mhd-hermes Documentation

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ONE

INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS

Install hermes2d, so that you can import hermes2d from Python:

```
In [1]: import hermes2d
```

In [2]:

Once this works, then just run:

cmake . make

and that's it (cmake will ask the hermes2d module where all the \star .h and \star .pxd files are).

MHD EQUATIONS

2.1 Introduction

The magnetohydrodynamics (MHD) equations are:

$$\frac{\partial \rho}{\partial t} + \nabla \cdot (\rho \mathbf{v}) = 0 \tag{2.1}$$

$$\rho \left(\frac{\partial \mathbf{v}}{\partial t} + (\mathbf{v} \cdot \nabla) \mathbf{v} \right) = -\nabla p + \frac{1}{\mu} (\nabla \times \mathbf{B}) \times \mathbf{B} + \rho \mathbf{g}$$
 (2.2)

$$\frac{\partial \mathbf{B}}{\partial t} = \nabla \times (\mathbf{v} \times \mathbf{B}) + \eta \nabla^2 \mathbf{B}$$
 (2.3)

$$\nabla \cdot \mathbf{B} = 0 \tag{2.4}$$

assuming η is constant. See the next section for a derivation. We can now apply the following identities (we use the fact that $\nabla \cdot \mathbf{B} = 0$):

$$(\nabla \times \mathbf{B}) \times \mathbf{B} = (\mathbf{B} \cdot \nabla)\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{B}(\nabla \cdot \mathbf{B}) = (\mathbf{B} \cdot \nabla)\mathbf{B} = (\mathbf{B} \cdot \nabla)\mathbf{B} + \mathbf{B}(\nabla \cdot \mathbf{B}) = \nabla \cdot (\mathbf{B}\mathbf{B}^T)$$

$$\nabla \times (\mathbf{v} \times \mathbf{B}) = (\mathbf{B} \cdot \nabla)\mathbf{v} - \mathbf{B}(\nabla \cdot \mathbf{v}) + \mathbf{v}(\nabla \cdot \mathbf{B}) - (\mathbf{v} \cdot \nabla)\mathbf{B} = \nabla \cdot (\mathbf{B}\mathbf{v}^T - \mathbf{v}\mathbf{B}^T)$$

$$\nabla \cdot (\rho \mathbf{v}\mathbf{v}^T) = (\nabla \cdot (\rho \mathbf{v}))\mathbf{v} + \rho(\mathbf{v} \cdot \nabla)\mathbf{v} = -\mathbf{v}\frac{\partial \rho}{\partial t} + \rho(\mathbf{v} \cdot \nabla)\mathbf{v}$$

So the MHD equations can alternatively be written as:

$$\frac{\partial \rho}{\partial t} + \nabla \cdot (\rho \mathbf{v}) = 0 \tag{2.5}$$

$$\frac{\partial \rho \mathbf{v}}{\partial t} + \nabla \cdot (\rho \mathbf{v} \mathbf{v}^T) = -\nabla p + \frac{1}{\mu} \nabla \cdot (\mathbf{B} \mathbf{B}^T) + \rho \mathbf{g}$$
 (2.6)

$$\frac{\partial \mathbf{B}}{\partial t} = \nabla \cdot (\mathbf{B} \mathbf{v}^T - \mathbf{v} \mathbf{B}^T) + \eta \nabla^2 \mathbf{B}$$
 (2.7)

$$\nabla \cdot \mathbf{B} = 0 \tag{2.8}$$

2.2 Derivation

The above equations can easily be derived. We have the continuity equation:

$$\frac{\partial \rho}{\partial t} + \nabla \cdot (\rho \mathbf{v}) = 0$$

Navier-Stokes equations (momentum equation) with the Lorentz force on the right-hand side:

$$\rho\left(\frac{\partial \mathbf{v}}{\partial t} + (\mathbf{v} \cdot \nabla)\mathbf{v}\right) = -\nabla p + \mathbf{j} \times \mathbf{B} + \rho \mathbf{g}$$

where the current density \mathbf{j} is given by the Maxwell equation (we neglect the displacement current $\frac{\partial \mathbf{E}}{\partial t}$):

$$\mathbf{j} = \frac{1}{\mu} \nabla \times \mathbf{B}$$

and the Lorentz force:

$$\frac{1}{\sigma}\mathbf{j} = \mathbf{E} + \mathbf{v} \times \mathbf{B}$$

from which we eliminate E:

$$\mathbf{E} = -\mathbf{v} \times \mathbf{B} + \frac{1}{\sigma} \mathbf{j} = -\mathbf{v} \times \mathbf{B} + \frac{1}{\sigma \mu} \nabla \times \mathbf{B}$$

and put it into the Maxwell equation:

$$\frac{\partial \mathbf{B}}{\partial t} = -\nabla \times \mathbf{E}$$

so we get:

$$\frac{\partial \mathbf{B}}{\partial t} = \nabla \times (\mathbf{v} \times \mathbf{B}) - \nabla \times \left(\frac{1}{\sigma \mu} \nabla \times \mathbf{B}\right)$$

assuming the magnetic diffusivity $\eta = \frac{1}{\sigma\mu}$ is constant, we get:

$$\frac{\partial \mathbf{B}}{\partial t} = \nabla \times (\mathbf{v} \times \mathbf{B}) - \eta \nabla \times (\nabla \times \mathbf{B}) = \nabla \times (\mathbf{v} \times \mathbf{B}) + \eta \left(\nabla^2 \mathbf{B} - \nabla (\nabla \cdot \mathbf{B}) \right) = \nabla \times (\mathbf{v} \times \mathbf{B}) + \eta \nabla^2 \mathbf{B}$$

where we used the Maxwell equation:

$$\nabla \cdot \mathbf{B} = 0$$

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THREE

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