

SQL LAB-5

Group By

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QUESTIONS

Lab 2-

Database Schema:

Use the same database scheme created in Previous Lab.

Task: Let's consider a scenario where you want to count the number of students based on their gender from a database table named Student.

Hint: use GroupBy clause and Count() function

ChatGPT Exercise

Using ChatGPT generates SQL queries of the below problem .

Scenario 1:

Library Books Given a table called books with columns book_id, title, and author_id, write a query to count the number of books written by each author, ordering the results by the author's name without using a join clause.

Task: Let's consider a scenario where you want to count the number of students based on their gender from a database table named Student.

Hint: use GroupBy clause and Count() function

```
mysql> select *from student;
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| student_id | first_name | last_name | age | email | gender |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| 1 | John | Doe | 20 | john.doe@example.com | Male |
| 2 | Jane | Smith | 22 | jane.smith@example.com | Female |
| 3 | Alice | Johnson | 21 | alice.johnson@example.com | Female |
| 4 | Bob | Brown | 23 | bob.brown@example.com | Male |
| 5 | Charlie | Davis | 24 | charlie.davis@example.com | Male |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
5 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

Code & Output:-

```
mysql> -- Count the number of students based on their gender
mysql> Select gender, COUNT(*) AS number_of_students from student GROUP BY gender;
+-----+-----+
| gender | number_of_students |
+-----+-----+
| Male | 3 |
| Female | 2 |
+-----+-----+
2 rows in set (0.03 sec)
```

ChatGPT Exercise

Using ChatGPT generates SQL queries of the below problem .

Scenario 1:

Library Books Given a table called books with columns book_id, title, and author_id, write a query to count the number of books written by each author, ordering the results by the author's name without using a join clause.

--Create bookst database and use the bookst database environment

```
mysql> create database bookst;  
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.04 sec)  
  
mysql> use bookst;  
Database changed
```

-- Creating the new table named books

```
mysql> use bookst;  
Database changed  
mysql> -- Creating the books table  
mysql> CREATE TABLE books (  
    ->     book_id INT PRIMARY KEY, -- Unique identifier for each book  
    ->     title VARCHAR(100), -- Title of the book  
    ->     author_id INT -- Identifier for the author of the book  
    -> );  
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.04 sec)
```

--Inserting the values into the books table

```
mysql> -- Inserting sample data into the books table  
mysql> INSERT INTO books (book_id, title, author_id)  
    -> VALUES  
    ->     (1, 'The Great Gatsby', 101),  
    ->     (2, 'To Kill a Mockingbird', 102),  
    ->     (3, '1984', 103),  
    ->     (4, 'Pride and Prejudice', 104),  
    ->     (5, 'Animal Farm', 103),  
    ->     (6, 'The Catcher in the Rye', 105),  
    ->     (7, 'Moby-Dick', 106),  
    ->     (8, 'War and Peace', 107),  
    ->     (9, 'Ulysses', 108),  
    ->     (10, 'The Odyssey', 109),  
    ->     (11, 'Crime and Punishment', 107),  
    ->     (12, 'The Iliad', 109);  
Query OK, 12 rows affected (0.03 sec)  
Records: 12  Duplicates: 0  Warnings: 0
```

--Display the books table

```
mysql> select *from books;
```

book_id	title	author_id
1	The Great Gatsby	101
2	To Kill a Mockingbird	102
3	1984	103
4	Pride and Prejudice	104
5	Animal Farm	103
6	The Catcher in the Rye	105
7	Moby-Dick	106
8	War and Peace	107
9	Ulysses	108
10	The Odyssey	109
11	Crime and Punishment	107
12	The Iliad	109

```
12 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

--Adding the author_name column and insert the values into the books table

```
mysql> -- Adding the author_name column to the books table
mysql> ALTER TABLE books
  -> ADD COLUMN author_name VARCHAR(100); -- Name of the author
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.06 sec)
Records: 0  Duplicates: 0  Warnings: 0
```

```
mysql> -- Updating the books table with author names
```

```
mysql> UPDATE books
  -> SET author_name = CASE book_id
  ->   WHEN 1 THEN 'F. Scott Fitzgerald'
  ->   WHEN 2 THEN 'Harper Lee'
  ->   WHEN 3 THEN 'George Orwell'
  ->   WHEN 4 THEN 'Jane Austen'
  ->   WHEN 5 THEN 'George Orwell'
  ->   WHEN 6 THEN 'J.D. Salinger'
  ->   WHEN 7 THEN 'Herman Melville'
  ->   WHEN 8 THEN 'Leo Tolstoy'
  ->   WHEN 9 THEN 'James Joyce'
  ->   WHEN 10 THEN 'Homer'
  ->   WHEN 11 THEN 'Fyodor Dostoevsky'
  ->   WHEN 12 THEN 'Homer'
  ->   ELSE author_name
  -> END;
```

```
Query OK, 12 rows affected (0.01 sec)
Rows matched: 12  Changed: 12  Warnings: 0
```

--Display the books table

```
mysql> Select *from books;
```

book_id	title	author_id	author_name
1	The Great Gatsby	101	F. Scott Fitzgerald
2	To Kill a Mockingbird	102	Harper Lee
3	1984	103	George Orwell
4	Pride and Prejudice	104	Jane Austen
5	Animal Farm	103	George Orwell
6	The Catcher in the Rye	105	J.D. Salinger
7	Moby-Dick	106	Herman Melville
8	War and Peace	107	Leo Tolstoy
9	Ulysses	108	James Joyce
10	The Odyssey	109	Homer
11	Crime and Punishment	107	Fyodor Dostoevsky
12	The Iliad	109	Homer

```
12 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

Code & Output:-

```
mysql> -- Query to count the number of books written by each author and order by author_name
mysql> SELECT author_name, COUNT(*) AS number_of_books FROM books GROUP BY author_name
-> ORDER BY author_name;
```

author_name	number_of_books
F. Scott Fitzgerald	1
Fyodor Dostoevsky	1
George Orwell	2
Harper Lee	1
Herman Melville	1
Homer	2
J.D. Salinger	1
James Joyce	1
Jane Austen	1
Leo Tolstoy	1

```
10 rows in set (0.01 sec)
```