28. Python (Introduction)

- Основы языка Python
- Циклы и условные операторы
- Наборы данных
- Создание функций
- Подключение модулей
- Регулярные выражения
- Аргументы командной строки, ввод с клавиатуры
- Обработка исключений
- Работа с файлами и Json-объектами
- Создание классов и объектов
- Рекурсия, бинарный поиск, bubble-сортировка

Циклы и условные операторы:

```
x = 0;

for x in range (1,100, 10):
    print (x)
    if x>50:
        break

y = 10;
while y<100:
    print(y)
    y+=1

age = 27
if (age<10):
    print("You are baby")
elif (age>10) and (age<20):
    print ("you are teenager")
else:
    print("you are old")

name ="Линар"
h=1.76
w=78
bmi = w / (h**2)
print ("Индекс массы тела" +" "+ name + "a"+' '+ "равен" +" "+ str(bmi))
if bmi<25:
```

```
print (name +" " +"дрищ")
```

```
def qqq (n, k):
    if n > 20:
        sum4 = 0
        print (list(range(1, n)))
        print("sum4"+" =" +" "+ str(sum4))
        print(n)
        print(k)
elif n <= 20:
        sum4 = 0
        for i in range (1, n):
            if i % 2 == 0:
                sum4 = sum4 + i ** k
                print(i)
        print('n='+ ' '+ str(n))
        print('k='+ ' '+ str(k))
        print(("sum4"+" =" +" "+ str(sum4)))</pre>
```

Массивы:

```
print(cities[-2].upper())
cities.append("Zagreb")
   print (x.upper())
print matrix(arr 2d)
```

```
def print_matrix2(arr_2d):
    for i in range (len(arr_2d)):
        for j in range (len(arr_2d[i])):
            print(arr_2d[i][j], end = ' ')
        print()
print matrix2(arr 2d)
```

Тип даных List:

```
a = [3, 5, 20]
a.append([5, 6])
a[0]=100
   b.append(num * 2)
range el = []
    range el.append(num * 3)
```

Dictionaries (словари):

<u>Набор данных Set:</u>

```
a = set()
print(a)

a = set([1, 10, 5, 'Hello'])
print(a)

b = {1, 10, "Hello", "Hey"}
print(b)

a = {}
print(type(a))

a = set()
print(a)
```

```
if len(list) > len (set):
    print("Falsee")
```

```
qaz({1,2,3,4,5}, [1,3,5])
qwe({1,2,3,4,5}, [1,3,5])
```

Функции:

```
def function1():
b = fun8(10)
print(bmi3)
```

```
def convmil():
    miles = km / 1.609
    print("B "+str(km)+" километрах " + str(miles)+ " миль")
km=2500
convmil()

def is_even(x):
    c = x % 2
    if c == 0 :
        return str(x) + " число четное"
    else:
        print ("число нечетное")

is even(560)
```

Импорт модулей:

```
import MOD

MOD.aaa()

MOD.bbb()
```

Регулярные выражения:

Ввод данных с клавиатуры, объект Input:

```
name = input("Please enter your name: ")
print ("Привет, " + name)

num1 = input("Enter x: ")
num2 = input("Enter y: ")
sum = int(num1) + int(num2)
print(sum)

password = " "
while (password != "111"):
    password = input("Enter password: ")

myList = []
msg = ""
```

```
while msg!= "stop".upper():
    msg = input("Enter new item, or \"STOP\" to finish: ")
    myList.append(msg)
print(msg)
print(myList)
```

Обработка исключений:

```
filename = "123.txt"

try:
    print("Try Block")
    myfile = open(filename, mode="r", encoding="Latin-1")

except Exception:
    print("Except block")
    print("Error")

else:
    print("Else block")
    print(myfile.read())

finally:
    print("Finally block")
```

Аргументы командной строки:

```
import os
import sys

print("Hello")

x = len(sys.argv)
print(sys.argv)

if x>1:
    if sys.argv[1] == "/?":
        print("Help requested")
        print("Arguments entered:" + str(sys.argv))

else:
        print("Arguments not provided")

os.system("dir > test.txt")
os.mkdir("new dir")
sys.exit()
```

Работа с файлами:

```
inputfile = "ABC.txt"
myFile = open (inputfile, mode="r", encoding="latin_1")
print(myFile.read())
myFile.close()

myFile2 = open (inputfile, mode="r", encoding="latin_1")
myList = []
for line in myFile2:
    print("Hello " + line)
    myList.append(line)
myFile2.close()

myFile3 = open(inputfile, mode="r", encoding="latin_1")
for num, line in enumerate(myFile3, 1):
    print(str(num) + " Hello " + line)
myFile3.close()

myFile4 = open(inputfile, mode="r", encoding="latin_1")
```

```
for num, line in enumerate(myFile4, 1):
    if "X" in line:
        print(str(num) + " Hello " + line)

myFile4.close()

outputfile = "newFile.txt"

myFile5 = open(outputfile, mode="w", encoding="latin_1")

myFile5.write("New line")

myFile5.close()
```

Json объекты:

```
import json
filename = "users.txt"

myfile = open(filename, mode="w", encoding="Latin-1")
person1 = {
        "name":"Tom",
        "age": 27
}

person2 = {
        "name": "Katy",
        "age": 35
}

persons = []
persons.append(person1)
persons.append(person2)

json.dump(persons, myfile)
myfile.close()

myFile2 = open(filename, mode="r", encoding="Latin-1")
jsonData = json.load(myFile2)
for section in jsonData:
        print("Name: " + str(section["name"]))
        print("Age: " + str(section["age"]))
```

Классы и объекты:

```
class Person():
    def __init__(self, name, surname, age, salary):
        self.name = name
        self.surname = surname
        self.age = age
        self.salary = salary

    def getInfo(self):
        info = "Name: " + self.name + ", surname: " + self.surname + ", age: " +
str(self.age) + ", salary " + str(self.salary)
        print(info)

    def salaryUp(self):
        self.salary += 1000

person1 = Person("Linar", "Latypov", 27, 1500)

person1.getInfo()
person1.salaryUp()
person1.getInfo()
```

Рекурсивный вызов метода:

```
def privet(x):
def fibonacci(x):
```

Бинарный поиск:

```
list = [10, 12, 14, 29, 37, 55, 67, 81, 132]

def binarySearch (myList, find, start, stop):
    if start > stop:
        return False
    else:
        mid = (start+stop) // 2
        if find == myList[mid]:
            return mid
        elif find < myList[mid]:
            return binarySearch (myList, find, start, mid-1)
        else:
            return binarySearch (myList, find, mid+1, stop)

find = 29
start = 0
stop = len(list)
x = binarySearch (list, find, start, stop)
if x == False:
        print("Not found")
else:
        print (find, " Found at index ", x )</pre>
```

Bubble-сортировка:

```
list = [10, 75, 123, 45, 65, 52]

def bubbleSort(myList):
    lastItem = len(myList)-1
    for i in range(0, lastItem):
        for y in range(0, lastItem):
            if myList[y] > myList[y+1]:
                 myList[y], myList[y+1] = myList[y+1], myList[y]
    return myList

print(bubbleSort(list))
```