

## **Sprint 2 - Accuracy Design Document**

**November 20 2023**

***This document contains instructions and examples which are for the benefit of the person writing the document. All text in RED should be removed and replaced with information pertinent to your project.***

Text in the finalized document must be **BLACK**.

This is the System Design Document (SDD) and will include sections detailing system flow, algorithms, staffing plan, software/hardware, and Test Plan

You must complete all sections of this document.

Where required by the Sprint Checklist you must embed images of some artifacts in this SDD

To regenerate the TOC in Word, select all (CTL-A) and press F9.

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## 1. Executive Summary

### **1.1. Project Overview**

Describe this project or product and its intended audience, or provide a link or reference to the project charter.

The project aims to demonstrate the capabilities of a robot navigating a predefined track, serving as a scaled showcase of its mechanics, which foreshadows the larger-scale implementations planned for future launches.

### **1.2. Purpose and Scope of this Specification**

This specification aims to lay out the precise conditions and limitations for the creation and application of a small robot that is programmed to follow a predefined path. The project team, engineers, developers, stakeholders, and anybody else involved in the design, development, and testing of the robot are all expected to use this document as a reference and set of guidelines. The specifications for the little robot's design and operation in order for it to follow a predefined path. Included but not restricted to are the following: design parameters for the robot's mobility and maneuverability; safety and fail-safe systems for emergency scenarios and obstacle avoidance; and definition of sensor needs for track detection and navigation. The following items are out of the scope of this particular specification but may be considered in subsequent phases or other documents: advanced features beyond track following (such as object recognition or advanced decision-making capabilities), modifications to the track itself or changes to the environment that the robot will traverse and integration with other systems or robots not directly related to the predetermined track.

## 2. Product/Service Description

The efficacy of the robot's traversal along the track is contingent upon the impediments it encounters, such as obstructions like a chair or an individual's foot. Upon collision with any of these obstacles, the robot will deflect and endeavor to navigate around them, thereby deviating from its initial trajectory. To ensure optimal performance and prevent impediments to the robot's motion, it is imperative to maintain a clear track throughout its course of operation.

### **2.1. Product Context**

While the small robot primarily operates independently, its capabilities might involve interfacing with related systems or components. For instance, the robot could interact with a control station or central server responsible for initiating its course or providing updates. It might communicate with external sensors placed along the track for data acquisition or safety monitoring.

Additionally, it could have interfaces for recharging or receiving software updates, enhancing its functionality and performance.

## **2.2. User Characteristics**

The compact prototype exhibits remarkable potential for deployment in educational institutions globally, serving as a fundamental tool for comprehending the intricate nuances of engineering and robotics. Its user-friendly interface facilitates accessibility, rendering it suitable for individuals aged 15 and above. While prior background knowledge is advantageous for optimal utilization and intended functionality, the product's design accommodates users with varying levels of expertise in the field.

Other users may be hobbyists of engineering or anyone with the interest in robotics. The experience levels can vary ranges from minimal technical proficiency to advanced expertise, depending on the individual's background and interest in robotics.

## **2.3. Assumptions**

Assuming that the necessary sensors, motors, and components for the robot's navigation are available and functional. If any of these components are not available or malfunction, the requirements might need adjustment to accommodate alternative equipment or reconfiguration. Also assuming that users or operators have a certain level of expertise in handling and maintaining the robot. If the users' expertise varies or is limited, the requirements might need adjustments to ensure the robot's usability and maintenance align with the users' skills.

## **2.4. Constraints**

The design may be limited by the requirement for the new robot system to function in parallel with an existing, maybe older system. The old and new systems' compatibility, communication protocols, and interoperability will need to be taken into account. The necessity to include strong access control, efficient management procedures, and top-notch security measures will place restrictions on the system's architecture. The architecture and functionality of the system to guarantee data protection and restricted access to authorized workers will be impacted by these limitations. The design will be limited by the need for reliable audit functions, such as keeping an audit trail or log files.

This calls for setting aside funds for logging and making sure the system conforms with audit trail requirements.

## **Dependencies**

### **2.5. Dependencies**

Certain modules or components within the system might be dependent on others. For instance, Module X (such as the navigation system) needs to be completed before Module Y (maybe obstacle avoidance or decision-making module) can be built. These dependencies influence the development order and integration of different functionalities within the robot. If the robot's operation is reliant on specific power sources or energy types, the requirements must accommodate these dependencies. This might involve ensuring the design is energy-efficient or has the capability to work with the available power sources.

## **3. Requirements**

### **3.1. Functional Requirements**

Req#	Requirement	Comments	Priority	Date Rvwd	SME Reviewed / Approved
ENDUR_01	The robot stops and starts on the same square		3	11/15/23	Approved
ENDUR_02	The robot completes the first semicircle and travels 5'2 feet		2	11/15/23	Approved
ENDUR_03	The robot completes the second semicircle and travels 5'2 feet		2	11/15/23	Approved
ENDUR_05	The robot completes the third semicircle and travels 5'2 feet		2	11/15/23	Approved
ENDUR_06	The robot completes the fourth semicircle and travels 5'2 feet		2	11/15/23	Approved
ENDUR_07	The robot repeats the figure eight five times with same results	Needed to get full credit	1	11/15/23	Approved
ENDUR_08	The robot will stay on path the whole time	Needed to get full credit	1	11/15/23	Approved
ENDUR_09	The robot flashes multicolored lights when done	Needed to get full credit	1	11/15/23	Approved

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Req#	Requirement	Comments	Priority	Date Rvw'd	SME Reviewed / Approved
ENDUR_10	The robots says "I am the winner when done"	Needed to get full credit	1	11/15/23	Approved
ENDUR_11	The robot speed is tbd	Multiple speeds could complete the course	1	11/15/23	Approved

## **3.2. Security**

### **3.2.1. Protection**

Putting in place access restrictions, like authentication procedures, to guarantee that the robot's control systems can only be accessed by authorized people or systems. Encryption is used in communication protocols to protect the information sent and received by the robot as it tracks, making sure that it cannot be intercepted or manipulated by unauthorized parties. In order to secure the data sent and received by the robot while it is tracking its path, as well as to prevent unwanted parties from intercepting or altering the data, communication protocols also use encryption.

## **Authorization and Authentication**

### **3.2.2. Authorization and Authentication**

Enforcing complex password requirements, regular password changes, and preventing the use of easily guessable passwords enhances the strength of authentication. Employing multiple layers of authentication, such as a combination of passwords, biometrics (fingerprint, facial recognition), security tokens, or one-time codes, significantly enhances security by requiring more than one form of verification.

## **3.3. Portability**

- **Wireless Control:** The Sphero is controlled wirelessly through a smartphone or tablet app. This means you don't need any physical wires or connections, making it easy to use and carry around. The app communicates with the Sphero via Bluetooth, further enhancing its portability.
- **Rechargeable Battery:** Sphero is powered by a rechargeable battery, which eliminates the need for disposable batteries or cumbersome power cords. This means you can charge it in advance and take it with you wherever you go without worrying about finding power sources.

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- Durable and Rugged Design: Sphero is built to be rugged and able to withstand various terrains and conditions. Its durability allows users to take it outdoors and use it in a variety of environments without the fear of damaging the device.

### **4. Requirements Confirmation/Stakeholder sign-off**

<b>Meeting Date</b>	<b>Attendees (name and role)</b>	<b>Comments</b>
11/15/23	John Coscia(co-founder)	All confirmed
11/15/23	John Coscia(co-founder)	All confirmed

## **5. System Design**

### **5.1. Algorithm**

Step 1: Connection to Sphero

1. Establish Bluetooth Connection:
  - Connect Sphero to the app via Bluetooth

Step 2: Control Sphero Movements

1. Implement Movement Control:
  - Write code to send movement commands to the Sphero based on the predefined figure-eight course.
  - Ensure the robot stays on the path throughout the entire course.

Step 3: Define Figure-Eight Course

1. Define Movement Commands:
  - Create a set of movement commands for the Sphero to navigate a figure-eight course.
  - Start and stop on the same square.
  - Complete four semicircles, each followed by traveling 5'2 feet.
2. Repeat Figure-Eight Course:
  - Implement logic to repeat the defined figure-eight course five times.

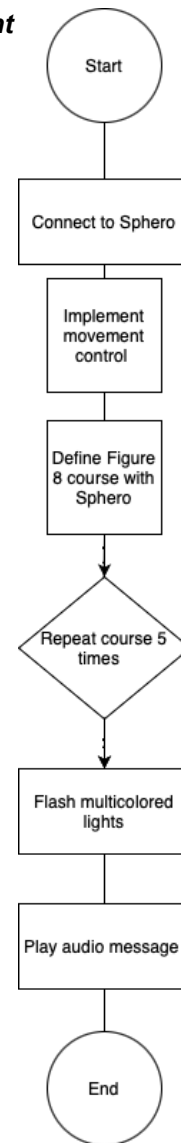
Step 4: Flash Multicolored Lights

1. Generate Light Patterns:
  - Develop a function to generate multicolored light patterns for the Sphero.

Step 5: Play Audio Message

1. Prepare "I am the Winner" Audio Message:
  - Make a code to trigger the Sphero to say "I am the winner" when done with the course
2. Play Audio at the End:
  - Trigger the playback of the victory message when the Sphero completes all repetitions of the figure-eight course.

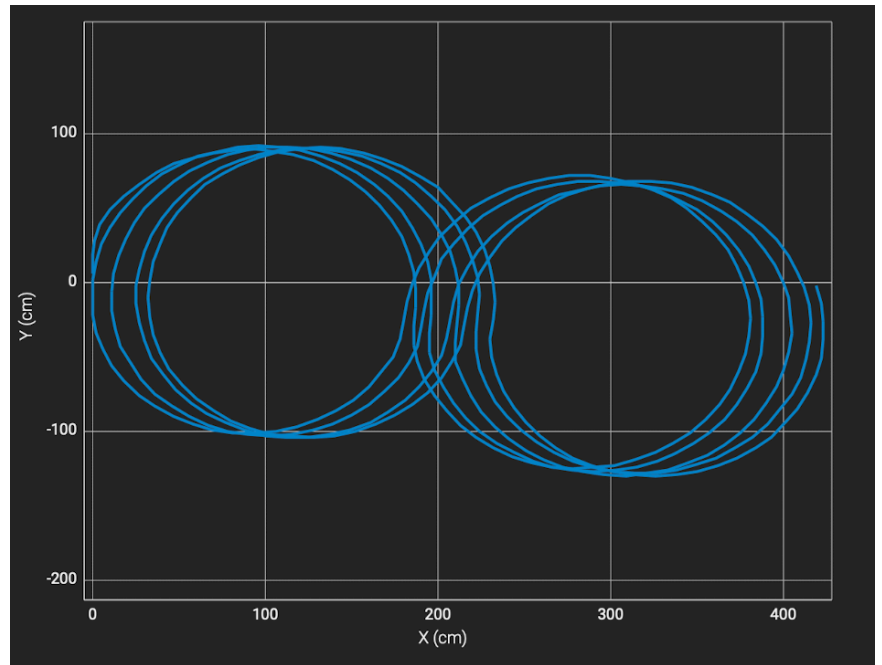
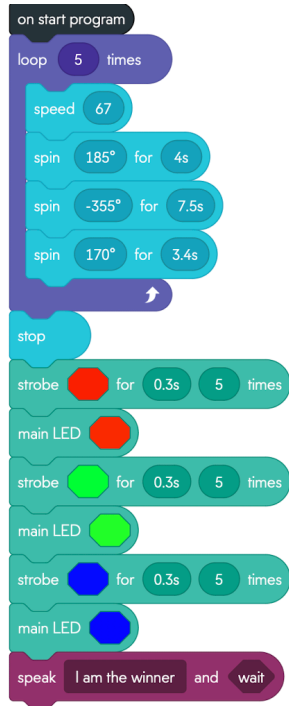
### **5.2. System Flow**



### **5.3. Software**



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### 5.4. Hardware

Macbook Air and Sphero Sprk+

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### **5.5. Test Plan**

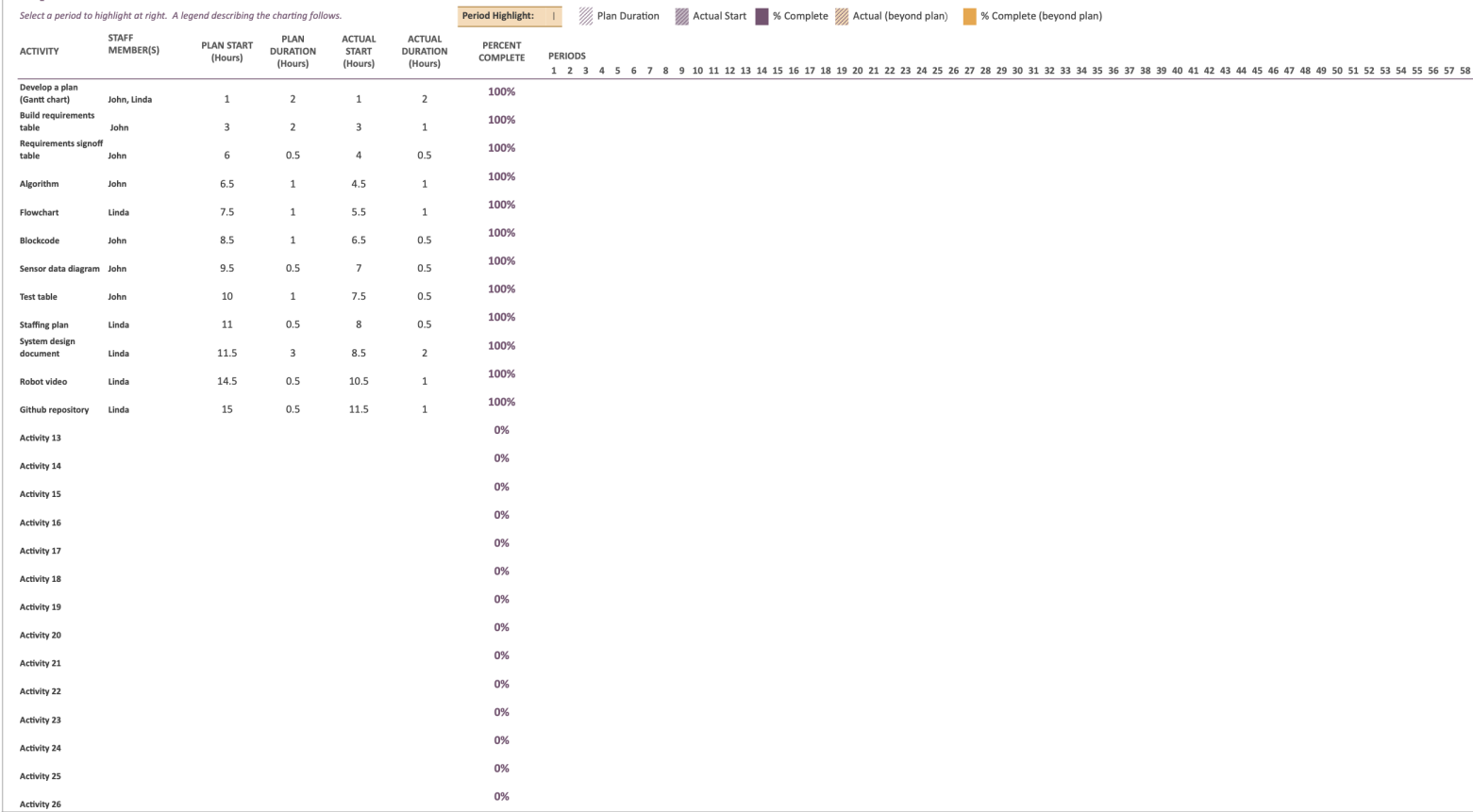
<b>Reason for Test Case</b>	<b>Test Date</b>	<b>Expected Output</b>	<b>Observed Output</b>	<b>Staff Name</b>	<b>Pass/Fail</b>
Accuracy	11/18/23	The robot will stay on figure 8 path and not go off	Robot completed first half of figure 8 and then went off course in the wrong direction	John	Fail
Accuracy	11/18/23	The robot will stay on figure 8 path and not go off	Robot stayed on course through out entire path	John	Pass
Speed	11/18/23	The robot will travel at a speed slow enough to make agile turns throughout course	Robot went way too fast and overshoot a couple of turns	John	Fail
Speed	11/18/23	The robot will travel at a speed slow enough to make agile turns throughout course	Robot traveled at a slow and steady speed and was able to make Accurate turns throughout course	John	Pass
Endurance	11/18/23	The robot will repeat the figure 8 course 5 times	Robot completed it twice and then turned in the wrond direction straying from path	Linda	Fail
Endurance	11/18/23	The robot will repeat the figure 8 course 5 times	Robot completed it 4 times and then overshoot a turn setting it off course	John	Fail
Endurance	11/18/23	The robot will repeat the figure 8 course 5 times	Robot completed the figure 8 course 5 times without straying off course or overshooting turns	Linda	Pass
Lights	11/18/23	The robot will flash multicolor lights upon compleying course	Robot only flashed one color upon completing course	John	Fail
Lights	11/18/23	The robot will flash multicolor lights upon compleying course	Robot flashed a multitude of different colors upon completing course	John	Pass
Speaking	11/18/23	The robot will recite "I am the winner" upon completing course	Robot only flashed colors and did not speak upon completing course	Linda	Fail
Speaking	11/18/23	The robot will recite "I am the winner" upon completing course	Robot recited "I am the winner" upon completing course	John	Pass

### **5.6. Task List/Gantt Chart**

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Select a period to highlight at right. A legend describing the charting follows.



5.7 Staffing Plan

Name	Role	Responsibility	Reports To
John Coscia	Co-founder	Requirements, requirements signoff, algorithm, blockcode, sensor data diagram, test table,	Linda
Linda Pimpinella	Co-founder	Video, github, flowchart, SDD, staffing plan	John