



Notes and Instructions:

1. Create a folder in your computer device with your full name (**FirstName_LastName**) and save all your work in it.
2. Download and save the java files *TelecomCustomers* and *Node* that were implemented and the text files *Service1* and *Service2* in your created folder.
3. Use the same variable names in the UML and description, and meaningful names for other variables.
4. You **MUST** make **use of existing methods** when appropriate.
5. To submit your work, **compress** your files in a zip folder and upload it to LMS.
6. If you encounter any problem to upload your work, send it **to your lab instructor email** as shown below:

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Question:

- 1) The UML is given on **page 5**, the classes *Node* and *TelecomCustomers* have already been implemented for you; **you need to use them properly**.
- 2) Implement all the other classes and interface that are shown in the UML with their descriptions in each class.
- 3) **In addition, add and implement the methods *economicalCustomersBills* and *saveCustomesToFile* in class *TelecomCustomers*.**
- 4) You may use setters and getters when necessary, otherwise, you are **NOT** allowed to add any extra method or attribute not required in the UML.
- 5) **Define a new checked exception of type *InvalidCategoryException***

Classes description:

1. Class Service.

Attributes:

- *sId*: The service id that has the following format: for mobile service **M##** and for internet service: **I##**. (**Note**: # is a digit).
- *plan*: The service plan could be either “*postpaid*” or “*prepaid*”.
- *tariff*: The monthly package fee of a service.

Methods:

- *Service (id: String, p: String, tariff: String)*: It is a constructor to initialize data.
- *issueBill()*: It is an abstract method.
- *toString()*: It returns a string of all service information.

2. Class Mobile:

Attributes:

- *mNum*: The mobile number.
- *minutesCalls*: The total number of minutes of the mobile's calls.
- *netUsage*: The total number of internet data usage in GB.

Methods:

- *Mobile (id: String, plan: String, tariff: double , num:String , min:int , net: double)*: constructor to initialize data.
- *Mobile (m: Mobile)*: copy constructor.
- *issueBill()*: It returns the value of the mobile service bill according to the following formula:
 - if the mobile service plan is “*postpaid*” the bill will be calculated as:
$$\text{tariff} + (\text{minutesCalls} * 0.15) + (\text{netUsage} * 0.05)$$
 - if the mobile service plan is “*prepaid*” the bill will be calculated as:
$$\text{tariff} + (\text{minutesCalls} * 0.10) + (\text{netUsage} * 0.05)$$
- *toString()*: It returns a string of all information of the mobile service.

3. Class Internet:

Attributes:

- *speed*: The speed of the internet in Mbps.
- *dataUsage*: The total number of internet data usage in GB.

Methods:

- *Internet (id: String, plan: String, fee:double, s:double, data:double)* constructor to initialize data.
- *Internet (I: Internet)*: copy constructor.

- *issueBill()*: It returns the value of the internet service bill according to the following formula: $\text{tariff} * (\text{dataUsage} / \text{speed}) * 0.25$.
Note: the formula above is applicable for **postpaid** and **prepaid** internet services.
- *toString()*: It returns a string of all information of the internet service.

4. Class Customer:

Attributes:

- *cID*: The customer id.
- *cName*: The customer name.
- *cCategory*: The customer category could be, either “*standard*” or “*Gold*”
- *numServices*: The **actual** number of services that are provided to the customer.

Methods:

- *Customer (cID: int, cName: String, cCategory: String, size: int)*: It initializes the customer information.
 - *size*: the maximum number of **possible** services that customer has.
 - If the *cCategory* is neither “*standard*” nor “*Gold*”, an *InvalidCategoryException* should be generated and thrown with an appropriate message to the calling environment.
- *addServiceFromFile (fname: String)*: It loads all information of services whether they are **mobile services** or **internet services** that are provided to the customer from a **given text file** *fname*. The information of each service is represented in a single line in the text file ordered as following:
 - **service id, plan, tariff, mobile num, minutes calls** and **net usage** for a mobile service.
Note: the format of **mobile service id** is: “**M##**”. e.g **M45**
 - **service id, plan, tariff, internet speed, and data usage** for an internet service.
Note: the format of **internet service id** is “**I##**”. e.g **I23**

Then, it adds each read service to the list of services that are provided to the customer.

Hint: Notice that the list of services may not be large enough to include all services from the file. Therefore, **the method should handle an appropriate exception for this case with displaying a meaningful message.**

- *lowestmServiceBill (plan: String)*: it returns the lowest **mobile** service **bill** with a given plan for a customer.
Note: the method should not change the content or the order of the list.
- *toString()*: It returns a string of all customer’s information including all services of the customer.

5. Class TelecomCustomers

Methods:

- *economicalCustomersBills (plan: String, rate: double)*: It returns a new list of customers who have the mobile bill, with a given **plan**, is **less** than or **equal** to a given bill **rate**. i.e, If

the lowest the issued bill for each customer with a given plan is less than or equal the given rate, add it to the new list of customers.

Note: the method should not change the content or the order of the list.

6. Interface InputOutputFile

Methods:

- **saveCustomersToFile (filename: String):** It saves a list of customers objects with the list of services to the object file ***fName***. The saving is done by copying objects of the list into a file ***object by object***. Each time an object is copied to the file, this object is removed from the customers list.

7. Class Test:

Create a new Application class named ***Test*** with a main method to perform the following:

- a. Create a **queue** of customers using the class ***TelecomCustomers*** named ***cList***.
- b. Add two customers to ***cList*** with following information:

| Customer | Id | name | category | # of services |
|----------|-----|------|----------------------|---------------|
| 1 | 101 | Ali | *Input from the user | 6 |
| 2 | 102 | Maha | *Input from the user | 7 |

*Prompt the user to input the customer category that could either be, “**Gold**” or “**standard**”. If the input value is invalid, **allow the user to re-enter until a correct value is read**.

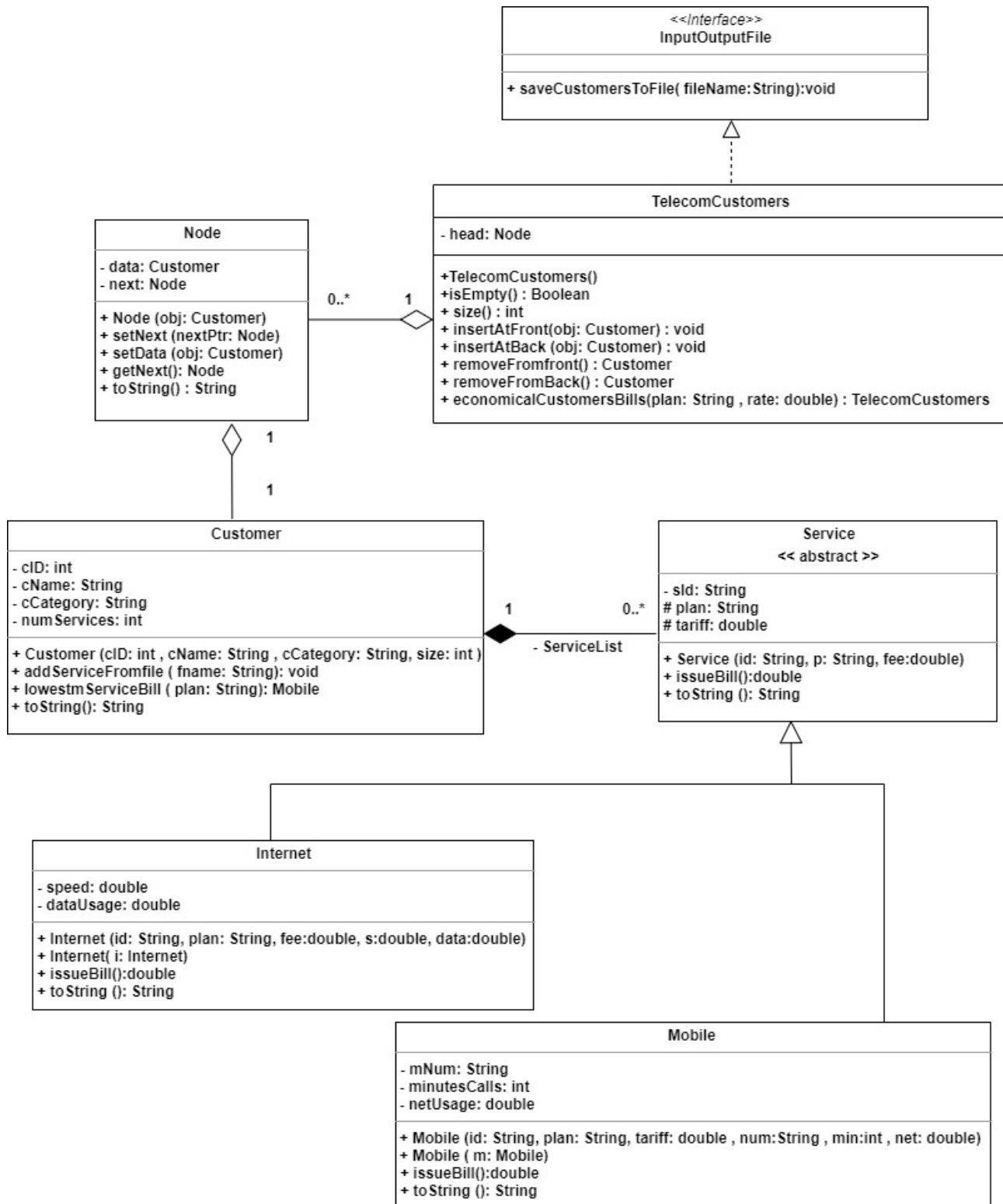
- c. Add the list of services for each customer by loading them from the txt files. The list of services for customer1 are listed in the text file named “***Service1.txt***” and for customer2 are listed in the file “***Service2.txt***”.
- d. Create a **new** queue of customers named ***ecoList*** , for the customers with the ***rate*** of mobile bill ***120*** and ***postpaid*** mobile services ***plan***.
- e. Display all the information of the customers in ***ecoList*** with all services.

Note: do not change the content or the order of the list.

- f. Save each customer information in ***cList*** queue into the object file “***ServedCustomers.dat***”.

Note: Your main method should handle all possible exceptions by displaying a meaningful message.

UML:



IO Files and Streams

Green for input(read)/ blue for output(write).
Each block takes the one above as parameter
Must import java.io.*;

```
File f= new  
File("path/filename.Extension");  
This line would create a file object
```

```
FileInputStream FIS=new FileInputStream(f);  
"can input only stream of bytes"  
METHOD: read
```

```
Scanner s=new Scanner(f);  
to read from a TEXT file  
METHODS: same as scanner  
methods nextInt() ..etc
```

```
FileReader FR= new FileReader(f);  
to read from a TEXT file
```

```
FileOutputStream FOS=new FileOutputStream(f);  
"can output only stream of bytes"  
METHOD: write
```

```
BufferedReader BF= new BufferedReader(FR);  
Read from text file  
METHOD: readLine() and it read as String
```

```
DataInputStream DIS=new DataInputStream(FIS);  
"input primitive data values from binary file"  
METHOD: readByte() | readInt() ..etc
```

```
ObjectInputStream OIS=new Object InputStream(FIS); "input  
Object from file" **need casting+ClassNotFoundException  
METHOD: readObject();
```

```
DataOutputStream DOS=new DataOutputStream(FOS);  
"output primitive data values to binary file"  
METHOD: writeByte(value) | writeInt(value) ..etc
```

```
PrintWriter PW=new PrintWriter(FOS);  
"output data as string to a TEXT file"  
METHOD: println | print
```

```
ObjectOutputStream OOS=new ObjectOutputStream(FOS); "output  
objects to file" **the class of the obj. must implements Serializable  
METHOD: writeObject(...);
```

Exception Hierarchy:

Exception

- ClassNotFoundException
- CloneNotSupportedException
- InstantiationException
- NoSuchFileException
- NoSuchMethodException
- **RuntimeException**
 - ArithmeticException
 - ClassCastException
 - IllegalArgumentException
 - NumberFormatException
 - IndexOutOfBoundsException
 - ArrayIndexOutOfBoundsException
 - StringIndexOutOfBoundsException
 - NullPointerException
 - EmptyStackException
 - NoSuchElementException
 - InputMismatchException
- TooManyListenersException
- **IOException**
 - CharConversionException
 - EOFException
 - FileNotFoundException
 - InterruptedException
 - ObjectStreamException
 - InvalidClassException
 - InvalidObjectException
 - NotActiveException
 - StreamCorruptedException
 - WriteAbortedException