

```
1 from google.colab import drive
2 drive.mount('/content/drive')
```

Mounted at /content/drive

```
1 import tensorflow as tf
2 from tensorflow.keras.preprocessing.image import ImageDataGenerator
3 from tensorflow.keras.applications import MobileNet
4 from tensorflow.keras.layers import Dense, GlobalAveragePooling2D
5 from tensorflow.keras.models import Model
6
7 # Define the parameters
8 img_width, img_height = 224, 224
9 batch_size = 32
10 num_classes = 4
```

```
1 # Define the path to your dataset
2 train_data_dir = '/content/drive/MyDrive/ECG_Images/train'
3 val_data_dir = '/content/drive/MyDrive/ECG_Images/val'
```

```
1 # Create an ImageDataGenerator for training and validation
2 train_datagen = ImageDataGenerator(rescale=1./255)
3 val_datagen = ImageDataGenerator(rescale=1./255)
4
5 train_generator = train_datagen.flow_from_directory(
6     train_data_dir,
7     target_size=(img_width, img_height),
8     batch_size=batch_size,
9     class_mode='categorical')
10
11 val_generator = val_datagen.flow_from_directory(
12     val_data_dir,
13     target_size=(img_width, img_height),
14     batch_size=batch_size,
15     class_mode='categorical')
```

Found 648 images belonging to 4 classes.  
Found 183 images belonging to 4 classes.

```
1 # Load MobileNet model without the top (fully connected) layers
2 base_model = MobileNet(weights='imagenet', include_top=False)
3
4 # Add custom top layers
5 x = base_model.output
6 x = GlobalAveragePooling2D()(x)
7 x = Dense(1024, activation='relu')(x)
8 predictions = Dense(num_classes, activation='softmax')(x)
9
10 # Combine the base model with custom top layers
11 model = Model(inputs=base_model.input, outputs=predictions)
12
13 for layer in model.layers[:80]:
14     layer.trainable = False
```

WARNING:tensorflow: `input\_shape` is undefined or non-square, or `rows` is not in [128, 160, 192, 224]. Weights for input

```
1 model.summary()
```

conv_pw_11_bn (Batch Normalization)	(None, None, None, 512)	2048
conv_pw_11_relu (ReLU)	(None, None, None, 512)	0
conv_pad_12 (ZeroPadding2D)	(None, None, None, 512)	0
conv_dw_12 (DepthwiseConv2D)	(None, None, None, 512)	4608
conv_dw_12_bn (Batch Normalization)	(None, None, None, 512)	2048
conv_dw_12_relu (ReLU)	(None, None, None, 512)	0
conv_pw_12 (Conv2D)	(None, None, None, 1024)	524288
conv_pw_12_bn (Batch Normalization)	(None, None, None, 1024)	4096
conv_pw_12_relu (ReLU)	(None, None, None, 1024)	0
conv_dw_13 (DepthwiseConv2D)	(None, None, None, 1024)	9216
conv_dw_13_bn (Batch Normalization)	(None, None, None, 1024)	4096
conv_dw_13_relu (ReLU)	(None, None, None, 1024)	0
conv_pw_13 (Conv2D)	(None, None, None, 1024)	1048576
conv_pw_13_bn (Batch Normalization)	(None, None, None, 1024)	4096

```
1 # Compile the model
2 model.compile(optimizer='adam', loss='categorical_crossentropy', metrics=['accuracy'])
```

```
1 # Train the model
2 model.fit(train_generator,
3           steps_per_epoch=train_generator.samples // batch_size,
4           epochs=19,
5           validation_data=val_generator,
6           validation_steps=val_generator.samples // batch_size)
```

Epoch 1/19  
20/20 [=====] - 20s 1s/step - loss: 0.1203 - accuracy: 0.9545 - val\_loss: 3.3274 - val\_accuracy  
Epoch 2/19  
20/20 [=====] - 21s 1s/step - loss: 0.1089 - accuracy: 0.9562 - val\_loss: 2.7674 - val\_accuracy  
Epoch 3/19  
20/20 [=====] - 21s 1s/step - loss: 0.0501 - accuracy: 0.9821 - val\_loss: 3.4933 - val\_accuracy  
Epoch 4/19  
20/20 [=====] - 20s 1s/step - loss: 0.0363 - accuracy: 0.9838 - val\_loss: 0.4977 - val\_accuracy  
Epoch 5/19  
20/20 [=====] - 21s 1s/step - loss: 0.0088 - accuracy: 0.9968 - val\_loss: 2.4260 - val\_accuracy  
Epoch 6/19  
20/20 [=====] - 20s 1s/step - loss: 0.0067 - accuracy: 0.9968 - val\_loss: 0.4704 - val\_accuracy  
Epoch 7/19  
20/20 [=====] - 22s 1s/step - loss: 0.0071 - accuracy: 0.9968 - val\_loss: 0.6100 - val\_accuracy  
Epoch 8/19  
20/20 [=====] - 21s 1s/step - loss: 0.0536 - accuracy: 0.9773 - val\_loss: 0.5148 - val\_accuracy  
Epoch 9/19  
20/20 [=====] - 25s 1s/step - loss: 0.0234 - accuracy: 0.9935 - val\_loss: 0.2216 - val\_accuracy  
Epoch 10/19  
20/20 [=====] - 26s 1s/step - loss: 0.0061 - accuracy: 0.9984 - val\_loss: 0.1384 - val\_accuracy  
Epoch 11/19  
20/20 [=====] - 21s 1s/step - loss: 0.0021 - accuracy: 1.0000 - val\_loss: 0.1120 - val\_accuracy  
Epoch 12/19  
20/20 [=====] - 22s 1s/step - loss: 0.0014 - accuracy: 1.0000 - val\_loss: 0.0842 - val\_accuracy  
Epoch 13/19  
20/20 [=====] - 21s 1s/step - loss: 3.9734e-04 - accuracy: 1.0000 - val\_loss: 0.0944 - val\_accu  
Epoch 14/19  
20/20 [=====] - 19s 998ms/step - loss: 8.6477e-04 - accuracy: 1.0000 - val\_loss: 0.1294 - val\_a  
Epoch 15/19  
20/20 [=====] - 22s 1s/step - loss: 3.9108e-04 - accuracy: 1.0000 - val\_loss: 0.0912 - val\_accu  
Epoch 16/19  
20/20 [=====] - 20s 1s/step - loss: 3.6688e-04 - accuracy: 1.0000 - val\_loss: 0.1044 - val\_accu  
Epoch 17/19  
20/20 [=====] - 22s 1s/step - loss: 2.3560e-04 - accuracy: 1.0000 - val\_loss: 0.0632 - val\_accu  
Epoch 18/19  
20/20 [=====] - 26s 1s/step - loss: 3.0488e-04 - accuracy: 1.0000 - val\_loss: 0.0908 - val\_accu  
Epoch 19/19  
20/20 [=====] - 21s 1s/step - loss: 0.0010 - accuracy: 1.0000 - val\_loss: 0.1121 - val\_accuracy  
<keras.src.callbacks.History at 0x7ca183db5750>

```

1 # Define the path to the test dataset
2 test_data_dir = '/content/drive/MyDrive/ECG_Images/test'
3
4 # Create an ImageDataGenerator for the test set
5 test_datagen = ImageDataGenerator(rescale=1./255)
6
7 test_generator = test_datagen.flow_from_directory(
8     test_data_dir,
9     target_size=(224, 224),
10    batch_size=32,
11    class_mode='categorical',
12    shuffle=False) # Important: Do not shuffle for proper evaluation
13
14 # Evaluate the model on the test set
15 loss, accuracy = model.evaluate(test_generator)
16
17 print("Test Loss:", loss)
18 print("Test Accuracy:", accuracy)

```

Found 97 images belonging to 4 classes.  
 4/4 [=====] - 2s 483ms/step - loss: 0.1333 - accuracy: 0.9691  
 Test Loss: 0.13326138257980347  
 Test Accuracy: 0.969072163105011

```

1 # Save the model
2 model.save("/content/drive/MyDrive/MobileNet_Tune.h5")

```

/usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/keras/src/engine/training.py:3103: UserWarning: You are saving your model as an `saving_api.save_model`

```

1 from sklearn.metrics import classification_report
2
3 # Assuming you have trained your model and stored it in the variable 'model'
4 # Evaluate the model on the validation data
5 test_loss, test_accuracy = model.evaluate(test_generator)
6
7 # Get the predictions for the validation data
8 test_predictions = model.predict(test_generator)
9 # Assuming val_predictions is in one-hot encoded format, convert it to class labels
10 test_pred_labels = np.argmax(test_predictions, axis=1)
11
12 # Get the true labels for the validation data
13 test_true_labels = test_generator.classes
14
15 # Generate the classification report
16 class_names = list(test_generator.class_indices.keys())
17 report = classification_report(test_true_labels, test_pred_labels, target_names=class_names)
18
19 print(report)
20

```

4/4 [=====] - 3s 513ms/step - loss: 0.1333 - accuracy: 0.9691  
 4/4 [=====] - 2s 488ms/step

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
ECG Images of Myocardial Infarction Patients (240x12=2880)	1.00	1.00	1.00	25
ECG Images of Patient that have History of MI (172x12=2064)	0.94	0.89	0.91	18
ECG Images of Patient that have abnormal heartbeat (233x12=2796)	1.00	0.96	0.98	24
Normal Person ECG Images (284x12=3408)	0.94	1.00	0.97	30
accuracy			0.97	97
macro avg	0.97	0.96	0.97	97
weighted avg	0.97	0.97	0.97	97

```

1 import numpy as np
2 from tensorflow.keras.preprocessing import image
3
4 # Load the trained model
5 model_path = "/content/drive/MyDrive/MobileNet_Tune.h5"
6 model = tf.keras.models.load_model(model_path)
7
8 # Load and preprocess the single image
9 img_path = "/content/drive/MyDrive/data/ECG Images of Myocardial Infarction Patients/MI (16).jpg" # Provide the path to
10 img = image.load_img(img_path, target_size=(224, 224))
11 img_array = image.img_to_array(img)
12 img_array = np.expand_dims(img_array, axis=0)
13 img_array = img_array / 255. # Normalize the image
14

```

```
1 # Make predictions
2 predictions = model.predict(img_array)
3
4 # Interpret the predictions
5 class_names = ["MI", "PMI", "Abnormal", "Normal"] # Define your class names
6 predicted_class = np.argmax(predictions)
7
8 print("Predicted class:", class_names[predicted_class])
9 print("Confidence:", predictions[0][predicted_class])
```

```
1/1 [=====] - 0s 416ms/step
Predicted class: PMI
Confidence: 0.99984336
```

```
1 Start coding or generate with AI.
```