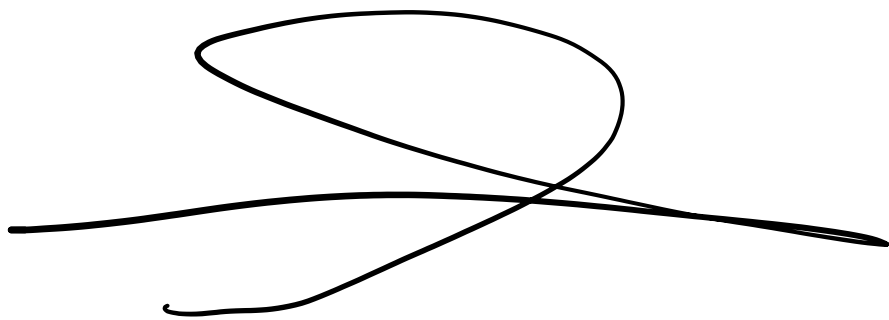


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PM 1:30

البحر



Q1. $A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 4 \\ -1 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$, $B = \begin{bmatrix} -3 & 1 \\ 4 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$
 let $U = A$, $V = B$

$$\langle U, V \rangle = 2(-3) + 4(1) + (-1)(4) + 3(2) \\ = -6 + 4 - 4 + 6 = 0$$

$$\|U\| = \sqrt{\underbrace{4+16}_{20} + \underbrace{1+9}_{10}} = \sqrt{30}$$

$$\|V\| = \sqrt{\underbrace{9+1}_{10} + \underbrace{16+4}_{20}} = \sqrt{30}$$

WE KNOW $\cos \theta = \frac{\langle u, v \rangle}{\|u\| \|v\|}$

$$\theta = \cos^{-1} \left(\frac{\langle u, v \rangle}{\|u\| \|v\|} \right)$$

$$\cos \theta = \left(\frac{0}{\sqrt{30} \sqrt{30}} \right) = 0 \Rightarrow \theta = \cos^{-1}(0) = 90$$

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$$Q3: v_1 = (1, 1, 1), v_2 = (0, 1, 1) \\ , v_3 = (0, 0, 1)$$

$$e_1 = v_1 = (1, 1, 1)$$

$$e_2 = v_2 - \frac{(v_2, e_1)}{\|e_1\|^2} e_1$$

$$\|e_1\|^2 = 3$$

$$\langle v_2, e_1 \rangle = (0, 1, 1) \cdot (1, 1, 1) = 2$$

$$(0, 1, 1) - \frac{2}{3} (1, 1, 1)$$

$$(0, \frac{2}{3}, \frac{2}{3}) - (\frac{2}{3}, \frac{2}{3}, \frac{2}{3})$$

$$e_2 = (-\frac{2}{3}, \frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{3})$$

$$e_3 = v_3 - \frac{(e_1, v_3)}{\|e_1\|^2} e_1 -$$

$$\frac{(v_3, e_2)}{\|e_2\|^2} e_2$$

$$\|e_1\|^2 = 3$$

$$\|e_2\|^2 = (-\frac{2}{3})^2 + (\frac{1}{3})^2 + (\frac{1}{3})^2$$

$$= \frac{4}{9} + \frac{1}{9} + \frac{1}{9} = \frac{6}{9} = \frac{2}{3}$$

$$(e_1, 43) = (1, 1, 1) (0, 0, 1) \\ = 1$$

$$(0, 0, 1) \left(-\frac{2}{3}, \frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{3} \right) = \frac{1}{3} \\ (0, 0, 1) = \frac{1}{3} (1, 1, 1)$$

$$= \frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{1}{3}, \frac{2}{3}, \frac{1}{3} \right) \\ \frac{1}{3} = \frac{1}{3}$$

$$\left(-\frac{2}{3}, \frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{3} \right)$$

$$= (0, 0, 1) - \left(\frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{3}\right) \\ - \left(-\frac{2}{6}, \frac{1}{6}, \frac{1}{6}\right)$$

$$\left(-\frac{1}{3}, -\frac{1}{3}, \frac{2}{3}\right) + \left(\frac{2}{6}, -\frac{1}{6}, \frac{1}{6}\right)$$

$$\left(-\frac{2}{6}, -\frac{2}{6}, \frac{4}{6}\right) + \left(\frac{2}{6}, -\frac{1}{6}, \frac{1}{6}\right)$$

$$\left(0, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}\right)$$

$$e_1 = (1, 1, 1), e_2 = \left(-\frac{2}{3}, \frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{3}\right),$$

$$V_1 = \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}, \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}, \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} \right)$$

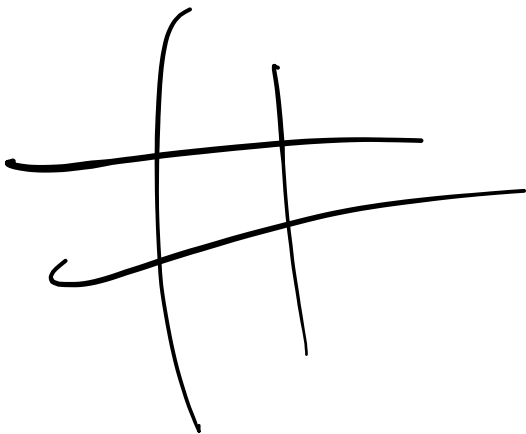
$$V_2 = \left(-\frac{2}{\sqrt{6}}, \frac{1}{\sqrt{6}}, \frac{1}{\sqrt{6}} \right)$$

$$V_3 = \left(0, -\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}, \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \right)$$

$$V_1 = \frac{V_1}{\|V_1\|}$$

$$V_2 = \frac{V_2}{\|V_2\|}$$

$$V_3 = \frac{V_3}{\|V_3\|}$$



Q2: by Counter
example $u = (5, -3, 1)$
(4)

$$(4, 4) \geq 0$$

$$(u_1 u_2 + u_2 u_1)$$

$$5(-3) + 5(-3)$$

$$-15 - 15 = -30$$

So is not

inner product

