CosmoGold

University of Edinburgh

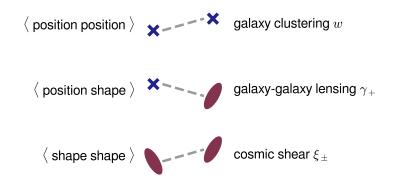
# Impacts of variable depth on weak-lensing covariance

Chieh-An Lin (Linc)

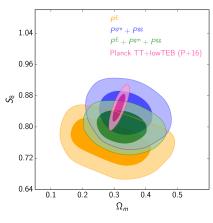
June 28<sup>th</sup>, 2019 Institut d'Astrophysique de Paris

# 3×2pt analysis

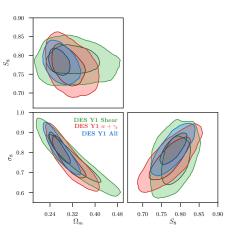
- · Galaxy position: biased tracer of matter
- · Galaxy shape: noisy tracer of projected matter



# State of the art

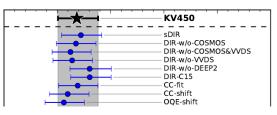


KiDS Collaboration (van Uitert et al. 2018)

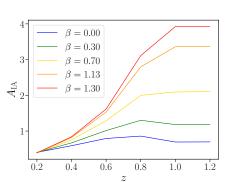


DES Collaboration (2018)

3x2pt: better constraints



Hildebrandt et al. (2019), Hendrik's talk

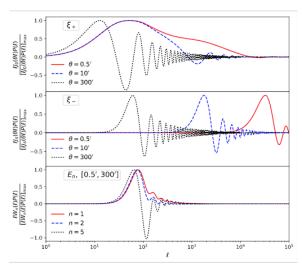


Maria Cristina's talk

# **Systematics**

(a reminder for Elisabeth's talk)

- Redshift distributions
- Intrinsic alignment
- Shape measurement
- Galaxy bias



Asgari et al. in prep., Marika's talk

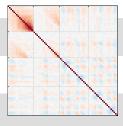
# **Systematics**

- Baryon feedbacks or scale cuts
- Survey effects (this talk)
- etc.

# Covariance is (one of) the key(s)

Estimation from data

Analytical formalism



N-body simulations

# Covariance is (one of) the key(s)

### Estimation from data

· Risky if subsamples are correlated

### Analytical formalism

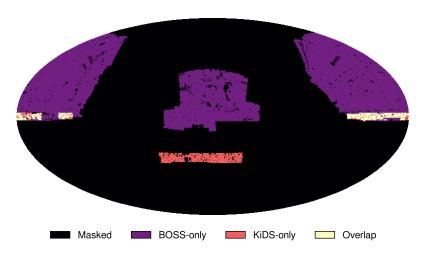
· Challenging to include survey effects

### N-body simulations

- Missing large modes: box size
- Missing small modes: particle mass
- Time consuming

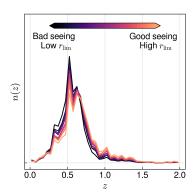


# Survey effect 1: mask geometry

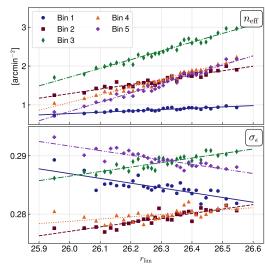


(KiDS-1000 data, preliminary)

Redshift distributions n(z), source density  $n_{\rm eff}$ , and shape noise  $\sigma_{\epsilon}$  vary with r-band magnitude limit  $r_{\rm lim}$ .



# Survey effect 2: variable depth

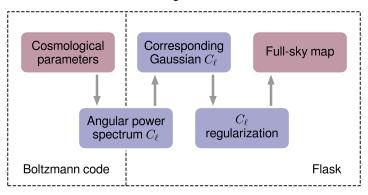


# **Challenges**

What is the impact of survey footprints on the weak-lensing covariance?

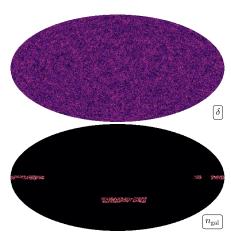
# Methodology

FLASK (Xavier et al. 2016)
Fast Gaussian/lognormal simulations



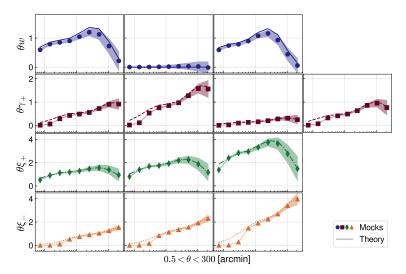
# Methodology

- Compute  $C_{\ell}$  from input parameters
- Generate density & lensing maps
- Apply survey effects
- Sample galaxies
- Compute correlation functions



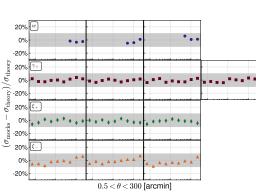
# Test case with 2 lens bins & 2 source bins

# Comparisons with theory

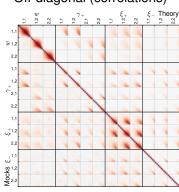


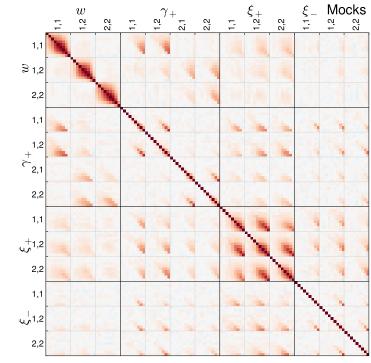
# Comparisons with theory

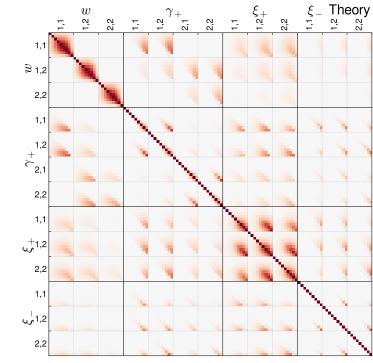
# Diagonal (std)

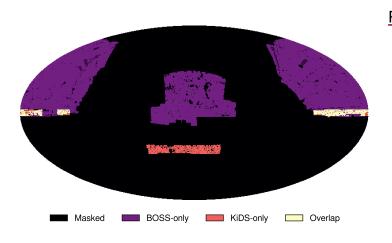


### Off-diagonal (correlations)



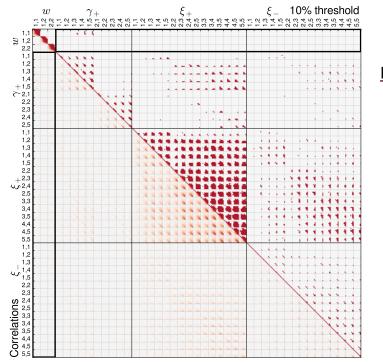






# Preliminary results

Are crosscorrelations negligible?



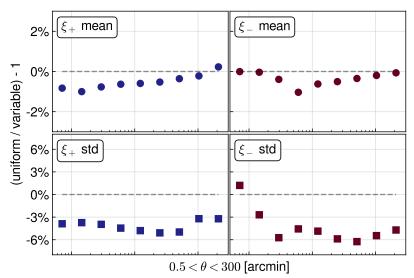
# Preliminary results

Are crosscorrelations negligible?

Yes

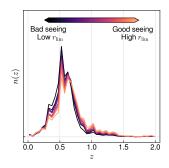
# $\sim$ 1% effect on mean $\sim$ 5% effect on covariance

# Preliminary results



# Summary

- Variable depth of weak-lensing sources affects the likelihood analysis.
- KiDS-like survey: ~1% bias on mean and ~5% on covariance.
- Will be significant as statistical errors decrease for future surveys.







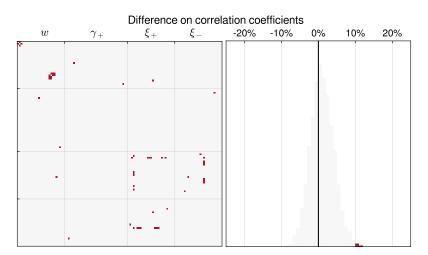




Benjamin Joachimi Marika Asgari Catherine Heymans Tilman Tröster among others

# Backup slides

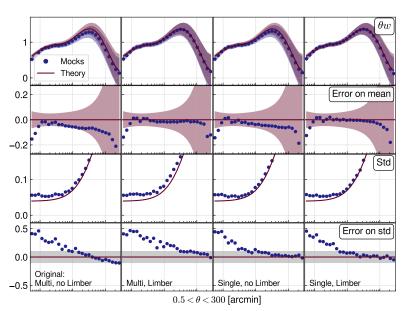
# Comparisons with theory



## Covariance

$$C_{\rm tot} = \langle SS \rangle + \langle SN \rangle + \langle NN \rangle$$
 cosmic term mixed term noise term 
$$\langle SS \rangle = C_{\rm G} + C_{\rm NG} + C_{\rm SS}$$
 Gaussian non-Gaussian super-sample term term term

# Clustering: impacts from Limber & slicing



B 3