 5**  
**i = 1 2 3 4 5**  
**ai= 1 2 3 4 5**



Check point 1: 1	0
Check point 2: 1->2	1
Check point 3: 1->2->3	2
Check point 4: 1->2->3->4	3
Check point 5: 1->2->3->4->5	4



Sample Output 2  
**0 1 2 3 4**

minimum time

Sample Input 3

**n = 7**

**i = 1 2 3 4 5 6 7**

**ai = 4 4 4 4 7 7 7**



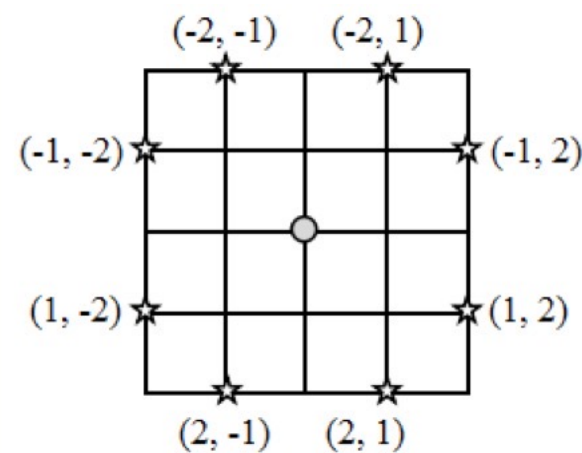
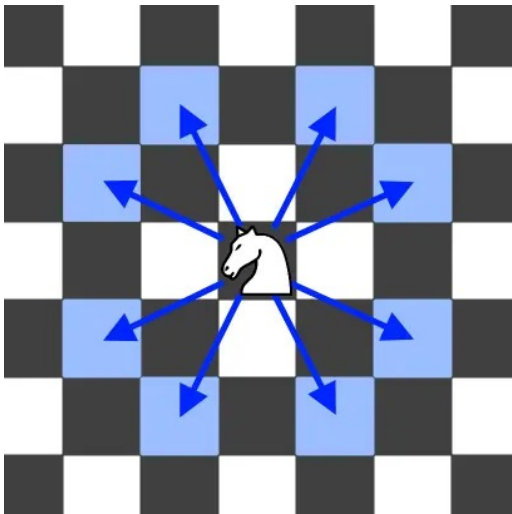
Check point 1: 1	0
Check point 2: 1->2	1
Check point 3: 1->2 ->3	2
Check point 4: 1->a1:4	1
Check point 5: 1-> a1:4 ->5	2
Check point 6: 1-> a1:4 ->5 ->6	3
Check point 7: 1-> a1:4 ->5 ->a5:7	3



Sample Output 3  
**0 1 2 1 2 3 3**

## Question 2:

- ▶ A knight has 8 possible moves it can make, as illustrated below. Each move is two squares in a cardinal direction, then one square in an orthogonal direction.



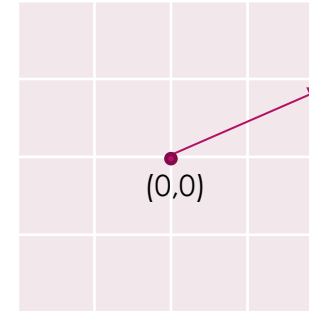
- ▶ On a  $n \times n$  chess board, given the starting point  $(x1, y1)$  and the ending point  $(x2, y2)$ , calculate the minimum number of moves a knight needs to make from the starting point to the ending point. If the knight cannot reach the ending point, return -1.

Example 1:

Input:  $n = 4$ ,  $x_1 = 0$ ,  $y_1 = 0$ ,  $x_2 = 2$ ,  $y_2 = 1$

Output: 1

Explanation:  $[0, 0] \rightarrow [2, 1]$

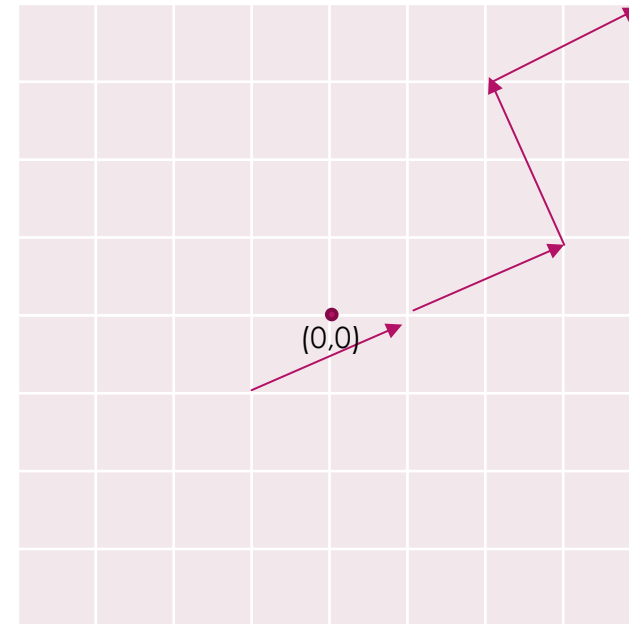


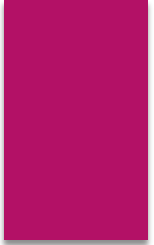
Example 2:

Input:  $n = 8$ ,  $x_1 = -1$ ,  $y_1 = -1$ ,  $x_2 = 4$ ,  $y_2 = 4$

Output: 4

Explanation:  $[-1, -1] \rightarrow [1, 0] \rightarrow [3, 1] \rightarrow [2, 3] \rightarrow [4, 4]$





You can choose a problem to implement, the remaining one only describes the idea of solving the problem.

The practice will be checked in this lab class or the next lab class (before **Mar.23**) by teachers or SAs.

This practice will contribute **1 mark** to your overall grade. Late submissions within 2 weeks after the deadline (before Mar.30) will incur a 20% penalty, meaning that you can only get 80% of the score.