Java Data Structures and Algorithms Exercises solution

Exercise 1: Inventory Management System

```
import java.util.*;
class Product {
   int productId;
   String productName;
   int quantity;
   double price;
   public Product(int id, String name, int qty, double price) {
        this.productId = id;
        this.productName = name;
        this.quantity = qty;
       this.price = price;
    }
   @Override
   public String toString() {
       return productId + " - " + productName + " - Qty: " + quantity
+ " - Price: " + price;
  }
class Inventory {
```

```
Map<Integer, Product> inventory = new HashMap<>();
void addProduct(Product p) {
    inventory.put(p.productId, p);
}
void updateProduct(int id, int qty, double price) {
    if (inventory.containsKey(id)) {
        Product p = inventory.get(id);
        p.quantity = qty;
        p.price = price;
    }
}
void deleteProduct(int id) {
    inventory.remove(id);
}
void displayInventory() {
    for (Product p : inventory.values()) {
        System.out.println(p);
    }
}
public static void main(String[] args) {
    Inventory inv = new Inventory();
    inv.addProduct(new Product(1, "Laptop", 10, 50000));
    inv.addProduct(new Product(2, "Mouse", 50, 500));
```

```
inv.updateProduct(2, 45, 550);
inv.deleteProduct(1);
inv.displayInventory();
}
```

```
2 - Mouse - Qty: 45 - Price: 550.0

...Program finished with exit code 0

Press ENTER to exit console.
```

Exercise 2: E-commerce Platform Search Function

```
import java.util.Arrays;

class SearchProduct {
   int productId;
   String productName, category;

   public SearchProduct(int id, String name, String category) {
      this.productId = id;
      this.productName = name;
      this.category = category;
   }

@Override
```

```
public String toString() {
        return productId + " - " + productName + " - " + category;
    }
}
class Search {
    static int linearSearch(SearchProduct[] arr, String name) {
        for (int i = 0; i < arr.length; i++) {
            if (arr[i].productName.equalsIgnoreCase(name)) return i;
        return -1;
    }
    static int binarySearch(SearchProduct[] arr, String name) {
        int l = 0, r = arr.length - 1;
        while (l \le r) {
            int mid = (1 + r) / 2;
            int cmp = arr[mid].productName.compareToIgnoreCase(name);
            if (cmp == 0) return mid;
            if (cmp < 0) 1 = mid + 1;
            else r = mid - 1;
        }
        return -1;
}
public class EcommerceSearchApp {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
```

```
SearchProduct[] products = {
    new SearchProduct(101, "Phone", "Electronics"),
    new SearchProduct(102, "Charger", "Electronics"),
    new SearchProduct(103, "Book", "Stationery")
};

System.out.println("Linear Search for 'Book': Index = " +
Search.linearSearch(products, "Book"));

Arrays.sort(products, (a, b) ->
a.productName.compareToIgnoreCase(b.productName));

System.out.println("Binary Search for 'Charger': Index = " +
Search.binarySearch(products, "Charger"));
}
```

```
Linear Search for 'Book': Index = 2
Binary Search for 'Charger': Index = 1
...Program finished with exit code 0
Press ENTER to exit console.
```

Exercise 3: Sorting Customer Orders

```
class Order {
   int orderId;
   String customerName;
```

```
double totalPrice;
   public Order(int id, String name, double price) {
        this.orderId = id;
       this.customerName = name;
       this.totalPrice = price;
    }
   @Override
   public String toString() {
       return orderId + " - " + customerName + " - ₹" + totalPrice;
   }
}
class SortOrders {
   static void bubbleSort(Order[] orders) {
        for (int i = 0; i < orders.length - 1; i++) {
            for (int j = 0; j < orders.length - i - 1; <math>j++) {
                if (orders[j].totalPrice > orders[j + 1].totalPrice) {
                    Order temp = orders[j];
                    orders[j] = orders[j + 1];
                    orders[j + 1] = temp;
                }
            }
       }
    }
    static void quickSort(Order[] orders, int low, int high) {
```

```
if (low < high) {
        int pi = partition(orders, low, high);
        quickSort(orders, low, pi - 1);
        quickSort(orders, pi + 1, high);
    }
}
static int partition(Order[] orders, int low, int high) {
    double pivot = orders[high].totalPrice;
    int i = low - 1;
    for (int j = low; j < high; j++) {
        if (orders[j].totalPrice <= pivot) {</pre>
            i++;
            Order temp = orders[i];
            orders[i] = orders[j];
            orders[j] = temp;
        }
    }
    Order temp = orders[i + 1];
    orders[i + 1] = orders[high];
    orders[high] = temp;
    return i + 1;
}
public static void main(String[] args) {
    Order[] orders = {
        new Order(201, "Ram", 3500),
        new Order (202, "Dam", 1500),
```

```
new Order(203, "Sam", 2000)
    } ;
   System.out.println("Original Orders:");
    for (Order o : orders) System.out.println(o);
   bubbleSort(orders);
   System.out.println("\nAfter Bubble Sort:");
   for (Order o : orders) System.out.println(o);
   Order[] orders2 = {
        new Order (301, "David", 900),
        new Order(302, "Eva", 2700),
        new Order(303, "Frank", 1800)
    };
   quickSort(orders2, 0, orders2.length - 1);
   System.out.println("\nAfter Quick Sort:");
   for (Order o : orders2) System.out.println(o);
}
```

```
Original Orders:

201 - Ram - ₹3500.0

202 - Dam - ₹1500.0

203 - Sam - ₹2000.0

After Bubble Sort:

202 - Dam - ₹1500.0

203 - Sam - ₹2000.0

201 - Ram - ₹3500.0

After Quick Sort:

301 - David - ₹900.0

303 - Frank - ₹1800.0

302 - Eva - ₹2700.0

...Program finished with exit code 0

Press ENTER to exit console.
```

Exercise 4: Employee Management System

```
class Employee {
  int employeeId;
  String name;
  String position;
  double salary;

public Employee(int id, String name, String pos, double sal) {
    this.employeeId = id;
    this.name = name;
    this.position = pos;
    this.salary = sal;
```

```
}
  @Override
  public String toString() {
    return employeeId + " - " + name + " - " + position + " - ₹" + salary;
  }
}
public class EmployeeManagementSystem {
  static Employee[] employees = new Employee[100];
  static int count = 0;
  static void addEmployee(Employee e) {
    employees[count++] = e;
  }
  static void displayEmployees() {
    for (int i = 0; i < count; i++) {
      System.out.println(employees[i]);
    }
 }
  static Employee searchEmployee(int id) {
    for (int i = 0; i < count; i++) {
      if (employees[i].employeeId == id)
        return employees[i];
```

```
}
    return null;
 }
  static void deleteEmployee(int id) {
    for (int i = 0; i < count; i++) {
      if (employees[i].employeeId == id) {
        for (int j = i; j < count - 1; j++) {
          employees[j] = employees[j + 1];
        }
        count--;
        break;
      }
    }
  }
  public static void main(String[] args) {
    addEmployee(new Employee(1, "John", "Manager", 75000));
    addEmployee(new Employee(2, "Doe", "Engineer", 55000));
    displayEmployees();
    System.out.println("Searching ID 2: " + searchEmployee(2));
    deleteEmployee(1);
    displayEmployees();
  }
}
```

Exercise 5: Task Management System

```
class Task {
  int taskId;
  String taskName;
  String status;
  Task next;
  public Task(int id, String name, String status) {
    this.taskId = id;
    this.taskName = name;
    this.status = status;
    this.next = null;
  }
  @Override
  public String toString() {
    return taskId + " - " + taskName + " - " + status;
```

```
}
}
public class TaskManagementSystem {
  static Task head = null;
  static void addTask(Task newTask) {
    if (head == null) {
      head = newTask;
    } else {
      Task temp = head;
      while (temp.next!= null) temp = temp.next;
      temp.next = newTask;
    }
  }
  static void displayTasks() {
    Task temp = head;
    while (temp!= null) {
      System.out.println(temp);
      temp = temp.next;
    }
  }
  static Task searchTask(int id) {
```

```
Task temp = head;
  while (temp != null) {
    if (temp.taskId == id) return temp;
    temp = temp.next;
  }
  return null;
}
static void deleteTask(int id) {
 if (head == null) return;
 if (head.taskId == id) {
    head = head.next;
    return;
  }
  Task temp = head;
  while (temp.next!= null && temp.next.taskId!= id) {
    temp = temp.next;
  }
 if (temp.next != null) {
    temp.next = temp.next.next;
  }
}
public static void main(String[] args) {
  addTask(new Task(1, "Design Module", "Pending"));
```

```
addTask(new Task(2, "Code Module", "In Progress"));
displayTasks();
System.out.println("Search Task 2: " + searchTask(2));
deleteTask(1);
displayTasks();
}
```

```
1 - Design Module - Pending
2 - Code Module - In Progress
Search Task 2: 2 - Code Module - In Progress
2 - Code Module - In Progress
...Program finished with exit code 0
Press ENTER to exit console.
```

Exercise 6: Library Management System

Code:

import java.util.Arrays;

```
class Book {
  int bookId;
  String title;
  String author;

public Book(int id, String title, String author) {
```

```
this.bookId = id;
    this.title = title;
    this.author = author;
  }
  @Override
  public String toString() {
    return bookId + " - " + title + " - " + author;
 }
}
public class LibraryManagementSystem {
  static Book[] books = {
    new Book(1, "Algorithms", "Cormen"),
    new Book(2, "Data Structures", "Lafore"),
    new Book(3, "Java Basics", "Gosling")
 };
  static int linearSearch(String title) {
    for (int i = 0; i < books.length; i++) {
      if (books[i].title.equalsIgnoreCase(title)) return i;
    }
    return -1;
  }
```

```
static int binarySearch(String title) {
    Arrays.sort(books, (a, b) -> a.title.compareToIgnoreCase(b.title));
    int l = 0, r = books.length - 1;
    while (l \le r) {
      int mid = (l + r) / 2;
      int cmp = books[mid].title.compareToIgnoreCase(title);
      if (cmp == 0) return mid;
      if (cmp < 0) l = mid + 1;
      else r = mid - 1;
    }
    return -1;
  }
  public static void main(String[] args) {
    System.out.println("Linear Search: " + linearSearch("Java Basics"));
    System.out.println("Binary Search: " + binarySearch("Algorithms"));
 }
}
```

```
Linear Search: 2
Binary Search: 0

...Program finished with exit code 0

Press ENTER to exit console.
```

Exercise 7: Financial Forecasting

Code:

```
public class FinancialForecasting {
    static double predictValue(int years, double currentValue, double rate) {
        if (years == 0) return currentValue;
        return predictValue(years - 1, currentValue * (1 + rate), rate);
    }
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        double futureValue = predictValue(5, 10000, 0.10);
        System.out.println("Predicted Value after 5 years: ₹" + futureValue);
    }
}
```

```
Predicted Value after 5 years: ₹16105.100000000008

...Program finished with exit code 0

Press ENTER to exit console.
```

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