KING SAUD UNIVERSITY

COLLEGE OF COMPUTER & INFORMATION SCIENCES

DEPT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE

CSC281 Discrete Mathematics

Practice for the Finals

Instructor: Prof. Aqil Azmi

- **1.** Write the generating function (closed form) to generate the infinite sequence <0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1, ...>.
- **2.** Suppose you have the function $f:A \rightarrow B$, where A and B are two sets. If |A| = n, and |B| = m, count how many different 1-1 functions f can you have?
- **3.** Consider the infinite sequence: $a_0 = 10$, $a_1 = 15$, $a_2 = 21$, $a_3 = 29$, and $a_4 = 40$. Write the general formula for the sequence. What is the value of a_{50} (the 50th term).
- 4. Calculate gcd(8³, (15!)²).
- **5.** How many distinct integer solutions do you have to the equation A + B + C + D = 20, if A, B, and $C \ge 1$, and $D \ge 2$.
- **6.** Count the number of distinct words can you produce by re-arranging the letters of the word: MAKKAH.
- 7. Find all the integer solutions to $4x^2 \equiv 3 \mod 19$.
- **8.** Use the *extended binomial* expansion to expand (into 5 terms) and calculate the square root of 1.55.
- **9.** Use induction to show that $\sum_{k=1}^{n} \frac{1}{k \cdot (k+1)} = \frac{n}{n+1}.$
- **10.** Prove using induction that $n \mid (2^n + 1)$ for all odd integer n.
- **11.** Use proof by contradiction to show that $\sqrt{3}$ is irrational.
- 12. How many bit strings of length 10 that contains 3 or 4 zeros.
- 13. Do, but in each case the leftmost and the rightmost bit must be the same.
- **14.** In the expansion of $(3x + x^2 + x^3/2)^{10}$, what is the coefficient of x^{17} .
- 15. Derive the recurrence relation for the number of bit strings with no 10 in it.