Research Articles

Objectives

- Get familiar with different types of research articles
- Introduce guidelines for each type
- Format of my term paper

Research article

- It is an article systematically prepared, peer reviewed and published in
 - Magazines, media and newspapers → media article
 - Scholarly journal
 - Trade publications

Media article

- Cover current news or ceremonial occasions and intertainments
- Authors: volunteers, paid employees
- Very mild review or no review.
- High impact on society
- · Variable length and quality, normally short and focused
- No citations but may be quoting, interviewing, picture or video evidence, etc.
- May contain paid contents (advertisement, appraisal, promotion, degrading, etc.)
- Examples:
 - سبق، عكاظ، ...
 - الاخبارية •
 - News webpages and social media

Trade publication

- Covers news and topics which are
 - Profession-specific
 - Industry-specific
 - Project-specific
- Authors are paid, and rewarded.
- No review
- One to a few pages, short movies, animations, etc.
- No citations
- Contains ads
- Examples:
 - Organizational wep pages
 - Organizational newspapers
 - Field-specific journals

Scholarly Articles

- Original research/review on a specific scientific topic in a specific research area
- Authored by
 - Domain experts affiliated to a scientific organization
- Peer reviewed by other domain experts (two-three)
- Different types
 - Primary article
 - Review article
 - Systematic review
 - Meta Analysis
 - Conference papers
 - Original research
 - Case study
 - Method
- Contains no commercial ads or non-focused material.
- Example:
 - Nature
 - Journal of Computing
 - Future Generation Computer Systems
 - Neurocomputing
 - Ethics and information technology

How to write your term paper

- Which type of papers is it?
 - Systematic Review
- Steps:
- Narrow your topic and select papers from different sources
 - SDL (3)
 - ScienceDirect, WepofKnowledge, Pubmed, IEEE, ACM (3)
 - Googlescholar (3)
 - Other sources (3)
- Develop your research question/Hypothesis

How to develop a research question

- Define the topic
- Describe the problem
- Identify research gap
- Justify
- Write the research question
 - What, when, why, which, how, etc.
 - Ask many questions
 - Select the primary research question
 - Identify secondary research questions (needed information)

Writing your term paper

Preparing for publication

- Decide about the publication type
 - Review in our case
- Select a suitable journal
 - IEEE Access
- Read the journal scope
 - Topical review:
 - This is a review of an emerging area within the journal's scope
 - performs a technical and critical review of other articles.
 - Calculations are performed
 - conclusions are drawn on the strengths and weaknesses.
 - The conclusion can also discuss future challenges.
 - Survey:
 - Analyzes, summarizes, systemizes, and
 - presents fresh conclusions from a large number of recently published scholarly articles.

steps

- 1. Narrow your topic and select papers accordingly
- 2. Search for literature
- 3. Read the selected articles thoroughly and evaluate them
- 4. Organize the selected papers by looking for patterns and by developing subtopics
- 5. Develop a thesis or purpose statement
- 6. Write the paper
- 7. Review your work
- Details available at:

https://guides.lib.uoguelph.ca/c.php?g=130964&p=5000948

Steps(2)

1. Select a template → IEEE interactive template selector?

https://template-selector.ieee.org/secure/templateSelector/publicationType

Transactions, Journals and letters

Magazines

Conferences

Steps(3)

Title

- Select your title by merging of the selected papers and their keywords
- •Evaluate the quality of your title and improve it
- •Search the scientific databases to make sure that it was not published before.
- Add most relevant keywords

Abstract

• A summary of the main thesis, research focus, research gap, findings and future direction

Introduction

- •Introduce your topic
- Paper outlines
- •Framing your paper with the thesis
- Give rationale on the importance of your research (please review the lecture notes)

Mani body

- Break it into main sections, each section focuses on a topic or a method within your review
- •Scan the literature hieratically, highlight advantages and shortcomings and introduce the next better one
- Summarize

Discussion

- Restate the thesis
- Wrap it up and homogenize
- Highlight research gap, consequences and possible solutions and future directions
- •State the boundaries and limitations

References

- •Use a unique reference style.
- Use software tools such as Endnote, Bibtex, etc
- •Cite everything discussed within the paper.

Example: IEEE Access Acceptance requirement

- 1. original writing that enhances the existing body of knowledge in the given subject area. Original review articles and surveys are acceptable, even if new data/concepts are not presented.
- 2. Results reported have not been submitted or published elsewhere
 - (although expanded versions of conference publications are eligible for submission).
- 3. Experiments, statistics, and other analyses are performed to a **high technical standard** and are described in sufficient detail.
- 4. Conclusions are presented in an appropriate fashion and are supported by the data.
- 5. The article is presented in an **intelligible fashion** and is written in **Standard English**.
- 6. Appropriate **references** to related prior published works must be included.
- 7. The article **falls within scope of IEEE Access**. To help you decide, you should consider if the article topic falls within the umbrella of IEEE topics of interest.
- 8. Avoid Plagiarism and duplicate publication
- 9. Proof read
- 10. Submit with supplementary materials

Example 2: Ethics and Information Technology

- Scope:
 - advancing the dialogue between moral philosophy and the field of information and communication technology (ICT).
- Aims
 - To foster and promote reflection and analysis which is intended to
 - make a constructive contribution to answering the
 - ethical,
 - social and
 - Political
 - questions associated with the
 - · adoption,
 - use, and
 - development of ICT.
- Includes
 - conceptual analysis
 - discussion of ethical ICT issues which arise in the context of technology assessment, cultural studies, public policy analysis
 and public administration, cognitive science, social and anthropological studies in technology, mass-communication, and
 legal studies.
 - Research on History of ideas and provides intellectual resources for moral and political reflection on ICT is also welcomed.

https://www.springer.com/gp/authors-editors/journal-author/journal-author-helpdesk

Front matter 1,2

- 1. Select one of the templates and start overwriting on it.
- 2. title:, Authors, affiliation

Example:

The Role of computer ethics in the age of IoT: A systematic Review

A.M. Artoli*, A. Algahtani and M. Aldosary

Computer Science Department, College of Computer and Information Sciences, King Saud University,

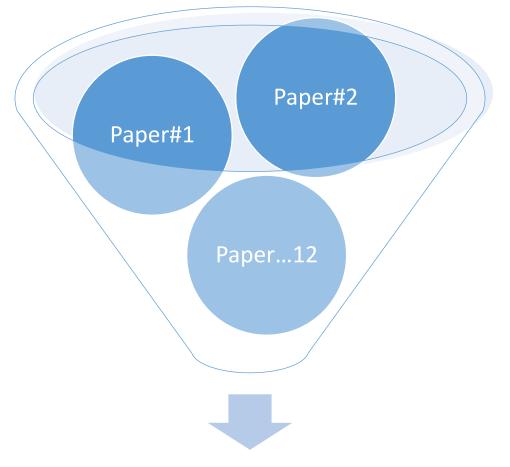
P.O.Box 51178, Riyadh 11543

Kingdom of Saudi Arabia

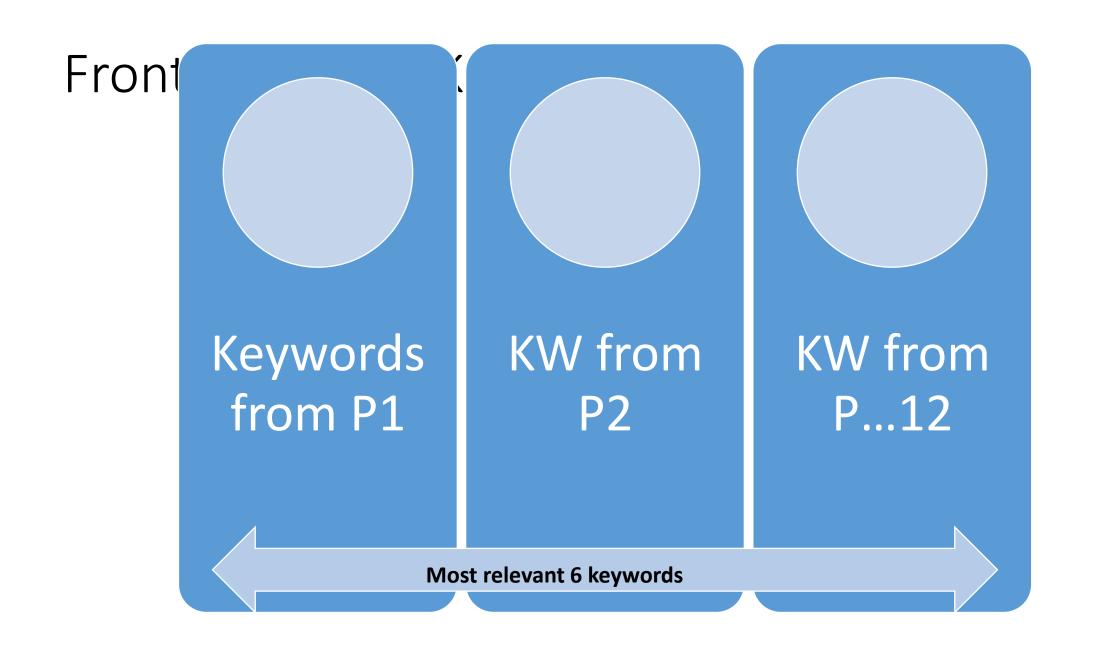
Emails:{aartoli;gahtani;dosary}@student.ksu.edu.sa

* Corresponding author

Front matter: 3: Abstract



Term paper Abstract



Introduction

- Collect first few sentences into one table and summarize them to start your first paragraph. Be careful about Plagiarism and correctness.
- Remember that the first sentence is all about importance of the topic and shall bring the reader attention. The first paragraph introduces the topic to the reader
- The second paragraph may be a motivation ... Introducing the state of the art research approaches and research gap
- The third paragraph would be on the purpose and methodology of your paper, explaining why it is important for the research community
- Present the content of your paper: In section II we give a background,...

Background

- Give a background of your topic based on the 12 papers you have selected. You need to divide this part into subsection related to most of the papers. (may be a section from each, a paragraph from each, etc)
- Remember to rewrite in your own words
- Give relevant citations at the end of each sentence.

Related Works

Classify your papers according to topics (most important to you ...least) and summarize what did they do

- Classify your papers in terms of time (most oldest to most recent and present what they did and how the topic was developed
- Critically explain the advantages and disadvantages of each contribution
- Summarize the section in a last paragraph and add your own opinion on future directions you logically expect.

Methods and other actions

- Summarize what is in your par Break it into main
- All the methods must be sumi knowledge.
- Analysis of all methods and re expected
- Use proper citations

Mani body

- Break it into main sections, each section focuses on a topic or a method within your review
- •Scan the literature hieratically, highlight advantages and shortcomings and introduce the next better one
- Summarize

your own words

n details with depth computing

ained from the papers are

Discussion

- Restate the thesis
- Wrap it up and homogenize
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References

- Use a unique reference style.
- Use software tools such as Endnote, Bibtex, etc
- Cite everything discussed within the paper.

Acknowledgement

- Funding institution
- Contributing colleagues –not authors

Pre-submission

- Similarity report
 - Plagscan
 - Turnitin
 - Blackboard-LMS
- Proof read
- Submit

Reviewing process

- Different types of review depending on the journal
 - Double blind
 - Peer review
 - Etc.
- You will be contacted from the journal editor through their online editorial system about the decision on your submission
 - Accept with mild modification
 - Accept with major revision
 - Mildly reject/accept
 - Reject

How to respond to the reivewers

• During lecture discussion