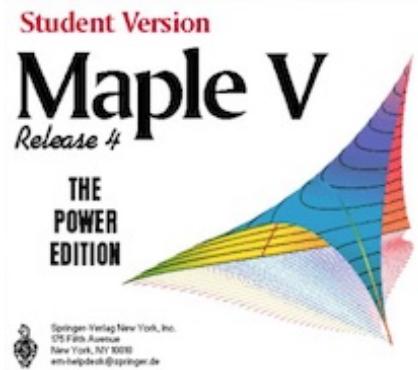


Exploring Math Σ with EIGENMATH

Elementary Differential Geometry of Surfaces

Maple Vr4 Solutions



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2023

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Preface

This solution manual presents calculations of

- the surface metric tensor g_{ij}
- the 2nd fundamental form h_{ij}
- the shape operator A
- the CHRISTOFFEL symbols Γ of first and 2nd kind
- the GAUSS curvature K
- the mean curvature H
- the principal curvatures κ_i

for most of the surfaces, which are used in the examples and exercises of the main text [2]. Instead of ϕ the name F (german: "Fläche" = surface) is used to denote a parameterization.

These calculations were done using the Maple Vr4 packet `diffgeo.m` from H. RECKZIEGEL, M. KRIENER & K. PAVEL [4]. The calculation of the RIEMANN curvature tensors R of 1st and 2nd kind or the RICCI tensor Ric and the RICCI curvature scalar R are not implemented in that packet, but can be calculated with EIGENMATH and the functions of the main text.

I hope that this collection is helpful to check your calculations done with EIGENMATH, but: without guarantee for the correctness ;)

Wolfgang Lindner
Leichlingen, Germany
January 2023

1 Saddle surface $\phi(u, v) = (u, v, uv)$

saddle surface (maple Vr4 1996) Dr. W. Lindner 4/2023

```

STUDENT > F:=(u,v)->[u,v,u*v];
F:=(u,v)->[u,v,u*v]

STUDENT > gik(F);
(u,v)->[[v^2+1,u*v],[u*v,u^2+1]]

STUDENT > hik(F);
STUDENT > christoffel_list[1](gik(F));
(u,v)->[[0,1/sqrt(u^2+v^2+1)],[1/sqrt(u^2+v^2+1),0]]

STUDENT > christoffel_list[2](gik(F));
(u,v)->[[0,v/u^2+v^2+1],[v/u^2+v^2+1,0]]

STUDENT > christoffel_list(gik(F));
(u,v)->[[[0,v/u^2+v^2+1],[v/u^2+v^2+1,0]],[[0,u/u^2+v^2+1],[u/u^2+v^2+1,0]]]

STUDENT > shapeoperator(F);
(u,v)->[-(v*u/(1+u^2+v^2))^(3/2),(1+u^2/(1+u^2+v^2))^(3/2)][(1+v^2/(1+u^2+v^2))^(3/2),-(v*u/(1+u^2+v^2))^(3/2)]

STUDENT > gauss_curvature(F);
(u,v)->-1/(u^2+v^2+1)^2

STUDENT > mean_curvature(F);
(u,v)->-u*v/(u^2+v^2+1)^(3/2)

STUDENT > intrinsic_curvature(gik(F));
(u,v)->-1/(u^2+v^2+1)^2

STUDENT > princ_curvature[1](F);
(u,v)->-u*v+sqrt((v^2+1)*(u^2+1))/(u^2+v^2+1)^(3/2)*sqrt(u^2+v^2+1)*v^2+sqrt((v^2+1)*(u^2+1))/(u^2+v^2+1)^(3/2)*sqrt(u^2+v^2+1)*u^2+sqrt((v^2+1)*(u^2+1))/(u^2+v^2+1)^(3/2)*sqrt(u^2+v^2+1)

STUDENT > princ_curvature[1](F);
(u,v)->-u*v+sqrt((v^2+1)*(u^2+1))/(u^2+v^2+1)^(3/2)*sqrt(u^2+v^2+1)*v^2+sqrt((v^2+1)*(u^2+1))/(u^2+v^2+1)^(3/2)*sqrt(u^2+v^2+1)*u^2+sqrt((v^2+1)*(u^2+1))/(u^2+v^2+1)^(3/2)*sqrt(u^2+v^2+1)

STUDENT >
STUDENT > princ_curvature[2](F);
(u,v)->-u*v+sqrt((v^2+1)*(u^2+1))/(u^2+v^2+1)^(3/2)*sqrt(u^2+v^2+1)*v^2+sqrt((v^2+1)*(u^2+1))/(u^2+v^2+1)^(3/2)*sqrt(u^2+v^2+1)*u^2+sqrt((v^2+1)*(u^2+1))/(u^2+v^2+1)^(3/2)*sqrt(u^2+v^2+1)

STUDENT > plot3d( F(u,v),u=-2..2, v=-2..2, scaling=constrained);

```



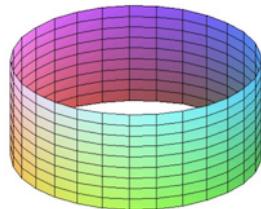
- \triangleright Galloway: saddle.
- \triangleright Shifrin: p.49.

2 Cylinder $\phi(u, v) = (a \cos(v), a \sin(v), u)$

```

[ STUDENT > assume(a>0);
[ STUDENT > F:=(u,v)->[a *cos (v) ,a*sin (v) ,u ];
[ F:=(u,v)→[a cos(v),a sin(v),u]
[ STUDENT > gik(F);
[ (u,v)→[[1,0],[0,a^2]]
[ STUDENT > hik(F);
[ (u,v)→[[0,0],[0,a]]
[ STUDENT > christoffel_list[1](gik(F));
[ (u,v)→[[0,0],[0,0]]
[ STUDENT > christoffel_list[2](gik(F));
[ (u,v)→[[0,0],[0,0]]
[ STUDENT > christoffel_list(gik(F));
[ (u,v)→[[[0,0],[0,0]],[[0,0],[0,0]]]
[ STUDENT > shapeoperator(F);
[ (u,v)→[[0,0],[0,1/a]]
[ STUDENT > gauss_curvature(F);
[ 0
[ STUDENT > mean_curvature(F);
[ (u,v)→1/2 1/a
[ STUDENT > intrinsic_curvature(gik(F));
[ 0
[ STUDENT > princ_curvature[1](F);
[ 0
[ STUDENT > princ_curvature[2](F);
[ (u,v)→1/a
STUDENT > plot3d(zylinder(2,1)(t,s),t=0..2*pi,s=0..3,style=PATCH,
grid=[30,10],orientation=[90,30],scaling=constrained);

```



More info:

- ▷ Wiki: cylinder
- ▷ MATHWORLD: cylinder

3 Cone $\phi(u, v) = (u \cos(v), u \sin(v), u)$

```

[ STUDENT > assume(u>0):assume(x>-Pi/2,x<Pi/2):
[ STUDENT > assume(u>0);
[ STUDENT > F:=(u,v)->[u *cos (v) ,u*sin (v) ,u ];
[ F:=(u,v)->[u cos(v),u sin(v),u]
[ STUDENT > gik(F);
[ (u,v)->[[2,0],[0,u^2]]
[ STUDENT > hik(F);
[ (u,v)->[[0,0], [0,1/2*u*sqrt(2)]]
[ STUDENT > christoffel_list[1](gik(F));
[ (u,v)->[[0,0],[0,0]]
[ STUDENT > christoffel_list[2](gik(F));
[ (u,v)->[[0,0],[0,0]]
[ STUDENT > christoffel_list(gik(F));
[ (u,v)-> [[[0,0],[0,0]],[[0,0],[0,0]]]
[ STUDENT > shapeoperator(F);
[ (u,v)->[[0,0], [0,1/2*sqrt(2)/u]]
[ STUDENT > gauss_curvature(F);
[ 0
[ STUDENT > mean_curvature(F);
[ (u,v)->1/4*sqrt(2)/u
[ STUDENT > intrinsic_curvature(gik(F));
[ 0
[ STUDENT > princ_curvature[1](F);
[ 0
[ STUDENT > princ_curvature[2](F);
[ (u,v)->1/2*sqrt(2)/u

```

More info:

- ▷ MathWorld: Cone
- ▷ Wiki: Cone

4 Elliptic paraboloid $\phi(u, v) = (u, v, u^2 + v^2)$

```

STUDENT > F:=(u,v)->[u,v,u^2+v^2];

$$F := (u, v) \rightarrow [u, v, u^2 + v^2]$$


STUDENT > gik(F);

$$(u, v) \rightarrow [[1 + 4 u^2, 4 u v], [4 u v, 1 + 4 v^2]]$$


STUDENT > hik(F);

$$(u, v) \rightarrow \left[ \left[ \frac{2}{\sqrt{4 u^2 + 4 v^2 + 1}}, 0 \right], \left[ 0, \frac{2}{\sqrt{4 u^2 + 4 v^2 + 1}} \right] \right]$$


STUDENT > christoffel_list[1](gik(F));

$$(u, v) \rightarrow \left[ [0, 0], \left[ 0, 4 \frac{u}{4 u^2 + 4 v^2 + 1} \right] \right]$$


STUDENT > christoffel_list[2](gik(F));

$$(u, v) \rightarrow \left[ [0, 0], \left[ 0, 4 \frac{v}{4 u^2 + 4 v^2 + 1} \right] \right]$$


STUDENT > christoffel_list(gik(F));

$$(u, v) \rightarrow \left[ \left[ [0, 0], \left[ 0, 4 \frac{u}{4 u^2 + 4 v^2 + 1} \right] \right], \left[ [0, 0], \left[ 0, 4 \frac{v}{4 u^2 + 4 v^2 + 1} \right] \right] \right]$$


STUDENT > shapeoperator(F);

$$(u, v) \rightarrow \left[ \left[ 2 \frac{1 + 4 v^2}{(1 + 4 v^2 + 4 u^2)^{3/2}}, -8 \frac{u v}{(1 + 4 v^2 + 4 u^2)^{3/2}} \right], \left[ -8 \frac{u v}{(1 + 4 v^2 + 4 u^2)^{3/2}}, 2 \frac{1 + 4 u^2}{(1 + 4 v^2 + 4 u^2)^{3/2}} \right] \right]$$


STUDENT > gauss_curvature(F);

$$(u, v) \rightarrow \frac{4}{(4 u^2 + 4 v^2 + 1)^2}$$


STUDENT > mean_curvature(F);

$$(u, v) \rightarrow 2 \frac{1 + 2 u^2 + 2 v^2}{(4 u^2 + 4 v^2 + 1)^{3/2}}$$


STUDENT > intrinsic_curvature(gik(F));

$$0$$


STUDENT > princ_curvature[1](F);

$$(u, v) \rightarrow \frac{2}{(1 + 4 v^2 + 4 u^2)^{3/2}}$$


STUDENT > princ_curvature[2](F);

$$(u, v) \rightarrow \frac{2}{\sqrt{1 + 4 v^2 + 4 u^2}}$$


```

More info:

- ▷ MathWorld: Elliptic Helicoid
- ▷ Wiki: Paraboloid

5 Hyperbolic paraboloid $\phi(u, v) = (u, v, u^2 - v^2)$

hyperbolic paraboloid - (maple Vr4 1996) Dr. W. Lindner 4/2023

```

STUDENT >
STUDENT > F:=(u,v)->[u,v,u^2-v^2];

$$F := (u, v) \rightarrow [u, v, u^2 - v^2]$$

STUDENT > gik(F);

$$(u, v) \rightarrow [[1 + 4 u^2, -4 u v], [-4 u v, 1 + 4 v^2]]$$

STUDENT > hik(F);

$$(u, v) \rightarrow \left[ \left[ \frac{2}{\sqrt{4 u^2 + 4 v^2 + 1}}, 0 \right], \left[ 0, -\frac{2}{\sqrt{4 u^2 + 4 v^2 + 1}} \right] \right]$$

STUDENT > christoffel_list[1](gik(F));

$$(u, v) \rightarrow \left[ [0, 0], \left[ 0, -4 \frac{u}{4 u^2 + 4 v^2 + 1} \right] \right]$$

STUDENT > christoffel_list[2](gik(F));

$$(u, v) \rightarrow \left[ [0, 0], \left[ 0, 4 \frac{v}{4 u^2 + 4 v^2 + 1} \right] \right]$$

STUDENT > christoffel_list(gik(F));

$$(u, v) \rightarrow \left[ \left[ [0, 0], \left[ 0, -4 \frac{u}{4 u^2 + 4 v^2 + 1} \right] \right], \left[ [0, 0], \left[ 0, 4 \frac{v}{4 u^2 + 4 v^2 + 1} \right] \right] \right]$$

STUDENT > shapeoperator(F);

$$(u, v) \rightarrow \left[ 2 \frac{1 + 4 v^2}{(1 + 4 v^2 + 4 u^2)^{3/2}}, -8 \frac{u v}{(1 + 4 v^2 + 4 u^2)^{3/2}}, \left[ 8 \frac{u v}{(1 + 4 v^2 + 4 u^2)^{3/2}}, -2 \frac{1 + 4 u^2}{(1 + 4 v^2 + 4 u^2)^{3/2}} \right] \right]$$

STUDENT > gauss_curvature(F);

$$(u, v) \rightarrow -\frac{4}{(1 + 4 v^2 + 4 u^2)^2}$$

STUDENT > mean_curvature(F);

$$(u, v) \rightarrow 4 \frac{-u^2 + v^2}{(1 + 4 v^2 + 4 u^2)^{3/2}}$$

STUDENT > intrinsic_curvature(gik(F));

$$0$$

STUDENT > princ_curvature[1](F);

$$(u, v) \rightarrow 2 \frac{-2 u^2 - 8 u^4 + 2 v^2 + 8 v^4 - \sqrt{4 u^4 - 8 u^2 v^2 + 4 v^4 + 1 + 4 v^2 + 4 u^2} - 4 \sqrt{4 u^4 - 8 u^2 v^2 + 4 v^4 + 1 + 4 v^2 + 4 u^2} v^2 - 4 \sqrt{4 u^4 - 8 u^2 v^2 + 4 v^4 + 1 + 4 v^2 + 4 u^2} u^2}{(1 + 4 v^2 + 4 u^2)^{5/2}}$$

STUDENT > princ_curvature[2](F);

$$(u, v) \rightarrow 2 \frac{-2 u^2 - 8 u^4 + 2 v^2 + 8 v^4 + \sqrt{4 u^4 - 8 u^2 v^2 + 4 v^4 + 1 + 4 v^2 + 4 u^2} + 4 \sqrt{4 u^4 - 8 u^2 v^2 + 4 v^4 + 1 + 4 v^2 + 4 u^2} v^2 + 4 \sqrt{4 u^4 - 8 u^2 v^2 + 4 v^4 + 1 + 4 v^2 + 4 u^2} u^2}{(1 + 4 v^2 + 4 u^2)^{5/2}}$$


```

More info:

- \Rightarrow Wiki: Paraboloid
- \Rightarrow WOLFRAM|alpha: hyperbolic+paraboloid

6 ? surface $\phi(u, v) = (u + v, u - v, uv)$

```

[ STUDENT > F:=(u,v)->[u+v,u-v,u*v];
  F:=(u,v)→[u+v,u-v,u*v]
[ STUDENT > gik(F);
  (u,v)→[[2+v^2,u*v],[u*v,2+u^2]]
[ STUDENT > hik(F);
  (u,v)→[[0,-2/sqrt(2*u^2+2*v^2+4)],[ -2/sqrt(2*u^2+2*v^2+4),0]]
[ STUDENT > christoffel_list[1](gik(F));
  (u,v)→[[0,v/(u^2+v^2+2)],[v/(u^2+v^2+2),0]]
[ STUDENT > christoffel_list[2](gik(F));
  (u,v)→[[0,u/(u^2+v^2+2)],[u/(u^2+v^2+2),0]]
[ STUDENT > christoffel_list(gik(F));
  (u,v)→[[[0,v/(u^2+v^2+2)],[v/(u^2+v^2+2),0]],[[0,u/(u^2+v^2+2)],[u/(u^2+v^2+2),0]]]
[ STUDENT > shapeoperator(F);
  (u,v)→[[[uv/((u^2+v^2+2)sqrt(2*u^2+2*v^2+4)),-(2+u^2)/((u^2+v^2+2)sqrt(2*u^2+2*v^2+4))],
  [-((2+v^2)/((u^2+v^2+2)sqrt(2*u^2+2*v^2+4)),uv/((u^2+v^2+2)sqrt(2*u^2+2*v^2+4))]]
[ STUDENT > gauss_curvature(F);
  (u,v)→-1/((u^2+v^2+2)^2)
[ STUDENT > mean_curvature(F);
  (u,v)→uv/((u^2+v^2+2)sqrt(2*u^2+2*v^2+4))
[ STUDENT > intrinsic_curvature(gik(F));
  (u,v)→-1/((u^2+v^2+2)^2)

```

```

STUDENT > princ_curvature[1] (F) ;

$$(u, v) \rightarrow -\frac{1}{2} \left( -2 u v + \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\frac{(2+v^2)(2+u^2)}{(u^2+v^2+2)^3}} \sqrt{2 u^2 + 2 v^2 + 4} u^2 \right.$$


$$+ \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\frac{(2+v^2)(2+u^2)}{(u^2+v^2+2)^3}} \sqrt{2 u^2 + 2 v^2 + 4} v^2$$


$$\left. + 2 \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\frac{(2+v^2)(2+u^2)}{(u^2+v^2+2)^3}} \sqrt{2 u^2 + 2 v^2 + 4} \right) / ((u^2+v^2+2) \sqrt{2 u^2 + 2 v^2 + 4})$$

STUDENT > princ_curvature[2] (F) ;

$$(u, v) \rightarrow \frac{1}{2} \left( 2 u v + \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\frac{(2+v^2)(2+u^2)}{(u^2+v^2+2)^3}} \sqrt{2 u^2 + 2 v^2 + 4} u^2 \right.$$


$$+ \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\frac{(2+v^2)(2+u^2)}{(u^2+v^2+2)^3}} \sqrt{2 u^2 + 2 v^2 + 4} v^2$$


$$\left. + 2 \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\frac{(2+v^2)(2+u^2)}{(u^2+v^2+2)^3}} \sqrt{2 u^2 + 2 v^2 + 4} \right) / ((u^2+v^2+2) \sqrt{2 u^2 + 2 v^2 + 4})$$


```

7 Unit sphere $\phi(u, v) = (\cos(u) \sin v, \sin(u) \sin(v), \cos(v))$

```

[ STUDENT > F:=(u,v)->[cos(u)*sin(v),sin(u)*sin(v),cos(v)];
  F:=(u,v)->[cos(u) sin(v), sin(u) sin(v), cos(v)]
[ STUDENT > assume(u>0); assume(v>0);
[ STUDENT > gik(F);
  (u,v)->[[1-cos(v)^2,0],[0,1]]
[ STUDENT > hik(F);
  (u,v)->[[csgn(sin(v))-csgn(sin(v))cos(v)^2,0],[0,csgn(sin(v))]]
[ STUDENT > christoffel_list[1](gik(F));
  (u,v)->[[0,-cos(v)sin(v)/(-1+cos(v)^2)],[-cos(v)sin(v)/(-1+cos(v)^2),0]]
[ STUDENT > christoffel_list[2](gik(F));
  (u,v)->[[-cos(v)sin(v),0],[0,0]]
[ STUDENT > christoffel_list(gik(F));
  (u,v)->[[[0,-cos(v)sin(v)/(-1+cos(v)^2)],[-cos(v)sin(v)/(-1+cos(v)^2),0]],[[-cos(v)sin(v),0],[0,0]]]
[ STUDENT > shapeoperator(F);
  (u,v)->[[csgn(sin(v)),0],[0,csgn(sin(v))]]
[ STUDENT > gauss_curvature(F);
  1
[ STUDENT > mean_curvature(F);
  csgn@((u,v)->sin(v))
[ STUDENT > intrinsic_curvature(gik(F));
  1
[ STUDENT > princ_curvature[1](F);
  csgn@((u,v)->sin(v))
[ STUDENT > princ_curvature[2](F);
  csgn@((u,v)->sin(v))

```

Remark. `csgn` is a Maple function to calculate the sign $\begin{smallmatrix} +1 \\ -1 \end{smallmatrix}$ of a real or complex expression.

More info:

- \triangleright Wiki: Sphere
- \triangleright MathWorld: Sphere
- \triangleright WOLFRAM|alpha: Sphere
- \triangleright Cox: R
- \triangleright Wheeler: p.15
- BANCHOFF [1, p.226].

8 Helicoid $\phi(u, v) = (v \cos(u), v \sin(u), u)$

```

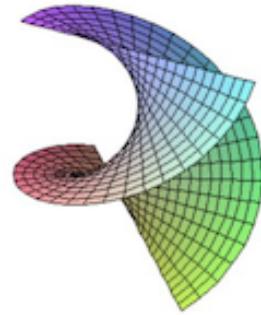
[ STUDENT > assume(v>0) :
[ STUDENT > F:=(u,v)->[v *cos (u) ,v*sin (u) ,u ] ;
[ F:=(u,v)→[v cos(u), v sin(u), u]
[ STUDENT > gik(F) ;
[ (u,v)→[[v2+1,0],[0,1]]
[ STUDENT > hik(F) ;
[ (u,v)→[[0,1/v2+1],[1/v2+1,0]]
[ STUDENT > christoffel_list[1](gik(F)) ;
[ (u,v)→[[0,0],[0,0]]
[ STUDENT > christoffel_list[2](gik(F)) ;
[ (u,v)→[[0,0],[0,0]]
[ STUDENT > christoffel_list(gik(F)) ;
[ (u,v)→[[[0,0],[0,0]],[[0,0],[0,0]]]
[ STUDENT > gauss_curvature(F) ;
[ (u,v)→-1/(v2+1)2
[ STUDENT > shapeoperator(F) ;
[ (u,v)→[[0,1/(v2+1)3/2],[1/(v2+1),0]]
[ STUDENT > mean_curvature(F) ;
[ 0
[ STUDENT > intrinsic_curvature(gik(F)) ;
[ 0
[ STUDENT > princ_curvature[1](F) ;
[ (u,v)→-1/(v2+1)
[ STUDENT > princ_curvature[2](F) ;
[ (u,v)→1/(v2+1)

```

$$8 \text{ HELICOID } \phi(U, V) = (V \cos(U), V \sin(U), U)$$

13

```
STUDENT > plot3d(F(t,s),t=-2..2,s=-2..2,style=PATCH,scale=constrained);
```



monkey1

More info:

- \triangleright Wiki: Helicoid
- \triangleright MathWorld: Helicoid
- \triangleright WOLFRAM|alpha: Helicoid

$$9 \text{ CATENOID } \phi(U, V) = (C \cosh \frac{V}{C} \cos U, C \cosh \frac{V}{C} \sin U, V)$$

14

$$9 \text{ Catenoid } \phi(u, v) = (c \cosh \frac{v}{c} \cos u, c \cosh \frac{v}{c} \sin u, v)$$

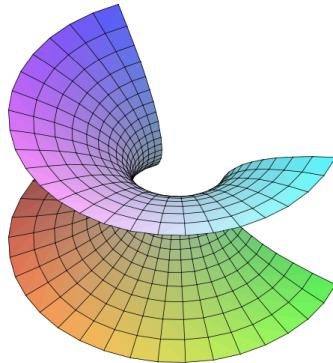
```

[ STUDENT > F:=(u,v)->[cosh(v)*cos(u), cosh(v)*sin(u), v];
  F:=(u,v)→[cos(u)cosh(v),sin(u)cosh(v),v]
[ STUDENT > assume(u>0); assume(v>0);
[ STUDENT > gik(F);
  (u,v)→[[cosh(v)²,0],[0,cosh(v)²]]
[ STUDENT > hik(F);
  (u,v)→[[-1,0],[0,1]]
[ STUDENT > christoffel_list[1](gik(F));
  (u,v)→[[0,0],[0,0]]
[ STUDENT > christoffel_list[2](gik(F));
  (u,v)→[[0,0],[0,0]]
[ STUDENT > christoffel_list(gik(F));
  (u,v)→[[[0,0],[0,0]],[[0,0],[0,0]]]
[ STUDENT > shapeoperator(F);
  (u,v)→[[[-1/cosh(v)²,0],[0,1/cosh(v)²]]]
[ STUDENT > gauss_curvature(F);
  (u,v)→-1/cosh(v)⁴
[ STUDENT > mean_curvature(F);
  0
[ STUDENT > intrinsic_curvature(gik(F));
  0
[ STUDENT > princ_curvature[1](F);
  (u,v)→-1/cosh(v)²
[ STUDENT > princ_curvature[2](F);
  (u,v)→1/cosh(v)²
[ STUDENT > plot3d(F(t,s),t=-2..2,s=-2..2,style=PATCH,scaling=constrained);

```

$$9 \text{ Catenoid } \phi(U, V) = (C \cosh \frac{V}{C} \cos U, C \cosh \frac{V}{C} \sin U, V)$$

15



More info:

- \triangleright MathWorld: catenoid
- \triangleright Wiki: catenoid
- \triangleright WOLFRAM|alpha: catenoid

10 Monkey saddle $\phi(u, v) = (u, v, u^3 - 3uv^2)$

```

STUDENT > F:=(u,v)->[u,v,u^3-3*u*v^2];
 $F := (u, v) \rightarrow [u, v, u^3 - 3uv^2]$ 
STUDENT > gik(F);
 $(u, v) \rightarrow [[1 + 9u^4 - 18u^2v^2 + 9v^4, 18(-u^2 + v^2)uv], [18(-u^2 + v^2)uv, 1 + 36u^2v^2]]$ 
STUDENT > hik(F);
 $(u, v) \rightarrow \left[ \left[ 6 \frac{u}{\sqrt{9u^4 + 18u^2v^2 + 9v^4 + 1}}, -6 \frac{v}{\sqrt{9u^4 + 18u^2v^2 + 9v^4 + 1}} \right], \right.$ 
 $\left. \left[ -6 \frac{v}{\sqrt{9u^4 + 18u^2v^2 + 9v^4 + 1}}, -6 \frac{u}{\sqrt{9u^4 + 18u^2v^2 + 9v^4 + 1}} \right] \right]$ 
STUDENT > christoffel_list[1](gik(F));
 $(u, v) \rightarrow \left[ \left[ -18 \frac{u(-u^2 + v^2)}{9u^4 + 18u^2v^2 + 9v^4 + 1}, 18 \frac{(-u^2 + v^2)v}{9u^4 + 18u^2v^2 + 9v^4 + 1} \right], \right.$ 
 $\left. \left[ 18 \frac{(-u^2 + v^2)v}{9u^4 + 18u^2v^2 + 9v^4 + 1}, 18 \frac{u(-u^2 + v^2)}{9u^4 + 18u^2v^2 + 9v^4 + 1} \right] \right]$ 
STUDENT > christoffel_list[2](gik(F));
 $(u, v) \rightarrow \left[ \left[ -36 \frac{vu^2}{9u^4 + 18u^2v^2 + 9v^4 + 1}, 36 \frac{uv^2}{9u^4 + 18u^2v^2 + 9v^4 + 1} \right], \right.$ 
 $\left. \left[ 36 \frac{uv^2}{9u^4 + 18u^2v^2 + 9v^4 + 1}, 36 \frac{vu^2}{9u^4 + 18u^2v^2 + 9v^4 + 1} \right] \right]$ 
STUDENT > christoffel_list(gik(F));
 $(u, v) \rightarrow \left[ \left[ \left[ -18 \frac{u(-u^2 + v^2)}{9u^4 + 18u^2v^2 + 9v^4 + 1}, 18 \frac{(-u^2 + v^2)v}{9u^4 + 18u^2v^2 + 9v^4 + 1} \right], \right.$ 
 $\left. \left[ 18 \frac{(-u^2 + v^2)v}{9u^4 + 18u^2v^2 + 9v^4 + 1}, 18 \frac{u(-u^2 + v^2)}{9u^4 + 18u^2v^2 + 9v^4 + 1} \right] \right], \left[ \right.$ 
 $\left. \left[ -36 \frac{vu^2}{9u^4 + 18u^2v^2 + 9v^4 + 1}, 36 \frac{uv^2}{9u^4 + 18u^2v^2 + 9v^4 + 1} \right], \right.$ 
 $\left. \left[ 36 \frac{uv^2}{9u^4 + 18u^2v^2 + 9v^4 + 1}, 36 \frac{vu^2}{9u^4 + 18u^2v^2 + 9v^4 + 1} \right] \right]$ 

```

[STUDENT > **shapeoperator(F);** Page 1 Maple V Release 4 - Student

$(u, v) \rightarrow \left[\left[6 \frac{u(1 + 18u^2v^2 + 18v^4)}{(9u^4 + 18u^2v^2 + 9v^4 + 1)^{3/2}}, -6 \frac{v(1 + 18u^2v^2 + 18u^4)}{(9u^4 + 18u^2v^2 + 9v^4 + 1)^{3/2}} \right], \left[-6 \frac{v(-9u^4 + 1 + 9v^4)}{(9u^4 + 18u^2v^2 + 9v^4 + 1)^{3/2}}, 6 \frac{u(9v^4 - 1 - 9u^4)}{(9u^4 + 18u^2v^2 + 9v^4 + 1)^{3/2}} \right] \right]$

STUDENT > **gauss_curvature(F);**

$$(u, v) \rightarrow -36 \frac{u^2 + v^2}{(9u^4 + 18u^2v^2 + 9v^4 + 1)^2}$$

STUDENT > **mean_curvature(F);**

$$(u, v) \rightarrow 27 \frac{u(-u^4 + 2u^2v^2 + 3v^4)}{(9u^4 + 18u^2v^2 + 9v^4 + 1)^{3/2}}$$

STUDENT > **intrinsic_curvature(gik(F));**

$$(u, v) \rightarrow -36 \frac{u^2 + v^2}{(9u^4 + 18u^2v^2 + 9v^4 + 1)^2}$$

STUDENT > **princ_curvature[1](F);**

$$(u, v) \rightarrow 3 \left(-9u^5 + 18u^3v^2 + 27u^4v - 9((81u^{10} - 324u^8v^2 - 162u^6v^4 + 972u^4v^6 + 729u^2v^8 + 36u^6 + 108u^4v^2 + 108u^2v^4 + 4u^2 + 36v^6 + 4v^2) \right. \\ \left. (9u^4 + 18u^2v^2 + 9v^4 + 1)^{3/2} \sqrt{9u^4 + 18u^2v^2 + 9v^4 + 1} u^4 - 18((81u^{10} - 324u^8v^2 - 162u^6v^4 + 972u^4v^6 + 729u^2v^8 + 36u^6 + 108u^4v^2 + 108u^2v^4 + 4u^2 + 36v^6 + 4v^2) \right. \\ \left. (9u^4 + 18u^2v^2 + 9v^4 + 1)^{3/2} \sqrt{9u^4 + 18u^2v^2 + 9v^4 + 1} u^2v^2 - 9((81u^{10} - 324u^8v^2 - 162u^6v^4 + 972u^4v^6 + 729u^2v^8 + 36u^6 + 108u^4v^2 + 108u^2v^4 + 4u^2 + 36v^6 + 4v^2) \right. \\ \left. (9u^4 + 18u^2v^2 + 9v^4 + 1)^{3/2} \sqrt{9u^4 + 18u^2v^2 + 9v^4 + 1} v^4 - ((81u^{10} - 324u^8v^2 - 162u^6v^4 + 972u^4v^6 + 729u^2v^8 + 36u^6 + 108u^4v^2 + 108u^2v^4 + 4u^2 + 36v^6 + 4v^2) \right. \\ \left. (9u^4 + 18u^2v^2 + 9v^4 + 1)^{3/2} \sqrt{9u^4 + 18u^2v^2 + 9v^4 + 1}) \right)$$

```

STUDENT > princ_curvature[2] (F) ;

$$(u, v) \rightarrow 3 (-9 u^5 + 18 u^3 v^2 + 27 u v^4 + 9 ((81 u^{10} - 324 u^8 v^2 - 162 u^6 v^4 + 972 u^4 v^6 + 729 u^2 v^8 + 36 u^6 + 108 u^4 v^2 + 108 u^2 v^4 + 4 u^2 + 36 v^6 + 4 v^2) /$$


$$(9 u^4 + 18 u^2 v^2 + 9 v^4 + 1)^{3/2} \sqrt{9 u^4 + 18 u^2 v^2 + 9 v^4 + 1} u^4 + 18 ((81 u^{10} - 324 u^8 v^2 - 162 u^6 v^4 + 972 u^4 v^6 + 729 u^2 v^8 + 36 u^6 + 108 u^4 v^2 + 108 u^2 v^4 + 4 u^2 + 36 v^6 + 4 v^2) /$$


$$(9 u^4 + 18 u^2 v^2 + 9 v^4 + 1)^{3/2} \sqrt{9 u^4 + 18 u^2 v^2 + 9 v^4 + 1} u^2 v^2 + 9 ((81 u^{10} - 324 u^8 v^2 - 162 u^6 v^4 + 972 u^4 v^6 + 729 u^2 v^8 + 36 u^6 + 108 u^4 v^2 + 108 u^2 v^4 + 4 u^2 + 36 v^6 + 4 v^2) /$$


$$(9 u^4 + 18 u^2 v^2 + 9 v^4 + 1)^{3/2} \sqrt{9 u^4 + 18 u^2 v^2 + 9 v^4 + 1} v^4 + ((81 u^{10} - 324 u^8 v^2 - 162 u^6 v^4 + 972 u^4 v^6 + 729 u^2 v^8 + 36 u^6 + 108 u^4 v^2 + 108 u^2 v^4 + 4 u^2 + 36 v^6 + 4 v^2) /$$


$$(9 u^4 + 18 u^2 v^2 + 9 v^4 + 1)^{3/2} \sqrt{9 u^4 + 18 u^2 v^2 + 9 v^4 + 1}) /$$


$$(9 u^4 + 18 u^2 v^2 + 9 v^4 + 1)^{3/2}$$


```

More info:

- ▷ MathWorld: MonkeySaddle
- ▷ Wiki: Monkey saddle
- ▷ WOLFRAM|alpha: Monkey saddle

11 TORUS $\phi(U, V) = ((B + A \cos(V)) \cos(U), (B + A \cos(V)) \sin(U), A \sin(V))$ 19

11 Torus $\phi(u, v) = ((b+a \cos(v)) \cos(u), (b+a \cos(v)) \sin(u), a \sin(v))$

```

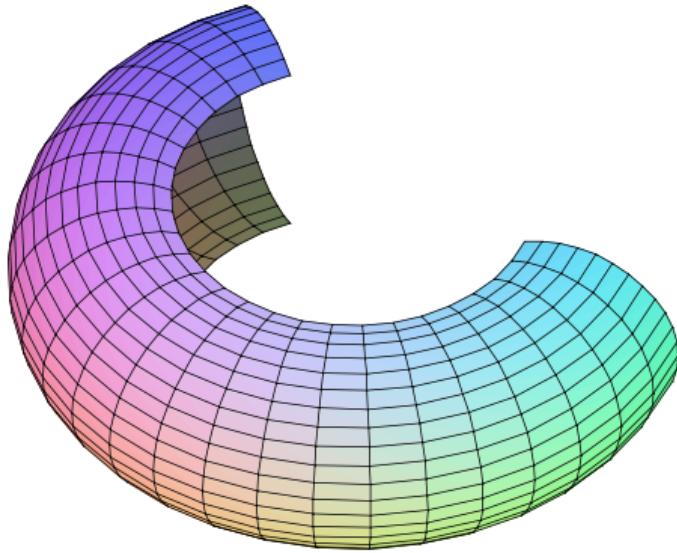
STUDENT > F:=(u,v)->[ ((2+1*cos (v))*cos (u) , (2+1*cos (v))*sin (u) ,1*sin (v)) ];
F:=(u,v)→[(2+cos(v))cos(u),(2+cos(v))sin(u),sin(v)]
STUDENT > gik(F);
(u,v)→[[4+4cos(v)+cos(v)^2,0],[0,1]]
STUDENT > hik(F);
(u,v)→
[[[-2cos(v)csgn(2+cos(v))-cos(v)^2csgn(2+cos(v)),0],[0,-csgn(2+cos(v))]]
STUDENT > christoffel_list[1](gik(F));
(u,v)→[[0,-sin(v)/2+cos(v)],[ -sin(v)/2+cos(v),0 ]]
STUDENT > christoffel_list[2](gik(F));
(u,v)→[[2sin(v)+cos(v)sin(v),0],[0,0]]
STUDENT > christoffel_list(gik(F));
(u,v)→[[[0,-sin(v)/2+cos(v)],[ -sin(v)/2+cos(v),0]],[[2sin(v)+cos(v)sin(v),0],[0,0]]]
STUDENT > shapeoperator(F);
(u,v)→[[ -cos(v)csgn(2+cos(v))/2+cos(v),0],[0,-csgn(2+cos(v))]]
STUDENT > gauss_curvature(F);
(u,v)→cos(v)/2+cos(v)
STUDENT > mean_curvature(F);
(u,v)→-(cos(v)+1)csgn(2+cos(v))/2+cos(v)
STUDENT > intrinsic_curvature(gik(F));
(u,v)→cos(v)/2+cos(v)
STUDENT > princ_curvature[1](F);
(u,v)→-cos(v)csgn(2+cos(v))+csgn(2+cos(v))+csgn(2+cos(v))/2+cos(v)

```

11 TORUS $\phi(U, V) = ((B + A \cos(V)) \cos(U), (B + A \cos(V)) \sin(U), A \sin(V))$ 20

```
(u, v) → - 
$$\frac{\cos(v) \operatorname{csgn}(2 + \cos(v)) + \operatorname{csgn}(2 + \cos(v)) - \operatorname{csgn}(2 + \cos(v))}{2 + \cos(v)}$$

STUDENT > plot3d(F(t, s), t=-2..2, s=-2..2, style=PATCH, scaling=constrained);
```



Remark. `csgn` is a Maple function to calculate the sign $\begin{smallmatrix} +1 \\ -1 \end{smallmatrix}$ of a real or complex expression.
More info:

- ▷ MathWorld: Torus
- ▷ Wiki: Torus
- ▷ WOLFRAM|alpha: Torus
- ▷ Cox: R
- KREYSZIG: *Differentialgeometrie*. p. 165.
- BANCHOFF [1, p.182] .

12 Function graph $\phi(u, v) = (u, v, f(u, v))$.

```

function graph - (maple Vr4 1996) Dr. W. Lindner 4/2023

STUDENT > F:=(u,v)->[u,v, f(u,v)];

$$F := (u, v) \rightarrow [u, v, f(u, v)]$$


STUDENT > gik(F);

$$(u, v) \rightarrow [[1 + D_1(f)(u, v)^2, D_1(f)(u, v) D_2(f)(u, v)], [D_1(f)(u, v) D_2(f)(u, v), 1 + D_2(f)(u, v)^2]]$$


STUDENT > hik(F);

$$(u, v) \rightarrow \left[ \left[ \frac{D_{1,1}(f)(u, v)}{\sqrt{D_1(f)(u, v)^2 + D_2(f)(u, v)^2 + 1}}, \frac{D_{1,2}(f)(u, v)}{\sqrt{D_1(f)(u, v)^2 + D_2(f)(u, v)^2 + 1}} \right], \left[ \frac{D_{1,2}(f)(u, v)}{\sqrt{D_1(f)(u, v)^2 + D_2(f)(u, v)^2 + 1}}, \frac{D_{2,2}(f)(u, v)}{\sqrt{D_1(f)(u, v)^2 + D_2(f)(u, v)^2 + 1}} \right] \right]$$


STUDENT > christoffel_list[1](gik(F));

$$(u, v) \rightarrow [[0, 0], [0, 0]]$$


STUDENT > christoffel_list[2](gik(F));

$$(u, v) \rightarrow [[0, 0], [0, 0]]$$


STUDENT > christoffel_list(gik(F));

$$(u, v) \rightarrow [[[0, 0], [0, 0]], [[0, 0], [0, 0]]]$$


STUDENT > shapeoperator(F);

$$(u, v) \rightarrow$$


$$\left[ \begin{array}{cc} \frac{-D_{1,1}(f)(u, v) - D_{1,1}(f)(u, v) D_2(f)(u, v)^2 + D_1(f)(u, v) D_2(f)(u, v) D_{1,2}(f)(u, v)}{(D_1(f)(u, v)^2 + D_2(f)(u, v)^2 + 1)^{3/2}}, & \frac{D_{1,2}(f)(u, v) + D_{1,2}(f)(u, v) D_2(f)(u, v)^2 - D_1(f)(u, v) D_2(f)(u, v) D_{2,2}(f)(u, v)}{(D_1(f)(u, v)^2 + D_2(f)(u, v)^2 + 1)^{3/2}} \\ \frac{-D_1(f)(u, v) D_2(f)(u, v) D_{1,1}(f)(u, v) + D_{1,1}(f)(u, v) D_{1,2}(f)(u, v) D_1(f)(u, v)^2}{(D_1(f)(u, v)^2 + D_2(f)(u, v)^2 + 1)^{3/2}}, & \frac{D_1(f)(u, v) D_2(f)(u, v) D_{1,2}(f)(u, v) - D_{2,2}(f)(u, v) - D_{2,2}(f)(u, v) D_1(f)(u, v)^2}{(D_1(f)(u, v)^2 + D_2(f)(u, v)^2 + 1)^{3/2}} \end{array} \right]$$


STUDENT > gauss_curvature(F);

$$(u, v) \rightarrow \frac{D_{1,1}(f)(u, v) D_{2,2}(f)(u, v) - D_{1,2}(f)(u, v)^2}{(D_1(f)(u, v)^2 + D_2(f)(u, v)^2 + 1)^2}$$


STUDENT > mean_curvature(F);

$$(u, v) \rightarrow \frac{\frac{1}{2} D_{2,2}(f)(u, v) D_1(f)(u, v)^2 + D_{2,2}(f)(u, v) - 2 D_1(f)(u, v) D_2(f)(u, v) D_{1,2}(f)(u, v) + D_{1,1}(f)(u, v) + D_{1,1}(f)(u, v) D_2(f)(u, v)^2}{(D_1(f)(u, v)^2 + D_2(f)(u, v)^2 + 1)^{3/2}}$$


STUDENT > intrinsic_curvature(gik(F));

$$0$$


STUDENT > princ_curvature[1](F);

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{D_1(f)(u, v)^2 + D_2(f)(u, v)^2 + 1}}$$


```

Remark. The expressions for **princ-curvature[1](gik(F))** are too complicated to be useful to print.

More info:

- ▷ Deserno: p.12.
- ▷ Galloway: p.123.
- ▷ Gluck: p.22 ff.
- BANCHOFF [1, p.201].
- KREYSZIG: *Differentialgeometrie*. p. 383.
- PRESSLEY [3, p.149].

13 surface of Revolution $\phi(u, v) = (f(u) \cos(v), f(u) \sin(v), g(u))$

```

STUDENT > F:=(u,v)->[ f(u)*cos(v) , f(u)*sin(v) , g(u) ];
          F:=(u,v)→[f(u) cos(v), f(u) sin(v), g(u)]
STUDENT > gik(F);
          (u,v)→[[D(f)(u)^2+D(g)(u)^2,0],[0,f(u)^2]]
STUDENT > hik(F);
          (u,v)→[[[-f(u)((D^(2))(f)(u)D(g)(u)-(D^(2))(g)(u)D(f)(u)),0],
                     [0,f(u)^2D(g)(u)]]
STUDENT > christoffel_list[1](gik(F));
          (u,v)→[[[D(f)(u)(D^(2))(f)(u)+D(g)(u)(D^(2))(g)(u),
                     D(f)(u)^2+D(g)(u)^2],0],[0,-D(f)(u)f(u)
                     D(f)(u)^2+D(g)(u)^2]]
STUDENT > christoffel_list[2](gik(F));
          (u,v)→[[0,D(f)(u)f(u)], [D(f)(u),0]]
STUDENT > christoffel_list(gik(F));
          (u,v)→[[[D(f)(u)(D^(2))(f)(u)+D(g)(u)(D^(2))(g)(u),
                     D(f)(u)^2+D(g)(u)^2],0],[0,-D(f)(u)f(u)
                     D(f)(u)^2+D(g)(u)^2],
                     [[0,D(f)(u)f(u)], [D(f)(u),0]]]
STUDENT > shapeoperator(F);
          (u,v)→[[[f(u)(-(D^(2))(f)(u)D(g)(u)+(D^(2))(g)(u)D(f)(u)),
                     (D(f)(u)^2+D(g)(u)^2)√f(u)^2(D(f)(u)^2+D(g)(u)^2)],0],
                     [0,D(g)(u)√f(u)^2(D(f)(u)^2+D(g)(u)^2)]]
```

```

[ STUDENT > gauss_curvature(F) ;
  (u, v) → - ((D^(2))(f)(u) D(g)(u) - (D^(2))(g)(u) D(f)(u)) D(g)(u)
              f(u) (D(f)(u)^2 + D(g)(u)^2)^2

[ STUDENT > mean_curvature(F) ;
  (u, v) →
    1 D(g)(u) D(f)(u)^2 + D(g)(u)^3 - f(u) (D^(2))(f)(u) D(g)(u) + f(u) (D^(2))(g)(u) D(f)(u)
    2 √f(u)^2 (D(f)(u)^2 + D(g)(u)^2) (D(f)(u)^2 + D(g)(u)^2)

[ STUDENT > intrinsic_curvature(gik(F)) ;
  (u, v) → D(g)(u) (- (D^(2))(f)(u) D(g)(u) + (D^(2))(g)(u) D(f)(u))
              f(u) (D(f)(u)^2 + D(g)(u)^2)^2

[ STUDENT > princ_curvature[1](F) ;
  (u, v) → - 1/2 (- D(g)(u) D(f)(u)^2 - D(g)(u)^3 + f(u) (D^(2))(f)(u) D(g)(u)
                  - f(u) (D^(2))(g)(u) D(f)(u) +
                  (f(u) (D^(2))(f)(u) D(g)(u) + D(g)(u) D(f)(u)^2 + D(g)(u)^3 - f(u) (D^(2))(g)(u) D(f)(u))^2
                  / (f(u)^2 (D(f)(u)^2 + D(g)(u)^2)^3))^(1/2) √f(u)^2 (D(f)(u)^2 + D(g)(u)^2) D(f)(u)^2 +
                  (f(u) (D^(2))(f)(u) D(g)(u) + D(g)(u) D(f)(u)^2 + D(g)(u)^3 - f(u) (D^(2))(g)(u) D(f)(u))^2
                  / (f(u)^2 (D(f)(u)^2 + D(g)(u)^2)^3))^(1/2) √f(u)^2 (D(f)(u)^2 + D(g)(u)^2) D(g)(u)^2 /
                  √f(u)^2 (D(f)(u)^2 + D(g)(u)^2) (D(f)(u)^2 + D(g)(u)^2))

[ STUDENT > princ_curvature[2](F) ;
  (u, v) → 1/2 (D(g)(u) D(f)(u)^2 + D(g)(u)^3 - f(u) (D^(2))(f)(u) D(g)(u)
                  + f(u) (D^(2))(g)(u) D(f)(u) +
                  (- D(g)(u) D(f)(u)^2 - D(g)(u)^3 - f(u) (D^(2))(f)(u) D(g)(u) + f(u) (D^(2))(g)(u) D(f)(u))^2
                  / (f(u)^2 (D(f)(u)^2 + D(g)(u)^2)^3))^(1/2) √f(u)^2 (D(f)(u)^2 + D(g)(u)^2) D(f)(u)^2 +
                  (- D(g)(u) D(f)(u)^2 - D(g)(u)^3 - f(u) (D^(2))(f)(u) D(g)(u) + f(u) (D^(2))(g)(u) D(f)(u))^2
                  / (f(u)^2 (D(f)(u)^2 + D(g)(u)^2)^3))^(1/2) √f(u)^2 (D(f)(u)^2 + D(g)(u)^2) D(g)(u)^2 /
                  √f(u)^2 (D(f)(u)^2 + D(g)(u)^2) (D(f)(u)^2 + D(g)(u)^2))

```

More info:

- ▷ MathWorld: Surface of revolution
- ▷ Wiki: Surface of revolution
- ▷ Wheeler: p.16
- ▷ Shifrin: p.52.
- BANCHOFF [1, p.196, p.205] .
- PRESSLEY [3, p.149] .
- LIPSCHUTZ: *Differential Geometry*. p. 202, Example 10.1.

14 Ruled surface $\phi(u, v) = c(u) + v \cdot E(u)$

More info:

- \triangleright Wiki: Ruled surface
- \triangleright WOLFRAM|alpha: Ruled surface
- \triangleright Wheeler: p.18
- LIPSCHUTZ: *Differential Geometry*. p. 225, Ex. 10.30.
- BANCHOFF [1, p.210] .

15 PLÜCKER conoid $\phi(u, v) = (v \cdot \cos(u), v \cdot \sin(u), 2 \cos(u) \cdot \sin(u))$

```

[ STUDENT > F:=(u,v)->[ v*cos(u) , v*sin(u) , 2*cos(u)*sin(u) ] ;
  F:=(u,v)→[v cos(u), v sin(u), 2 cos(u) sin(u)]
[ STUDENT > gik(F) ;
  (u,v)→[[v^2+16 cos(u)^4-16 cos(u)^2+4,0],[0,1]]
[ STUDENT > hik(F) ;
  (u,v)→[[8 cos(u) sin(u) v / sqrt(v^2+16 cos(u)^4-16 cos(u)^2+4), 2 (2 cos(u)^2-1) / sqrt(v^2+16 cos(u)^4-16 cos(u)^2+4)],
  [2 (2 cos(u)^2-1) / sqrt(v^2+16 cos(u)^4-16 cos(u)^2+4), 0]]
[ STUDENT > christoffel_list[1](gik(F)) ;
  (u,v)→[[ -16 cos(u) sin(u) (2 cos(u)^2-1) / (v^2+16 cos(u)^4-16 cos(u)^2+4), v / (v^2+16 cos(u)^4-16 cos(u)^2+4)],
  [v / (v^2+16 cos(u)^4-16 cos(u)^2+4), 0]]
[ STUDENT > christoffel_list[2](gik(F)) ;
  (u,v)→[[[-v,0],[0,0]]]
[ STUDENT > christoffel_list(gik(F)) ;
  (u,v)→[[[-16 cos(u) sin(u) (2 cos(u)^2-1) / (v^2+16 cos(u)^4-16 cos(u)^2+4), v / (v^2+16 cos(u)^4-16 cos(u)^2+4)],
  [v / (v^2+16 cos(u)^4-16 cos(u)^2+4), 0]], [[-v,0],[0,0]]]
[ STUDENT > shapeoperator(F) ;
  (u,v)→[
  [8 cos(u) sin(u) v / (v^2+16 cos(u)^4-16 cos(u)^2+4)^{3/2}, 2 (2 cos(u)^2-1) / (v^2+16 cos(u)^4-16 cos(u)^2+4)^{3/2}],
  [2 (2 cos(u)^2-1) / sqrt(v^2+16 cos(u)^4-16 cos(u)^2+4), 0]]
[ STUDENT > gauss_curvature(F) ; Page 1

```

$$(u, v) \rightarrow -4 (4 \cos(u)^4 - 4 \cos(u)^2 + 1) / (v^4 + 32 v^2 \cos(u)^4 - 32 v^2 \cos(u)^2 + 8 v^2 + 256 \cos(u)^8 - 512 \cos(u)^6 + 384 \cos(u)^4 - 128 \cos(u)^2 + 16)$$

STUDENT > mean_curvature(F);

$$(u, v) \rightarrow 4 \frac{\cos(u) \sin(u) v}{(v^2 + 16 \cos(u)^4 - 16 \cos(u)^2 + 4)^{3/2}}$$

STUDENT > intrinsic_curvature(gik(F));

$$(u, v) \rightarrow -4 (4 \cos(u)^4 - 4 \cos(u)^2 + 1) / (v^4 + 32 v^2 \cos(u)^4 - 32 v^2 \cos(u)^2 + 8 v^2 + 256 \cos(u)^8 - 512 \cos(u)^6 + 384 \cos(u)^4 - 128 \cos(u)^2 + 16)$$

STUDENT > princ_curvature[1](F);

$$(u, v) \rightarrow -2 \left(-2 \cos(u) \sin(u) v + \sqrt{\frac{v^2 - 128 \cos(u)^6 + 96 \cos(u)^4 + 4 - 32 \cos(u)^2 + 64 \cos(u)^8}{(v^2 + 16 \cos(u)^4 - 16 \cos(u)^2 + 4)^3}} \right.$$

$$\sqrt{\frac{v^2 + 16 \cos(u)^4 - 16 \cos(u)^2 + 4 v^2 + 16}{v^2 - 128 \cos(u)^6 + 96 \cos(u)^4 + 4 - 32 \cos(u)^2 + 64 \cos(u)^8}} \sqrt{\frac{(v^2 + 16 \cos(u)^4 - 16 \cos(u)^2 + 4)^3}{v^2 + 16 \cos(u)^4 - 16 \cos(u)^2 + 4 \cos(u)^4 - 16}} \sqrt{\frac{v^2 - 128 \cos(u)^6 + 96 \cos(u)^4 + 4 - 32 \cos(u)^2 + 64 \cos(u)^8}{(v^2 + 16 \cos(u)^4 - 16 \cos(u)^2 + 4)^3}} \sqrt{\frac{v^2 + 16 \cos(u)^4 - 16 \cos(u)^2 + 4 \cos(u)^2 + 4}{v^2 - 128 \cos(u)^6 + 96 \cos(u)^4 + 4 - 32 \cos(u)^2 + 64 \cos(u)^8}} \sqrt{\frac{(v^2 + 16 \cos(u)^4 - 16 \cos(u)^2 + 4)^3}{v^2 + 16 \cos(u)^4 - 16 \cos(u)^2 + 4}} \left. \right) / (v^2 + 16 \cos(u)^4 - 16 \cos(u)^2 + 4)^{3/2}$$

More info:

- ▷ WOLFRAM|alpha: Pluecker conoid

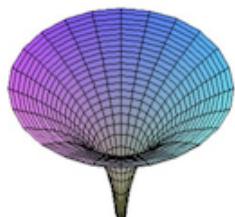
16 BANCHOFF funnel $\phi(u, v) = (v \cos(u), v \sin(u), \ln(v))$

Banchoff funnel p.155 - (maple Vr4 1996) Dr. W. Lindner 4/2023

```

STUDENT > F:=(u,v)->[ v*cos(u), v*sin(u), ln(v) ];
F:=(u,v)->[ v*cos(u), v*sin(u), ln(v) ]
STUDENT > gik(F);
(u,v)->[ [ v^2, 0 ], [ 0, v^2+1 ] ]
STUDENT > hik(F);
(u,v)->[ [ -v/sqrt(v^2+1), 0 ], [ 0, 1/v*sqrt(v^2+1) ] ]
STUDENT > christoffel_list[1](gik(F));
(u,v)->[ [ 0, 1/v ], [ 1/v, 0 ] ]
STUDENT > christoffel_list[2](gik(F));
(u,v)->[ [ -v^3/(v^2+1), 0 ], [ 0, -1/v*(v^2+1) ] ]
STUDENT > christoffel_list(gik(F));
(u,v)->[ [ [ 0, 1/v ], [ 1/v, 0 ] ], [ [ -v^3/(v^2+1), 0 ], [ 0, -1/v*(v^2+1) ] ] ]
STUDENT > shapeoperator(F);
(u,v)->[ [ -1/v*sqrt(v^2+1), 0 ], [ 0, -v/(v^2+1)^{3/2} ] ]
STUDENT > gauss_curvature(F);
(u,v)-> -1/(v^2+1)^2
STUDENT > mean_curvature(F);
(u,v)-> -1/2 * 1/(v^2+1)^{3/2}
STUDENT > intrinsic_curvature(gik(F));
(u,v)-> -1/(v^2+1)^2
STUDENT > princ_curvature[1](F);
(u,v)-> -1/2 * sqrt((2*v^2+1)^2/(v^2*(v^2+1)^3))^(3/2) * v*sqrt(v^2+1) + sqrt((2*v^2+1)^2/(v^2*(v^2+1)^3))^(3/2) * v*sqrt(v^2+1)
STUDENT > princ_curvature[2](F);
(u,v)-> 1/2 * sqrt((2*v^2+1)^2/(v^2*(v^2+1)^3))^(3/2) * v*sqrt(v^2+1) + sqrt((2*v^2+1)^2/(v^2*(v^2+1)^3))^(3/2) * v*sqrt(v^2+1)
STUDENT > plot3d(F(t,s),t=0..2*pi,s=-0..2,style=PATCH,scaling=constrained);

```



17 SCHERK surface $\phi(u, v) = (u, v, \ln(\frac{\cos v}{\cos u}))$

```

[ STUDENT > F:=(u,v)->[ u, v, ln(cos(v)/cos(u)) ];
  F:=(u,v)->[ u, v, ln( cos(v) / cos(u) ) ]
[ STUDENT > gik(F);
  (u,v)->[ [ 1 / cos(u)^2, -sin(u) sin(v) / cos(u) cos(v) ], [ -sin(u) sin(v) / cos(u) cos(v), 1 / cos(v)^2 ] ]
[ STUDENT > hik(F);
  (u,v)->[ [ 1 / (cos(u)^2 * sqrt(-cos(v)^2 + cos(u)^2 cos(v)^2 - cos(u)^2) ), 0 ],
    [ 0, -1 / (cos(v)^2 * sqrt(-cos(v)^2 + cos(u)^2 cos(v)^2 - cos(u)^2) ) ] ]
[ STUDENT > christoffel_list[1](gik(F));
  (u,v)->[ [ -sin(u) cos(v)^2 / (cos(u) (-cos(v)^2 + cos(u)^2 cos(v)^2 - cos(u)^2)), 0 ],
    [ 0, sin(u) cos(u) / (-cos(v)^2 + cos(u)^2 cos(v)^2 - cos(u)^2) ] ]
[ STUDENT > christoffel_list[2](gik(F));
  (u,v)->[ [ sin(v) cos(v) / (-cos(v)^2 + cos(u)^2 cos(v)^2 - cos(u)^2), 0 ],
    [ 0, cos(u)^2 sin(v) / (-cos(v) (-cos(v)^2 + cos(u)^2 cos(v)^2 - cos(u)^2)) ] ]
[ STUDENT > christoffel_list(gik(F));
  (u,v)->[ [ [ -sin(u) cos(v)^2 / (cos(u) (-cos(v)^2 + cos(u)^2 cos(v)^2 - cos(u)^2)), 0 ],
    [ 0, sin(u) cos(u) / (-cos(v)^2 + cos(u)^2 cos(v)^2 - cos(u)^2) ], [ sin(v) cos(v) / (-cos(v)^2 + cos(u)^2 cos(v)^2 - cos(u)^2), 0 ] ]

```

$$\left[0, -\frac{\cos(u)^2 \sin(v)}{\cos(v)(-\cos(v)^2 + \cos(u)^2 \cos(v)^2 - \cos(u)^2)} \right] \right]$$

STUDENT > shapeoperator(F) ;

$$(u, v) \rightarrow \left[\begin{array}{c} \\ \\ -\frac{1}{\sqrt{-\frac{-\cos(v)^2 + \cos(u)^2 \cos(v)^2 - \cos(u)^2}{\cos(u)^2 \cos(v)^2}} (-\cos(v)^2 + \cos(u)^2 \cos(v)^2 - \cos(u)^2)}, \\ \frac{\cos(u) \sin(u) \sin(v)}{\cos(v) \sqrt{-\frac{-\cos(v)^2 + \cos(u)^2 \cos(v)^2 - \cos(u)^2}{\cos(u)^2 \cos(v)^2}} (-\cos(v)^2 + \cos(u)^2 \cos(v)^2 - \cos(u)^2)} \\ , \left[-\frac{\sin(u) \sin(v) \cos(v)}{\cos(u) \sqrt{-\frac{-\cos(v)^2 + \cos(u)^2 \cos(v)^2 - \cos(u)^2}{\cos(u)^2 \cos(v)^2}} (-\cos(v)^2 + \cos(u)^2 \cos(v)^2 - \cos(u)^2)} \right] \end{array} \right]$$

STUDENT > gauss_curvature(F) ;

$$(u, v) \rightarrow -\cos(u)^2 \cos(v)^2 / (\cos(v)^4 + 2 \cos(u)^2 \cos(v)^2 - 2 \cos(v)^4 \cos(u)^2 - 2 \cos(u)^4 \cos(v)^2 + \cos(u)^4 \cos(v)^4 + \cos(u)^4)$$

STUDENT > mean_curvature(F) ;

0

STUDENT > intrinsic_curvature(gik(F)) ;

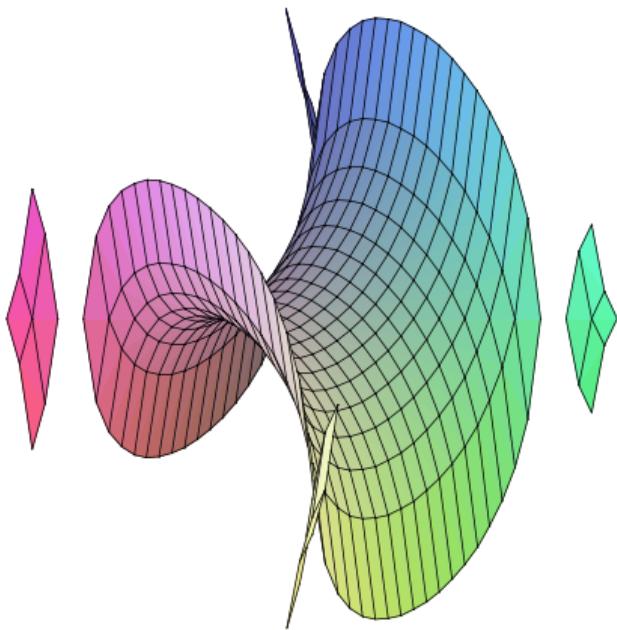
$$(u, v) \rightarrow -\cos(u)^2 \cos(v)^2 / (\cos(v)^4 + 2 \cos(u)^2 \cos(v)^2 - 2 \cos(v)^4 \cos(u)^2 - 2 \cos(u)^4 \cos(v)^2 + \cos(u)^4 \cos(v)^4 + \cos(u)^4)$$

STUDENT > princ_curvature[1](F) ;

$$(u, v) \rightarrow -\sqrt{\frac{\cos(u)^2 \cos(v)^2}{(-\cos(v)^2 + \cos(u)^2 \cos(v)^2 - \cos(u)^2)^2}}$$

STUDENT > princ_curvature[2](F) ;

$$(u, v) \rightarrow \sqrt{\frac{\cos(u)^2 \cos(v)^2}{(-\cos(v)^2 + \cos(u)^2 \cos(v)^2 - \cos(u)^2)^2}}$$



More info:

- \triangleright MathWorld: Scherk surface
- \triangleright Wiki: Scherk surface
- \triangleright WOLFRAM|alpha: Scherk surface

18 ENNEPER surface $\phi(u, v) = (\frac{1}{3}u(1 - \frac{1}{3}u^2 + v^2), \frac{1}{3}v(1 - \frac{1}{3}v^2 + u^2), \frac{1}{3}(u^2 - v^2))$

```

STUDENT > F:=(u,v)->[ u-1/3*u^3+u*v^2, v-1/3*v^3+v*u^2, u^2-v^2];
F:=(u, v)→[u- $\frac{1}{3}u^3+uv^2$ , v- $\frac{1}{3}v^3+vu^2$ ,  $u^2-v^2$ ]
STUDENT > gik(F);
(u, v)→[[1+2u^2+2v^2+u^4+2v^2u^2+v^4, 0], [0, 1+2u^2+2v^2+u^4+2v^2u^2+v^4]]
STUDENT > hik(F);
(u, v)→[[2\operatorname{csgn}((u^2+v^2+1)^2), 0], [0, -2\operatorname{csgn}((u^2+v^2+1)^2)]]
STUDENT > christoffel_list[1](gik(F));
(u, v)→[[2\frac{u}{u^2+v^2+1}, 2\frac{v}{u^2+v^2+1}], [2\frac{v}{u^2+v^2+1}, -2\frac{u}{u^2+v^2+1}]]
STUDENT > christoffel_list[2](gik(F));
(u, v)→[[[-2\frac{v}{u^2+v^2+1}, 2\frac{u}{u^2+v^2+1}], [2\frac{u}{u^2+v^2+1}, 2\frac{v}{u^2+v^2+1}]]]
STUDENT > christoffel_list(gik(F));
(u, v)→[[[2\frac{u}{u^2+v^2+1}, 2\frac{v}{u^2+v^2+1}], [2\frac{v}{u^2+v^2+1}, -2\frac{u}{u^2+v^2+1}],
[-2\frac{v}{u^2+v^2+1}, 2\frac{u}{u^2+v^2+1}], [2\frac{u}{u^2+v^2+1}, 2\frac{v}{u^2+v^2+1}]]]
STUDENT > shapeoperator(F);
(u, v)→
[[2\frac{\operatorname{csgn}((u^2+v^2+1)^2)}{1+2u^2+2v^2+u^4+2v^2u^2+v^4}, 0], [0, -2\frac{\operatorname{csgn}((u^2+v^2+1)^2)}{1+2u^2+2v^2+u^4+2v^2u^2+v^4}]]
STUDENT > gauss_curvature(F);
(u, v)→ -\frac{4}{(1+2u^2+2v^2+u^4+2v^2u^2+v^4)^2}
STUDENT > mean_curvature(F);
0
STUDENT > intrinsic_curvature(gik(F));
(u, v)→ -\frac{4}{(1+2u^2+2v^2+u^4+2v^2u^2+v^4)(u^2+v^2+1)^2}
STUDENT > princ_curvature[1](F);

```

```

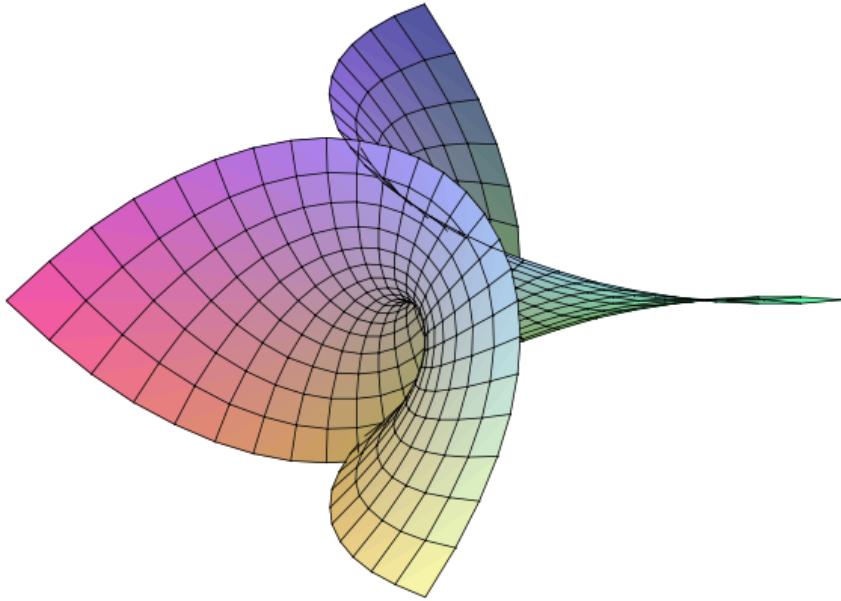

$$(u, v) \rightarrow -2 \frac{\text{csgn}((1 + \sqrt{u^2 + v^2})^2)}{(u^2 + v^2 + 1)^2}$$

STUDENT > princ_curvature[2](F);

$$(u, v) \rightarrow 2 \frac{\text{csgn}((1 + \sqrt{u^2 + v^2})^2)}{(u^2 + v^2 + 1)^2}$$

STUDENT > plot3d(F(t,s), t=-2..2, s=-2..2, style=PATCH, scaling=constrained);

```



Remark. `csgn` is a Maple function to calculate the sign $\begin{smallmatrix} +1 \\ -1 \end{smallmatrix}$ of a real or complex expression.

More info:

- ▷ MathWorld: Enneper's Surface
- ▷ WOLFRAM|alpha: Enneper's Surface
- ▷ Deserno: p.22.
- ▷ Earl: p.23.
- ▷ BANCHOFF [1, p.197].
- ▷ PRESSLEY [3, p.214].

19 BELTRAMI pseudosphere $\phi(u, v) = (\sin u \cos v, \dots)$

```

STUDENT > F:=(u,v)->[ sin(u)*cos(v), sin(u)*sin(v) ,
cos(u)+ln(sin(u)/(cos(u)+1)) ];
F:=(u, v)→[ sin(u) cos(v), sin(u) sin(v), cos(u) + ln( sin(u) )
cos(u) + 1 ) ]
STUDENT > gik(F);
(u, v)→[ [ - cos(u)^2
-1 + cos(u)^2 , 0 ], [ 0, 1 - cos(u)^2 ] ]
STUDENT > hik(F);
(u, v)→[ [ sin(u) csgn(cos(u)) cos(u)
-1 + cos(u)^2 , 0 ], [ 0, sin(u) csgn(cos(u)) cos(u) ] ]
STUDENT > christoffel_list[1](gik(F));
(u, v)→[ [ sin(u)
cos(u) (-1 + cos(u)^2) , 0 ], [ 0, sin(u) (-1 + cos(u)^2)
cos(u) ] ]
STUDENT > christoffel_list[2](gik(F));
(u, v)→[ [ 0, - cos(u) sin(u)
-1 + cos(u)^2 ], [ - cos(u) sin(u)
-1 + cos(u)^2 , 0 ] ]
STUDENT > christoffel_list(gik(F));
(u, v)→[ [ [ sin(u)
cos(u) (-1 + cos(u)^2) , 0 ], [ 0, sin(u) (-1 + cos(u)^2)
cos(u) ] ],
[ [ 0, - cos(u) sin(u)
-1 + cos(u)^2 ], [ - cos(u) sin(u)
-1 + cos(u)^2 , 0 ] ] ]
STUDENT > shapeoperator(F);
(u, v)→[ [ - sin(u) csgn(cos(u))
cos(u) , 0 ], [ 0, - sin(u) csgn(cos(u)) cos(u)
-1 + cos(u)^2 ] ]
STUDENT > gauss_curvature(F);
-1
STUDENT > mean_curvature(F);
(u, v)→ - 1/2 sin(u) csgn(cos(u)) (2 cos(u)^2 - 1)
cos(u) (-1 + cos(u)^2)
STUDENT > intrinsic_curvature(gik(F));

```

```

[ STUDENT > princ_curvature[1] (F) ;

$$(u, v) \rightarrow -\frac{1}{2} \left( 2 \sin(u) \operatorname{csgn}(\cos(u)) \cos(u)^2 - \sin(u) \operatorname{csgn}(\cos(u)) \right.$$


$$\left. - \sqrt{\frac{1}{\sin(u)^2 \cos(u)^2}} \cos(u) + \sqrt{\frac{1}{\sin(u)^2 \cos(u)^2}} \cos(u)^3 \right) / (\cos(u) (-1 + \cos(u)^2))$$

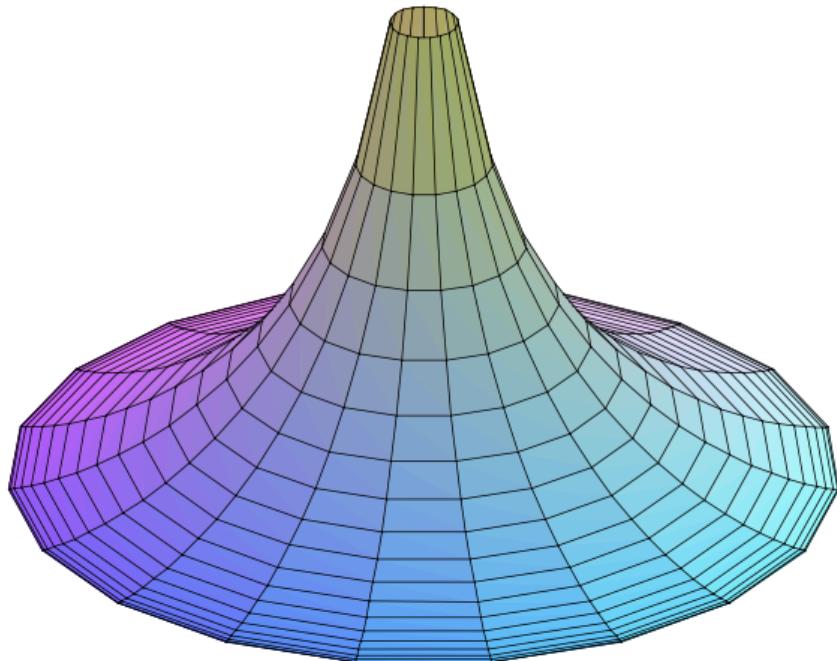
[ STUDENT > princ_curvature[2] (F) ;

$$(u, v) \rightarrow \frac{1}{2} \left( -2 \sin(u) \operatorname{csgn}(\cos(u)) \cos(u)^2 + \sin(u) \operatorname{csgn}(\cos(u)) \right.$$


$$\left. - \sqrt{\frac{1}{\sin(u)^2 \cos(u)^2}} \cos(u) + \sqrt{\frac{1}{\sin(u)^2 \cos(u)^2}} \cos(u)^3 \right) / (\cos(u) (-1 + \cos(u)^2))$$

[ STUDENT > plot3d(Pseudosphere(t,s),t=0..Pi/2,s=0..2*Pi,style=PATC
H,grid=[20,20],orientation=[0,-130]);

```



```
[ STUDENT >
```

More info:

- ▷ MathWorld: Pseudosphere
- ▷ Wiki: Pseudosphere
- ▷ WOLFRAM|alpha: Pseudosphere
- ▷ Wheeler: p.23
- BANCHOFF [1, p.202] .

20 HEXENHUT $\phi(U, V) = (\alpha \cdot \frac{\cos V}{\sqrt{U}}, \alpha \cdot \frac{\sin V}{\sqrt{U}}, U)$ WHERE $\alpha^2 = \frac{2}{3\sqrt{3}}$

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20 Hexenhet $\phi(u, v) = (\alpha \cdot \frac{\cos v}{\sqrt{u}}, \alpha \cdot \frac{\sin v}{\sqrt{u}}, u)$ where $\alpha^2 = \frac{2}{3\sqrt{3}}$

```

STUDENT > C := 2/(3*sqrt(3));
C:= $\frac{2}{9}\sqrt{3}$ 
STUDENT > F:=(u,v)->[ C/sqrt(u)*cos(v), C/sqrt(u)*sin(v), u];
F:=(u,v)→ $\left[\frac{C \cos(v)}{\sqrt{u}}, \frac{C \sin(v)}{\sqrt{u}}, u\right]$ 
STUDENT > gik(F);
(u,v)→ $\left[\left[\frac{1}{27} \frac{1+27 u^3}{u^3}, 0\right], \left[0, \frac{4}{27} \frac{1}{u}\right]\right]$ 
STUDENT > hik(F);
(u,v)→ $\left[\left[-\frac{3}{2} \frac{1}{u^3 \sqrt{\frac{1+27 u^3}{u^4}}}, 0\right], \left[0, \frac{2}{u \sqrt{\frac{1+27 u^3}{u^4}}}\right]\right]$ 
STUDENT > christoffel_list[1](gik(F));
(u,v)→ $\left[\left[-\frac{3}{2} \frac{1}{u (1+27 u^3)}, 0\right], \left[0, 2 \frac{u}{1+27 u^3}\right]\right]$ 
STUDENT > christoffel_list[2](gik(F));
(u,v)→ $\left[\left[0, -\frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{u}\right], \left[-\frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{u}, 0\right]\right]$ 
STUDENT > christoffel_list(gik(F));
(u,v)→ $\left[\left[\left[-\frac{3}{2} \frac{1}{u (1+27 u^3)}, 0\right], \left[0, 2 \frac{u}{1+27 u^3}\right]\right], \left[\left[0, -\frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{u}\right], \left[-\frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{u}, 0\right]\right]\right]$ 
STUDENT > shapeoperator(F);
(u,v)→ $\left[\left[-\frac{81}{2} \frac{1}{(1+27 u^3) \sqrt{\frac{1+27 u^3}{u^4}}}, 0\right], \left[0, \frac{27}{2} \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{1+27 u^3}{u^4}}}\right]\right]$ 
STUDENT > gauss_curvature(F);
(u,v)→ $-\frac{2187}{4} \frac{u^4}{(1+27 u^3)^2}$ 
STUDENT > mean_curvature(F);

```

20 HEXENHUT $\phi(U, V) = (\alpha \cdot \frac{\cos V}{\sqrt{U}}, \alpha \cdot \frac{\sin V}{\sqrt{U}}, U)$ WHERE $\alpha^2 = \frac{2}{3\sqrt{3}}$

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```


$$(u, v) \rightarrow \frac{27}{4} \frac{-2 + 27 u^3}{\sqrt{\frac{1 + 27 u^3}{u^4}} (1 + 27 u^3)}$$

STUDENT > intrinsic_curvature(gik(F)) ;

$$(u, v) \rightarrow -\frac{2187}{4} \frac{u^4}{(1 + 27 u^3)^2}$$

STUDENT > princ_curvature[1](F) ;

$$(u, v) \rightarrow -\frac{27}{4}$$

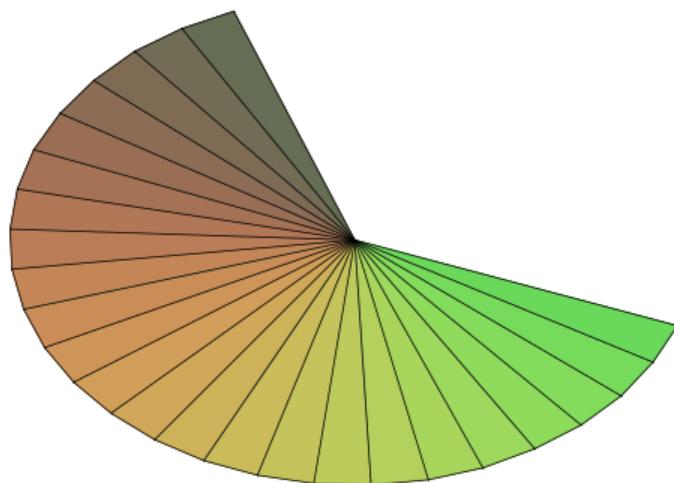

$$\frac{2 - 27 u^3 + \sqrt{\frac{u^4 (4 + 27 u^3)^2}{(1 + 27 u^3)^3}} \sqrt{\frac{1 + 27 u^3}{u^4}} + 27 \sqrt{\frac{u^4 (4 + 27 u^3)^2}{(1 + 27 u^3)^3}} \sqrt{\frac{1 + 27 u^3}{u^4}} u^3}{\sqrt{\frac{1 + 27 u^3}{u^4}} (1 + 27 u^3)}$$

STUDENT > princ_curvature[2](F) ;

$$(u, v) \rightarrow \frac{27}{4} \left( -2 + 27 u^3 + \sqrt{\frac{u^4 (4 + 27 u^3)^2}{(1 + 27 u^3)^3}} \sqrt{\frac{1 + 27 u^3}{u^4}} + 27 \sqrt{\frac{u^4 (4 + 27 u^3)^2}{(1 + 27 u^3)^3}} \sqrt{\frac{1 + 27 u^3}{u^4}} u^3 \right) / \left( \sqrt{\frac{1 + 27 u^3}{u^4}} (1 + 27 u^3) \right)$$

STUDENT > plot3d(F(t,s), t=-2..2, s=-2..2, style=PATCH, scaling=constrained) ;

```



More info: • ▷ Wheeler: p.21 ff

21 Hexe $\phi(u, v) = (\sqrt{u} \cdot \cos v, \sqrt{u} \cdot \sin v, u)$

```

[ STUDENT > F:=(u,v)->[ sqrt(u)*cos(v), sqrt(u)*sin(v), u];
  F:=(u, v)→[√u cos(v), √u sin(v), u]
[ STUDENT > gik(F);
  (u, v)→[[1/4 1+4 u/u, 0], [0, u]]
[ STUDENT > hik(F);
  (u, v)→[[1/2 1/u √1+4 u, 0], [0, 2 u/√1+4 u]]
[ STUDENT > christoffel_list[1](gik(F));
  (u, v)→[[-1/2 1/u(1+4 u), 0], [0, -2 u/1+4 u]]
[ STUDENT > christoffel_list[2](gik(F));
  (u, v)→[[0, 1/2 1/u], [1/2 1/u, 0]]
[ STUDENT > christoffel_list(gik(F));
  (u, v)→[[[-1/2 1/u(1+4 u), 0], [0, -2 u/1+4 u]], [[0, 1/2 1/u], [1/2 1/u, 0]]]
[ STUDENT > shapeoperator(F);
  (u, v)→[[2/(1+4 u)^3/2, 0], [0, 2/√1+4 u]]
[ STUDENT > gauss_curvature(F);
  (u, v)→4/(1+4 u)^2
[ STUDENT > mean_curvature(F);
  (u, v)→2 2 u + 1/(1+4 u)^3/2
[ STUDENT > intrinsic_curvature(gik(F));
  (u, v)→4/(1+4 u)^2
[ STUDENT > princ_curvature[1](F);

```

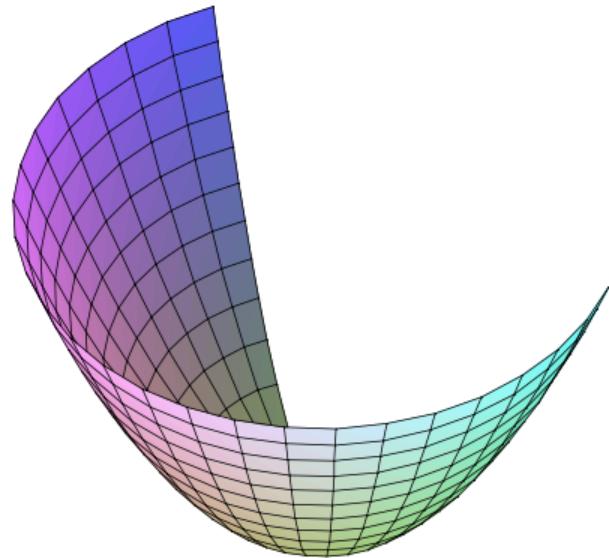
21 HEXE $\phi(U, V) = (\sqrt{U} \cdot \cos V, \sqrt{U} \cdot \sin V, U)$

38

$$(u, v) \rightarrow -2 - \frac{-1 - 2 u + 2 \sqrt{\frac{u^2}{(1+4u)^3}} \sqrt{1+4u} + 8 \sqrt{\frac{u^2}{(1+4u)^3}} \sqrt{1+4u} u}{(1+4u)^{3/2}}$$

STUDENT > **princ_curvature[2](F);**

$$(u, v) \rightarrow 2 - \frac{1 + 2 u + 2 \sqrt{\frac{u^2}{(1+4u)^3}} \sqrt{1+4u} + 8 \sqrt{\frac{u^2}{(1+4u)^3}} \sqrt{1+4u} u}{(1+4u)^{3/2}}$$

STUDENT > **plot3d(F(t,s), t=-2..2, s=-2..2, style=PATCH, scaling=constrained);**

More info: no, it's a little variant of 'hexenhut' given by my.

22 BIANCHI SURFACE $\phi(U, V) = \left(\frac{2\sqrt{V^2+1} \cdot \sin(U) \cdot \cos(-V + \arctan(V))}{1+V^2 \sin(U)^2}, \dots \right)$ 39

22 BIANCHI surface $\phi(u, v) = \left(\frac{2\sqrt{v^2+1} \cdot \sin(u) \cdot \cos(-v + \arctan(v))}{1+v^2 \sin(u)^2}, \dots \right)$

```

STUDENT > F:=(u,v)->[ (
  2*sqrt(v^2+1)*sin(u)*cos(-v+arctan(v)))/(1+v^2*sin(u)^2)
  ,
  (-2*sqrt(v^2+1)*sin(u)*sin(-v+arctan(v)))/(1+v^2*sin(u)^2),
  ln(tan(1/2*u)) + (2*cos(u))/( 1+v^2*sin(u)^2
  ) ];
F:=(u,v)->[ 2*sqrt(v^2+1)*sin(u)*cos(-v+arctan(v))/(
  1+v^2*sin(u)^2),
  -2*sqrt(v^2+1)*sin(u)*sin(-v+arctan(v))/(
  1+v^2*sin(u)^2), ln(tan(1/2*u))+2*cos(u)/(
  1+v^2*sin(u)^2) ]
STUDENT > assume(u>0); assume(v>0);
STUDENT > gik(F);
(u,v)->[ [ -(v^4*cos(u)^4 - 2*v^4*cos(u)^2 + 2*v^2*cos(u)^2 - 2*v^2 + v^4 + 1) / (
  v^4*cos(u)^6 - 3*v^4*cos(u)^4 - 2*v^2*cos(u)^4 + 3*v^4*cos(u)^2 + 4*v^2*cos(u)^2 + cos(u)^2 - v^4 - 2*v^2 - 1
  ), 0 ], [ 0, -4*(-1 + cos(u)^2)*v^2 / (
  1 + 2*v^2 - 2*v^2*cos(u)^2 + v^4 - 2*v^4*cos(u)^2 + v^4*cos(u)^4) ] ]
STUDENT > hik(F);
(u,v)->[ [ 2*(v^4*cos(u)^4 - 2*v^4*cos(u)^2 + 2*v^2*cos(u)^2 - 2*v^2 + v^4 + 1)*v^2*sin(u) / (
  v^8*cos(u)^10 - 5*v^8*cos(u)^8 + 10*v^8*cos(u)^6 - 10*v^8*cos(u)^4 + 5*v^8*cos(u)^2 - v^8 - 4*v^6*cos(u)^8
  + 16*v^6*cos(u)^6 - 24*v^6*cos(u)^4 + 16*v^6*cos(u)^2 - 4*v^6 + 6*v^4*cos(u)^6 - 18*v^4*cos(u)^4
  + 18*v^4*cos(u)^2 - 6*v^4 - 4*v^2*cos(u)^4 + 8*v^2*cos(u)^2 - 4*v^2 + cos(u)^2 - 1 )
  *sqrt( ( -v^2 + v^2*cos(u)^2 + 1 )^2*v^2 / (
  ( v^2*cos(u)^2 - v^2 - 1 )^4 ) ), 0 ], [ 0, 2
  ( v^4*cos(u)^4 - 2*v^4*cos(u)^2 + 2*v^2*cos(u)^2 - 2*v^2 + v^4 + 1 )*sin(u)*v^2 / (
  ( 6*v^4 + 12*v^6*cos(u)^4
  
```

$$- 12 v^6 \cos(u)^2 - 4 v^8 \cos(u)^6 + 6 v^8 \cos(u)^4 - 4 v^8 \cos(u)^2 - 4 v^6 \cos(u)^6 + v^8 \cos(u)^8 + 4 v^6 \\ + v^8 + 6 v^4 \cos(u)^4 - 4 v^2 \cos(u)^2 - 12 v^4 \cos(u)^2 + 1 + 4 v^2) \wedge \sqrt{\frac{(-v^2 + v^2 \cos(u)^2 + 1)^2 v^2}{(v^2 \cos(u)^2 - v^2 - 1)^4}} \\)]]]$$

STUDENT > `christoffel_list[1](gik(F))`;

$$(u, v) \rightarrow \left[\left[\frac{\sin(u) \cos(u) (v^4 \cos(u)^4 - 2 v^4 \cos(u)^2 + 4 v^2 \cos(u)^2 + v^4 - 4 v^2 - 1)}{v^4 \cos(u)^6 - 3 v^4 \cos(u)^4 + 3 v^4 \cos(u)^2 - v^4 - \cos(u)^2 + 1}, \right. \right.$$

$$\left. \left. -4 \frac{v (-1 + \cos(u)^2)}{v^4 \cos(u)^4 - 2 v^4 \cos(u)^2 + v^4 - 1} \right], \right.$$

$$\left. \left[-4 \frac{v (-1 + \cos(u)^2)}{v^4 \cos(u)^4 - 2 v^4 \cos(u)^2 + v^4 - 1}, -4 \frac{\sin(u) \cos(u) (-1 + \cos(u)^2) v^2}{v^4 \cos(u)^4 - 2 v^4 \cos(u)^2 + v^4 - 1} \right] \right]$$

STUDENT > `christoffel_list[2](gik(F))`;

$$(u, v) \rightarrow \left[\begin{array}{c} -v^2 + v^2 \cos(u)^2 + 1 \\ \hline v(1 + v^2 - \cos(u)^2 - 2v^2 \cos(u)^2 + v^2 \cos(u)^4) \\ \hline \frac{(-v^2 + v^2 \cos(u)^2 + 1) \cos(u) \sin(u)}{1 + v^2 - \cos(u)^2 - 2v^2 \cos(u)^2 + v^2 \cos(u)^4} \\ \hline \left[\frac{(-v^2 + v^2 \cos(u)^2 + 1) \cos(u) \sin(u)}{1 + v^2 - \cos(u)^2 - 2v^2 \cos(u)^2 + v^2 \cos(u)^4}, -\frac{-v^2 + v^2 \cos(u)^2 + 1}{v(v^2 \cos(u)^2 - v^2 - 1)} \right] \end{array} \right]$$

```
STUDENT > christoffel_list(gik(F));
```

STUDENT > shapeoperator(F);

$$\begin{aligned}
 & -2 \frac{\sin(u) v^2}{\sqrt{\frac{(-v^2 + v^2 \cos(u)^2 + 1)^2 v^2}{(v^2 \cos(u)^2 - v^2 - 1)^4} (1 + 2 v^2 - 2 v^2 \cos(u)^2 + v^4 - 2 v^4 \cos(u)^2 + v^4 \cos(u)^4)}}, \\
 & 0 \left[0, -\frac{1}{2} \sin(u) (v^4 \cos(u)^4 - 2 v^4 \cos(u)^2 + 2 v^2 \cos(u)^2 - 2 v^2 + v^4 + 1) \right] / \left(\right. \\
 & \left. \sqrt{\frac{(-v^2 + v^2 \cos(u)^2 + 1)^2 v^2}{(v^2 \cos(u)^2 - v^2 - 1)^4}} \right. \\
 & \left. v^4 \cos(u)^6 - 3 v^4 \cos(u)^4 - 2 v^2 \cos(u)^4 + 3 v^4 \cos(u)^2 + 4 v^2 \cos(u)^2 + \cos(u)^2 - v^4 - 2 v^2 - 1 \right) \left. \right]
 \end{aligned}$$

STUDENT > gauss_curvature(F);

-1

STUDENT > mean_curvature(F);

$$\begin{aligned}
 (u, v) \rightarrow & -\frac{1}{4} \sin(u) (v^4 \cos(u)^4 - 2 v^4 \cos(u)^2 + 6 v^2 \cos(u)^2 + v^4 - 6 v^2 + 1) / \left(\right. \\
 & \sqrt{\frac{(-v^2 + v^2 \cos(u)^2 + 1)^2 v^2}{(v^2 \cos(u)^2 - v^2 - 1)^4}} \left. \right. \\
 & v^4 \cos(u)^6 - 3 v^4 \cos(u)^4 - 2 v^2 \cos(u)^4 + 3 v^4 \cos(u)^2 + 4 v^2 \cos(u)^2 + \cos(u)^2 - v^4 - 2 v^2 - 1 \\
 & \left. \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

STUDENT > intrinsic_curvature(gik(F));

-1

STUDENT > princ_curvature[1](F);

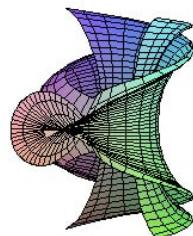
$$\begin{aligned}
 (u, v) \rightarrow & -\frac{1}{4} \left(\sin(u) v^4 \cos(u)^4 - 2 \sin(u) v^4 \cos(u)^2 + \sin(u) v^4 + 6 \sin(u) v^2 \cos(u)^2 \right. \\
 & \left. - 6 \sin(u) v^2 + \sin(u) \right) \\
 & + \sqrt{\frac{(v^2 \cos(u)^2 - v^2 - 1)^4}{\sin(u)^2 (-v^2 + v^2 \cos(u)^2 + 1)^2 v^2}} \sqrt{\frac{(-v^2 + v^2 \cos(u)^2 + 1)^2 v^2}{(v^2 \cos(u)^2 - v^2 - 1)^4}} v^4 \cos(u)^6
 \end{aligned}$$

$$22 \text{ BIANCHI SURFACE } \phi(U, V) = \left(\frac{2\sqrt{V^2+1} \cdot \sin(U) \cdot \cos(-V + \arctan(V))}{1+V^2 \sin(U)^2}, \dots \right)$$

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$$\begin{aligned}
 & -3 \sqrt{\frac{(v^2 \cos(u)^2 - v^2 - 1)^4}{\sin(u)^2 (-v^2 + v^2 \cos(u)^2 + 1)^2 v^2}} \sqrt{\frac{(-v^2 + v^2 \cos(u)^2 + 1)^2 v^2}{(v^2 \cos(u)^2 - v^2 - 1)^4}} v^4 \cos(u)^4 \\
 & -2 \sqrt{\frac{(v^2 \cos(u)^2 - v^2 - 1)^4}{\sin(u)^2 (-v^2 + v^2 \cos(u)^2 + 1)^2 v^2}} \sqrt{\frac{(-v^2 + v^2 \cos(u)^2 + 1)^2 v^2}{(v^2 \cos(u)^2 - v^2 - 1)^4}} v^2 \cos(u)^4 \\
 & +3 \sqrt{\frac{(v^2 \cos(u)^2 - v^2 - 1)^4}{\sin(u)^2 (-v^2 + v^2 \cos(u)^2 + 1)^2 v^2}} \sqrt{\frac{(-v^2 + v^2 \cos(u)^2 + 1)^2 v^2}{(v^2 \cos(u)^2 - v^2 - 1)^4}} v^4 \cos(u)^2 \\
 & +4 \sqrt{\frac{(v^2 \cos(u)^2 - v^2 - 1)^4}{\sin(u)^2 (-v^2 + v^2 \cos(u)^2 + 1)^2 v^2}} \sqrt{\frac{(-v^2 + v^2 \cos(u)^2 + 1)^2 v^2}{(v^2 \cos(u)^2 - v^2 - 1)^4}} v^2 \cos(u)^2 \\
 & + \sqrt{\frac{(v^2 \cos(u)^2 - v^2 - 1)^4}{\sin(u)^2 (-v^2 + v^2 \cos(u)^2 + 1)^2 v^2}} \sqrt{\frac{(-v^2 + v^2 \cos(u)^2 + 1)^2 v^2}{(v^2 \cos(u)^2 - v^2 - 1)^4}} \cos(u)^2 \\
 & - \sqrt{\frac{(v^2 \cos(u)^2 - v^2 - 1)^4}{\sin(u)^2 (-v^2 + v^2 \cos(u)^2 + 1)^2 v^2}} \sqrt{\frac{(-v^2 + v^2 \cos(u)^2 + 1)^2 v^2}{(v^2 \cos(u)^2 - v^2 - 1)^4}} v^4 \\
 & -2 \sqrt{\frac{(v^2 \cos(u)^2 - v^2 - 1)^4}{\sin(u)^2 (-v^2 + v^2 \cos(u)^2 + 1)^2 v^2}} \sqrt{\frac{(-v^2 + v^2 \cos(u)^2 + 1)^2 v^2}{(v^2 \cos(u)^2 - v^2 - 1)^4}} v^2 \\
 & - \sqrt{\frac{(v^2 \cos(u)^2 - v^2 - 1)^4}{\sin(u)^2 (-v^2 + v^2 \cos(u)^2 + 1)^2 v^2}} \sqrt{\frac{(-v^2 + v^2 \cos(u)^2 + 1)^2 v^2}{(v^2 \cos(u)^2 - v^2 - 1)^4}} \\
 & \sqrt{\frac{(-v^2 + v^2 \cos(u)^2 + 1)^2 v^2}{(v^2 \cos(u)^2 - v^2 - 1)^4}} \left(v^4 \cos(u)^6 - 3 v^4 \cos(u)^4 - 2 v^2 \cos(u)^4 + 3 v^4 \cos(u)^2 + 4 v^2 \cos(u)^2 + \cos(u)^2 - v^4 - 2 v^2 - 1 \right) \\
 &)
 \end{aligned}$$

Plot of BIANCHI surface with Maple Vr4.



23 Bibliography

References

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- [4] RECKZIEGEL, H. ET AL. (1998): *Elementare Differentialgeometrie mit Maple*. Braunschweig: Vieweg.
- [5] REJBRAND, A. (2023): *The Rejbrand Encyclopaedia of Curves and Surfaces*.
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