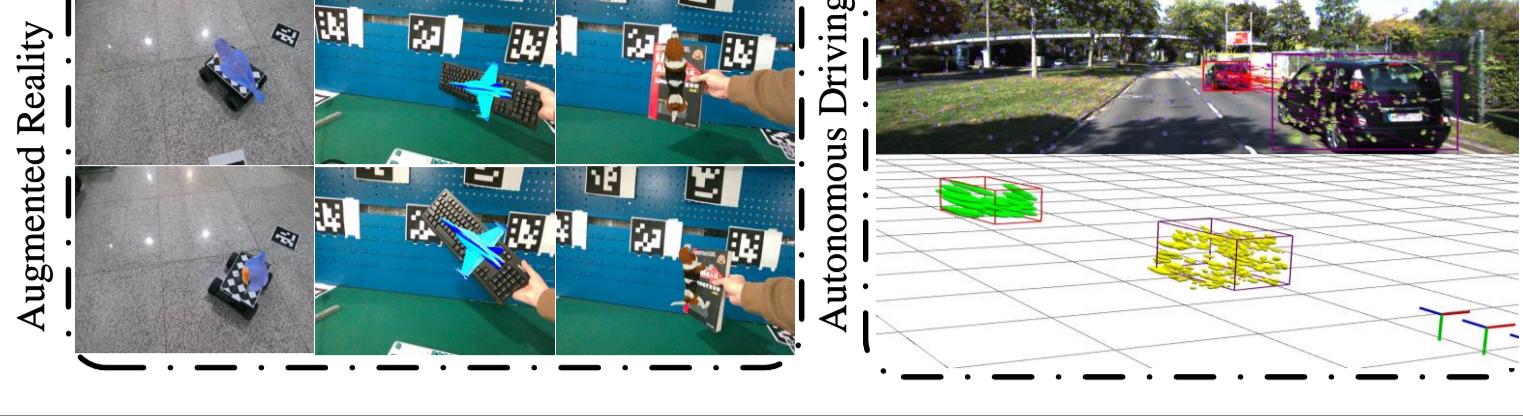


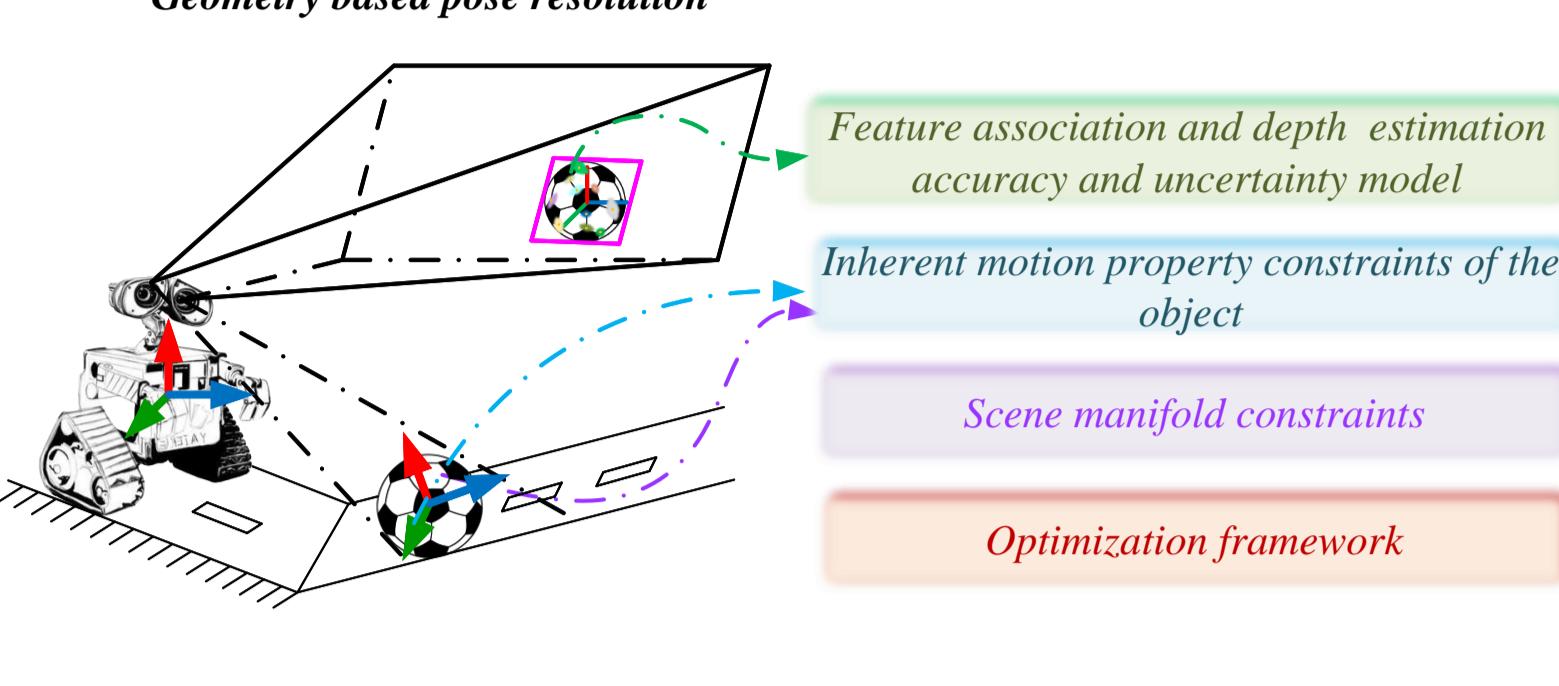
Overview

Task: Simultaneous Localization, Mapping and Moving Object Tracking (SLAMMOT)

Application:



Motivation



Experiment

KITTI Dataset

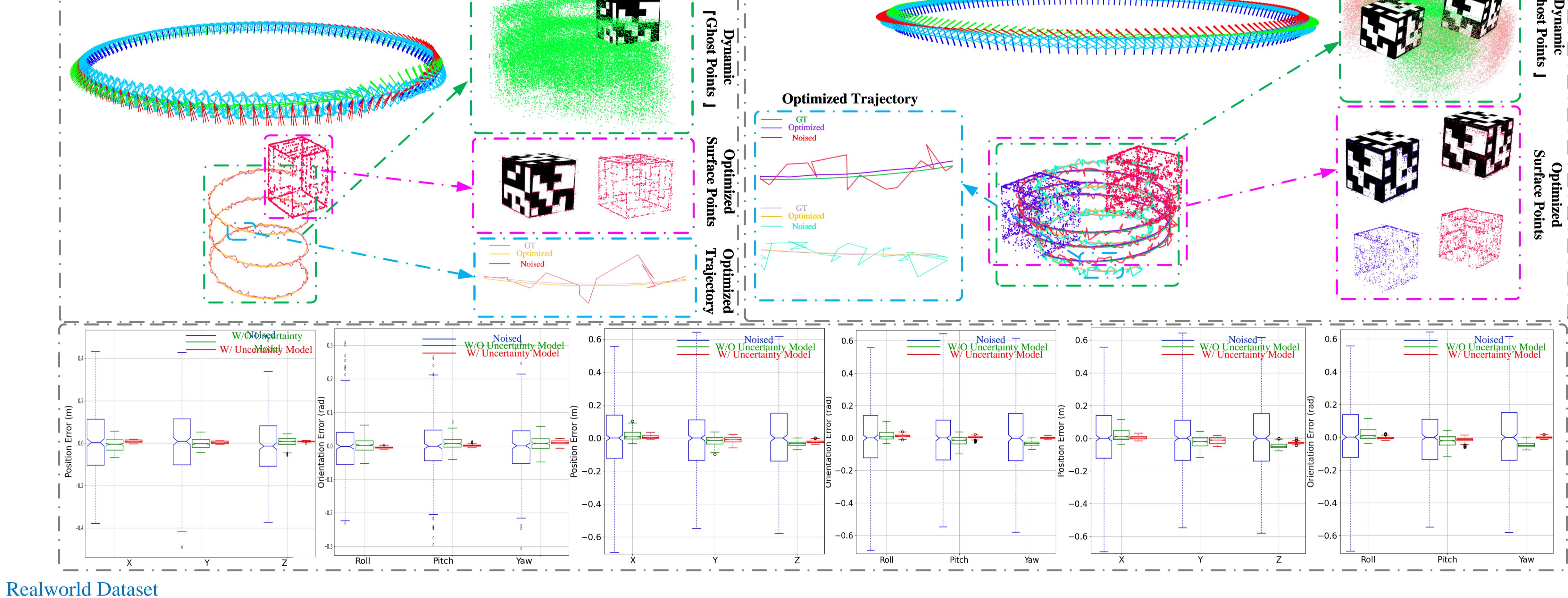
Table I: Camera ego-motion comparison with state-of-the-art systems using the KITTI Tracking Dataset. Best results are highlighted as **first**, **second**, and **third**.

Sequence	ORB-SLAM3(Stereo) [26]			DynSLAM [42]			Li [6]			ClusterSLAM [24]			ClusterVO [25]			Proposed Approach		
	ATE	RPE _r	RPE _t	ATE	RPE _r	RPE _t	ATE	RPE _r	RPE _t	ATE	RPE _r	RPE _t	ATE	RPE _r	RPE _t	ATE	RPE _r	RPE _t
0926-0009	1.45	0.01	1.81	7.51	0.06	2.17	1.14	0.92	0.03	2.34	0.79	0.03	2.98	1.47	0.04	3.60		
0926-0013	0.30	0.01	0.92	1.97	0.04	1.41	0.35	2.12	0.07	5.50	0.26	0.01	1.16	0.23	0.01	0.81		
0926-0014	0.84	0.01	1.15	5.98	0.09	2.73	0.51	0.81	0.03	2.24	0.48	0.01	1.04	0.81	0.02	2.81		
0926-0051	0.43	0.00	1.08	10.95	0.10	1.65	0.76	1.19	0.03	1.44	0.81	0.02	2.74	0.41	0.04	0.70		
0926-0101	3.47	0.03	13.88	10.24	0.13	12.29	5.30	4.02	0.02	12.43	3.18	0.02	12.78	2.74	0.03	8.20		
0929-0004	0.44	0.01	1.21	2.59	0.02	2.03	1.12	0.02	2.78	0.40	0.02	1.77	0.36	0.02	1.56			
1003-0047	17.01	0.05	26.86	9.31	0.05	6.58	1.03	10.21	0.06	8.94	4.79	0.05	6.54	1.98	0.03	6.79		

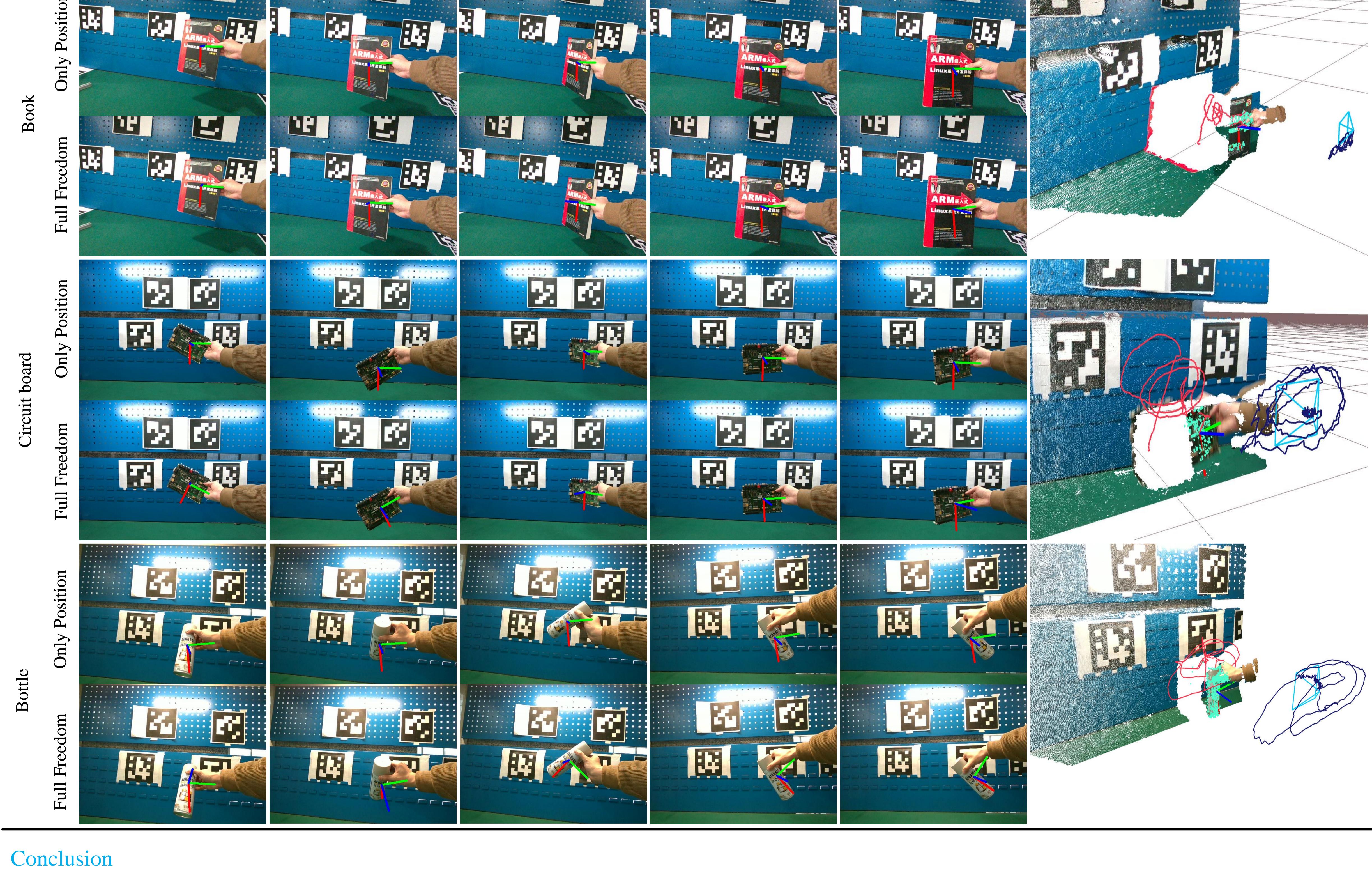
Table II: Object Motion comparison with state-of-the-art systems using the KITTI Tracking Dataset. Best results are highlighted as **first**, **second**, and **third**.

Sequence	DynaSLAM2 [46]						Twist SLAM [3]						Proposed Approach											
	ATE	RPE _r	RPE _t	2D TP	BV TP	3D TP	3D MOTP	ATE	RPE _r	RPE _t	2D TP	BV TP	3D TP	3D MOTP	ATE	RPE _r	RPE _t	2D TP	BV TP	3D TP	3D MOTP			
0013-01	0.69	0.34	1.84	50	39.34	38.53	48.2	0.31	0.01	0.28	58.02	58.02	60	0.179	0.197	0.035	90.90	66.05	64.55	75.25				
0005-31	0.51	0.26	13.5	28.96	14.48	11.45	34.2	0.35	0.19	0.58	30.84	30.84	35	0.277	0.155	0.013	100.0	69.33	65.45	91.52				
0010-00	0.95	0.40	2.84	81.63	70.41	68.37	40.28	0.77	0.21	1.98	7.20	6.10	5.80	2.80	0.20	0.151	1.01	100.0	87.17	86.55	89.65			
0011-00	1.05	1.43	12.51	72.65	61.66	52.28	47.35	0.17	0.23	0.23	29.61	29.61	32.5	0.221	0.254	0.018	100.0	70.129	66.16	87.39				
0011-35	1.25	0.89	16.64	53.17	19.05	6.35	26.02	0.1	0.08	0.11	65.00	65.00	67.5	0.873	0.714	0.032	85.96	12.62	12.12	76.34				
0018-02	1.10	0.30	9.27	86.36	67.05	62.12	34.8	0.21	0.27	0.66	84.67	84.67	87.5	0.199	0.101	0.042	90.23	88.65	86.94	98.42				
0018-03	1.13	0.55	20.05	53.33	21.75	16.84	35.8	0.15	0.21	0.56	28.19	28.19	30	0.303	0.333	0.035	95.33	81.59	80.46	89.27				
0019-63	0.88	1.45	48.80	35.26	29.48	24.48	33.89	0.28	0.21	1.05	65.93	65.93	36.26	20.64	0.95	1.01	0.88	100.0	28.93	28.45	28.01			
0019-72	0.99	1.12	3.36	29.11	29.43	29.43	39.81	0.16	0.05	0.3	16.92	16.92	16.92	20.00	0.78	0.32	0.3	95.56	28.39	28.63	78.22			
0020-00	0.50	0.45	1.3	63.68	43.78	31.84	46.15	0.17	0.2	0.72	84.75	84.75	87.5	0.216	0.169	0.024	88.96	86.36	84.68	91.03				
0020-12	1.18	0.4	6.19	42.77	37.64	36.23	40.81	0.24	0.2	1.54	14.24	13.91	13.04	17.25	0.668	0.154	0.025	100.0	17.42	17.42	61.66			
0020-12	0.87	0.72	5.75	34.9	34.51	29.02	44.43	0.17	0.02	0.07	84.94	84.75	84.75	87.5	1.065	0.991	0.006	97.59	17.26	13.53	81.17			

Simulation Dataset



Realworld Dataset



Conclusion

We introduce an innovative vision-based multi-body SLAM system. We make up rigid environment as a unified whole to assist state decoupling by integrating high level semantic information, ultimately enabling simultaneous multi-state estimation. A novel framework is developed for integrating different complementary constraints. It makes it possible for accurate 3-D motion tracking of arbitrary unmodelled, rigid and textured objects and better performance of VSLAM systems in dynamic scenes. Comparable results to state-of-the-art multi-body state estimation solutions using a public benchmark, self-built simulation and real-world datasets demonstrate the effectiveness of our system.