# Tutorial #3

Regular Languages and Regular Expression

#### Exercise 1.1

• Each of the following languages is the intersection of two simpler languages. In each part, construct DFAs for the simpler languages, then combine them in one DFA simulates in parallel M1 and M2 In all parts,  $\Sigma = \{a, b\}$ .

• {w | w has even length and an odd number of a's}

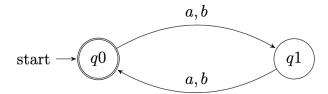


Figure 1: L1: w:w has even length

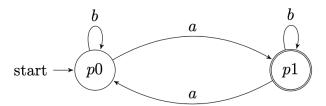


Figure 2: L2: w:w has odd number of a's

## Solution

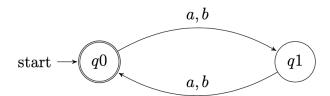


Figure 1: L1: w:w has even length

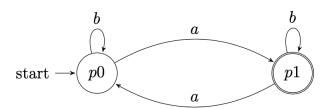


Figure 2: L2: w:w has odd number of a's

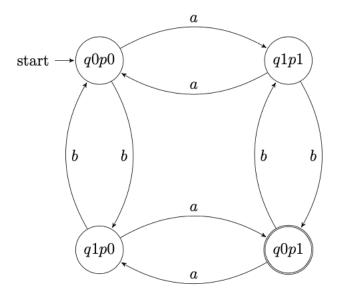


Figure 3: L: w:w has odd number of a's and has even length

#### Exercise 2.1

- Construct a regular expression representing the following languages:
- 1. Over the alphabet  $\{a, b, c\}$ , in which for every string w it holds that the number of a's is even.

2. Over the alphabet {0, 1}, in which w consists of alternating zeroes and ones.

• Over the alphabet  $\{a, b, c\}$ , in which for every string w it holds that the number of a's is even.

$$(b+c)^*(a(b+c)^* a (b+c)^*)^*$$

• Over the alphabet {0, 1}, in which w consists of alternating zeroes and ones.

$$(1+\lambda)(01)^*(0+\lambda)$$

#### Exercise 2.2

- Consider the following regular expression:
- (0(23) \*1) \*
- 1. Find a string over {0,1,2,3} <sup>4</sup> which matches the expression.

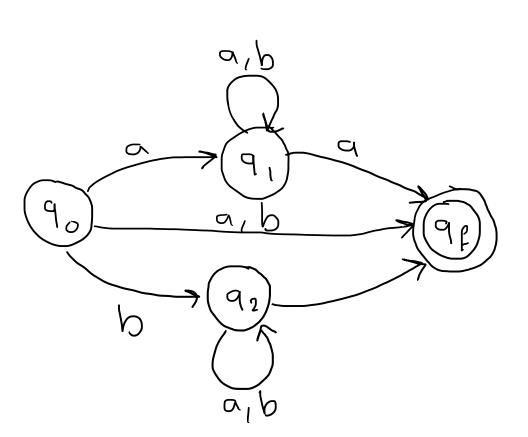
0101

• 2. Find a string over {0,1,2,3} <sup>4</sup> which does not match the expression.

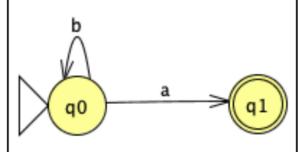
0123

• Construct a finite automaton (deterministic or nondeterministic) for the following regular expression:

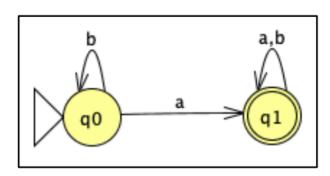
 $a(a \cup b) *a \cup b(a \cup b) *b \cup a \cup b$ 



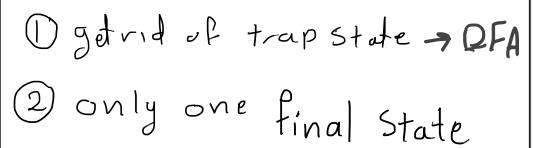
• Find out which regular expressions describes the following automata's languages:

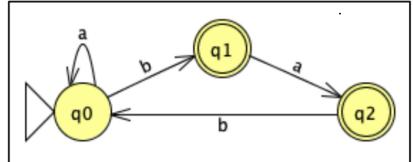


• Find out which regular expressions describes the following automata's languages:

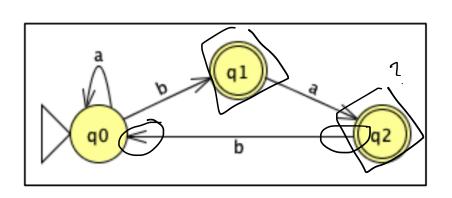


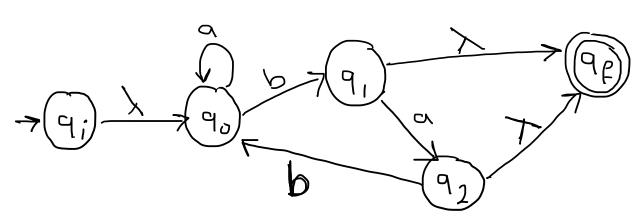
 Find out which regular expressions describes the following automata's languages:

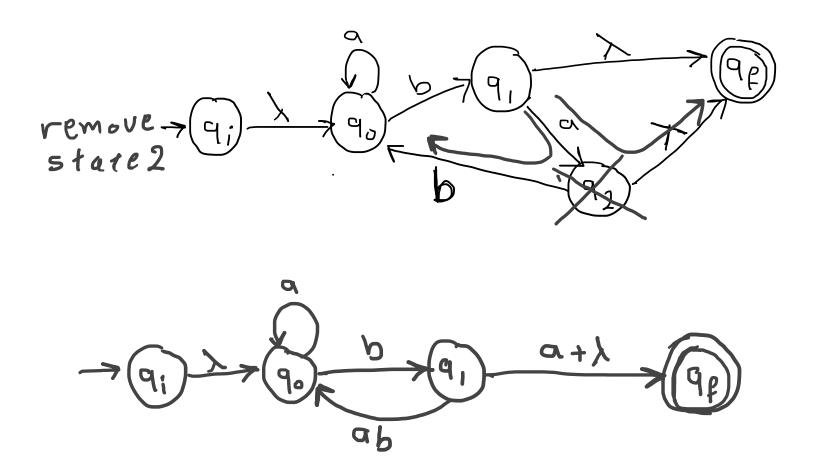


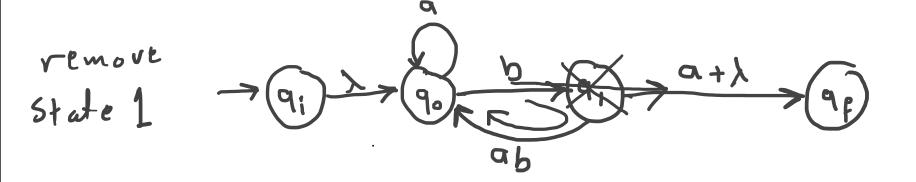


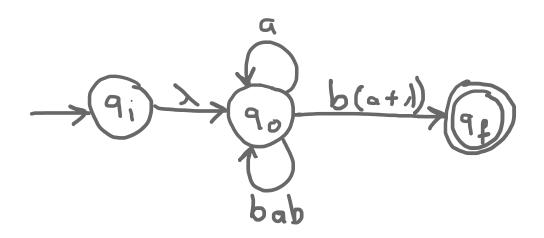
3) to make it easy > make sure that no incoming edge to initial -> // // // no outgoing edge from hind



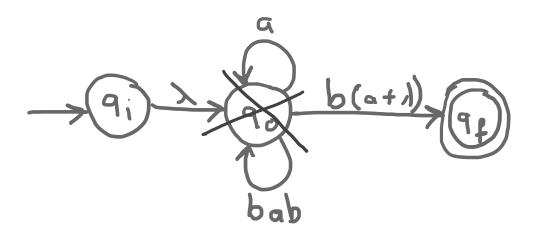








remove state o



$$\rightarrow \underbrace{\left(a + bab\right)^{*} b(a+1)}_{q_{\ell}}$$

• Consider the alphabet  $\Sigma = \{a, b\}$ , give a RE for each of the following languages:

```
L = \{w \in \Sigma * \mid w \text{ contains the substring } aaa\}
       (a+b)*aaa(a+b)*
L = \{w \in \Sigma * \mid w \text{ contains the substring aaa as a} \}
prefix}
          aaa(a+b)*
L = \{w \in \Sigma * \mid w \text{ contains the substring aaa as a} \}
suffix
(a+b)*aaa
L = \{w \in \Sigma * \mid w \text{ does not contains the substring aaa}\}
(b+ab+aab)^* (aa+a+ \lambda)
```

• Construct a regular expression which is equivalent to the following (deterministic) finite automata:

