# Assignment4

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```
library(foreign)
library(stringr)
library(plyr)
library(reshape2)
suppressMessages(library(tidyverse))
```

## 12.6.1

```
who1 <- who %>%
  gather(new_sp_m014:newrel_f65, key = "key", value = "cases", na.rm = TRUE)
who2 <- who1 %>%
  mutate(key = stringr::str_replace(key, "newrel", "new_rel"))
who3 <- who2 %>%
  separate(key, c("new", "type", "sexage"), sep = "_")
who3 %>%
 count(new)
## # A tibble: 1 x 2
   new
    <chr> <int>
## 1 new 76046
who4 <- who3 %>%
  select(-new, -iso2, -iso3)
who5 <- who4 %>%
  separate(sexage, c("sex", "age"), sep = 1)
```

## Problem3

The iso2 and iso3 are 2&3 letter ISO country codes, and because the full name of country can represent a specific country, we can regard them as reduntdant information and drop them.

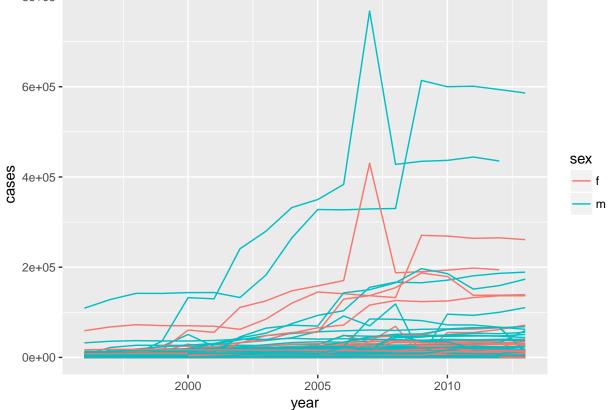
```
select(who3, country, iso2, iso3) %>%
  distinct() %>%
  group_by(country) %>%
  filter(n() > 1)
```

## # A tibble: 0 x 3

```
## # Groups: country [0]
## # ... with 3 variables: country <chr>, iso2 <chr>, iso3 <chr>
```

## Problem4

```
who5 %>%
  group_by(country, year, sex) %>%
  filter(year > 1995) %>%
  summarise(cases = sum(cases)) %>%
  unite(country_sex, country, sex, remove = FALSE) %>%
  ggplot(aes(x = year, y = cases, group = country_sex, colour = sex)) +
  geom_line()
8e+05-
```



## Problem5

enframe() converts named atomic vectors or lists to two-column data frames. For unnamed vectors, the natural sequence is used as name column.

## Tabel4->Table6

```
pew <- read.spss("pew.sav")</pre>
## re-encoding from CP1252
## Warning in read.spss("pew.sav"): Undeclared level(s) 2, 3, 4, 9 added in
## variable: density3
## Warning in read.spss("pew.sav"): Duplicated levels in factor denom:
## Electronic ministries
## Warning in read.spss("pew.sav"): Undeclared level(s) 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7,
## 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 14, 16, 23, 33 added in variable: children
## Warning in read.spss("pew.sav"): Undeclared level(s) 18, 19, 20, 21, 22,
## 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41,
## 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60,
## 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79,
## 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96 added in
## variable: age
pew <- as.data.frame(pew)</pre>
religion <- pew[c("q16", "reltrad", "income")]</pre>
religion$reltrad <- as.character(religion$reltrad)</pre>
religion$reltrad <- str_replace(religion$reltrad, " Churches", "")</pre>
religion$reltrad <- str_replace(religion$reltrad, " Protestant", " Prot")</pre>
religion$reltrad[religion$q16 == " Atheist (do not believe in God) "] <- "Atheist"</pre>
religion$reltrad[religion$q16 == " Agnostic (not sure if there is a God) "] <- "Agnostic"
religion$reltrad <- str_trim(religion$reltrad)</pre>
religion$reltrad <- str_replace_all(religion$reltrad, " \\(.*?\\)", "")
religion$income <- c("Less than $10,000" = "<$10k",
                      "10 to under 20,000" = "10-20k",
```

```
"20 to under $30,000" = "$20-30k",
                      "30 to under $40,000" = "$30-40k",
                      "40 to under $50,000" = "$40-50k",
                      "50 to under $75,000" = "$50-75k",
                      "75 to under $100,000" = "$75-100k",
                      "100 to under $150,000" = "$100-150k",
                      "$150,000 or more" = ">150k",
                      "Don't know/Refused (VOL)" = "Don't know/refused")[religion$income]
religion$income <- factor(religion$income, levels = c("<$10k", "$10-20k", "$20-30k", "$30-40k", "$40-50
                                                        "$75-100k", "$100-150k", ">150k", "Don't know/ref
counts <- plyr::count(religion, c("reltrad", "income"))</pre>
names(counts)[1] <- "religion"</pre>
table4 <- dcast(counts, religion ~ income)
## Using freq as value column: use value.var to override.
table6 <- gather(table4, key = "income", value = "freq", -religion)
table6 <- arrange(table6, religion)</pre>
```

## Table 7 -> Table 8

```
t7 <- read csv("billboard.csv")
## Parsed with column specification:
## cols(
##
     .default = col_integer(),
##
    artist.inverted = col_character(),
##
    track = col_character(),
    time = col_time(format = ""),
##
##
     genre = col_character(),
    date.entered = col_date(format = ""),
     date.peaked = col_date(format = ""),
##
##
    x66th.week = col_character(),
##
    x67th.week = col_character(),
##
    x68th.week = col_character(),
##
    x69th.week = col_character(),
##
    x70th.week = col_character(),
##
    x71st.week = col_character(),
##
    x72nd.week = col_character(),
##
    x73rd.week = col_character(),
##
    x74th.week = col_character(),
##
    x75th.week = col_character(),
    x76th.week = col_character()
##
## )
## See spec(...) for full column specifications.
t7 <- t7[, c("year", "artist.inverted", "track", "time", "date.entered", "x1st.week", "x2nd.week", "x3r
names(t7)[2] <- "artist"</pre>
t7$artist <- iconv(t7$artist)
```

```
t7$track <- str_replace(t7$track, " \\(.*?\\)", "")
names(t7)[-(1:5)] <- str_c("wk", 1:76)
t7 <- arrange(t7, year, artist, track)

long_name <- nchar(t7$track) > 20
t7$track[long_name] <- pasteO(substr(t7$track[long_name], 0, 20), "...")

table7 <- t7[c(1:3, 6:10), ]

t8 <- table7%>%gather(key = 'week', value = 'rank', -year, -artist, -time, -track, -date.entered, na.rm = TRUE
t8$week <- as.integer(str_replace_all(t8$week, "[^0-9]+", ""))
names(t8)[5] <- "date"
t8 <- t8[order(t8$artist),]</pre>
```