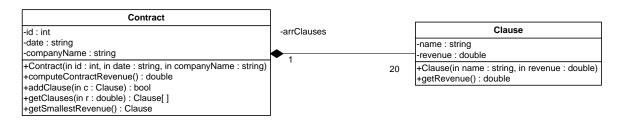
King Saud University College of Computer and Information Sciences Department of Computer Science CSC113 – Computer Programming II Mid Term 1 Exam – Spring 2013

Exercise 1:



Contract class:

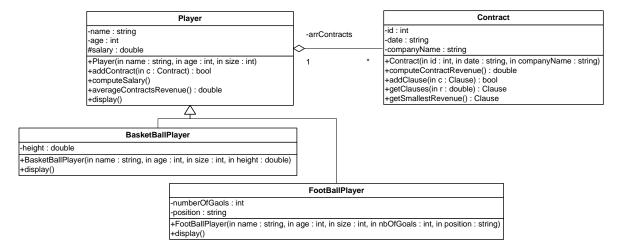
- o Attributes:
 - *id*: the id of the contract.
 - *date*: the date of the contract.
 - *companyName*: the name of the company.
- o Methods:
 - Contract(id: int, date: String, companyName:String): constructor
 - *computeContractRevenue()*: this method returns the total revenue of all the clauses of the contract.
 - addClause(c: Clause): this method adds the clause c to the contract. It returns true if the clause c is added; false otherwise.
 - *getClauses(r: double)*: this method returns an array of clauses having a revenue less than the given revenue *r*.
 - getSmallestRevenue(): this method returns the clause having the smallest revenue.

Clause class

- o Attributes:
 - *name*: the name of the clause.
 - revenue: the amount of money offered in the clause.
- o Methods:
 - Clause(name: string, revenue: double): constructor.
 - *getRevenue()*: this method returns the revenue of the clause.

QUESTION: Translate into Java code the class *Clause*, and the class *Contract*.

Exercise 2:



A player has a fixed salary and a revenue (extra income) earned by the different contracts he signed. The fixed salary is calculated differently for the football and basketball players.

Player class:

- o Attributes:
 - *name*: the name of the player.
 - *age*: the age of the player.
 - *salary:* the salary of the player
- o Methods:
 - Player(name: string, age: int, size: int): constructor
 - *addContract(c: Contract):* this method adds a contract *c* to the player. It returns true if the contract *c* is added; false otherwise.
 - *computeSalary()*: this method calculates and updates the global salary earned by the player. The salary of the player is calculated as follows:
 - For Football players:
 - \circ salary = 20000 + number Of goals * 1000
 - For Basketball players:
 - \circ salary = 10000 + height * 500
 - averageContractsRevenue():this method returns the average of the revenue (extra income) earned by the player from his contracts.
 - *display()*: this method displays all the attributes of the player.

BasketBallPlayer class

- o Attributes:
 - *height*: the height of the basketball Player.
- o Methods:
 - BasketBallPlayer (name: string, age: int, size: int, height: double): constructor.
 - *display()*: this method displays all the attributes of the Basketball player.

FootBallPlayer class:

- o Attributes:
 - *numberOfGoals*: the number of goals scored by the player.
 - *position*: the position of the player on the field of play (defender, midfield, forward...)
- o Methods:
 - FootBallPlayer (name: string, age: int, size: int, numberOfGoals:int, position: String): constructor.
 - *display()*: this method displays all the attributes of the Football player.

QUESTION: Translate into Java code the class *Player*, and the class *FootBallPlayer*.

Exercise 3:

Write a class *Application* that contains a *main()* method to do the following statements in the given order:

- Create a *Contract* object C1 (id is 1111, date is "12/5/2010", company name: "STC") that contains the following clauses.
 - o Clause 1: name: "Advertising", revenue: 250000.00 o Clause 2: name: "Kids program", revenue: 150000.00
- Create a *Contract* object C2 (id is 2222, date is "22/8/20111", company name: "MBC TV") that contains the following clauses.
 - o Clause 1: name: "Media", revenue: 120000.0
 - o Clause 2: name: "TV programs", revenue: 90000.0
 - o Clause 3: name: "Visiting Schools", revenue: 350000.0
- Create a FootBallPlayer object **PL** (name is "Beckham", age is 37) that has 10 contracts:
- Add the Contracts C1 and C2 to the Player PL.
- Display the average contract revenue of the football player **PL**.

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Answer Exercise 1: The class *Clause*

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Answer Exercise 1: The class *Contract*

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Answer Exercise 1: The class *Contract* (Continued)

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Answer Exercise 2: The class *Player*

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Answer Exercise 2: The class *Player* (Continued)

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Answer Exercise 2: The class FootBallPlayer

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Student Id:		Instructor:

Answer Exercise 3: The class Application

Exercice 1

public class Contract { /25 Marks

```
private int id;
private String date;
private String companyName;
private Clause[] arrClauses;
public Contract(int id, String date, String companyName) {
   this.id = id;
   this.date = date;
   this.companyName = companyName;
   arrClauses = new Clause[20];......1
   nbC = 0; 1
public double computeContractRevenue() {
   double sum = 0.0;......1
   sum += arrClauses[i].getRevenue();.....1
   return sum; _____1
}
public boolean addClause(Clause c) {
   if (nbC < arrClauses.length) {......1</pre>
      arrClauses[nbC] = new Clause(c);.....1 + 1
      nbC++; _______1
      }
public Clause[] getClauses(double r) {
   int j=0; ......1
   if (arrClauses[i].getRevenue() < r) {......1</pre>
         res[j] = arrClauses[i]; ......1
         j++;______1
   }
public Clause getSmallestRevenue() {
   Clause smallest = arrClauses[0]; ......1
   if (arrClauses[i].getRevenue() < smallest.getRevenue())...1</pre>
         smallest = arrClauses[i]; .....1
   return smallest; ______1
} }
```

Exercice 2

/16 Marks

```
private String name;
  private int age;
  protected double salary;
  private int nbC; ______1
  public Player(String name, int age, int size) {
    this.name = name;
    this.age = age;
    }
  public boolean addContract(Contract c) {
    arrContracts[nbC] = c; ......1
       nbC++;......1
       public abstract void computeSalary();
  public double averageContrcatsRevue() {
    double sum = 0.0; ______1
    sum += arrContracts[i].computeContractRevenue();.....1
    if (nbC != 0) _____1
       return (sum/nbC); 0.5
    }
  public void display() {
    System.out.println(name + age + salary); ......1
}
```

/7 Marks

```
private int numberOfGoals;
   private String position;
   public FootballPlayer(String name, int age, int size, int nbOfGoals,
String position) {
       super(name, age, size);
       numberOfGoals = nbOfGoals;
       this.position = position;
   }
   public void computeSalary() {
       salary = 20000 + numberOfGoals * 1000; ......
   }
   public void display() {
       super.display();
       System.out.println(numberOfGoals + position); ......1
   }
}
```

Exercice 3 /8 Marks

```
public class Application {
 public static void main(String[] args) {
  Contract c2 = new Contract(2222, "22/8/2011", "MBC TV");.................0.5
  FootballPlayer pl = new FootballPlayer("Beckham", 37, 10, 75,
}
}
```