Algorithm Design - Exam

Academic year 2021/2022, 26 January 2022 120 minutes for questions 1 - 5,

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Exercise 1. Consider the problem of finding a max s-t flow in a directed graph with real capacities on the edges.

- 1. Demonstrate that a greedy algorithm will eventually converge to the optimal solution.
- 2. Analyze the time complexity of the Ford and Fulkerson algorithm.
- 3. Show how the algorithm can be made to run in strong polynomial time.

Exercise 2. You are given an array A of positive and negative integers. Our objective is to compute the sum of all elements $\sum_{i=1}^{n} A_i$. Unfortunately, the numbers in A can have very large magnitude and we would like to minimize the risk of having a numerical overflow. To this end, we would like to bracket the sum such that the maximal value throughout the computation is minimized. For example, given the array [30, 10, -9, 20, -5, -15, -12, 11], the optimal order is

$$30 + ((10 + (-9 + 20) - 5)) - 15) + (-21 + 20))$$

as it stores a maximal value of 20, which is also the final solution. The trivial sequence from left to right attains a maximal value of 51.

- 1. Give the recursive form used in the dynamic programming formulation. Specifically consider how the value of the optimal sequence from position OPT[i, j] can be computed from OPT[i, k] and OPT[k, j], $k \in \{i, ..., j\}$.
- 2. Prove correctness of your recursive form.
- 3. Argue why your recursive form can be implemented in $O(n^2)$ time.

Exercise 3. Consider an algorithm that allocates each of n jobs uniformly at random among m machines.

- 1. Find the expected number of jobs assigned to each machine.
- 2. Prove that with high probability no machine receives more than $O(\frac{\log n}{\log \log n})$ jobs.

Exercise 4. 1. Define the concept of Polynomial-time reduction between two decision problems and the notion of NP-completeness.

- 2. Define the Subset-Sum problem and prove its NP-completeness.
- **Exercise 5.** 1. Define the concepts of Dominant Strategy (DS), Pure Nash Equilibrium (PNE) and Mixed Nash Equilibrium (MNE) of a Game in Normal Form. Do they always exist?
 - 2. Discuss the complexity of the problem of finding a MNE in a zero sum game.
 - 3. Find all DS, PNE and MNE of the following 2-player game:

$$\left(\begin{array}{cc} 4 & 3 \\ -3 & 6 \end{array}\right)$$