Миндемани Никита 847

$$J(x) = \int (5x^{2}(t) + 3tx(t)) dt \rightarrow min$$

o s.t. $x(0) = x(1) = 0$

1) $L = 5x^{2}(t) + 3tx(t)$

2) $\frac{\partial L}{\partial x} = \frac{\partial L}{\partial x} = 0$ - $\frac{\partial L}{\partial x} = 0$ = $\frac{\partial L}{\partial x} = 0$

3) 10 $\frac{\partial L}{\partial x} = \frac{\partial L}{\partial x} = 0$ = $\frac{\partial L}{\partial x} = 0$

10 $\frac{\partial L}{\partial x} = \frac{\partial L}{\partial x} = 0$

$$10x = \frac{1}{2}t^{3} + C_{1}t + C_{2}$$

$$X(0) = 0 = C_{2} = 0$$

$$X(1) = 0 = 0 = \frac{1}{2} + C_{1} = C_{1} = -\frac{1}{2}$$

$$X(t) = \frac{1}{2}t^{3} + C_{1}t + C_{2}$$

$$X(t) = \frac{1}{2}t^{3} + C_{1}t + C_{2}t + C_{2}$$

5) Myer6 2(+) & CIFO, IJ L 2(0) = 2(1) = 0

= $10 \int \dot{x} d\eta + 3 \int t \eta dt - 5 \int \dot{\eta}^2 dt =$

 $J(\hat{x}+\eta) - J(\hat{x}) = \int_{1}^{\infty} \int_{1}^{\infty} \left(2\hat{x}_{1} - \hat{y}^{2}\right) + 3t_{1} dt =$

$$= 10x\eta^{1} - 10\int_{0}^{1} \eta x dt + 3\int_{0}^{1} t \eta dt - 5\int_{0}^{1} \eta^{2} dt =$$

$$= -10\int_{0}^{1} \eta \frac{3}{10} + 10\int_{0}^{1} t \eta dt - 5\int_{0}^{1} \eta^{2} dt =$$

$$= -5\int_{0}^{1} \eta^{2} dt \le 0 \Rightarrow \text{Haigennae goynkuna } x(t) \text{ gaeT}$$
Ha zagannon goynkunonare $J(x)$ makeurym