1 solutions

```
import java.util.Scanner;
 public class ArrayRecursor{
4
    public static int fill(int array[], Scanner s) {
5
      return fill(array, s,0);
    private static int fill(int array[], Scanner s, int start) {
      if (start == array.length)
0
        return 0;
10
      System.out.print("Enter number " + start + ":");
11
      int temp = s.nextInt();
      if (temp == -1)
13
        return 0;
14
      else {
15
        array[start] = temp;
16
        return 1 + fill(array, s, start + 1);
17
18
    }
19
20
21
    public static int count(int array[]) {
23
      return count(array, 0);
24
25
    private static int count(int array[], int start) {
26
      if (start == array.length || array[start] == -1)
27
        return 0;
28
      return 1 + ArrayRecursor.count(array, start+1);
29
    }
30
31
32
    public static int sum(int array[]) {
33
34
      return sum(array, 0);
35
    private static int sum(int array[], int start) {
36
      if (start == array.length || array[start] == -1)
37
        return 0;
38
      return array[start] + ArrayRecursor.sum(array, start+1);
39
    }
40
41
42
    public static void printArray(int array[]) {
43
      System.out.print("[");
44
      printArray(array, 0);
45
      System.out.print("]");
46
47
    private static void printArray(int array[], int start) {
48
      System.out.print(array[start]);
49
      if (start + 1 < array.length && array[start + 1] != -1) {
50
        System.out.print(",");
51
        Array Recursor. print Array (array, start+1);
52
      }
53
    }
54
55
```

```
public static void printReverse(int array[]) {
57
       System.out.print("[");
58
       printReverse(array, 0);
59
       System.out.print("]");
60
61
     private static void printReverse(int array[], int start) {
62
       if (start + 1 < array.length && array[start+1] != -1) {
63
         ArrayRecursor.printReverse(array, start+1);
64
         System.out.print(",");
65
66
       System.out.print(array[start]);
67
     }
68
69
     public static void main(String[] args) {
70
       int choice = 0;
71
       int arr[] = new int[10];
       Scanner input = new Scanner (System.in);
73
       for (int i = 0; i < 10; i ++)
74
         arr[i] = -1;
75
       do {
         System.out.println("1) Fill new array");
78
         System.out.println("2) Count elements");
79
         System.out.println("3) Calculate sum of elements");
80
         System.out.println("4) Print the array");
81
         System.out.println("5) Print array in reverse order");
82
         System.out.println("6) Quit");
83
         choice = input.nextInt();
85
         switch(choice) {
           case 1:
86
             for (int i = 0; i < 10; i ++)
87
                arr[i] = -1;
88
89
             ArrayRecursor.fill(arr,input);
           break;
90
           case 2:
91
             System.out.println("Number of elements is " + ArrayRecursor.count(
      arr));
           break:
93
94
             System.out.println("Sum of elements is " + ArrayRecursor.sum(arr));
           break:
           case 4:
             System.out.print("The array is ");
             ArrayRecursor.printArray(arr);
             System.out.println("");
100
           break;
101
           case 5:
102
             System.out.print("The array in reverse order is:");
             ArrayRecursor.printReverse(arr);
104
             System.out.println("");
105
           break;
           case 6:
107
             System.out.println("Bye.");
108
           break;
109
110
       } while (choice != 6);
111
     }
113
```