# 哈夫曼树 (Huffman Tree)

#### 张晓平

### 2016年11月7日

## 1 定义

哈夫曼树是一种带权路径长度最短的二叉树,也称最优二叉树。

### 2 构造

构造过程如下:

- I. 将所有左、右子树都为空的结点作为根结点;
- 2. 选出两颗根结点的权值最小的树作为一棵新树的左、右子树,且置新树的根结点的权值为其 左、右子树上根结点的权值之和。注:左子树的权值应小于右子树的权值。
- 3. 从森林中删除这两棵树,同时把新树加入到森林中。
- 4. 重复 2、3, 直到森林中只有一棵树为止, 此树便是 Huffman 树。

# 3 Huffman 编码

利用 Huffman 树求得的用于通信的二进制编码称为 Huffman 编码。树中从根到每个叶子结点都有一条路径,对路径上各分支作如下约定:指向左子树的分支表示 o 码,指向右子树的分支表示 I 码。取每条路径上的 o 或 I 的序列作为各叶子结点对应的字符编码,即是 Huffman 编码。

## 4 程序实现

#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdib.h>
#include <string.h>

```
typedef char ElemType;
/* Huffman tree's node */
typedef struct HuffNode {
 ElemType data;
  struct HuffNode * rchild;
 struct HuffNode * lchild;
 int weight;
 ElemType code[20];
} HuffNode, * HuffTree;
/* Queue */
typedef struct QueueNode {
 HuffNode * data;
 struct QueueNode * next;
} QueueNode;
typedef struct {
  QueueNode * front;
  QueueNode * rear;
} Queue;
Queue * Create_Empty_Queue();
int EnterQueue(Queue * head, HuffNode * data);
HuffNode * DeleteQueue(Queue * head);
int Is_Empty_Queue(Queue * head);
int Is_Empty_OrderQueue(Queue * head);
int EnterOrderQueue(Queue * head, HuffNode * p);
HuffNode * Create_Huffman_Tree(Queue * head);
int HuffmanCode(HuffNode * root);
HuffNode * MakeNode(ElemType item, HuffNode * lchild, HuffNode * rchild, int weight);
```

```
#include "Huffman.h"
Queue * Create_Empty_Queue()
 QueueNode * QNode;
 Queue * HQueue;
 QNode = (QueueNode *) malloc(sizeof(QueueNode));
  QNode->next = NULL;
 HQueue = (Queue *) malloc(sizeof(Queue));
 HQueue->front = HQueue->rear = QNode;
 return HQueue;
int EnterQueue(Queue * head, HuffNode * data)
 QueueNode * temp;
 temp = (QueueNode *) malloc(sizeof(QueueNode));
 temp->data = data;
  temp->next = NULL;
 head->rear->next = temp;
 head->rear = temp;
 return 0;
HuffNode * DeleteQueue(Queue * head)
 QueueNode * temp;
```

```
temp = head->front;
 head->front = temp->next;
 free(temp);
 temp = NULL;
 return head->front->data;
int Is_Empty_Queue(Queue * head)
 if(head->front == head->rear)
  return 1;
 else
  return 0;
int EnterOrderQueue(Queue * head, HuffNode * p)
 QueueNode * m = head->front->next;
 QueueNode * n = head->front;
 QueueNode * temp;
 while(m) {
  if (m->data->weight < p->weight) {
     m = m->next;
     n = n->next;
  } else
     break;
 }
 if(m == NULL) {
   temp = (QueueNode *) malloc(sizeof(QueueNode));
   temp->data = p;
   temp->next = NULL;
   n->next = temp;
```

```
head->rear = temp;
    return 0;
  }
  temp = (QueueNode *) malloc(sizeof(QueueNode));
  temp->data = p;
  n->next = temp;
  temp->next = m;
  return 0;
int Is_Empty_OrderQueue(Queue * head)
 if(head->front->next->next == NULL)
  return 1;
 return 0;
HuffNode * Create_Huffman_Tree(Queue *head)
 HuffNode * right, * left, * current;
 while (!Is_Empty_OrderQueue(head)) {
   left = DeleteQueue(head);
   right = DeleteQueue(head);
    current = (HuffNode *) malloc(sizeof(HuffNode));
    current->weight = left->weight + right->weight;
    current->rchild = right;
    current->lchild = left;
    EnterOrderQueue(head, current);
 }
 return head->front->next->data;
```

```
//Huffman Code
int HuffmanCode(HuffNode * root)
 HuffNode * current = NULL;
 Queue * queue = Create_Empty_Queue();
 EnterQueue(queue, root);
 while(!Is_Empty_Queue(queue)){
    current = DeleteQueue(queue);
    if(current->rchild == NULL && current->lchild == NULL)
      printf("%c:%d<sub>\_</sub>%s\n", current->data, current->weight, current->code);
   if(current->lchild){
      strcpy(current->lchild->code, current->code);
      strcat(current->lchild->code, "0");
     EnterQueue(queue, current->lchild);
   }
   if(current->rchild){
      strcpy(current->rchild->code, current->code);
      strcat(current->rchild->code, "1");
      EnterQueue(queue, current->rchild);
  }
 }
 return 0;
/* Generate a node */
HuffNode * MakeNode(ElemType item, HuffNode * lchild, HuffNode * rchild, int weight)
 HuffNode * pnode = (HuffNode *) malloc(sizeof(HuffNode));
  if (pnode) {
    pnode->data = item;
```

```
pnode->lchild = lchild;
   pnode->rchild = rchild;
  pnode->weight = weight;
  /* pnode->code = code; */
 return pnode;
}
/* Return a BiTree's depth */
int GetDepth(HuffTree tree)
 int cd, ld, rd;
 cd = ld = rd = 0;
 if(tree) {
  ld = GetDepth(tree->lchild);
  rd = GetDepth(tree->rchild);
  cd = (ld > rd ? ld : rd);
  return cd+1;
 }else
   return 0;
```

```
// input characters a-g
#include "Huffman.h"
int main(void){
    Queue * head;
    HuffNode * root;
    HuffNode * node[100];
    ElemType ch, cc[100];
    int weight[100] = {0};
    int i, k = 0;
    printf("input_character:\n");
    while(1) {
        scanf("%c", &ch);
        if(ch == '\n'){
            break;
        }
}
```

```
}
   else {
     cc[k++] = ch;
   }
 }
 for(i = 0; i < k; i++)
      weight[cc[i]-'a']++;
 k = 0;
 for(i = 0; i < 7; i++){
   if(weight[i] > 0) {
      node[k++] = MakeNode('a'+i, NULL, NULL, weight[i]);
  }
 }
 head = Create_Empty_Queue();
 for(i = 0; i < k; i++)
   EnterOrderQueue(head, node[i]);
 root = Create_Huffman_Tree(head);
 printf("\nDepth_of_Huffman_Tree_is_Wd\n", GetDepth(root));
 printf("\nHuffman<sub>\(\_\)</sub>Codes<sub>\(\_\)</sub>are:\n");
 HuffmanCode(root);
}
```

#### 运行结果

```
input character:
aaaabbbcccddddddeeeeeffffffggggggg

Depth of Huffman Tree is 5

Huffman Codes are:
d:6 00
```

g:7 01	
a:4 100	
e:5 101	
f:6 111	
c:3 1100	
b:3 1101	