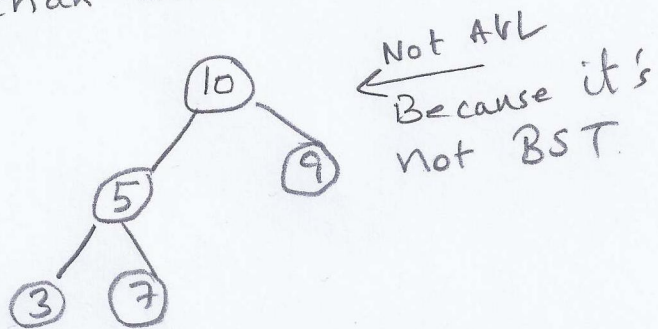
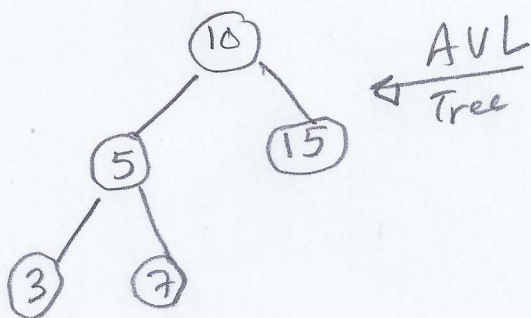


AVL

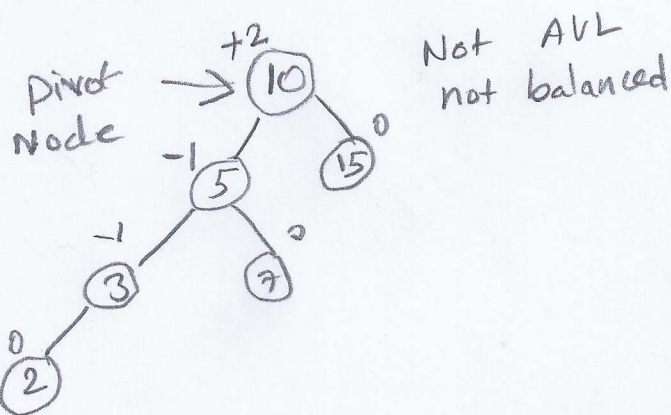
Adelson-Velsky and Landis

AVL is a balanced BST tree (BST)

Each node must have the difference between heights both sides not more than one.



Balancing Symbols	
+1	Right > Left
0	Equal
-1	Left > Right

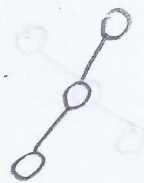


There are four types of Rotation:

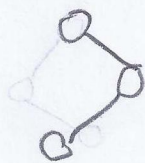
1- Single Left



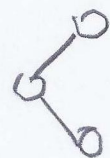
2- single Right



3- Double Left



4- Double Right



which 3 nodes to Rotate:

- First found the pivot node. then
check the heights starting with pivot node

① First node is the pivot
if (Right height > Left height) (+2)

{
Go Right (second node)

if (Right height >= Left height) (+1
or 0)

Go Right (third node)

else (-1)
Go Left (third node)

}

else (-2)
{

Go Left (second node)

if (Left height >= Right height) (-1
or 0)

Go Left (third node)

else (+1)

Go Right (third node)

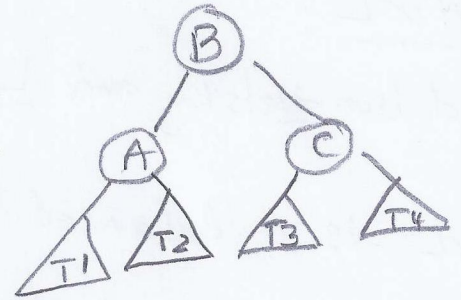
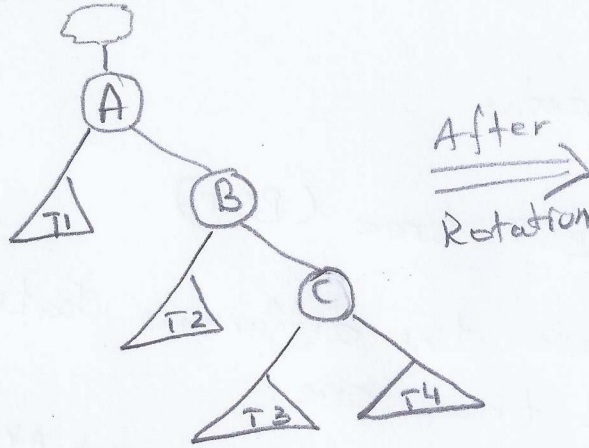
}

How to do Rotation:

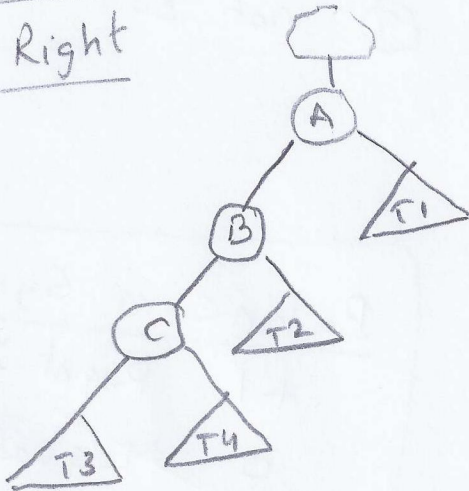
Single Left

A is Pivot Node
B is middle Value
(new Root)

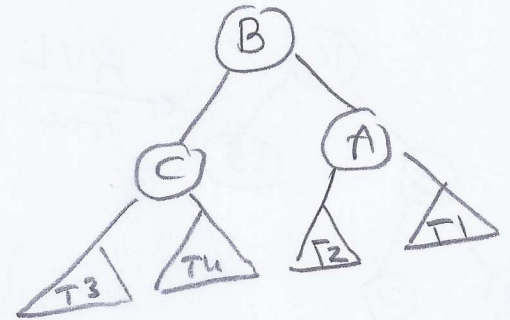
T₁, T₂, T₃, T₄
subtrees.



Single Right

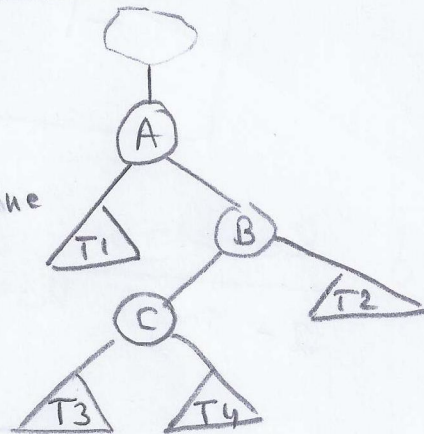


After
Rotation

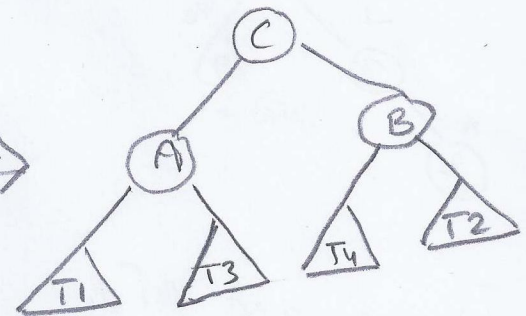


Double Left

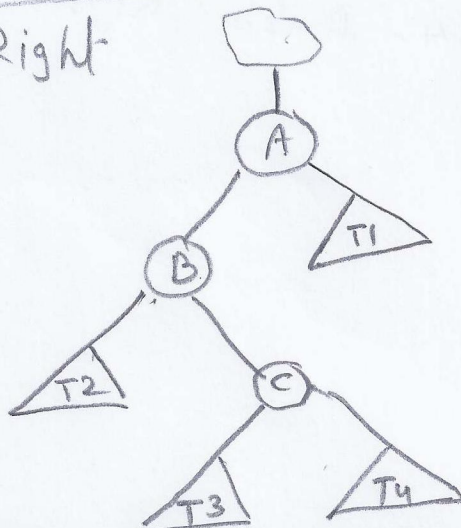
A is Pivot Node
C is middle Value
(new Root)



After
Rotation



Double Right



After
Rotation

