

# Gráficos básicos

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## Unidad 5. Análisis y visualización de datos.

#Gráficos básicos.

### Dataset.

```
installed.packages("palmerpenguins")
```

```
library(palmerpenguins)
```

### Paquetes de trabajo

```
install.packages("ggplot2")
```

```
library(ggplot2)
```

```
install.packages("RColorBrewer")
```

```
library(RColorBrewer)
```

### Importación de la matriz.

```
BD<-penguins
```

### Exploración de la matriz.

1.- Dimensión.

```
dim(BD)
```

```
## [1] 344 8
```

2.- Nombre de las columnas.

```
colnames(BD)
```

```
## [1] "species"      "island"        "bill_length_mm"
## [4] "bill_depth_mm" "flipper_length_mm" "body_mass_g"
## [7] "sex"          "year"
```

3.- Clase a la que pertenece la matriz.

```
class(BD)
```

```
## [1] "tbl_df"      "tbl"        "data.frame"
```

4.- Estructura interna.

```
str(BD)
```

```
## tibble [344 x 8] (S3: tbl_df/tbl/data.frame)
## $ species      : Factor w/ 3 levels "Adelie","Chinstrap",...: 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
## $ island       : Factor w/ 3 levels "Biscoe","Dream",...: 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 ...
## $ bill_length_mm : num [1:344] 39.1 39.5 40.3 NA 36.7 39.3 38.9 39.2 34.1 42 ...
## $ bill_depth_mm : num [1:344] 18.7 17.4 18 NA 19.3 20.6 17.8 19.6 18.1 20.2 ...
## $ flipper_length_mm: int [1:344] 181 186 195 NA 193 190 181 195 193 190 ...
## $ body_mass_g    : int [1:344] 3750 3800 3250 NA 3450 3650 3625 4675 3475 4250 ...
## $ sex           : Factor w/ 2 levels "female","male": 2 1 1 NA 1 2 1 2 NA NA ...
## $ year          : int [1:344] 2007 2007 2007 2007 2007 2007 2007 2007 2007 2007 ...
```

*NOTA:* **integer** (int): adquieren valores enteros. (Variables cuantitativas discretas) **numeric** (num): adquieren valores enteros y con decimal. (Variables cuantitativas continuas )

5. Estadística descriptiva básica.

```
summary(BD)
```

```
##      species      island bill_length_mm bill_depth_mm
## Adelie   :152   Biscoe   :168   Min.    :32.10   Min.    :13.10
## Chinstrap: 68   Dream    :124   1st Qu.:39.23   1st Qu.:15.60
## Gentoo   :124   Torgersen: 52   Median :44.45   Median :17.30
##                                     Mean    :43.92   Mean    :17.15
##                                     3rd Qu.:48.50   3rd Qu.:18.70
##                                     Max.    :59.60   Max.    :21.50
##                                     NA's    :2      NA's    :2
## flipper_length_mm body_mass_g      sex      year
## Min.    :172.0    Min.    :2700   female:165   Min.    :2007
## 1st Qu.:190.0    1st Qu.:3550   male  :168   1st Qu.:2007
## Median :197.0    Median :4050   NA's   : 11   Median :2008
## Mean    :200.9    Mean    :4202                   Mean    :2008
## 3rd Qu.:213.0    3rd Qu.:4750                   3rd Qu.:2009
## Max.    :231.0    Max.    :6300                   Max.    :2009
## NA's    :2      NA's    :2
```

## 6.- Identificación de datos faltantes (NA)

```
anyNA(BD)
```

```
## [1] TRUE
```

7.- Tratamiento de NA's mediante el reemplazo del dato por la media. 7.1.- Trabajar sobre una nueva matriz de datos.

```
BD1<-BD
```

7.2.- Conocer la media aritmética.

```
mean(BD$bill_length_mm, na.rm = TRUE)
```

```
## [1] 43.92193
```

7.3.- Reemplazar el valor perdido por la media.

```
BD1$bill_length_mm_medias<-ifelse(is.na(BD1$bill_length_mm), mean(BD1$bill_length_mm, na.rm=TRUE), BD1$
```

7.4.- Visualización de la nueva columna (bill\_length\_mm)

```
str(BD1)
```

```
## tibble [344 x 9] (S3: tbl_df/tbl/data.frame)
## $ species      : Factor w/ 3 levels "Adelie","Chinstrap",...: 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
## $ island       : Factor w/ 3 levels "Biscoe","Dream",...: 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 ...
## $ bill_length_mm : num [1:344] 39.1 39.5 40.3 NA 36.7 39.3 38.9 39.2 34.1 42 ...
## $ bill_depth_mm : num [1:344] 18.7 17.4 18 NA 19.3 20.6 17.8 19.6 18.1 20.2 ...
## $ flipper_length_mm : int [1:344] 181 186 195 NA 193 190 181 195 193 190 ...
## $ body_mass_g    : int [1:344] 3750 3800 3250 NA 3450 3650 3625 4675 3475 4250 ...
## $ sex           : Factor w/ 2 levels "female","male": 2 1 1 NA 1 2 1 2 NA NA ...
## $ year          : int [1:344] 2007 2007 2007 2007 2007 2007 2007 2007 2007 2007 ...
## $ bill_length_mm_medias: num [1:344] 39.1 39.5 40.3 43.9 36.7 ...
```

7.5.- Repetir el paso 7.2 en las variables que tengan datos perdidos.

**Media aritmética de bill\_depth\_mm**

```
mean(BD$bill_depth_mm, na.rm = TRUE)
```

```
## [1] 17.15117
```

**Reemplazo de datos perdidos de bill\_depth\_mm**

```
BD1$bill_depth_mm_medias<-ifelse(is.na(BD1$bill_depth_mm), mean(BD1$bill_depth_mm, na.rm = TRUE), BD1$b
```

**Visualización de la nueva variable**

```
str(BD1)
```

```
## tibble [344 x 10] (S3: tbl_df/tbl/data.frame)
## $ species      : Factor w/ 3 levels "Adelie","Chinstrap",...: 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
## $ island       : Factor w/ 3 levels "Biscoe","Dream",...: 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 ...
## $ bill_length_mm : num [1:344] 39.1 39.5 40.3 NA 36.7 39.3 38.9 39.2 34.1 42 ...
## $ bill_depth_mm : num [1:344] 18.7 17.4 18 NA 19.3 20.6 17.8 19.6 18.1 20.2 ...
## $ flipper_length_mm : int [1:344] 181 186 195 NA 193 190 181 195 193 190 ...
## $ body_mass_g    : int [1:344] 3750 3800 3250 NA 3450 3650 3625 4675 3475 4250 ...
## $ sex           : Factor w/ 2 levels "female","male": 2 1 1 NA 1 2 1 2 NA NA ...
## $ year          : int [1:344] 2007 2007 2007 2007 2007 2007 2007 2007 2007 2007 ...
## $ bill_length_mm_medias: num [1:344] 39.1 39.5 40.3 43.9 36.7 ...
## $ bill_depth_mm_medias : num [1:344] 18.7 17.4 18 17.2 19.3 ...
```

Media aritmética de flipper\_length\_mm

```
mean(BD$flipper_length_mm, na.rm = TRUE)
```

```
## [1] 200.9152
```

Reemplazo de los datos perdidos de flipper\_length\_mm

```
BD1$flipper_length_mm_medias<-ifelse(is.na(BD1$flipper_length_mm), mean(BD1$flipper_length_mm, na.rm = TRUE), BD1$flipper_length_mm)
```

Visualización de la nueva variable

```
str(BD1)
```

```
## tibble [344 x 11] (S3: tbl_df/tbl/data.frame)
## $ species      : Factor w/ 3 levels "Adelie","Chinstrap",...: 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
## $ island       : Factor w/ 3 levels "Biscoe","Dream",...: 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 ...
## $ bill_length_mm : num [1:344] 39.1 39.5 40.3 NA 36.7 39.3 38.9 39.2 34.1 42 ...
## $ bill_depth_mm : num [1:344] 18.7 17.4 18 NA 19.3 20.6 17.8 19.6 18.1 20.2 ...
## $ flipper_length_mm : int [1:344] 181 186 195 NA 193 190 181 195 193 190 ...
## $ body_mass_g    : int [1:344] 3750 3800 3250 NA 3450 3650 3625 4675 3475 4250 ...
## $ sex           : Factor w/ 2 levels "female","male": 2 1 1 NA 1 2 1 2 NA NA ...
## $ year          : int [1:344] 2007 2007 2007 2007 2007 2007 2007 2007 2007 2007 ...
## $ bill_length_mm_medias : num [1:344] 39.1 39.5 40.3 43.9 36.7 ...
## $ bill_depth_mm_medias : num [1:344] 18.7 17.4 18 17.2 19.3 ...
## $ flipper_length_mm_medias: num [1:344] 181 186 195 201 193 ...
```

Media aritmética de body\_mass\_g

```
mean(BD$body_mass_g, na.rm = TRUE)
```

```
## [1] 4201.754
```

Reemplazo de datos faltantes de body\_mass\_g

```
BD1$body_mass_g_medias<-ifelse(is.na(BD1$body_mass_g), mean(BD1$body_mass_g, na.rm = TRUE), BD1$body_ma
```

## Visualización de la nueva variable

```
str(BD1)
```

```
## tibble [344 x 12] (S3: tbl_df/tbl/data.frame)
## $ species      : Factor w/ 3 levels "Adelie","Chinstrap",...: 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
## $ island       : Factor w/ 3 levels "Biscoe","Dream",...: 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 ...
## $ bill_length_mm : num [1:344] 39.1 39.5 40.3 NA 36.7 39.3 38.9 39.2 34.1 42 ...
## $ bill_depth_mm : num [1:344] 18.7 17.4 18 NA 19.3 20.6 17.8 19.6 18.1 20.2 ...
## $ flipper_length_mm : int [1:344] 181 186 195 NA 193 190 181 195 193 190 ...
## $ body_mass_g    : int [1:344] 3750 3800 3250 NA 3450 3650 3625 4675 3475 4250 ...
## $ sex           : Factor w/ 2 levels "female","male": 2 1 1 NA 1 2 1 2 NA NA ...
## $ year          : int [1:344] 2007 2007 2007 2007 2007 2007 2007 2007 2007 2007 ...
## $ bill_length_mm_medias : num [1:344] 39.1 39.5 40.3 43.9 36.7 ...
## $ bill_depth_mm_medias : num [1:344] 18.7 17.4 18 17.2 19.3 ...
## $ flipper_length_mm_medias: num [1:344] 181 186 195 201 193 ...
## $ body_mass_g_medias    : num [1:344] 3750 3800 3250 4202 3450 ...
```