# **#**\_ the <u>Jupyter Notebook</u> Cheat Sheet

# 1. Keyboard Shortcuts:

```
• General:
```

- Shift + Enter: Run the current cell.
- o Alt + Enter: Run current cell and insert a new one below.
- o Ctrl + S: Save the notebook.

#### • Cell Editing:

- o Enter: Edit a cell.
- Esc: Exit cell editing.
- o A: Insert cell above.
- o B: Insert cell below.
- o **D, D**: Delete current cell.
- ∘ **Z**: Undo cell deletion.
- ∘ C: Copy cell.
- ∘ X: Cut cell.
- ∘ **V**: Paste cell below.
- o Shift + V: Paste cell above.
- Shift + M: Merge multiple selected cells.
- ∘ I, I: Interrupt kernel.
- ∘ **0, 0**: Restart kernel.

#### • Cell Type:

- o Y: Change to Code.
- M: Change to Markdown.
- o R: Change to Raw.

#### • Navigation:

- o Ctrl + Shift + -: Split cell at cursor.
- o Shift + Space: Scroll notebook up.
- Space: Scroll notebook down.

#### 2. Markdown Basics:

- Headers: # for H1, ## for H2, etc.
- Bold Text: \*\*text\*\* or \_\_text\_\_

- Italic Text: \*text\* or \_text\_
- **Hyperlink**: [Link Text](URL)
- Ordered List: Starting lines with numbers.
- Unordered List: Using \* or followed by a space.
- Code in Markdown: Enclosed with `
- Block of Code: Enclosed with triple backticks ```

# 3. Magic Commands:

- %run: Execute Python script.
- %load: Load Puthon script into cell.
- %time: Time execution of a statement.
- %timeit: Time a statement with multiple runs.
- %who: List variables in namespace.
- **%history**: Show command input history.
- %pwd: Current directory.
- %ls: List directory content.
- %matplotlib inline: Displays Matplotlib plot outputs inline within the frontends.
- %cd: Change the current working directory.

#### 4. Tips & Tricks:

- Shift + Tab: Tool-tip with function signature and docstring.
- ? after a function: Help for that function.
- !: Execute system shell commands.
- %%bash: Run cell in Bash mode.
- {}: Embed variable in shell command, e.g., !echo {variable\_name}
- Tab Completion: Tab to autocomplete variables, functions, etc.
- Function Docstrings: Shift + Tab on α function name to see its docstring.
- Multicursor support: Holding Alt and dragging the mouse.

#### 5. Performance:

- Profiler: Use %prun to see how time is spent in a function.
- **Debugger**: Use %debug after an exception to step into the Python debugger.
- Memory: Use %memit (needs the memory\_profiler extension) to measure memory use in a cell.

## 6. Display & Widgets:

- %matplotlib inline: Display plots in the notebook.
- from IPython.display import display, Image, SVG, Math, YouTubeVideo: Display various formats in your notebook.
- import ipywidgets as widgets: Create interactive widgets.

# 7. Jupyter Ecosystem:

- JupyterLab: Advanced interface with more features.
- JupyterHub: Multi-user Jupyter for teams.
- Voilà: Turn notebooks into standalone web apps.
- Binder: Share live, interactive versions of your notebooks.

# 8. Extensions & Widgets:

- Jupyter-contrib: Collection of extensions.
- Jupyter-widgets: Provides interactive widgets for the notebook.
- **Qgrid**: Widget for manipulating DataFrames.
- Rise: Turn Jupyter notebooks into slideshows.
- !pip install jupyterthemes: To customize or theme your notebooks.
- !jt -1: List available themes.
- !jt -t THEME\_NAME: Set a theme.

# 9. Plotting & Visualization:

- Seaborn: Advanced statistical plots.
- **Plotly**: For interactive plots.
- Bokeh: Another interactive plotting library.
- %matplotlib inline: For inline display of plots.
- import matplotlib.pyplot as plt: Standard way to import the plotting library.
- plt.plot(x, y): Plot y versus x as lines.
- plt.xlabel('Name'): Label x-axis.
- plt.ylabel('Name'): Label y-axis.
- plt.title('Title'): Set a title.

## 10. Exporting & Conversion:

- To HTML: Exporting the notebook as an HTML file.
- To PDF: Exporting the notebook as a PDF.
- To Markdown: Conversion to a markdown file.
- To Python (.py): Converts the notebook to a standard Python script.
- Jupyter nbconvert: Command-line tool to convert notebooks.
- jupyter nbconvert --to FORMAT notebook\_name.ipynb: Convert notebook to different formats (like HTML, PDF, Slides).
- !jupyter nbconvert --to pdf MyNotebook.ipynb: Convert notebook to PDF directly from a cell.

#### 11. Advanced Features:

- Interactive Outputs: Widgets and interactive plots.
- Profiling Code: Using %prun for performance profiling.
- LaTeX in Markdown: For displaying mathematical symbols and equations.
- Big Data Integration: Using Dask or Vaex for large datasets.
- Git Integration: Integrating with Git for version control.

# 12. Troubleshooting & Debugging:

- Clear Outputs: Clears the output display.
- Check For Updates: Regularly update for new features and security patches.
- Debugger: %debug magic command after an exception is raised.
- Logging: Integrating Python logging module.

#### 13. Extensions for Collaboration:

- JupyterHub: Multi-user version of the notebook.
- Binder: Turns notebooks into interactive web apps.
- Google Colab: Google's free cloud service based on Jupyter.
- **nbdime**: Tool for diffing and merging notebooks.

# 14. Security:

- Token: Secure way Jupyter ensures browser-to-server communication.
- SSL: Setting up SSL for encrypted communication.
- Server Password: Setting a password for the notebook server.

#### 15. Customization & Configuration:

- Startup Files: Executing scripts upon kernel startup.
- Custom Themes: Using Jupyter themes for aesthetics.
- Extensions Configuration: Customizing and toggling extensions.
- **Keyboard Shortcuts**: Customizing and adding new shortcuts.

## 16. Integration with Other Tools:

- Pandas: For data manipulation.
- Numpy: For numerical operations.
- Scikit-learn: For machine learning.

- TensorFlow and PyTorch: For deep learning.
- SQL Integration: Magic command %sql for inline SQL commands.

#### 17. Best Practices:

- Regular Saves: To prevent data loss.
- Version Control: Using Git for tracking changes.
- Modular Code: Keeping the notebook organized.
- Comments: Adequately commenting for clarity.
- Clean Outputs Before Save: Especially if sharing notebooks.