



You may use one page of hand written notes (both sides) and a dictionary.
No i-phones, calculators nor any other type of non-organic computer.

1) Bit Operators: This C program compiles and runs. What is its output?

```
1) #include <stdio.h>
2) void main(void)
3) {
4)     unsigned char x = 75;
5)
6)     unsigned char a = x << 3;
7)     unsigned char b = x >> 3;
8)     unsigned char c = x & 12;
9)     unsigned char d = x & 200;
10)    unsigned char e = x | 7;
11)    unsigned char f = x ^ 7;
12)
13)    printf("a=%d, b=%d, c=%d, d=%d, e=%d, f=%d\n",
14)           a, b, c, d, e, f);
15) }
```

2) **Squeeze: removing a character from a string in place.** This C program compiles and runs. What is its output?

```
1) #include <stdio.h>
2)
3) void main(void)
4) {
5)     char s[]="AzBBzzCCCzD";
6)     char del ='z';
7)     int srcIdx=0, snkIdx=0;
8)     while (s[srcIdx])
9)     { if (s[srcIdx] != del)
10)        { s[snkIdx] = s[srcIdx];
11)          snkIdx++;
12)        }
13)     else
14)        { printf("[%d,%d] %s\n", srcIdx, snkIdx, s);
15)          }
16)        srcIdx++;
17)    }
18) }
```

3) Find Substring - using Pointers. This C program compiles and runs. What is its output?

[illegible]

4) **Memory Allocation - malloc**. What expression should be placed inside the call to `malloc` to allocate memory for an `int` array with n elements?

```
int *num = malloc(    ?    );
```

5) Binary Tree. This C program compiles and runs. It is supposed to create a binary tree with the letters sorted in depth-first order. However, the resulting tree is out of order. Why? Where does the first miss placement occur?

```

1) #include <stdio.h>
2) #include <stdlib.h>
3) #include <string.h>
4)
5) struct tnode
6) { char letter;
7)   int count;
8)   struct tnode *left;
9)   struct tnode *right;
10) };
11)
12)
13)
14) struct tnode *talloc(char c)
15) { struct tnode *node = malloc(sizeof(struct tnode));
16)
17)   node->letter = c;
18)   node->left = NULL;
19)   node->right = NULL;
20)   node->count = 1;
21)   return node;
22) }
23)
24)
25)
26)
27)
28) void print(struct tnode *node)
29) {
30)   if (node == NULL) return;
31)   print(node->left);
32)   printf("%c(%d)\n", node->letter, node->count);
33)   print(node->right);
34) }
```



```
35) struct tnode* addNode(struct tnode *parent, char c)
36) {
37)     struct tnode* newNode = NULL;
38)     if (parent == NULL) return talloc(c);
39)
40)     if (c == parent->letter)
41)     { parent->count++;
42)     }
43)     else if (c < parent->letter)
44)     { if (parent->left == NULL)
45)       { parent->left = talloc(c);
46)       }
47)       else
48)       { addNode(parent->left, c);
49)       }
50)     }
51)     else
52)     { if (parent->right == NULL)
53)       { parent->right = talloc(c);
54)       }
55)       else
56)       { addNode(parent->right, c);
57)       }
58)     }
59)     return NULL;
60) }
61)
62)
63)
64) void main(void)
65) { struct tnode *root;
66)
67)     char data[] = "helloworld";
68)     root = addNode(NULL, data[0]);
69)     int i;
70)     for (i=1; i<strlen(data); i++)
71)     { addNode(root, data[i]);
72)     }
73)     print(root);
74) }
```