

# Lambda Function in Python



## Python Lambda:

Small anonymous functions are known as lambdas.

A lambda function can have one expression but any number of arguments.

## Syntax:

lambda arguments : expression

Return the outcome after adding 8 to argument a:

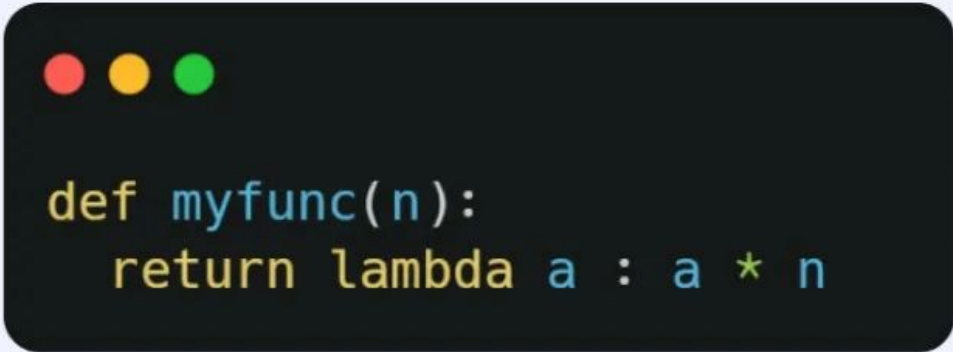
```
x = lambda a : a + 8  
print(x(4))
```



## Lambda Function:

When lambda is used as an anonymous function inside another function, their power is better demonstrated.

Let's say you have a function definition that accepts a single parameter and multiplies that argument by an unknowable number:



```
def myfunc(n):  
    return lambda a : a * n
```



---

Create a function that consistently **doubles** the integer you provide it using that function definition:

```
def myfunc(n):  
    return lambda a : a * n  
  
mydoubler = myfunc(2)  
  
print(mydoubler(11))
```



---

Create a function that consistently **triples** the number you supply by using the same function definition:

```
def myfunc(n):  
    return lambda a : a * n  
  
mytripler = myfunc(3)  
  
print(mytripler(11))
```



---

Create **both functions** in the same programme using the same function definition:

```
def myfunc(n):  
    return lambda a : a * n  
  
mydoubler = myfunc(2)  
mytripler = myfunc(3)  
  
print(mydoubler(11))  
print(mytripler(11))
```



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